

GCE

Biology B

H422/01: Fundamentals of biology

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for November 2020

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

SECTION A

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	A	1	1.1	
2	D	1	1.1	
3	A	1	1.1	
4	A	1	2.5	
5	A	1	1.2	
6	A	1	2.1	
7	A	1	2.5	
8	С	1	1.1	
9	D	1	2.1	
10	В	1	2.1	
11	D	1	2.4	
12	С	1	1.1	
13	В	1	2.5	
14	С	1	2.4	
15	A	1	2.4	
16	A	1	2.6	
17	В	1	1.1	
18	С	1	2.4	
19	С	1	1.2	
20	В	1	1.2	
21	A	1	1.2	
22	A	1	1.1	
23	A	1	1.1	
24	A	1	1.1	

25	D	1	2.4	
26	D	1	1.2	
27	C	1	1.1	
28	A	1	1.2	
29	В	1	1.1	
30	В	1	2.5	
	Total	30		

Mark Scheme

November 2020

H032/01

SECTION B

C	uestio	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
31	(a)	(i)	(i) oviduct / fallopian tube / uterine tube ✓	1	1.1		
		(i)	C F A E D B✓✓	2	1.2	all correct = 2 marks any 2 correct = 1 mark	
	(b)	(i)	any 2 from: complementary to antigen ✓ light and heavy chains ✓ variable region ✓	max 2	1.1		
		(ii)	<i>region</i> A : bind, hCG / human chorionic gonadotropin ✓ <i>region</i> B : bind / capture, (hCG)-bound antibodies ✓ <i>region</i> C : bind / capture, unbound / excess antibodies ✓	3	2.7 1.2		
 (c) Summary of instructions to markers: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which of the level descriptors or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, according to the Communication Statement (shown in it o award the higher mark where the Communication Statement has been met. o award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement have been missed. The science content determines the level. The Communication Statement determines the mark within a level 					decide which of the level descriptors, Level 1 , Level 2 munication Statement (shown in italics): met.		

November 2020

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	 Level 3 (5–6 marks) Provides a comprehensive description of data trends including both FSH and oestrogen and provides correct explanations for lowering of oestrogen and elevation of FSH. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. All the information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Provides a good description of data trends including both FSH and oestrogen and provides some explanation for lowering of oestrogen and/or elevation of FSH. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is mostly relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Provides a basic description of data trends including FSH and/or oestrogen but an explanation for these trends may not be given. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. 0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	6	3.2 2.6	 Indicative scientific points may include Description of data trends: decrease in oestrogen increase in FSH FSH increases before oestrogen decreases ref to reaching plateau ref to threshold reached for menopause ref to specific data points Explanations for lower oestrogen: less oocytes available / less primordial follicles remain follicles / oocytes, less likely to develop less oestrogen secreted, by oocytes / follicles Explanations for higher FSH: follicles less sensitive to FSH inhibition by oestrogen lost as oestrogen declines / negative feedback as inhibition lost, FSH levels rise
	Total	14		

Question Answer	Marks AO element	Guidance
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November 2020

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance				
32	(a)		advantage (any 1 from): short(er) generation time / reproduce quickly ✓ small size so ideal for laboratory ✓ disadvantage (any 1 from): difficult to handle / require killing or anaesthesia ✓	max 2	2.3	ALLOW gen ALLOW wel complex app ALLOW ref	l characte bearance	erised mor	phology / r	
			requirement for temperature control ✓							
	(b)	(i)	RrYy ✓	1	2.1	DO NOT CR	EDIT am	biguously	written lett	ers
		(ii)	= 1.69 v v v v	4	2.2	ALLOW E correct = 1 mark O-E & (O-E) ² correct = 1 mark (O-E) ² /E correct = 1 mark Σ correct = 1 mark ALLOW ecf				
						Expected (<i>E</i>)	0 – E	$(O - E)^2$	(<i>O</i> – <i>E</i>) ² / E	
						180	-5	25	0.139	
						60	-3	9	0.15	
						60	3	9	0.15	
						20	5	25	1.25	
		(iii)	no significant deviation from expected results / deviation from expected results due to chance ✓ null hypothesis accepted ✓	2	2.2	ALLOW ecf from Q32bii				

H032/0 ⁻	1
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Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c)	<u>gene</u> mutation ✓ (autosomal) <u>dominant</u> ✓ insertion (mutation) / (tri)nucleotide / CAG, repeat / stutter ✓ in, hunting <u>tin</u> gene ✓	max 2	2.1	
	Total	11		

C	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
33	33 (a) (i)		Benedict's, reagent / test / solution ✓	max 2	1.2	ALLOW Clinistrip / clinistix
			<pre>any 1 from: ref to heating reagent ✓ (positive result is) blue / green, to, yellow / orange / brown / brick red ✓ reduction of copper (II) / Cu2+ to copper (I) / Cu⁺ ✓</pre>			ALLOW (clinistrip) colour change compared to chart
		(ii)	correct structure in alpha or beta form $\checkmark \checkmark$	2	1.1	ring structure with one oxygen atom between carbon 1 and carbon 5 = 1 mark
	(b)	(i)	<i>main area</i> : (renal) cortex ✓ <i>precise region</i> : <u>proximal</u> convoluted tubule ✓	2	2.1	
	(c)		 no glucose reabsorption at any blood glucose concentration in patients with type 0 FRG ✓ no more glucose reabsorption at blood glucose concentrations greater than 10 mmol dm⁻³ in type A patients ✓ glucose reabsorption in type B patients similar to healthy state ✓ 	3	3.2	
	(d)	(i)	diffusion of water (from blood into filtrate), by osmosis / down water potential gradient ✓	1	2.5	ALLOW water potential of filtrate is very low so water remains in the filtrate

H032/01	Ма	November 2020			
(ii)	 any 3 from: (osmoreceptors in) <u>hypothalamus</u> detect water potential (Ψ) of blood ✓ If low : ADH / antidiuretic hormone / vasopressin, released from <u>pituitary</u> (gland) ✓ insertion of aquaporins into collecting duct cells ✓ more water reabsorbed from collecting duct (by osmosis) ✓ solute concentration of urine increases ✓ water potential of blood increases ✓ 	max 3	1.2	ORA for any m.p.	
	Total	13			

C	luest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
34	(a)		structure X: outer membrane AND structure Y: inner membrane / crista ✓	max 3	1.1 2.3	ALLOW cristae
			 explanation (any 2 from): Y / inner membrane, large surface area for, (respiratory) enzymes / oxidative phosphorylation ✓ double membrane allows accumulation of, H⁺ (ions) / protons ✓ generation of, H⁺ (ion) / proton / pH, gradient ✓ 			
	(b)	(i)	passage / diffusion, of hydrogen ions / protons, across the inner mitochondrial membrane / via ATP synthase ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW passage / diffusion, of ions down concentration gradient through a partially-permeable membrane
		(ii)	 Dish B absence of oxygen. oxygen is (final) electron acceptor ✓ (without oxygen) water cannot be formed ✓ Dish C low concentration of acid (H⁺). H⁺ / protons, not pumped across inner membrane (through enzyme complexes) ✓ H⁺ / proton, gradient not generated (across inner membrane) ✓ ATP synthase not able to generate ATP (through oxidative phosphorylation) ✓ 	max 4	1.2 3.2	ALLOW No oxygen therefore there is no final electron acceptor

November 2020

Quest	tion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c)		temperature ✓ affects enzyme activity / high temperature may denature ✓ OR same source of cells ✓ different cells have different respiration rates ✓	max 2	3.4	
(d)	(i)	colorimetry / colorimeter ✓	1	2.3	ALLOW use spectrophotometer / spectrophotometry
	(ii)	Any 1 from: any mass e.g. gram / dm ⁻³ / mg / μg OR any moles or molecules per volume, e.g. nmol cm ⁻³ / mmol cm ⁻³ / molecules cm ⁻³ ✓	1	2.4	ALLOW cm ⁻³ , dm ⁻³ ALLOW e.g. g / cm ³
		Total	12		

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
35	(a)		required movement of substances not met by diffusion alone ✓	1	1.1	
	(b)	(i)	sucrose ✓	1	1.1	
		(ii)	hydrostatic pressure \checkmark created by, movement of water into the phloem / \checkmark	2	2.5	
		(iii)	does not produce sucrose and does not store or consume sucrose (from phloem) ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW (stem is) responsible for transporting sugars between source and sink ALLOW sugars / glucose instead of sucrose
		(iv)	 Summary of instructions to markers: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recogn Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answ Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, ac o award the higher mark where the Communication o award the lower mark where aspects of the Comm The science content determines the level. The Communication Statement determines the mark 	of the an ver. ccording to Statemen punication	swer, first d o the Comn t has been i Statement i	ecide which of the level descriptors, Level 1 , Level 2 nunication Statement (shown in italics): met.

 Level 3 (5–6 marks) Provides a comprehensive description of apparatus setup and the method used to measure translocation rate. Methods for analysis of data should be described and ways to ensure validity should be discussed. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Provides a comprehensive description of apparatus setup and the method used to measure translocation rate. Methods for analysis of data or ways to ensure validity should be discussed. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is mostly relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Provides a limited description of apparatus setup, which may not include the method used to measure translocation rate. Methods for analysis of data and ways to ensure validity will not be discussed. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit. 	6 3.3 3.4	
Total 1	1	

uestion Answer	Marks AO element	Guidance
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H032/01

36	(a)	(i)	 P: prophase Q: telophase R: anaphase S: metaphase ✓√ 	2	2.5	all correct = 2 marks any 2 correct = 1 mark
		(ii)	(lay down of) cell plate ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW cell wall formed
	(b)	(i)	(72/254)*100 ✓ 28.3% ✓	2	2.4	28.35% or 28% = 1 mark
		(ii)	 any 2 from: crossing over (of homologous chromosomes / chromatids) in prophase 1 ✓ independent / random, assortment/segregation of chromosomes in metaphase I/anaphase I ✓ independent / random, assortment/segregation of chromatids in metaphase II/anaphase II ✓ 	max 2	1.2	DO NOT ALLOW sister chromatids
	(c)		cell / cytoplasm, shrinkage ✓ nuclear, condensation / fragmentation ✓ phosphatidylserine on <u>outer</u> leaflet / surface, of, <u>cell</u> <u>surface / plasma</u> membrane ✓ <u>cell surface / plasma</u> membrane forms blebs ✓	max 3	2.1	ALLOW translocation of phosphatidylserine
			Total	10		

Question Answer Marks AO Guidance

37	(a)	any 1 from: scientific, journals / papers / reports ✓ scientific, conferences / meetings ✓	max 1	1.1	ALLOW peer review
	(b)	 honesty / trust, required for communication between mother and offspring in mother tongue theory ✓ in mother tongue theory, trust not required on population level ✓ gossip and grooming theory does not require trust (to accept new sounds) ✓ 	3	3.1	
	(c)	 any 2 from: hand gestures could help clarify meaning of new words / sounds ✓ verbal communication required to explain how to carry out activities with hands ✓ such as, tool making / use of tools / hunting / other examples ✓ bipedalism led to complex manual activities that required language to share ✓ eye contact/facial expression help clarify meaning ✓ 	max 2	2.1	verbal communication to explain how to use of tools = 2 marks
	(d)	(genetic) variation ✓ pressure ✓ natural selection ✓	3	1.2	ALLOW diversity
		Total	9		

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