Question 1

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(•)			. –				. –					
(1)	<i>x</i>	6	17	9	20	13	15	11	14		MI for attempt at	
	У	6	13	10	11	9	/	12	15		ranks reversed)	
	Rank <i>x</i>	8	2	/ 	1	5	3	6	4		Taliks ieversed)	
	Rank y	8	2	5	4	6	1	3	1		M1 for d^2	
	$\frac{d}{r^2}$	0	0	Z 1	-3	-1	-4 16	3	3			
	d^2	0	0	4	9	I	10	9	9			
	$\Sigma d^2 = 48$								A1 CAO for Σd^2			
	$r_s = 1 - \frac{6\Sigma d^2}{n(n^2 - 1)} = 1 - \frac{6 \times 48}{8 \times 63}$							M1 for method for r_s				
	= 0.429 (to 3 s.f.) [allow 0.43 to 2 s.f.]								A1 f.t. for $ r_s < 1$ NB No ranking scores zero	5		
(ii)												
	H ₀ : no association between X and Y in the population							B1 for H ₀				
	H ₁ : some positive association between <i>X</i> and <i>Y</i> in the							B1 for H ₁				
	population							B1 for population SOI	3			
								NB $H_0 H_1$ not ito ρ				
	One tail test critical value at 5% level is 0.6429							B1 for ± 0.6429				
	Since $0.429 < 0.6429$, there is insufficient evidence to reject H ₀ ,							M1 for sensible comparison with c.v., provided that r < 1				
	i.e. conclude that there is not enough evidence to show positive association between the two judges' scores.							$ r_s < 1$ A1 for conclusion in context f.t. their r_s and sensible cv	3			
(iii)	A bivariate Normal distribution is required.							B1				
	Scatter diagram.							G1 labelled axes				
	Suitable discussion							E1 E1	5			
											TOTAL	16

Question 2

	Counts have a uniform average rate of occurrence	E1	2
(1)	All counts are independent	E1	
(ii)	Variance = 3.4	B1	1
(iii)	(A) Either $P(X = 3) = 0.5584 - 0.3397 = 0.2187$ Or $P(X = 3) = e^{-3.4} \frac{3.4^3}{3!} = 0.2186$ (B) Using tables: $P(X \ge 3) = 1 - P(X \le 2)$	M1 for use of tables or calculation A1 M1 for 1 - $P(X \le 2)$	2
	= 1 - 0.3397 = 0.6603	M1 correct use of Poisson tables A1	3
(iv)	$\lambda = 12 \times 3.4 = 40.8$ $P(X = 40) = e^{-40.8} \frac{40.8^{40}}{40!} = 0.0625$	B1 for mean M1 for calculation A1	3
(v)	Mean no. per hour = $12 \times 3.4 = 40.8$ Using Normal approx. to the Poisson, $X \sim N(40.8, 40.8)$ $P(X \ge 40) = P\left(Z > \frac{39.5 - 40.8}{\sqrt{40.8}}\right)$ $= P(Z > -0.2035) = \Phi(0.2035)$ = 0.5806 Overall mean = 4.8	 B1 for Normal approx. B1 for correct parameters (SOI) B1 for correct continuity corr. M1 for probability using correct tail A1 CAO (3 s.f.) B1 for 4.8 	5
(vi)	$P(X \ge 8) = 1 - P(X \le 7)$ = 1 - 0.8867 = 0.1133	M1 A1 TOTAL	<u>3</u> 19

Question 3

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(i)	(A) $P(X < 65) = (5-63)$	M1 for standardizing	
	$P\left(Z < \frac{0.5 - 0.5}{5.2}\right)$	in for standardizing	
	= P(Z < 0.3846)	M1 for structure $A1 CAO (min 2 c f)$	
	$= \Phi(0.3846) = 0.6497$	NB When a candidate's answers	
		neglected to use the difference column of the Normal distribution tables	3
	(B) $P(60 < V < 65)$ $P(60-63 < 7 < 65-63)$	penalise the first occurrence only	
	(B) $P(60 < X < 65) = P\left(\frac{-5.2}{5.2} < Z < \frac{-5.2}{5.2}\right)$	M1 for standardizing	
	= P(-0.5769 < Z < 0.3846)	both	
	$= \Phi(0.3846) - (1 - \Phi(0.5769))$ - 0.6497 (1 - 0.7181)	M1 for correct	
	= 0.3678	structure	
		A1 CAO 3s.f.	3
(;;)	P(A115 between 60 and 65)		
(11)	$= 0.3678^5 = 0.00673$	M1 A1 FT (min 2sf)	
			2
(iii)	From tables $\Phi^{-1}(0.95) = 1.645$	$D1 for \pm 1.645$ soon	
	$\frac{k-63}{2} = -1.645$	M1 for correct	
	5.2	equation in k	
	$x = 63 - 5.2 \times 1.645 = 54.45$ mins		3
		AICAU	•
(iv)	H ₀ : $\mu = 63$ minutes; H ₁ : $\mu < 63$ minutes.	B1 for use of 63	
	Where $\mu$ denotes the population mean time on the new	B1 for both correct	
	course.	BT for definition of $\mu$	3
	Test statistic $= \frac{61.7 - 63}{-1.3} = \frac{-1.3}{-1.3}$		
	$\frac{1}{5.2/\sqrt{15}} = \frac{1}{1.3426}$	M1 must include $\sqrt{15}$	
	= -0.968	A1	
	5% level 1 tailed critical value of $z = 1.645$	B1 for ±1.645	
	-0.968 > -1.645 so not significant. There is not sufficient evidence to reject H ₀	M1 for sensible	
		comparison	
		conclusion	
	There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the new		
	course results in lower times.	A1 FT for correct	
		conclusion in words in context	
			5
			19

## **Ouestion 4**

					1		
	H ₀ : no associatio	n between ca	B1	1			
(i)	running;						
	H ₁ : some association between category of runner and type						
	of running;						
			M1 A2 for expected				
	EXPECTED	EXPECTED Junior Senior Veteran			values (to 2 dp)		
	Track	7.84	6.03	(allow A1 for at least			
	Road	6.48	9.90	7.62	one row or column		
	Both	5.40	8.25	6.35	correct)		
	CONTRIBUTN	Junior	Senior	Veteran			
	Track	2.9257	0.0032	2.6949	M1 for valid attempt at $(2, \Sigma)^2$		
	Road	0.9468	0.3663	2.5190	$(O-E)^2/E$		
	Both	0.3615	0.3694	0.0192	AI for all correct NB These M1A1 marks cannot be implied by		
		I			a correct final value of $X^2$		
	$x^2$ 10.21				M1 for summation	7	
	X = 10.21			A1 for $X^2$			
	Refer to $X_4^2$			B1 for 4 deg of f			
	Critical value at	5% level =	B1 CAO for cv				
	Result is signific	cant	B1 FT their 'sensible' $X^2$				
	There is evide association betw running. NB if $H_0$ $H_1$ reverse first B10r final E1	ence to sug ween catego ed, or 'correlat	E1 must be consistent with their $X^2$	4			
(ii)	• Juniors a than exp expected	appear be tra ected and ro I.	E1 E1				
	• Seniors t categorie	tend to be as es of running	E1 E1				
	• Veterans expected	s tend to be 1 l and track r	E1 E1	6			
			TOTAL	18			