



Thursday 24 January 2013 – Morning

GCSE TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE PHYSICS A

A181/01 Modules P1 P2 P3 (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. A calculator may be used for this paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

- Pencil
- Ruler (cm//mm)

Duration: 1 hour



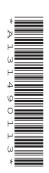
Candidate forename				Candidate surname			
Centre number				Candidate number			

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- Your quality of written communication is assessed in questions marked with a pencil ().
- A list of physics equations is printed on page 2.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- This document consists of 12 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE EQUATIONS

Useful relationships

The Earth in the Universe

Sustainable energy

energy transferred = power
$$\times$$
 time
power = voltage \times current
efficiency = $\frac{\text{energy usefully transferred}}{\text{total energy supplied}} \times 100\%$

Explaining motion

$$speed = \frac{distance\ travelled}{time\ taken}$$

$$acceleration = \frac{change\ in\ velocity}{time\ taken}$$

$$momentum = mass \times velocity$$

$$change\ of\ momentum = resultant\ force \times time\ for\ which\ it\ acts$$

$$work\ done\ by\ a\ force = force \times distance\ moved\ in\ the\ direction\ of\ the\ force$$

$$amount\ of\ energy\ transferred = work\ done$$

$$change\ in\ gravitational\ potential\ energy = weight \times vertical\ height\ difference$$

$$kinetic\ energy = \frac{1}{2} \times mass \times [velocity]^2$$

Electric circuits

power = voltage × current

resistance =
$$\frac{\text{voltage}}{\text{current}}$$
 $\frac{\text{voltage across primary coil}}{\text{voltage across secondary coil}} = \frac{\text{number of turns in primary coil}}{\text{number of turns in secondary coil}}$

Radioactive materials

energy = mass \times [speed of light in a vacuum]²

Complete the sentences about galaxies. Galaxies are made up of thousands of millions of			Answer all the questions.							
Thousands of millions of galaxies make up the) Co	emplete the sentences abo	ut galaxies.							
The Sun is in the	Ga	alaxies are made up of tho	usands of millions of							
Scientists have measured the distance to many galaxies and the speeds of the they move away from the Earth. The table shows the location, distance and speed of some galaxies. Galaxy location Distance in millions of light years Speed in km/s	Th	ousands of millions of gala	axies make up the							
The table shows the location, distance and speed of some galaxies. Galaxy location Distance in millions of light years	Th	e Sun is in the	galaxy	<i>1</i> .						
Galaxy location Distance in millions of light years Corona Borealis 1440 21600 Bootes 2740 39300 Hydra 3960 G1200 Ursa Major 1000 There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.	the	ey move away from the Ear	rth.							
Corona Borealis 1440 Bootes 2740 Hydra 3960 Ursa Major 1000 Phil There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.	ın	e table shows the location		ome galaxies.						
Bootes 2740 39300 Hydra 3960 61200 Ursa Major 1000 15000 Phil draws a conclusion from the data. Phil There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.		Galaxy location		Speed in km/s						
Hydra 3960 61200 Ursa Major 1000 15000 Phil There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.		Corona Borealis	1440	21600						
Ursa Major 1000 15000 Phil draws a conclusion from the data. Phil There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.		Bootes	2740	39300						
Phil draws a conclusion from the data. Phil There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.		Hydra	3960	61 200						
Phil There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its speed.	Ursa Major 1000 15000									
		There is no relationship between the distance to a galaxy and its								
	ls 	Phil correct? Justify your a	nswer using data from the	table.						
	Is	Phil correct? Justify your a	nswer using data from the	table.						
	Is	Phil correct? Justify your a	nswer using data from the	table.						
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		Phil correct? Justify your a	nswer using data from the	table.						

[Total: 8]

answer = years [2]

Turn over © OCR 2013

2 In 1912 Alfred Wegener proposed a theory of continental drift to explain some observations about continents, fossils and mountains.

At the time his idea of continental drift was rejected by geologists for various reasons.

By considering the evidence **at the time**, explain if the geologists were right to reject the idea of continental drift.

	The quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer.
•	[6]

[Total: 6]

3 (a) The diagram shows the side view of a wave.

What type of wave is it?

(1)	On the diagram cleany laber the wavelength and the amplitude.	[4]
(ii)	An earthquake wave passes through the Earth's core .	

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box next to the correct answer.

electromagnetic	
P-wave	
S-wave	

[1]

(b) An earthquake wave travels at a speed of 5 km/s for 110 seconds.

A scientist estimates that the earthquake was 500 km away from the detector.

Is the scientist correct?

Justify your answer.

[0]	
121	

[Total: 5]

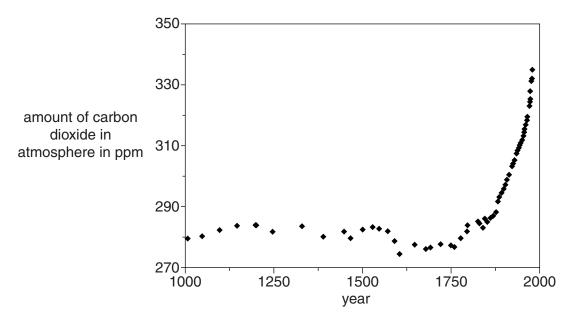
4 The properties of radio waves, microwaves and infrared radiation allow them to be used to transmit information.

Television, the internet and mobile phones use these types of radiation.

Explain why these types of radiation are used to transmit information.

	The	e qua	ality c	of writ	tten c	ommu	nicati	on wil	be as	sesse	ed in y	our an	swer.		
•••••															
			•••••												
	•••••		•••••							•••••	•••••			 	
															[Total

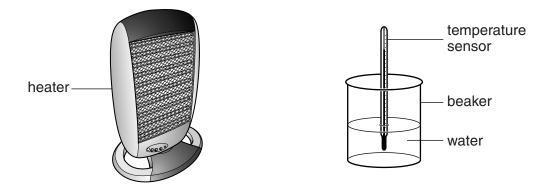
5 This graph shows the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere over a 1000 year period.



(a) Many scientists think this is evidence that human activity has had an effect on the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.

Explain how the graph supports this idea.
[4]
One of the effects of increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is global warming and climate change.
Suggest some groups of people who are most at risk from global warming. For each group describe the risk.
group
risk
group
risk
[4]

[Total: 8] Turn over 6 Rachel does an experiment to investigate the heating effect of electromagnetic radiation.



She measures the temperature change of the water in the beaker.

(a) Complete the sentences to explain what is happening to the electromagnetic radiation.

Use words from the list.

	absorbed	emitted	ionised	transmitted	
The el	lectromagnetic radia	ation is	b	y the heater.	
It is th	en	through	the atmosphere	and finally	
by the	water.				[3]

(b) For each of the following changes predict whether the intensity of the radiation reaching the water will increase, decrease or stay the same.

Put one tick (✓) in each row.

	Intensity				
	Decrease	Stay the same	Increase		
use lower energy photons					
use higher frequency radiation					
use a smaller distance between heater and water					
use more water					

[3]

[Total: 6]

7 The demand for energy keeps increasing: in the home, in the workplace and nationally.
Many people think that we should be reducing energy demands.
How can energy demand be reduced in the UK?

T	he quality o	of written comn	nunication will	be assessed	d in your answe	er.	
		•••••		•••••			
				•••••			
•••••							
							[Total: 6]

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8 Here are some data about kettles.

Kettle	Maximum volume in litres	Power rating in kilowatts	
A	2	2.5	
В	1	2	
С	2	3	
D	1.5	1.5	

		D	1.5	1.5			
(a)	Use data from the table to suggest which kettle will boil 1 litre of water the fastest.						
			answer =		[1]		
(b)	How many seconds will it take kettle B to transfer 6 kilojoules of energy?						
			answer =		seconds [1]		
(c)	When kettle	C is full, it takes abo	out 0.1 hours to boil.				
	The cost of	1 kilowatt hour of ele	ectricity is 25p.				
	How much	does it cost to boil th	e water?				
			cost =		p [3]		
(d)	The mains	voltage is 230 V.					
	One of the kettles has a current of 6.5 A when it is heating water.						
	Which kettle	e is it?					
	Justify your	answer.					
	kettle						
	because						
					[2]		

[Total: 7]

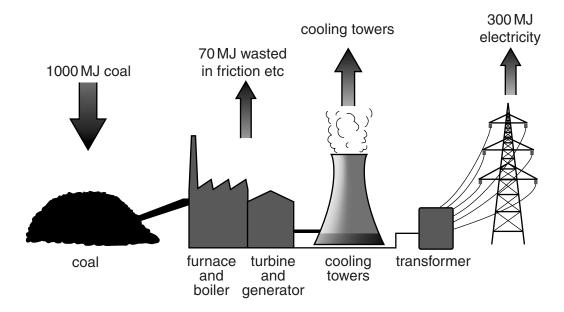
9 Complete the following sentences about different types of energy sources which are used to produce electricity.

gas	hydroelectric	nuclear	oil	wave			
Use words from the list.							
Fossil fuel power sta	ations use	and		as energy sou	ırces.		
Power stations that do not use a boiler use							
sources.							
Two renewable ener	gy sources are		and				
The government ma	kes regulations to cont	rol the risks of rac	dioactive was	te from			
	power stations.				[4]		
				[To	otal: 4]		

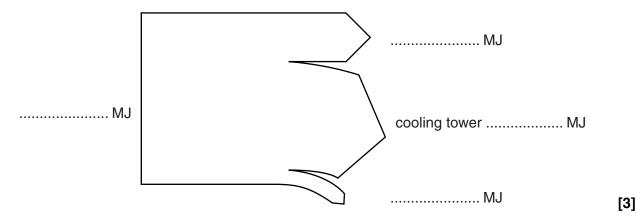
Question 10 begins on page 12

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10 The diagram shows the energy flow through a coal-burning power station each second.



(a) Complete the Sankey diagram to show this energy flow.



(b) What is the efficiency of the coal-burning power station?

efficiency = % [1]

[Total: 4]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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