

GCE

Physics A

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit **G481**: Mechanics

Mark Scheme for June 2012

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations available in scoris

Annotation	Meaning
[40]	Benefit of doubt given
[4401]	Contradiction
×	Incorrect response
[-4]	Error carried forward
	Follow through
[NAM]	Not answered question
2.000	Benefit of doubt not given
TO I	Power of 10 error
A	Omission mark
RE	Rounding error
[BF]	Error in number of significant figures
*	Correct response
AF	Arithmetic error
2	Wrong physics or equation

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The abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed mark scheme are:

Meaning
alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
Separates marking points
Answers which are not worthy of credit
Answers which are not worthy of credit
Statements which are irrelevant
Answers that can be accepted
Words which are not essential to gain credit
Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
Error carried forward
Alternative wording
Or reverse argument

CATEGORISATION OF MARKS

The marking schemes categorise marks on the MACB scheme.

B marks: These are awarded as <u>independent</u> marks, which do not depend on other marks. For a **B**-mark to be scored, the point to which it

refers must be seen specifically in the candidate's answers.

M marks: These are method marks upon which A-marks (accuracy marks) later depend. For an M-mark to be scored, the point to which it

refers must be seen in the candidate's answers. If a candidate fails to score a particular M-mark, then none of the dependent A-

marks can be scored.

C marks: These are <u>compensatory</u> method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the

candidate, providing subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. For example, if an equation carries a **C**-mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows the candidate knew the equation,

then the **C**-mark is given.

A marks: These are accuracy or <u>answer</u> marks, which either depend on an **M**-mark, or allow a **C**-mark to be scored.

Note about significant figures:

If the data given in a question is to 2 sf, then allow answers to 2 or more sf.

If an answer is given to fewer than 2 sf, then penalise once only in the entire paper.

Any exception to this rule will be mentioned in the Additional Guidance.

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		A vector quantity has <u>direction</u> / scalar quantity does not have <u>direction</u>	B1	Not : 'Scalar only has magnitude' because there is no mention of <u>direction</u>
	(b)	(i)	acceleration	B1	
		(ii)	power <u>and</u> energy	B1	
		(iii)	stress and pressure	M1	
			unit: pascal / Pa / N m ⁻² / kg m ⁻¹ s ⁻²	A1	Note: The A1 mark can only be scored if M1 is awarded
	(c)		10 ¹²	B1	
	(d)		pμ ck	B1	
			Total	7	

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	vertically down(wards) / vertically towards the ground	B1	Not: vertical / down
	(b)	horizontal velocity = $24 \times \cos 30$ = $21 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$ vertical component = $24 \times \sin 30$ = $12 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$	B1 B1	Note: Answer to 3 sf is 20.8 (m s ⁻¹) Allow: 12√3 Allow: 1 mark if the answers have been swapped. Allow: 1 mark for answers of '3.7 and -23.7' obtained using '30 rad'
	(c)	The ball is (still) moving at B / has horizontal motion at B / has horizontal velocity (of 20.8 m s ⁻¹) at B / has KE at B	B1	Allow: 'The ball has KE at the top / peak / maximum point'
	(d)	$v^{2} = u^{2} + 2as$ Using the vertical component 12 (m s ¹) $0 = 12^{2} - 2 \times 9.81 \times h$ $h = 7.3 \text{ (m)}$	C1 C1 A1	Possible ecf from (b) Note: Answer to 3sf is 7.34 (m) Allow: $mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ Using 12 (m s ¹) C1 $h = 12^2/(2 \times 9.81)$ C1 $h = 7.3$ (m) A1 Allow: $m \times 9.81 \times h = \frac{1}{2} \times m \times 24^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times m \times 20.8^2$ C1 $h = (24^2 - 20.8^2)/2 \times 9.81$ C1 $h = 7.3$ (m) A1
		Total	7	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)		velocity = rate of change of <u>displacement</u>	B1	Allow: Equation if labels are defined Not: velocity = displacement/time Not: A mixture of quantity and unit, e.g: 'change in displacement per second'
	(b)		work done = force × distance moved in direction of force	M1 A1	Allow: 'force × displacement' for the M1 mark
	(c)	(i)	It is at right angles to motion	B1	Allow: It is at right angles to slope / sledge
		(ii)	The component of the weight / W / mg (down the slope)	B1	Allow: W sinθ or mgsinθ Not: 'component of gravity' Allow: Resultant of W and N
	(d)	(i)	1 acceleration = gradient / $a = (v - u)/t$ a = 3.0/1.5 $a = 2.0 \text{ (m s}^{-2})$ 2 $a = g \sin \theta$ $\sin \theta = 2.0/9.81$ $\theta = 12^{\circ}$	C1 A1 C1 A1	Allow: 1 sf answer Possible ecf from incorrect value of acceleration a Answer to 3 sf is 11.8° Note: Using 10 m s ⁻² gives an answer of 11.5° - award 2 marks
		(ii)	a = (-) 15/3.5 or $a = (-) 4.29$ (m s ⁻²) m = 510/4.29 mass = 120 (kg)	C1 C1 A1	Ignore sign Answer to 3 sf is 119 (kg)
			Tota	l 12	

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Q	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	Two equal but opposite forces	B1	
		(ii)	torque = one of the forces × perpendicular distance between the forces	B1	Use tick or cross on Scoris Perpendicular must be spelled correctly to gain the mark
	(b)	(i)	It will rotate / spin / turn Rotation is clockwise / (continue) to travel from left to right/ the rotational speed increases (with time)	B1 B1	
		(ii)	It will accelerate	B1	Allow: 'speed up' / 'speed increases' / 'velocity increases' / 'move faster'
			The idea that acceleration is to the right / Suggestion that satellite will 'turn'	B1	
			Total	6	

Q	uestic	n Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(a)	(net vertical force =) $120 - 90$ $F^2 = 30^2 + 18^2$ net force = 35 (N)	C1 C1 A1	Allow: 2 marks for 1224 (N) - answer not square-rooted Allow: 1 mark for resultant of 18 and 90; equal to 91.8 (N) Allow: 1 mark for resultant of 18 and 120; equal to 121.3 (N) Alternative for scale drawing: (net vertical force =) 30 (N) Correct 'triangle'; at least one of the sides labelled C1 F in the range 34 to 36 (N) A1
		$\tan \theta = 30/18$ $\text{angle} = 59^{\circ}$	B1	Possible ecf from net force
	(b)	Any two from: speed of balloon (frontal) area texture of balloon temperature of air / density of air / viscosity (of air)	B1×2	Not: size / shape of balloon
		Total	6	

6 (a) Material X It is a brittle material No plastic deformation / It is elastic / It returns to same length when stress / force is removed Material Y It is a polymeric / polymer (material) B1 Use ticks on Scoris to show where awarded B2 Brittle must be spelled correctly to B1 Allow: rubber / 'elastic band'	
It is elastic / It returns to same length when stress / force is removed Allow: energy 'lost' (when unloaded)	
X obeys Hooke's law / Y does not obey Hooke's law B1	
(b) Place the 100 g mass on the spring / hang the 100 g mass B1 from the spring	
Determine the extension / compression of the spring (using a ruler) B1	
force constant = $0.98(1)$ /extension B1 Allow: $k = (0.1 \times 9.8)$ /extension Allow: $k = 1.0$ (N)/extension	
(c) (i) $F = kx$	
(ii) average work done = $\underline{\text{average}}$ force × displacement = $1.75 \times 0.070 \ (= 0.1225)$ C1 av rate of work done = $0.1225/0.094$	
av rate of work done = 1.3 (J s ⁻¹) Aternative (allow full credit for other $E = \frac{1}{2} \times 50 \times 0.070^2 (= 0.1225)$ power = 0.1225/ 0.094 power = 1.3 (J s ⁻¹)	correct methods) C1 A1
Total 13	AI

(Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	(a)		power = work done/ time or energy/time or 'rate of work done'	B1	
	(b)		power = KE/time Using $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$	C1	
			(power =) $\frac{1}{2} \times 9.7 \times 10^5$ (kg s ⁻¹) $\times 3.0^2$ (power =) 4.365×10^6 (W)	C1 A0	Allow : 1 mark for a bald answer of 4.37×10^6 since this is a 'show' question
	(c)		efficiency = $\frac{1.2}{4.4} \times 100$ efficiency = 27 %	B1	Note : Answer to 3 sf is 27.3% if 4.4×10^6 is used Note : Answer is 27.5% if 4.365×10^6 is used Not : 0.27
	(d)		(volume per second =) $9.7 \times 10^{5}/1030$ or 941.7	C1	
			mass per second = density × volume per second $9.7 \times 10^5 = 1030 \times (3.0 \times \pi \times r^2)$ $r^2 = \frac{9.7 \times 10^5}{1030 \times 3\pi}$	C1	Allow any subject
			radius = 10 (m)	A1	Allow: 2 marks for 100 (m); answer not square rooted
	(e)	(i)	water has greater density or water has greater mass / KE for the same volume	B1	
		(ii)	Any one from: Not an eyesore / cannot be seen Not noisy Predictable energy (with in and out tides) Do not occupy space on the land	B1	Allow other sensible suggestions
			Total	9	

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