

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Advanced Subsidiary General Certificate of Education Advanced General Certificate of Education

MEI STRUCTURED MATHEMATICS

4766

Statistics 1

Advanced Subsidiary General Certificate of Education

MEI STATISTICS

G241

Statistics 1 (Z1)

Thursday 12 JANUARY 2006

Afternoon

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional materials:
8 page answer booklet
Graph paper
MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

TIME 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

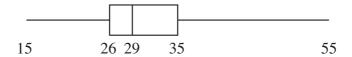
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet.
- Answer all the questions.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You are advised that an answer may receive no marks unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.

Section A (36 marks)

1 The times taken, in minutes, by 80 people to complete a crossword puzzle are summarised by the box and whisker plot below.



- (i) Write down the range and the interquartile range of the times. [2]
- (ii) Determine whether any of the times can be regarded as outliers. [3]
- (iii) Describe the shape of the distribution of the times. [1]
- 2 Four letters are taken out of their envelopes for signing. Unfortunately they are replaced randomly, one in each envelope.

The probability distribution for the number of letters, X, which are now in the correct envelope is given in the following table.

r	0	1	2	3	4
P(X=r)	<u>3</u>	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{24}$

- (i) Explain why the case X = 3 is impossible.
- (ii) Explain why $P(X = 4) = \frac{1}{24}$. [2]
- (iii) Calculate E(X) and Var(X). [5]
- 3 Over a long period of time, 20% of all bowls made by a particular manufacturer are imperfect and cannot be sold.
 - (i) Find the probability that fewer than 4 bowls from a random sample of 10 made by the manufacturer are imperfect. [2]

The manufacturer introduces a new process for producing bowls. To test whether there has been an improvement, each of a random sample of 20 bowls made by the new process is examined. From this sample, 2 bowls are found to be imperfect.

(ii) Show that this does not provide evidence, at the 5% level of significance, of a reduction in the proportion of imperfect bowls. You should show your hypotheses and calculations clearly.

[6]

[1]

4 A company sells sugar in bags which are labelled as containing 450 grams.

Although the mean weight of sugar in a bag is more than 450 grams, there is concern that too many bags are underweight. The company can adjust the mean or the standard deviation of the weight of sugar in a bag.

(i) State two adjustments the company could make.

[2]

The weights, x grams, of a random sample of 25 bags are now recorded.

- (ii) Given that $\sum x = 11409$ and $\sum x^2 = 5206937$, calculate the sample mean and sample standard deviation of these weights. [3]
- 5 A school athletics team has 10 members. The table shows which competitions each of the members can take part in.

		Competiton						
		100 m	200 m	110 m hurdles	400 m	Long jump		
	Abel	1	1			✓		
	Bernoulli		✓		✓			
Athlete	Cauchy	✓		✓		✓		
	Descartes	1	1					
	Einstein		1		✓			
	Fermat	1		✓				
	Galois				✓	✓		
	Hardy	1	✓			✓		
	Iwasawa		1		✓			
	Jacobi			1				

An athlete is selected at random. Events A, B, C, D are defined as follows.

- A: the athlete can take part in exactly 2 competitions.
- B: the athlete can take part in the 200 m.
- C: the athlete can take part in the 110 m hurdles.
- D: the athlete can take part in the long jump.
- (i) Write down the value of $P(A \cap B)$. [1]
- (ii) Write down the value of $P(C \cup D)$. [1]
- (iii) Which two of the four events A, B, C, D are mutually exclusive? [1]
- (iv) Show that events B and D are not independent. [2]

- **6** A band has a repertoire of 12 songs suitable for a live performance. From these songs, a selection of 7 has to be made.
 - (i) Calculate the number of different selections that can be made. [2]
 - (ii) Once the 7 songs have been selected, they have to be arranged in playing order. In how many ways can this be done? [2]

Section B (36 marks)

7 At East Cornwall College, the mean GCSE score of each student is calculated. This is done by allocating a number of points to each GCSE grade in the following way.

Grade	A*	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	U
Points	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

(i) Calculate the mean GCSE score, X, of a student who has the following GCSE grades:

60 students study AS Mathematics at the college. The mean GCSE scores of these students are summarised in the table below.

Mean GCSE score	Number of students		
$4.5 \le X < 5.5$	8		
$5.5 \le X < 6.0$	14		
$6.0 \le X < 6.5$	19		
$6.5 \le X < 7.0$	13		
$7.0 \le X \le 8.0$	6		

(ii) Draw a histogram to illustrate this information.

[3]

(iii) Calculate estimates of the sample mean and the sample standard deviation.

[5]

The scoring system for AS grades is shown in the table below.

AS Grade	A	В	С	D	Е	U
Score	60	50	40	30	20	0

The Mathematics department at the college predicts each student's AS score, Y, using the formula Y = 13X - 46, where X is the student's average GCSE score.

- (iv) What AS grade would the department predict for a student with an average GCSE score of 7.4?
- (v) What do you think the prediction should be for a student with an average GCSE score of 5.5? Give a reason for your answer. [3]
- (vi) Using your answers to part (iii), estimate the sample mean and sample standard deviation of the predicted AS scores of the 60 students in the department. [3]

8 Jane buys 5 jam doughnuts, 4 cream doughnuts and 3 plain doughnuts.

On arrival home, each of her three children eats one of the twelve doughnuts. The different kinds of doughnut are indistinguishable by sight and so selection of doughnuts is random.

Calculate the probabilities of the following events.

- (i) All 3 doughnuts eaten contain jam. [3]
- (ii) All 3 doughnuts are of the same kind. [3]
- (iii) The 3 doughnuts are all of a different kind. [3]
- (iv) The 3 doughnuts contain jam, given that they are all of the same kind. [3]

On 5 successive Saturdays, Jane buys the same combination of 12 doughnuts and her three children eat one each. Find the probability that all 3 doughnuts eaten contain jam on

- (v) exactly 2 Saturdays out of the 5, [3]
- (vi) at least 1 Saturday out of the 5. [3]