Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information							
Candidate surname		Other names					
Centre Number Candidate Number Pearson Edexcel International GCSE							
Time 1 hour 30 minutes	Paper reference	4MB1/01					
Mathematics B PAPER 1							
You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.							

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.





Turn over 🕨



	Write your answers in the spaces provided.				
You must write down all the stages in your working.					
1 The <i>n</i> th term of a sequence is given by $4n - 12$					
	Write down the first 2 terms of the sequence.				
	1st term				
	2nd term				
	(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)				
2	2 Bronze is made from copper and tin in the ratio of 22:3 by weight.				
	Calculate the weight of copper, in kg, needed to make 12.5 kg of bronze.				
	kg				
3	(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)				
3					
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P 6 9 4 8 8 A 0 2 2 4

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4 Make *u* the subject of

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

5 Without using a calculator and showing all your working, evaluate

$$3\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{4}{5}$$

Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)



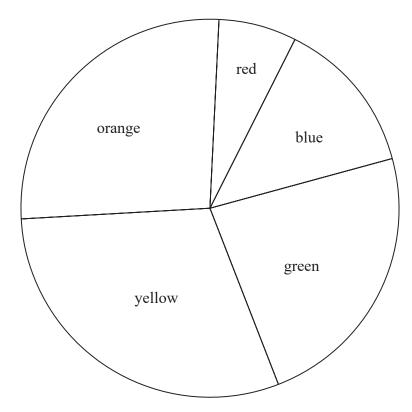


1	actorise completely		
$2mc^2 + 6p^2c^4$			
		(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)	
L,	raman avalage 4 km from his hama to school		
н Н	nzamam cycles 6.4 km from his home to school. Ie leaves home at 0740 and arrives at school at 0820		
С	alculate his average speed, in km/h, for the journey.		
		(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)	

8 Rohan asked each of the students in his school what colour paper they would prefer him to use for their worksheets.

There are 150 students in Rohan's school.

Using his results, Rohan drew the following accurate pie chart.

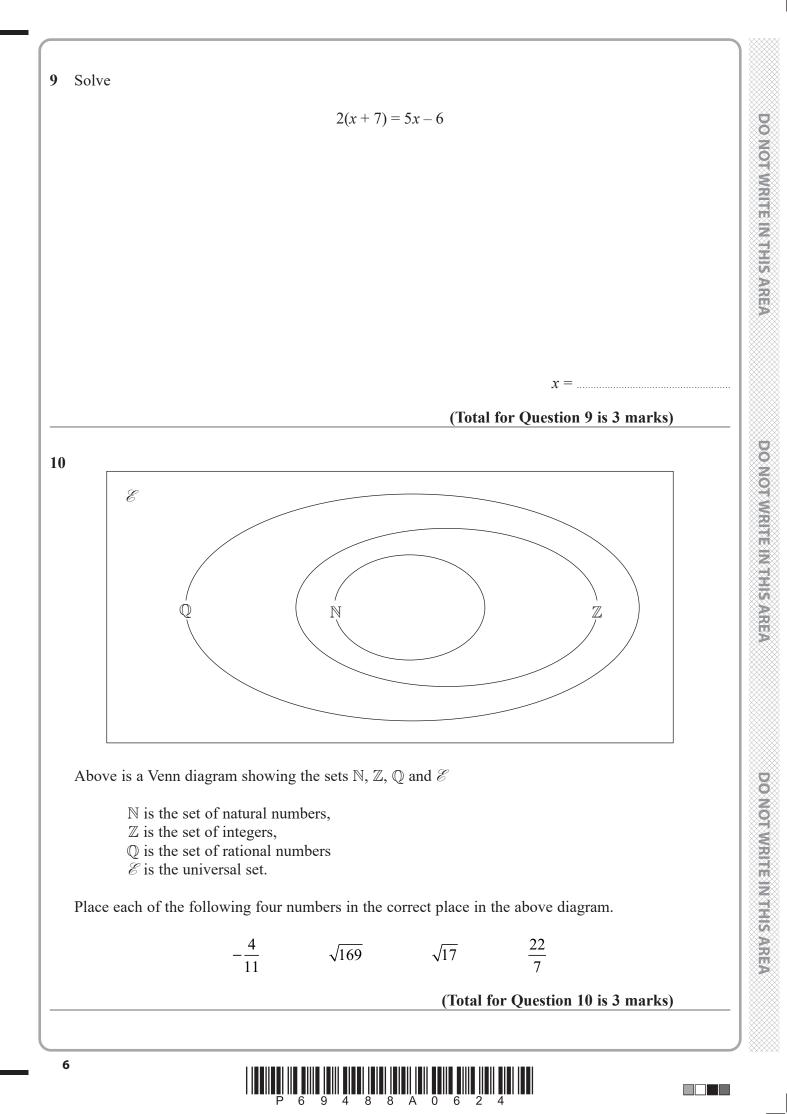


Find how many of the 150 students preferred blue paper.

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)



5



11 The diagram shows a biased spinner with four colours blue, red, green and yellow.

When the spinner is spun once

- the probability it lands on blue is twice the probability it lands on red
- the probability it lands on yellow is three times the probability it lands on blue
- the probability it lands on green is 0.25

Find the probability the spinner lands on yellow.

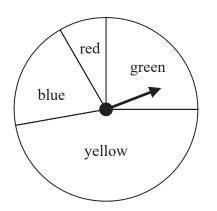


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

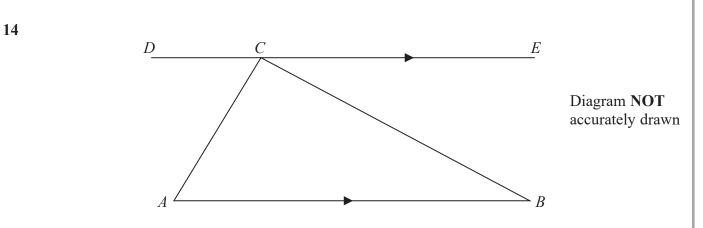
(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



7

12 Here is a list of four numbers.				
1.1×10^{15}	$2.1 imes 10^{13}$	3.2×10^{14}	3.7×10^{16}	
Find the median of these four nu Give your answer in standard for				DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
13 Given that $x \neq -4$ simplify $\frac{x^2 + 4x}{2x + 8}$		(Total fo	r Question 12 is 3 marks)	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
				DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA
		(Total fo	r Question 13 is 3 marks)	_]

P 6 9 4 8 8 A 0 8 2 4



Using the diagram above, prove that the sum of the angles of triangle ABC is the same as the sum of the angles on the straight line DCEGive a reason for each stage of your proof.

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)



9

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(2)

15 The numbers A, B, and C are given as products of their prime factors.

$$A = 35 \times 74 \times 1039$$
$$B = 316 \times 79 \times 114$$
$$C = 38 \times 74 \times 2692$$

(a) Find the Highest Common Factor (HCF) of A, B and C

Exactly one of the three numbers is the square of an integer N

(b) Calculate the value of N

N =.....

(2)

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

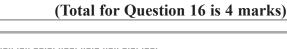


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$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -6 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Calculate $\mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{B}$

(b) Calculate AB



11

(2)

(2)



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17 A Diagram NOT accurately drawn 0 100° В C*OABC* is a sector of a circle, centre *O*, with $\angle AOC = 100^{\circ}$ The area of the sector is $27 \, \text{cm}^2$ Calculate the perimeter, in cm to 3 significant figures, of the sector.

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)



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18 Given that $p = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$

show that $\frac{1}{p} = p - 1$

Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)



19 There are 1000 cm^3 of orange juice in a carton. The total surface area of this carton is 700 cm^2

For a special offer, a new carton is designed. The volume of orange juice in the new carton is 33.1% more than the volume of orange juice in the original carton.

The new carton is mathematically similar to the original carton.

Calculate the total surface area of the new carton.

 \dots cm²

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)



20 Given that
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} x - 2 \\ \sqrt{2x} \end{pmatrix}$$
 where $|\mathbf{a}| = \sqrt{5}$

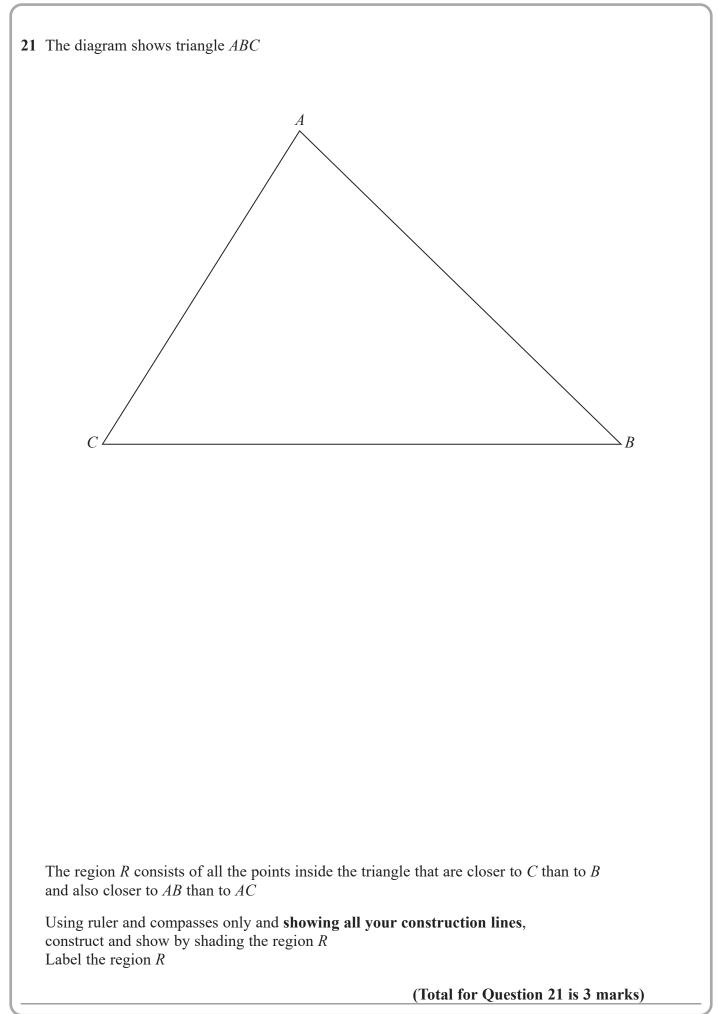
find the exact value of x

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)



15

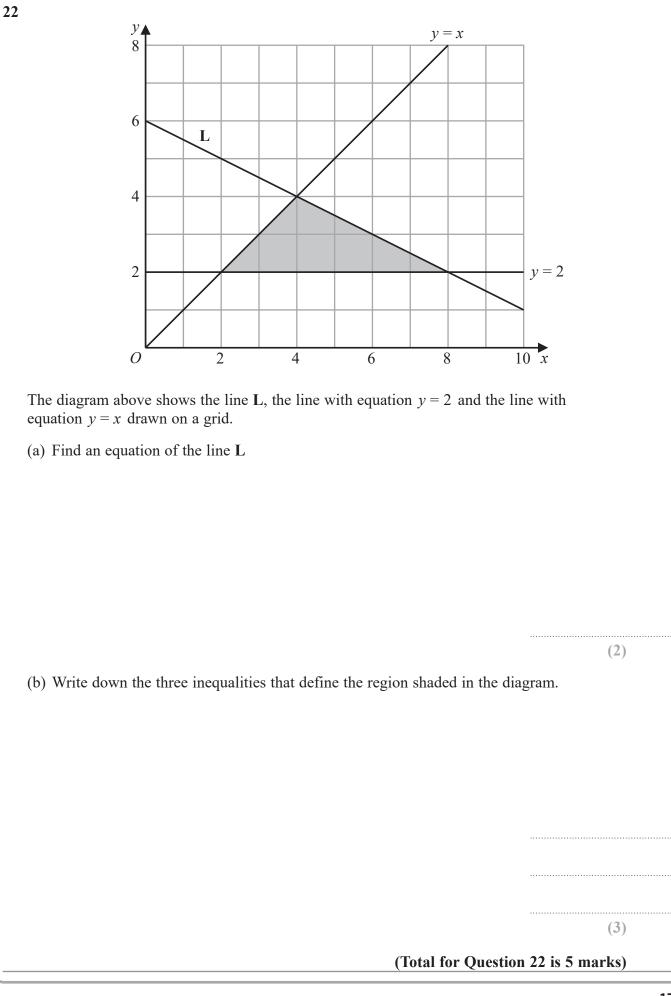
x =



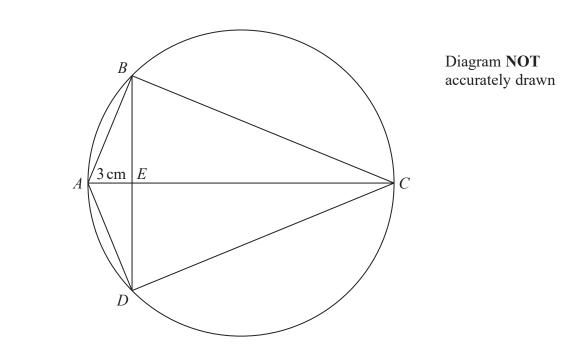
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17



ABCD is a kite so that the points *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* lie on a circle with radius 7.5 cm. The diagonals, *AC* and *BD*, of the kite intersect at point *E*, so that AE = 3 cm. The line *AEC* is a diameter of the circle.

Find the area of the kite ABCD

23

(Total for Question 23 is 5 marks)

24 In a triangle *ABC*

AC = 6.5 cm BC = 12 cm $\angle ABC = 30^{\circ}$

Calculate, in cm^2 to 3 significant figures, the smaller of the areas of the two possible triangles *ABC*

(Total for Question 24 is 6 marks)



19

(1)

25 There are 25 sweets in a bag.

n of the sweets are orange. The rest of the sweets are yellow.

Chana takes a sweet at random from the bag. She eats the sweet.

Chana takes at random another sweet from the bag. She eats the sweet.

The probability that Chana eats one orange sweet and one yellow sweet is $\frac{1}{3}$

(a) Write down the probability that both sweets taken by Chana are the same colour.

(b) Find the possible values of *n* Show clear algebraic working.







(a) Using the factor theorem, show that (2x - 1) is **not** a factor of f(x)

(b) Express $\frac{f(x)}{2x+1}$ in the form $(x+a)^2 + b$

where a and b are integers to be found.

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(3)

P 6 9 4 8 8 A 0 2 2 2 4

(c) Hence find the exact solutions of f(x) = 0

(2)

(Total for Question 26 is 7 marks)

Turn over for Question 27



27 A particle *P* is moving along a straight line. At time *t* seconds, the displacement, *s* metres, of *P* from a fixed point *O* on the line is given by

$$s = t^3 - 18t^2 + 81t \qquad 0 \le t \le 9$$

At time T seconds, where T < 9, P is at the point A on the line. At A, particle P instantaneously reverses its direction of motion and moves back towards O

(a) Find the value of T

As P moves from A back towards O, the greatest speed of P is Vm/s

(b) Find the value of V



 $T = \dots$

(5)

(Total for Question 27 is 9 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS

