

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Chemistry (4CH1) Paper 2C

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a) (i)	silicon	ALLOW Si	1
(ii)	boron	ALLOW B	1
(iii)	magnesium	ALLOW Mg	1
(b) (i)	16 / sixteen		1
(ii)	2.8.3 / 2,8,3	ACCEPT diagram showing correct electron configuration	1
		ALLOW correct electron configuration using s and p notation	
(iii)	does not (easily) gain/lose/share electrons	ALLOW full outer shell/energy level	1
		ALLOW 8 electrons in outer shell/energy level	
			Total 6

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a) (i)	red-brown (coating on nail)	ACCEPT orange-brown / brown	1
		ALLOW orange	
		IGNORE rust colour	
		IGNORE red alone	
(ii)	(hydrated) iron(III) oxide/ferric oxide	ACCEPT (hydrated) iron oxide	1
		REJECT iron oxide with incorrect oxidation state	
(b)	An explanation that links 4 of the following 5 points		4
	tube 1		
	M1 air/oxygen is needed for rusting		
	M2 boiled water does not contain air/oxygen	ALLOW 1 mark for no air/oxygen present as an	
	M3 oil keeps air/oxygen out		
	tube 2		
	M4 water/moisture is needed for rusting		
	M5 drying agent keeps water/moisture out	ALLOW 1 mark for no water/moisture present as an alternative to M4 and M5	
			Total 6

C) uest	ion ber	Answer	Notes	Marks
3	(a)	(i)	fractionating column/ fractionating tower	ALLOW fraction(al) column /fraction(al) tower	1
				IGNORE fractional distillation	
		(ii)	fuel for ships/fuel for power stations		1
		(iii)	M1 fraction A refinery gases		2
			M2 fraction F bitumen		
	(b)	(i)	C _n H _{2n + 2}	ALLOW x or N in place of n	1
		(ii)	An explanation that links the following 3 points		3
			M1 $C_{12}H_{26}$ has larger molecules/longer chain/ORA		
			$M2\ C_{12}H_{26}$ has stronger intermolecular forces/ORA	ACCEPT forces between molecules for intermolecular forces	
				ALLOW intermolecular bonds /bonds between molecules	
			$M3$ more energy is needed to separate the molecules/ overcome the forces in $C_{12}H_{26}$ /ORA	no M2 or M3 if implied that covalent bonds break	
	(c)	(i)	silica/alumina	ACCEPT silicon dioxide /aluminium oxide /SiO ₂ /Al ₂ O ₃ /aluminosilicates /zeolite	1
		(ii)	$C_{12}H_{26} \rightarrow C_{9}H_{20} + C_{3}H_{6}$		1
					Total 10

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	all points plotted correctly to the nearest grid line		1
(ii)	point at 50 °C and 17.5 g circled on grid/in table	ALLOW ECF from incorrect plotting	1
(iii)	smooth curve of best fit		1
(b)	Any two from		2
	M1 less than 25 cm ³ of water was used M2 the temperature was less than 50 °C M3 not enough potassium nitrate was added M4 the solution was not stirred	ALLOW ECF from incorrect plotting and incorrect point circled for M1 and M2 only	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (c)	M1 curve extended to 75 °C		2
	M2 correct mass read from graph to the nearest grid line	expected answer around 39 to 40 g	
		0 marks if curve not extended	
(d)	M1 mass at 25 °C read from graph to nearest grid line		2
	M2 mass from graph multiplied by 4	expected answer around 44 g	
		ALLOW ECF from incorrect plotting	
			Total 9

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a)	Any two from: M1 same general formula		2
	$M2$ each member differs from the next by CH_2		
	M3 same functional group		
	M4 similar chemical properties/reactions	ALLOW same chemical properties/reactions	
	M5 trend/steady increase in physical properties	ACCEPT named physical properties e.g. trend in boiling points	
(b) (i)	H ₂ SO ₄	If name and formula given, name must be correct.	1
(ii)	M1 from orange M2 to green	colours must be in the correct order	2
(iii)	$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{M1} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{H} \end{array} $	Penalise no bond between O and H once only	2
	м2 H-C-C H O-H		

Question number		on er	Answer	Notes	Marks
5	(c)	(i)	A discussion which refers to any six of the following points:		6
			Advantages of fermentation/disadvantages of hydration		
			M1 sugar cane can be re-grown/is renewable		
			M2 crude oil is finite/cannot be replaced/is non- renewable		
			M3 fermentation uses lower temperatures so energy costs are lower/ hydration uses higher temperatures, so energy costs are higher		
			M4 fermentation uses lower pressure so energy costs are lower/ hydration uses higher pressure, so energy costs are higher		
			M5 yeast is a natural substance and not harmful/ phosphoric acid is corrosive		
			Advantages of hydration/disadvantages of fermentation		
			M6 hydration is a faster process/ fermentation is a slower process		
			M7 hydration gives pure ethanol/ fermentation gives impure ethanol		
			M8 growing sugar cane takes up land which could be used for growing food/rearing livestock		
			M9 hydration is a continuous process/fermentation is a batch process		
		(ii)	$C_6H_{12}O_6 \rightarrow 2C_2H_5OH + 2CO_2$	ALLOW 2C ₂ H ₆ O for ethanol	1
				ALLOW multiples and fractions	
					Total 14

Question number		on er	Answer	Notes	Marks
6	(a)	(i)	(squeaky) pop with lighted splint		1
		(ii)	M1 (damp) litmus paper/ universal indicator		2
			M2 bleached	ACCEPT turns white OR decolourised ACCEPT (damp) blue litmus turns red and is bleached scores M1 and M2	
	(b)	(i)	chloride ions/Cl ⁻ lose electrons /electrons are lost	ALLOW oxidation state of chlorine increases /changes from -1 to 0	1
				REJECT chlorine loses electrons	
				REJECT reference to gain of oxygen	
		(ii)	$2H^{+} + 2e^{(-)} \rightarrow H_2$		1
		(iii)	chlorine is toxic/poisonous		1
		(iv)	(some) chlorine dissolves (in the solution)	ALLOW chlorine dissolves in water	1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (c) (i	 An explanation that links two of the following points M1 in solid sodium chloride the ions are not free to move/are in fixed positions M2 in molten sodium chloride the ions are mobile M3 ions/charged particles need to move for current (to flow) / to conduct electricity 	No marks if reference to mobile electrons	2
(i	 calculate the amount, in moles, of NaCl determine the amount, in moles, of Cl₂ calculate the volume of Cl₂ give the final answer in standard form Example calculation M1 <u>23 400 000</u> OR 400 000 58.5		4
	M2 <u>400 000</u> OR 200 000 2	OR answer to M1 2	
	M3 200 000 x 24 OR 4 800 000 (dm ³)	OR answer to M2 x 24	
	M4 4.8 x 10 ⁶ (dm ³)	OR answer to M3 in standard form	
		correct answer in standard form without working scores 4	
		4 800 000 without working scores 3	
		9.6 x 10 ⁶ and 1.92 x 10 ⁷ score 3	
		9 600 000 and 19 200 000 score 2	
		M4 can be awarded for an answer in standard form as long as some working is shown	
			Total 13

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a)	M1 X conical flask		3
	M2 Y pipette		
	M3 Z burette		
(b)	B colourless		1
	A is not correct as the colour of phenolphthalein in		
	C is not correct as phenolphthalein is pink in alkali		
	D is not correct as the colour of phenolphthalein in		
	phosphoric acid is not red		

(Questi numbe	on er	Answer	Notes	Marks
7	(c)	(i)	ticks in boxes 1, 2 and 4		1
)	(ii)	M1 <u>30.35 + 30.25 + 30.30</u> 3		
			M2 30.30	30.30 without working scores 2	
				30.3 without working scores 1	
				If no results ticked then only use of 2 or 3 concordant titres can score both marks in (ii)	
				If only one result ticked then M2 can be scored for averaging two or more titre values correctly	
				M1 CQ on results ticked	
				M2 CQ on correct calculation from M1	
				Answer to M2 must be correct to 2dp	
	(d)	(i)	M1 <u>30.40 x 0.525</u> 1000	If no division by 1000 giving an answer of 15.96 award 1 mark	2
			M2 0.01596 (mol)	correct answer without working scores 2	
		(ii)	(0.01596 ÷ 3) = 0.00532 (mol)	OR answer to (i) ÷ 3	1
		(iii)	M1 <u>0.00532 x 1000</u> 25.0	OR <u>answer to (ii) x 1000</u> 25.0	2
			M2 0.2128 (mol/dm ³)	OR answer to M1 evaluated correctly	
				correct answer without working scores 2	
				ACCEPT answers to any number of sig figs except 1 throughout (d)	
				If no division by 1000 in (i) and no multiplication by 1000 in (iii) do not penalise twice	
					Total 12

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