

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 2F

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

• Types of mark

- M marks: method marks
- o A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

• Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- o SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent

- o indep independent
- o awrt answer which rounds to
- o eeoo each error or omission

• No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

• With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

• Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.

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Apart from questions 19 and 24 the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1 (i)		13 or 23	1	B1
(ii)		36	1	B1
(iii)		14	1	B1
				Total 3 marks

2 (a)	0.5, 0.501, 0.51, 0.55	1	B1
(b)	$\frac{3}{10}$	1	B1 for $\frac{3}{10}$ oe eg $\frac{30}{100}$
(c)	0.47	1	B1
			Total 3 marks

3	$20 \div 4 (= 5)$ or width = 15 or length = 20		3	M1	Could be clearly shown on
					diagram
	$(4 \times 5) \times (3 \times 5)$ or 20×15 or			M1	dep on M1
	$(5^{\circ} \times 5^{\circ}) \times 12$ or 25×12				-
		300		A1	for 300
					SCB1 for 60 × 80 (=4800)
					Total 3 marks

4	(a)		12	1	B1	
	(b)	'12' × 2.5	30	1	B1ft	Ft their 12
	(c)	One and a quarter rectangles	One and a quarter rectangles drawn oe	1	B1	ft their 12
	(d)	36 × 5000 (= 180 000) or 200 000 ÷ 5000 (=40)		2	M1	
			No and 180 000		A1	for no oe and 180 000 or no oe and 40 or no oe and 20 000 short or 20 000 and short/off
						Total 5 marks

5	(a)	10 <i>ab</i>	1	B1
	(b)	4	1	B1
				Total 2 marks

6 (a)	cuboid	1	B1 Accept rectangular cuboid or
			rectangular prism. Do not accept
			cube
(b)	6.5	1	B1 Accept 6.4 – 6.6
(c)	A and F	1	B1 May be stated or could be circled
			in list
			Total 3 marks

7 (a	ı)		60	1	B1 for 60
(b)	3 × 6 (=18)		2	M1 for 3×6 (=18)
			20		A1 for 20
(c	:)		+3	1	B1 8
					or $\times \frac{-}{5}$
					Total 4 marks

8 (a)	$\begin{array}{c} -4, (-1), 2, (5), 8, \\ 11, (14), 17 \end{array}$	2	B2	for -4, 2, 8, 11, 17
			(B1	for 3 or 4 correct values)
(b)		2	M1	(may ft from (a) if B1 awarded) for at least 5 points correctly plotted – if no plots, use points at which graph crosses squares or M1
	Graph drawn		A1	for correct graph drawn from $x = -1$ to $x = 6$
				Total 4 marks

9	(a)(i)		10	1	B1	for 0.4 oe
			25			
	(ii)		8	1	B1	for 0.32 oe
			$\overline{25}$			(penalise incorrect notation once
						only in (a))
	(b)		2	1	B1	for 2
	(c)	$(1 \times 14) + (2 \times 17) + (3 \times 15) + (4 \times 12) + (5 \times 9)$		2	M1	For correct products seen –
		(= 14 + 34 + 45 + 48 + 45)				condone one incorrect product or
						one missing product
			186		A1	for 186
						Total 5 marks

10	5.25 ÷ 3 (= 1.75)		4	M1
	$[9.75 - (2 \times `1.75')] \div 5 (= 1.25)$			M1
	$(5 \times `1.75') + (3 \times `1.25')$			M1
	(=8.75+3.75)			
		12.5(0)		A1
				Total 4 marks

11	(a)(i)		<	1	B1	for <
	(ii)		>	1	B1	for >
	(b)		Neon	1	B1	for neon
	(c)		Mercury	1	B1	for mercury
	(d)	$(-35101) \div 10 (=\pm 6.6)$ or $\pm 66 \div 10 (=\pm 6.6)$ or $(-35101) \div 5$ or $\pm 66 \div 5$ or clearly showing counting down from -35 to -95 in 10's or 5's and indicating times by the side or from 35 to 95 in 10's or 5's and indicating times by the side with at most one error or $-95 = 12$ mins or $-100 = 13$ mins or $-105 = 14$ mins or a correct method to get 66 and one of $60 = 12$ mins or $65 = 13$ mins or $70 = 14$ mins or a correct method to get 66 and clearly showing counting up or down in 10's or 5's		2	M1	
		or an answer of 13 or 14 or 13.12				
			13.2		A1	for 13.2 or 13 minutes 12 seconds
						Total 6 marks

12	$\frac{7.5}{100} \times 120 \ (=9) \ \text{or} \ 1.075 \times 120 \ (=129) \ \text{or}$		3	M1
	$120 \times 12 \times 0.075$ (108)			
	$(120 + 9) \times 12$ or 129×12			M1
	$120 \times 12 \times 0.075 + 120 \times 12$ oe eg $108 + 1440$			
		1548		A1
				Total 3 marks

13	(a)		$5x - x^2$	1	B1	
	(b)		3(y-7)	1	B1	
	(c)	$f+d=3p \text{ or } \frac{f}{3}=p-\frac{d}{3}$		2	M1	A correct first stage in a correct formula
			$p = \frac{f+d}{3}$		A1	for $p = \frac{f+d}{3}$ (must see p = at
						some stage)
						(SCB1 for $p = \frac{f-d}{3}$)
	(d)		T = 10m + 6n	3	B3	for $T = 10m + 6n$ oe
					(B2	for $10m + 6n$ or $T = 10m + an$ or T = bm + 6n or $T = 6m + 10n$)
					(B1	for $10m + an$ or $bm + 6n$ or 6m + 10n) or for $T =$ an incorrect expression in m and n
						Total 7 marks

14	Rotation 180° and (0	2B1Rotation (with none of reflection, translation, enlargement, mirrored flipped or moved stated)
		B1 180° centre (0, 0) or <i>O</i> (award if no vector or equation of line or SF mentioned) (B2 for enlargement SF -1 centre <i>O</i>)
		Total 2 mark

15	180 - 140 (= 40) or $180(n - 2) = 140n$ oe		3	a	Correct method to find exterior ingle or correct substitution into formula
	$360 \div 40$ or $40n = 360$ oe			M1	
		9		A1	
					Total 3 marks

16	ξ	3	 B3 B3 for all 4 correct regions B2 or 2 or 3 correct regions B1 for 1 correct regions
			Total 3 marks

17	(a)		<i>x</i> ⁷	1	B1
	(b)	eg $7^8 \times 7^4 = 7^{12}$ or $7^8 \div 7^3 = 7^5$ or $7^5 \times 7^4$ or $7^4 \div 7^3 = 7$ or $7^8 \times 7$ or $7'^{12} \div 7^3 = 7'^{12'-3}$		2	M1 for one correct step – must be written as a power of 7
			7 ⁹		A1 for 7 ⁹
					Total 3 marks

18	32.4×100^3		2	M1	for 32.4×100^3 oe
		32 400 000		A1	for 32 400 000 accept 3.24×10^7
					Total 2 marks

19	$\frac{14}{3}(+)\frac{19}{5}$ or $(4)\frac{10}{15}(+)(3)\frac{12}{15}$ or $(4)\frac{10a}{15a}(+)(3)\frac{12a}{15a}$		3	M1	for correct improper fractions or fractional part of numbers written correctly over a common denominator
	$eg\frac{14 \times 5 + 19 \times 3}{3 \times 5} \text{ or } \frac{70}{15} + \frac{57}{15} \text{ or } \frac{70a}{15a} + \frac{57a}{15a} \text{ or} \\ 4\frac{10}{15} + 3\frac{12}{15} = 7\frac{22}{15} \text{ oe} $			M1	for correct fractions with a common denominator of 15 or a multiple of 15
	$\frac{70}{15} + \frac{57}{15} = \frac{127}{15} = 8\frac{7}{15} \text{ or } 7\frac{22}{15} = 8\frac{7}{15}$ or if shows $8\frac{7}{15} = \frac{127}{15}$ at the beginning then show that the addition comes to $\frac{127}{15}$	Shown		A1	dep on M2 for a correct answer from fully correct working or shows that RHS = $\frac{127}{15}$ and fully correct working shows LHS = $\frac{127}{15}$
					Total 3 marks

20	30 + 4x + 10 + x + 20 (= 5x + 60) or $180 - 30 (=150)$		4	M1	Allow $5x + 60 = n$ where $n \neq 180$ or for subtracting 30 from 180	M2 for 5x + 30 = 150 oe
	e.g. $30 + 4x + 10 + x + 20 = 180$ or $5x + 60 = 180$ oe or $180 - 30 - 10 - 20$ (=120) oe eg $180 - 60$			M1	for setting up the equation or for subtracting all numerical values of angles from 180	
	5x = 120 or "120" ÷ 5			M1	dep on M2 for correctly simplifying to $ax = b$ or for dividing "120" by 5	
		24		A1	for 24	
						Total 4 marks

Γ	21	Fully correct angle	2	B2	Fully correct angle bisector with all arcs
		bisector with all			shown.
		relevant arcs shown			B1 for all arcs and no angle bisector drawn
					or for a correct angle bisector within
					guidelines but not arcs or insufficient arcs
					Total 2 marks

22	1 - (0.24 + 0.31) (= 0.45)		4	M1	or for a correct equation for
	or				missing values eg
	$(0.24 + 0.31) \times 180 (= 99)$				x + 0.24 + 2x + 0.31 = 1 oe
					(can be implied by 2 probabilities
					that total 0.45 in table if not
					contradicted in working space)
	'0.45' ÷ 3 (= 0.15)			M1	(or 0.15 correctly placed in table if
	or				not contradicted)
	'0.45' × 180 (= 81)				
	or				
	180 - 99 (= 81)				
	'0.15' × 180			M1	c 27
	or				Or an answer of $\frac{27}{180}$
	'81' ÷ 3				100
		27		A1	
					Total 4 marks

23 (a)	2x > 4 - 7 or $x +$	- 3.5 > 2		2		For a correct first step allow $2x = 4 - 7$ or $x + 3.5 = 2$ or an answer of $x = -1.5$ or $x < -1.5$ or -1.5
			x > -1.5		A1	for $x > -1.5$ oe
(b)	$(x\pm 8)(x\pm 5)$	$\frac{-(-3)\pm\sqrt{(-3)^2-4\times1\times(-40)}}{2\times1}$ or $\frac{3\pm\sqrt{9+160}}{2}$				or $(x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = -40$ or $a + b = -3$ OR correct substitution into quadratic formula (condone one sign error in <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> or <i>c</i> and missing brackets) (if + rather than ± shown then award M1 only unless recovered with answers)
	(x-8)(x+5)	$\frac{3\pm\sqrt{169}}{2}$ or $\frac{3\pm13}{2}$			M1	$\frac{3\pm\sqrt{169}}{2}$ or $\frac{3\pm13}{2}$
			8, -5	3	A1	dep on at least M1 for correct values
						Total 5 marks

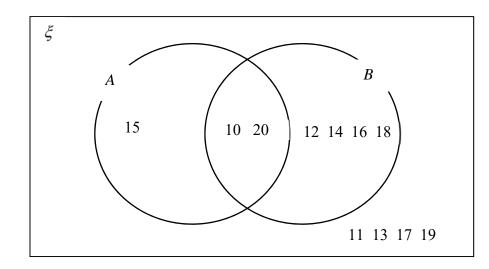
24 (a)	545 - 500 (= 45) or $592 - 545 (= 47)$		4	M1	may be seen as part of a calcul	
	$\frac{545 - 500 (= 45) \text{ or } 592 - 545 (= 47)}{\frac{45}{500} \times 100 (= 9) \text{ or } \frac{47}{545} \times 100 (= 8.6)}$			M1	for one correct expression (all correct expression for 8.6 through	
	$\frac{45}{500} \times 100 (=9) \text{ and } \frac{47}{545} \times 100 (=8.6)$			M1	for both correct expressions or finds 109% of 545: 1.09 × 545 545 (49.05) or having found "8 500: 1.086 × 500(=543) or 8.6	(=594.05) or 9% of 8.6%" finds 108.6% of
		No, 9(%) and 8.6(%)		A1	for no oe, 9% and 8.6% seen o no oe and 9% and 594.05 or 8. No, 49.05 > 45 or No 594.05 >	r 6% and 543 or
Alternativ	ve mark scheme for 8(a)					
	$\frac{545}{500} \times 100 (= 109) \text{ or } \frac{545}{500} (= 1.09) \text{ or}$ $\frac{592}{545} \times 100 (= 108.6) \text{ or } \frac{592}{545} (= 1.086)$		4	M3	for both correct expressions wi 109 or 1.09 and 108.6 or 1.080 (allow 108 or 108.7 from correct or 1.08 or 1.087 from correct withroughout) (if not M3 then award M2 for expressions)	6 ect working for 108.6 vorking for 1.086
		No, 109(%) and 108.6(%)		A1	oe eg no and 1.09 and 1.086	
(b)	952 ÷ 85 × 100 oe (=1120)		3	M1	for a method to find price before discount	M2 for $\frac{952}{85} \times 15$
	$0.15 \times "1120"$ or "1120" - 952 oe			M1	for a correct method to find discount	_ 05
		168		A1		1
						Total 7 marks

25	19.3 × 150		2	M1
		2895		A1
				Total 2 marks

26	50 × 60 (= 3000) or 50 ÷ 1000 (= 0.05 or $\frac{1}{20}$)		3	M1	for 50 with at least one of \div 1000 or \times 60
	or $50 \times 60 \times 60 \ (= 180\ 000)$ or				or
	$\begin{bmatrix} \text{or} \\ \frac{60 \times 60}{1000} (= 3.6) \end{bmatrix}$				$\frac{60 \times 60}{1000} (= 3.6)$
	or $1000 \div 60 \div 60 (= 0.27777 \text{ or } \frac{5}{18})$				or 1000 ÷ 60 ÷ 60
	18' $50 \times \frac{60 \times 60}{1000}$ or eg $50 \div \frac{5}{18}$			M1	(dep) for a complete method
	1000 18	180		A1	for 180
					(SCB1 for both conversion factors correct but applying them wrongly eg $\frac{50 \times 1000}{60 \times 60}$)
					Total 3 marks

27	$(AC^2 =) 17^2 - 15^2$		5	M1	
	$(AC =)\sqrt{17^2 - 15^2} \ (=\sqrt{64} = 8)$			M1	
	$\frac{\pi \times 8'}{2} (= 4\pi = 12.566)$			M1	dep on M2 for $\frac{\pi \times 8'}{2}$ oe or 4π
	`12.566'+ 15 + 17			M1	12.5663 for '12.566' + 15 + 17 and no additional values
		44.6		A1	for awrt 44.6
					Total 5 marks
Alternative	mark scheme for 11			-	
	$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{17}\right) (= 28.0724) \text{ or } \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{17}\right) (= 61.9275)$		5	M1	for a correct method to find one of the angles
	$15 \times \tan(28.0724) = 8$ or $15 \div \tan(61.9275) = 8$			M1	
	$\frac{\pi \times 8'}{2} \ (= 4\pi = 12.566)$			M1	dep on M2 for $\frac{\pi \times 8'}{2}$ or 12.5663 or 4π
	"12.566" + 15 + 17			M1	for "12.566" + 15 + 17 and no additional values
		44.6		A1	for awrt 44.6
					Total 5 marks





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