## AQA

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number


Surname
Forename(s)
Candidate signature
I declare this is my own work.

## Level 2 Certificate FURTHER MATHEMATICS

## Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

## Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments.

You must not use a calculator.


## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.


## Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

| For Examiner's Use |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pages | Mark |
| $2-3$ |  |
| $4-5$ |  |
| $6-7$ |  |
| $8-9$ |  |
| $10-11$ |  |
| $12-13$ |  |
| $14-15$ |  |
| $16-17$ |  |
| $18-19$ |  |
| $20-21$ |  |
| $22-23$ |  |
| TOTAL |  |

- You may ask for more graph paper and tracing paper.

These must be tagged securely to this answer book.
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 Work out the distance between the points $A(-3,7)$ and $B(5,1)$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$ units
$2 y=x\left(2 x^{4}-7 x^{3}\right)$
Work out an expression for the rate of change of $y$ with respect to $x$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer

| Here are four sketch graphs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Circle the letter of the sketch graph that represents $\quad 3 x+2 y=5$ |$\quad$ [1 mark]

A


C


## B



D


4 (a) The function f is given by $\mathrm{f}(x)=3 x-5$
The range is $13<\mathrm{f}(x)<19$
Work out the domain of the function.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer

4 (b) The function g is given by $\mathrm{g}(x)=x^{2}-4$ with domain $\quad-1<x<3$ Work out the range of the function.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer

4 (c) The function h is given by $\mathrm{h}(x)=\frac{3+x}{2}$ Work out $\mathrm{h}^{-1}(x)$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\mathrm{h}^{-1}(x)=$


5 (a) A term of the sequence has a value of 5
Work out the value of $n$.
$5 \quad$ The $n$th term of a sequence is $\frac{2 n+47}{n+1}$
[2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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Answer

5 (b) Write down the limiting value of the sequence as $n \rightarrow \infty$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$
6 Here is a sketch of $y=\sin x$ for $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 360^{\circ}$

You are given that $\sin 220^{\circ}=-k$
Work out the two values of $x$ for $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 360^{\circ}$ for which $y=k$
$\qquad$
$7 \quad$ Solve $\quad 2 x^{2}+4>(2 x-3)(x+1)$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$

Answer

10 The first four terms of a quadratic sequence are

Work out an expression for the $n$th term.
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0 & -3\end{array}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$
$11 \quad\left(\begin{array}{ll}2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3\end{array}\right)\left(\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ 0 & 0.4\end{array}\right)=k \mathbf{I} \quad$ where $k$ is a constant and $\boldsymbol{I}$ is the identity matrix.
Work out the values of $a$ and $b$.
$\qquad$ $b=$ $\qquad$

12 A circle, centre $C(4,-2)$, passes through the origin and point $A(8,0)$ on the $x$-axis.
The tangent at $A$ is shown.


Not drawn accurately

12 (a) Work out the equation of the circle.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

12 (b) Work out the equation of the tangent to the circle at $A$.
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Answer $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question
13 Here is a sketch of $y=k^{x}$ where $k>0$

13 (a) Work out the value of $k$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

13 (b) $\quad B$ is a point on the curve with $x$-coordinate -1 Work out the $y$-coordinate of $B$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

14 Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 a-b+3 c & =27 \\
3 a+2 b-c & =5 \\
2 a-5 c & =-7
\end{aligned}
$$

Do not use trial and improvement.
You must show your working.
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$a=$ $\qquad$ $b=$ $\qquad$ $c=$ $\qquad$

15 Work out the value of $x$ where $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 90^{\circ}$ for which $\quad 3 \tan ^{2} x=1$
$\qquad$
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Answer $\qquad$


17 Here is the graph of $y=x^{2}-6 x+5$ for values of $x$ between 0 and 6


By drawing a suitable linear graph on the grid, work out approximate solutions to

$$
x^{2}-7 x+9=0
$$

$\qquad$
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Answer $\qquad$


Use the cosine rule to work out the value of $x$.
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Answer $\qquad$
$19 \quad y=\mathrm{f}(x)$ is the graph of a cubic function.
$y<0$ for $x<5$
$y \geqslant 0 \quad$ for $\quad x \geqslant 5$
The function is

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { increasing for } & x<-1 \\
\text { decreasing for } & -1<x<2 \\
\text { increasing for } & x>2
\end{array}
$$

Draw a possible sketch of $\quad y=\mathrm{f}(x) \quad$ for values of $x$ from -2 to 6


$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

## Turn over for the next question

$21 \quad A B C$ is a triangle.
The perpendicular from $A$ meets $B C$ at $D$.
$B C=(6+2 \sqrt{7}) \mathrm{cm}$


Area of triangle $A B C=(13+3 \sqrt{7}) \mathrm{cm}^{2}$
Work out the length, in cm , of $A D$.
Give your answer in the form $a+b \sqrt{c}$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are integers.
Not drawn accurately
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Answer

22 Solve $8^{x}=\frac{2^{56}-4^{26}}{30}$
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$x=$ $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

Not drawn accurately

23 (a) Angle $F H J=2 x$
Give reasons why angle FKJ and angle HJK are also equal to $2 x$.

Angle FKJ $\qquad$

Angle HJK $\qquad$

23 (b) Work out the values of $x$ and $y$.
You must show your working.
Do not use trial and improvement.
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Answer $x=$ $\qquad$ $y=$ $\qquad$

## END OF QUESTIONS







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