

Cambridge IGCSE[™] (9–1)

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1 Non-calculator (Core) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80 0980/01 For examination from 2025

Specimen

This document has 8 pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptions for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptions for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptions.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptions in mind.

Maths-Specific Marking Principles

- 1 Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
- 2 Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
- 3 Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
- 4 Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
- 5 Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.
- 6 Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to help with understanding of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

Types of mark

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, given for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- **B** Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

Abbreviations

answers which round to awrt correct answer only cao dependent on the previous mark(s) dep follow through after error FT ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained) isw nfww not from wrong working or equivalent oe SC special case seen or implied soi

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	2125	1	
1(b)	Seventeen thousand [and] eight hundred [and] seventy five	1	
1(c)	17900	1	
2(a)	[square-based] pyramid	1	
2(b)	5	1	
3	36	2	B1 for final answer any square number $\neq 36$ or for any multiple of $12 \neq 36$
4	3.1	2	B1 for 96.9 or M1 for $100 - (0.4 + 96.5)$ oe
5	3051 or 3105 or 3150	1	
6	3:4 cao	1	
7	Correct section shaded and no incorrect sections shaded	1	
8	L correctly marked	2	B1 for 6.8 cm to 7.2 cm B1 for 123° to 127°
9	480	2	B1 for 120 or M1 for $\frac{600}{5} \times 4$ oe
10(a)	46 Alternate angles are equal	2	B1 for each
10(b)	134 Sum of angles at a point on a straight line = 180°	2	FT their (a) B1 for each
10(c)	74 Angle sum of a triangle = 180°	2	FT their (a) B1 for each
11(a)	34	1	
11(b)	6	1	
11(c)	$\frac{1}{100}$ or 0.01 cao	2	B1 for answer $\frac{1}{n}$ or for answer 100

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
12(a)	3(3x+4) final answer	1	
12(b)	$4\frac{1}{2}$ or 4.5 or $\frac{9}{2}$	2	M1 for $6x - 2x = 13 + 5$ or better
13	Ahead 4 hours 30 min	3	B2 for 4 ¹ / ₂ hours oe, leading to final answer
			or B1 for 21 45 or 12 50 or M1 for (24 00 + 02 15) – (08 20 + 13h 25m)
14	10	4	M1 for 15×4 oe
			M1 for $210 - their 60$ oe their 150
			M1 for $\frac{their 150}{15}$ oe
15(a)(i)	Points plotted at (10.20, 23.5), (10.86, 25.4), (11.04, 24.9)	2	B1 for 2 correct points plotted
15(a)(ii)	Positive	1	
15(a)(iii)	Correct ruled line	1	
15(a)(iv)	Correct reading from <i>their</i> ruled line provided positive gradient	1	
15(b)(i)	70	1	
15(b)(ii)	181	2	B1 for an ordered list of at least the first 5 or last 5 values
16(a)	$[y =] \frac{1}{2} x - 1$	3	B1 for $\frac{1}{2}x + c$
			or M1 for a correct rise/run e.g. any numerical $(y_2 - y_1) \div (x_2 - x_1)$ which = $\frac{1}{2}$
			or for a right-angled triangle marked on graph with $run = 2$ and $rise = 1$ oe
			and D1 for must 1 where m is their anodient
16(1-)(-)	5 4 5		B1 for $mx - 1$ where <i>m</i> is <i>their</i> gradient B1 for 2 correct
16(b)(i)	5, -4, 5	2	
16(b)(ii)	Correct curve	4	B3FT for 6 or 7 points correctly plotted or B2FT for 4 or 5 points correctly plotted or B1FT for 2 or 3 points correctly plotted
16(c)	<i>x</i> = 1	1	

For examination from 2025

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
16(d)	-0.75 to -0.5	1	FT <i>their</i> curve for negative value of <i>x</i>
17(a)	0.7 oe	2	M1 for 2 or 3 correct
	0.3 oe		
	0.2 oe 0.7 oe		
17(b)	0.14 oe	2	FT their (a) M1 for 0.2×0.7 oe
18(a)	Rotation 90° anticlockwise oe Centre (0, 0) oe	3	B1 for each
18(b)(i)	Correct translation vertices at (-2, -2), (-3, -3), (-3, -5), (-2, -5)	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{k}{-6}$ or $\binom{-5}{k}$
18(b)(ii)	Correct enlargement at (4, 1), (7, 4), (7, -5), (4, -5)	2	B1 for enlargement SF 3 in wrong position
19	$\frac{w+5}{7}$ of final answer	2	M1 for a correct first step either $w + 5 = 7t$ oe or $\frac{w}{7} = t - \frac{5}{7}$ oe
20(a)	4	1	
20(a) 20(b)	$-2 < x \leq 4$	2	B1 for $x > -2$ or $x \leq 4$
		2	B1 for at least 8 elements in the correct place
21(a)	$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{C} \\ X \\ a & i \\ \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} e & u \\ p & t \\ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d & m \\ p & t \\ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b \\ f \\ h \\ \end{pmatrix}$		
21(b)	e, u	1	FT their $X \cap Y$
21(c)	7	1	FT their Venn diagram

For examination from 2025

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
22	39675, 39725	2	B1 for each If 0 scored, SC1 for both values correct but reversed
23	[x =] 4 [y =] -2	3	M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable A1 for one correct answer If M0 scored SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations.