

## **Mark Scheme for January 2011**

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Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	<p>1 <i>idea that</i> (produces) large , yield / volume / amount, of milk ;</p> <p>2 <i>idea of</i> long lactation period ;</p> <p>3 <i>idea of</i> high milk quality ;</p> <p>4 large udders / correct udder shape (for milking machine) ;</p> <p>5 resistance to , (named) disease / mastitis / pathogens <b>or</b> effective immune system ;</p> <p>6 <i>idea of</i> calm temperament ;</p> <p>7 AVP ;</p>	3 max	<p><b>Mark the first suggestion on each line</b></p> <p>1 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> milk yield unqualified</p> <p>2</p> <p>3 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> milk quality unqualified or ref. meat</p> <p>4</p> <p>5 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> disease free</p> <p>6 <b>CREDIT</b> docile / placid</p> <p>7 eg      • walk / stand , comfortably without need for hoof-trimming • <i>idea that</i> converts food to milk efficiently</p>
1	(a)	(ii)	<p>normal shaped curve ;</p> <p>shifted to the right of original ;</p>	2	<p>Position of curve must meet the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>curve must end</b> to right of original end</li> <li>• <b>must not start</b> to left of original</li> <li>• <b>may start</b> at same point as original or to right of original</li> </ul>

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(iii)	<p>1 artificial insemination / AI ;</p> <p>2 in vitro fertilisation / IVF ;</p> <p>3 <i>idea of</i> progeny testing ;</p> <p>4 embryo transplantation / use of surrogate mother ;</p> <p>5 cloning ;</p> <p>6 genetic screening / use of gene probes ;</p> <p>7 AVP ;</p> <p>8 AVP ;</p>	2 max	<p><b>Mark the first suggestion on each line</b></p> <p>1 <b>IGNORE</b> performance testing</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4 <b>CREDIT</b> embryo splitting</p> <p>5</p> <p>6 <b>ACCEPT</b> genetic engineering</p> <p>7 eg • sex selection technique / screening X and Y sperm</p> <p>8 eg • portmanteau animals</p>
1	(b)	(i)	<i>idea of</i> change to , <u>DNA</u> / <u>base(s)</u> / <u>nucleotide(s)</u> ;	1	
1	(b)	(ii)	natural / directional , selection ;	1	<p><b>ACCEPT</b> evolution</p> <p><b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> genetic drift</p>
1	(c)	(i)	<p><i>regulatory</i></p> <p><i>idea that</i> makes , repressor protein / transcription factor</p> <p><b>or</b></p> <p><i>idea that</i> product switches (structural / another) gene , on / off ;</p> <p><i>structural</i></p> <p><i>idea that</i> makes , enzyme / polypeptide / protein ;</p> <p><i>relationship between the 2</i></p> <p><i>idea that</i> regulatory <u>gene</u> , controls / affects , the expression of structural <u>gene</u> ;</p>	2 max	<p><b>ACCEPT</b> ‘makes regulatory protein’</p> <p><b>ACCEPT</b> ‘switching on / off’ for idea of control</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> explanation involving repetition of word “regulates”</p>

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)	lactose has been , removed / digested / respired / broken down (by bacteria) ;  to , lactic acid / lactate / other sugars ;  yogurt still a good source of , calcium / vitamins ;	2 max	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> if context wrong (eg heat)  eg • glucose (and galactose)
1	(d)		<div>1 lactose binds to repressor protein ;</div> <div>2 changes , shape / structure (of protein) ;</div> <div>3 removes it from / stops it binding to , operator ;</div> <div>4 RNA polymerase binds to promoter ;</div> <div>5 <i>idea that</i> (so that Z and Y) are , transcribed / <u>m</u>RNA made ;</div>	3 max	<div>1 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> regulator substance</div> <div>2 <b>IGNORE</b> ref. to active site</div> <div>3</div> <div>4 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> DNA polymerase</div> <div>5 <b>CREDIT</b> lactose permease and <math>\beta</math>-galactosidase for Z and Y</div> <div><b>IGNORE</b> gene , switched on / expressed</div>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	

Question		Expected Answer				Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(a)					6	<p><b>For each box, mark the first answer that will result in a mark being awarded.</b> If an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradictory then = <b>0 marks</b></p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> information in second or third boxes across row that is identical to 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> box – each box should be different (as Q asks for differences between the types)</p> <p>eg    striated(✓)            unstriated(✓)            striated = <b>2</b></p> <p>         multinucleate(✓)    uninucleate(✓)    uninucleate = <b>2</b></p> <p>         striated(✓)            unstriated(✓)            striated</p> <p>         multinucleate            uninucleate            uninucleate(✓) = <b>3</b></p> <p><b>CREDIT</b> drawings if feature such as striated / multinucleate / uninucleate, are clearly shown</p> <p><b>* ACCEPT</b> description of striated / non striated (eg stripey)</p> <p><b>** ACCEPT</b> control , blood pressure / diameter of blood vessels / diameter of airways</p> <p><b>** CREDIT</b> vasoconstriction / vasodilation , for controlling diameter of blood vessels</p>
			voluntary (skeletal)	involuntary (smooth)	cardiac		
		cellular structure	*striated / bands of actin & myosin <b>or</b> cylindrical cells <b>or</b> multinucleate ;	*unstriated / *non striated <b>or</b> spindle- shaped cells <b>or</b> uninucleate ;	*striated <b>or</b> branched cells <b>or</b> uninucleate <b>or</b> interlocking / junctions / intercalated discs ;		
		function	to move , bones / skeleton / joints / (named) limbs ;	<i>idea of</i> **controlling diameter of , arteries / arterioles / bronchi / bronchioles <b>or</b> peristalsis <b>or</b> uterine contraction <b>or</b> control pupil size ;	to pump blood / AW ;		

Question		Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(b)		<i>voluntary</i> intercostal / diaphragm ;  <i>involuntary</i> bronchi / bronchioles / arteries / arterioles / aorta / oesophagus ;  <i>cardiac</i> heart ;	3	<b>CREDIT</b> trapezius / deltoid / pectorals / latissimus dorsi / rotator cuff muscles <b>ACCEPT</b> 'between the ribs' for intercostal  <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> named artery not found in thorax <b>IGNORE</b> gut unqualified  <b>ACCEPT</b> walls of , atria / ventricle(s)
2	(c)		(cardiac) <b>D</b> ; (clapping) <b>B</b> ; (bicycle) <b>C</b> ;	3	
2	(d)		<i>monkeys rather than rats</i> <b>1</b> <i>idea that</i> (humans & monkeys) closely related / share more genes / share a common ancestor ; <b>2</b> (humans & monkeys) both <u>primates</u> ; <b>3</b> <i>idea that</i> brain / body , structure / physiology / behaviour , similar (to humans) ; <b>4</b> monkey brain bigger (than rat) ; <div style="text-align: right;"><b>max 2</b></div>  <i>comment</i> <b>5</b> argument in favour ;  <b>6</b> argument against ; <div style="text-align: right;"><b>max 2</b></div>	3 max	<b>MAXIMUM 2 marks from either section</b>  <b>1</b> <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> 'monkeys are closest ancestors to humans' <b>2</b> <b>3</b> <b>ACCEPT</b> having a similar response to treatment  <b>4</b>  <b>5</b> eg • to alleviate human suffering / can save lives  <b>6</b> eg • causes , pain / distress / stress , to monkeys <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> 'cruel to monkeys' unqualified 'right to life of monkeys' / monkeys killed

Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(e)	<div><div><div><div><div>1</div><div>appropriate parts of nervous / endocrine systems</div></div><div><div>2</div><div>sympathetic (motor neurones) stimulated ;</div></div><div><div>3</div><div>noradrenaline / norepinephrine ;</div></div><div><div>4</div><div>neurotransmitter released at ,</div></div><div><div>5</div><div>neuromuscular junction / organs ;</div></div><div><div>6</div><div>adrenaline (secreted / released into blood) ;</div></div><div><div>7</div><div>from adrenal , glands / medulla ;</div></div><div><div>8</div><div>idea of adrenaline / noradrenaline ,</div></div><div><div>9</div><div>binding to receptors (on target tissue) ;</div></div><div><div>10</div><div>AVP ;</div></div></div><div><div><div>11</div><div>effect on structures containing 3 types of muscle</div></div><div><div>12</div><div>idea of heart beats faster ;</div></div><div><div>13</div><div>idea of heart beats more forcefully ;</div></div><div><div>14</div><div>alter blood flow / increase blood pressure ;</div></div><div><div>15</div><div>less blood flow to , gut / skin ;</div></div><div><div>16</div><div>reducing gut secretions / making skin pale ;</div></div><div><div>17</div><div>smooth muscle in gut relaxes / peristalsis slows down ;</div></div><div><div>18</div><div>smooth muscle in airways relaxes / airways wider ;</div></div><div><div>19</div><div>iris radial muscle contracts / pupil dilates ;</div></div><div><div>20</div><div>idea of breathing / intercostals contracting /</div></div><div><div>21</div><div>diaphragm contracting , faster ;</div></div><div><div>22</div><div>more blood flow to (skeletal) muscles ;</div></div><div><div>23</div><div>idea of (named skeletal) muscles being primed for action ;</div></div><div><div>24</div><div>AVP ;</div></div></div></div><div>8 max</div></div>	<div><div>1</div><div>ACCEPT phonetic spelling throughout</div></div> <div><div>2</div><div></div></div> <div><div>3</div><div>May be awarded in the context of acetylcholine</div></div> <div><div>4</div><div></div></div> <div><div>5</div><div></div></div> <div><div>6</div><div></div></div> <div><div>7</div><div>eg<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>correct ref to corticosteroids</li><li>correct ref to medulla oblongata</li></ul></div></div> <div><div>8</div><div>C = cardiac</div></div> <div><div>9</div><div></div></div> <div><div>10</div><div>S = smooth</div></div> <div><div>11</div><div>eg<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>contriction / dilation , of arterioles</li></ul></div></div> <div><div>12</div><div></div></div> <div><div>13</div><div>ACCEPT involuntary for smooth</div></div> <div><div>14</div><div>ACCEPT involuntary for smooth</div></div> <div><div>15</div><div></div></div> <div><div>16</div><div>V = voluntary</div></div> <div><div>17</div><div></div></div> <div><div>18</div><div>ACCEPT 'leg muscles' as named eg</div></div> <div><div>19</div><div>CREDIT glycogenolysis in muscle for priming</div></div> <div><div>20</div><div></div></div> <div><div>21</div><div>eg<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>erector pili muscles raise hairs</li></ul></div></div>	
		QWC – linking structure to response ;	1	<div><div>Award if</div><div>2 different mps from mps 1 – 7 correctly linked to</div><div>2 different mps from mps C7 – V17</div></div>
		Total	24	



Question			Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance																								
3	(a)			<p><i>climate - tropical versus temperate</i> <i>tropical has ...</i></p> <p>1 higher temperature / hotter ; 2 <b>more</b> (sun)light / days longer ; 3 photosynthesis faster ;</p> <p>4 <i>idea that</i> <b>more</b> storage of , organic molecules / biomass / energy <b>or</b> <b>more</b> formation of , organic molecules / biomass ;</p> <p>5 AVP ;</p> <p><i>vegetation - woodland <b>or</b> rainforest versus grassland(s)</i> <i>woodland <b>or</b> forest has ...</i></p> <p>6 <i>idea of</i> greater complexity / greater biodiversity / <b>more</b> niches ; 7 competition for space <b>less</b> limiting ; 8 AVP ;</p>		<p><b>CREDIT</b> reverse arguments for temperate</p> <table><tr><td></td><td><i>tropical</i></td><td><i>temperate</i></td></tr><tr><td><i>temperature</i></td><td>higher</td><td>lower</td></tr><tr><td><i>light intensity</i></td><td>more</td><td>less</td></tr><tr><td><i>photosynthesis</i></td><td>more</td><td>less</td></tr><tr><td><i>biomass made</i></td><td>more</td><td>less</td></tr></table> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>less</b> seasonal change</li><li>• <b>faster</b> , mineral cycling / decomposition</li></ul> <p><b>CREDIT</b> reverse arguments for grassland</p> <table><tr><td></td><td><i>wood</i></td><td><i>grassland</i></td></tr><tr><td><i>complexity</i></td><td>more</td><td>less</td></tr><tr><td><i>competition</i></td><td>less</td><td>more</td></tr></table> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>greater</b> , humidity / shelter</li></ul>		<i>tropical</i>	<i>temperate</i>	<i>temperature</i>	higher	lower	<i>light intensity</i>	more	less	<i>photosynthesis</i>	more	less	<i>biomass made</i>	more	less		<i>wood</i>	<i>grassland</i>	<i>complexity</i>	more	less	<i>competition</i>	less	more
	<i>tropical</i>	<i>temperate</i>																												
<i>temperature</i>	higher	lower																												
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	<i>wood</i>	<i>grassland</i>																												
<i>complexity</i>	more	less																												
<i>competition</i>	less	more																												
3	(b)		(bomb) calorimeter ;  detail of technique ;  detail of , measurement / analysis ;			<p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• known / dry , mass of (organic material)</li><li>• (material) burnt in oxygen</li></ul> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• temperature rise of water measured</li><li>• known volume of water</li><li>• calculation described / converted to kJ</li></ul>																								

Question			Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(c)	(i)	(perch) 22 ; (cow) 1 ;		2	
3	(c)	(ii)	<p>1 higher in bobcat / lower in cow ;</p> <p><i>for bobcat</i></p> <p>2 more (energy) absorbed ; <b>ora</b></p> <p>3 less (energy / waste) egested ; <b>ora</b></p> <p>4 correct comparative figs. quoted from table ;</p> <p>5 meat more digestible ; <b>ora</b></p> <p>6 mainly protein and fat ;</p> <p>7 contains no <u>cellulose</u> ; <b>ora</b></p>		3 max	<p>1 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> figs alone <b>IGNORE</b> refs to grasshopper and perch <b>ALLOW</b> ecf if cow calculated as &gt; 6 in (i)</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4 bobcat 83(%) <u>and</u> cow 40(%) (absorbed) <b>or</b> bobcat 17(%) <u>and</u> cow 60(%) (egested)</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p>
3	(c)	(iii)	<p>1 <u>grasshopper</u> ;</p> <p>2 <i>idea of</i> high conversion to biomass figure ;</p> <p>3 <i>idea of</i> herbivore / primary consumer / low(er) trophic level than perch ;</p> <p>4 <i>idea of</i> more food available ;</p> <p>5 <i>idea of</i> one stage of energy loss in food chain not two / more energy passes through food chain (to humans) ;</p>		3 max	<p>If perch is suggested, candidate can only access mp 2 <b>= max 1</b></p> <p>If bobcat or cow suggested, then = 0</p> <p>1</p> <p>2 <b>ACCEPT</b> ref to more energy accumulated in body <b>ACCEPT</b> mp2 in context of perch for max 1</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p>
			Total		14	

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	<p><i>description</i></p> <p>1 lactose decreases and qualified ;</p> <p>2 ammonia decreases and qualified ;</p> <p>3 ammonia , plateaus / constant , at c. 2 (a.u.) (between 55 -140 h) ; <b>max 2</b></p> <p><i>explanation</i></p> <p>4 <i>idea that</i> lactose / ammonia , used , for growth / to make biomass ;</p> <p>5 lactose / ammonia , used to make penicillin ;</p> <p>6 lactose broken down to glucose (and galactose) ;</p> <p>7 lactose / glucose , used for , respiration / energy ;</p> <p>8 ammonia used to make named N-containing molecule ; <b>max 2</b></p>	4 max	<p><b>max 2 for description and max 2 for explanation</b></p> <p>If bacteria mentioned, penalise once and then apply ecf.</p> <p>If incorrect units used, penalise the mark point and then apply ecf for subsequent mark points.</p> <p>1 eg • single <b>figure quote</b> <b>either</b> at start (96 / 97 (a.u.)) <b>or</b> levelling-off point (45 - 60 h) <b>or</b> end (65 -70 h)</p> <p>2 eg • single <b>figure quote</b> <b>either</b> at start (34 (a.u.)) <b>or</b> levelling-off point (40 - 55 h)</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7 <b>IGNORE</b> ammonia</p> <p>8 eg • amino acids / protein / nucleotides / nucleic acids / chitin / glycoprotein</p>

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(ii)	<p>lactose <b>and</b> ammonia levels , stay high / oscillate ;</p> <p>biomass , continues to rise / does not level off ;</p>	2	<p>If bacteria mentioned, penalise once and then apply ecf. <b>IGNORE</b> incorrect ref to stationary phase</p> <p><b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> 'remains constant' without the idea of more being added</p> <p><b>ACCEPT</b> 'biomass , rises and falls / levels off' only if reference made to harvesting / removal</p>
4	(a)	(iii)	<p><i>idea that</i> most penicillin produced after main growth phase ; after 24 h / when nutrients declining ;</p> <p>not needed for growth ; (however evidence not entirely clear as) production begins during biomass log phase ;</p>	2 max	<p>If bacteria mentioned, penalise once and then apply ecf. <b>IGNORE</b> incorrect ref to stationary phase</p>
4	(b)	(i)	<p>1 to avoid unwanted microbe , entry / presence ;</p> <p>2 so no competition for nutrients ;</p> <p>3 so conditions remain unchanged ;</p> <p>4 so no decrease in yield ;</p> <p>5 so no contamination of , batch / product / penicillin or batch is unusable ;</p> <p>6 to prevent escape of , microbes / fungus / <i>Penicillium</i> / spores ;</p>	3 max	<p>If bacteria mentioned, penalise once and then apply ecf.</p> <p>1 <b>IGNORE</b> pathogens</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> contamination unqualified</p> <p>6</p>

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(b)	(ii)	<p>temperature - as it affects enzymes ;</p> <p>pH - as it affects enzymes ;</p> <p>oxygen content – ref. respiration ;</p> <p>AVP ;</p>	3 max	<p>If bacteria mentioned, penalise once and then apply ecf.</p> <p><b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> air</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• salt concentration – affects osmosis / water potential / enzymes</li> <li>• removal of waste gases (CO<sub>2</sub>) – reduce pressure / prevents explosion of fermenter</li> <li>• speed of stirrer – ensure even , mixing / temperature</li> </ul>
			Total	14	

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(a)		<p><b>A</b> DNA polymerase / <u>Tag</u> polymerase ;</p> <p><b>B</b> restriction endonuclease ;</p> <p><b>C</b> (DNA) ligase ;</p> <p><b>D</b> plasmid(s) ;</p> <p><b>E</b> reverse transcriptase ;</p>	5	<p><b>Mark the first answer on each prompt line.</b> If an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer, then = <b>0 marks</b></p> <p><b>B ACCEPT</b> restriction enzyme or named example <b>DO NOT ACCEPT</b> restriction endonucleus</p>
5	(b)		<p><b>1</b> <i>hospital</i> WBCs , easy to obtain / obtained from blood sample ;</p> <p><b>2</b> WBCs good source of DNA ;</p> <p><b>3</b> mutant gene's location unknown / need to look in whole genome ;</p> <p><i>biotechnology company</i></p> <p><b>4</b> <i>idea that</i> insulin made in pancreas ;</p> <p><b>5</b> many <u>mRNA</u> copies there / <u>mRNA</u> easier to find ;</p> <p><b>6</b> AVP ;</p>	4 max	<p><b>1</b> <b>ACCEPT</b> <i>idea that</i> these cells less , painful / expensive / dangerous , to obtain</p> <p><b>2</b></p> <p><b>3</b></p> <p><b>4</b></p> <p><b>5</b></p> <p><b>6</b> eg • introns already removed in mRNA</p>

Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(c)			<p><b>For A marks</b> points must be comparative - need to <b>either</b> match the 2 processes and state the advantage (eg PCR is quick and in vivo is slow) <b>or</b> use a comparative adjective (-----er, less, more, least, most, better, best etc) as shown in the mark scheme.</p> <p><b>For the related E mark</b>, accept any explanation that is true of <b>one</b> of the processes <i>and relates to the advantage described</i>. (Note that in some cases a statement could be considered as an advantage or as an explanation.)</p>
		<p><b>A1</b> <i>advantages of PCR</i> <b>E1</b> PCR quicker ; explanation ;</p> <p><b>A2</b> PCR uses <b>less</b> equipment ; <b>E2</b> explanation ;</p> <p><b>A3</b> PCR uses <b>less</b> space ; <b>E3</b> explanation ;</p> <p><b>A4</b> PCR <b>less</b> labour-intensive / easier / (some parts of process) <b>less</b> costly ; <b>E4</b> explanation ;</p> <p><b>A5</b> PCR combines selection of gene and amplification <b>but</b> in vivo requires separate steps ; <b>E5</b> explanation ;</p>		<p><b>A1</b> <b>E1</b> eg ● few hours versus weeks ● 30 cycles ● no bacterial growth or screening stages</p> <p><b>A2</b> <b>E2</b> eg ● tube and heat block for PCR ● multiple test tubes or agar plates for in vivo</p> <p><b>A3</b> <b>E3</b> eg ● DNA and enzyme more compact than whole cells ● no growth medium required ● in vivo requires many plates to be , stored / incubated / refrigerated</p> <p><b>A4</b> <b>E4</b> eg ● PCR set to run and left ● in PCR gene is identified &amp; cloned in one stage ● in vivo requires work to pick out and transfer colonies ● in vivo requires more purification of DNA at end</p> <p><b>A5</b> <b>E5</b> eg ● primer selects only correct gene to be copied ● in vivo needs probe to identify correct gene</p>
		<i>contd</i>		

Question			Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance	
5	(c)	contd	A6 E6	PCR safer ; explanation ;	7 max	A6 E6	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• PCR uses DNA and enzymes</li><li>• PCR does not use whole cells which could cause contamination</li></ul>
			A7 E7	PCR can use lower quality DNA ; explanation ;		A7 E7	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• can use , old / prehistoric / forensic , DNA</li></ul>
			A8 E8	advantages of in vivo in vivo less prone to mutation ; explanation ;		A8 E8	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Taq polymerase occasionally inserts wrong base</li><li>• early mutation reproduced many times in PCR</li><li>• exact correct sequence needed for making therapeutic proteins</li></ul>
			A9 E9	in vivo less expensive ; explanation ;		A9 E9	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• materials for growing bacteria cheap</li><li>• PCR chemicals / primers / Taq polymerase / high temperatures , expensive</li></ul>
			A10 E10	in vivo less technically complex ; explanation ;		A10 E10	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• conditions not so critical</li><li>• optimising PCR takes time</li></ul>
			A11 E11	in vivo useful , when gene less well known / as longer piece of DNA can be cloned ; explanation ;		A11 E11	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• searching for new gene</li><li>• obtains complete gene</li><li>• PCR has limited size (for cloning)</li></ul>
			QWC – clearly stated advantage linked to correct explanation ;			1	2 pairs of A & E marks awarded. (eg A1 & E1 and A5 & E5 A9 & E9 and A4 & E4 etc)
Total					17		



Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
6	(a)				<p><b>Mark the first answer on each prompt line for all parts of (a).</b> If an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer, then = <b>0</b></p> <p><b>ACCEPT</b> phonetic spelling</p>
6	(a)	(i)	<u>tropism(s)</u> ;	1	<b>IGNORE</b> named tropism eg phototropism
6	(a)	(ii)	(plant) hormone / growth substance / growth regulator / pgr ;	1	
6	(a)	(iii)	<u>deciduous</u> ;	1	
6	(a)	(iv)	<u>conservation</u> ;	1	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> preservation
6	(a)	(v)	decomposer(s) ;	1	<b>ACCEPT</b> saprotroph / saprophyte / saprobiont <b>IGNORE</b> fungi / bacteria <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> detritivore
6	(a)	(vi)	nitrogen fixation ;	1	<b>ACCEPT</b> nitrogen fixing <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> nitrogen fixing bacteria
6	(b)	(i)	stimulus identified ; organism named <b>and</b> normal response described ;  response , stops / lessens , after repeated stimulation / over time ;	3	eg      • touch eg      • sea anemone withdrawing tentacles  ‘learning to ignore’ is not quite enough
6	(b)	(ii)	organism named <b>and</b> voluntary behaviour described ; reinforcer / reward / punishment , identified ;  behaviour , increases (for reward) / decreases (for punishment) , in frequency ;	3	eg      • dog begging eg      • food reward / treat

Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
6	(b)	(iii)	<p>primate species identified ;</p> <p>behaviour described ;</p> <p>purpose / importance , stated ;</p>	3	<p>Marks can be awarded in general context of social interaction instead of a specific piece of behaviour described.</p> <p><b>CREDIT</b> English names eg chimpanzee, gorilla, orang-utan, (named) monkey, lemur or ape</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> humans</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• include dominance hierarchy interactions (play, aggressive, affiliative)</li> <li>• allogrooming</li> <li>• communication behaviours (vocal, facial, postural)</li> <li>• passing on of , cultural / tool-using, knowledge</li> <li>• <i>idea of</i> prolonged / frequent , mother-infant interactions</li> </ul> <p><b>CREDIT</b> answers relating to benefit to group or to individual</p> <p>eg • with respect to access to food, resources or mates</p> <p>eg • reducing , disease / parasites</p>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	

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