

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/2H

Higher Tier Paper 2 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2020

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

| М | Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer. |
|-----------------|--|
| Α | Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied. |
| В | Marks awarded independent of method. |
| ft | Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step. |
| SC | Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth. |
| M dep | A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded. |
| B dep | A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded. |
| oe | Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. |
| | eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| [a, b] | Accept values between a and b inclusive. |
| [a, b) | Accept values a ≼ value < b |
| 3.14 | Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416 |
| Use of brackets | It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks. |

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|---|--------------------|------------|----------|
| 1 | $x + 4x \equiv 5x$ | B1 | |
| | Ad | ditional G | Guidance |
| | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|---|---------------------|------|----------|--|--|
| | SAS | B1 | | | |
| 2 | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|---|----------------------|------|----------|--|
| 3 | 5.2×10^{-4} | B1 | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|---|---------------------|------|----------|--|--|
| | a ² | B1 | | | |
| 4 | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|--|------|--|--|
| | Plots at least 3 points correctly | M1 | $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square | |
| | All four points correctly plotted and joined | A1 | $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square ignore working for part (b) | |
| 5(2) | Additional Guidance | | | |
| 5(4) | $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square means half a small square horizontally and vertically | | | |
| | If a point is within tolerance the line must be within $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square of their point | | | |
| | Mark intention for joining point to poir | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|------|---|-------------|-----------------------|----|--|
| | [70, 78] | B1 | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| 5(b) | Answer in range with or without work graph | ing, with r | no graph or incorrect | B1 | |
| | 70.5 – 75 on answer line (both values in range) | | | B1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|---|--|---------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| | 15 | | B1 answer 3 or answer 5 or answer 3 (×) 5 | | |
| | | B2 | or (75 =) 3 (×) 5 (×) 5 o or (105 =) 3 (×) 5 (×) 7 | r (75 =) 3 (×) 5 ² | |
| | | | or (1) 3 5 15 25 (75) | | |
| | | | or (1) 3 5 7 15 21 35 | (105) | |
| | Ad | ditional G | Buidance | | |
| | NB 15 from $3 + 5 + 7$ does not score elsewhere | | | | |
| 6 | Prime factor responses for B1 may b factor tree or in a Venn diagram | | | | |
| | eg1 3 5 5 in repeated division or fa | B1 | | | |
| | eg2 3 5 7 inside one circle of a Ve | B1 | | | |
| | eg3 3 5 inside the intersection of a | Venn dia | gram | B1 | |
| | For products of prime factors, repeated division, factor trees and Venn diagrams, ignore inclusion of factors of 1 | | | | |
| | me factor but does not | | | | |
| | B1 can be awarded even if LCM is su | ly worked out | | | |
| | List of factors may be seen as factor | pairs | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts |
|------|---|------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | 2 and 5 with no other roots | B2 | either order B1 at least one correct one incorrect root SC1 (2, 0) or (5, 0) or | root with up to (2, 5) or (5, 2) |
| | Ad | ditional G | Buidance | |
| | x = 2 and $x = 5$ | | | B2 |
| | 2, 5 or 5, 2 | | | B2 |
| | (2, 0) and (5, 0) and 2 and 5 | | | SC1 |
| 7(a) | (2, 0) and (5, 0) and -2 and -5 | | | B0 |
| 7(0) | 2, 0 and 5, 0 (both pairs imply coordinates) | | | SC1 |
| | 2, 0 or 5, 0 (one pair implies roots) | | | B1 |
| | (0, 2) and (0, 5) | | | B0 |
| | 0, 2 and 0, 5 (both pairs imply coordinates) | | | B0 |
| | 0, 2 or 0, 5 (one pair implies roots) | | | B1 |
| | Both answers embedded | | | |
| | $2^2 - 7 \times 2 + 10 = 0$ and $5^2 - 7 \times 5 + 10 = 0$ | 10 = 0 | | B1 |
| | (x-2)(x-5) | | | B0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | its |
|------|--|------|--------|-----|
| | 3.5 | B1 | oe | |
| | Ade | | | |
| | x = 3.5 | | | B1 |
| 7(b) | 3.5x | | | B0 |
| | Ignore any y-coordinate even with bra | | | |
| | eg (3.5, -2.25) or 3.5, -2 or $x = 3$. | B1 | | |
| | (-2.25, 3.5) | | | B0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comment | ts |
|---|--|------------|---|-------------------------|
| | 40 (women) and 44 (men) and No or 40 : 44 and No or 84 and No or 8 (women leave) and 2 (men arrive) and No | В2 | oe B1 40 (women) and 44 or 40 : 44 or 84 or 8 (women leave) and | (men) 2 (men arrive) |
| 8 | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | NB 84 from incorrect working eg $41 + 43 = 84$ | | | B0 |
| | For B1 the values may be seen among others eg1 20: 22 30: 33 40: 44 50: 55 eg2 21, 42, 63, 84, 105, eg3 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, and 11, 22, 33, 44, 55, eg4 $\frac{44}{84}$ (implies 84) | | | B1 |
| | For B2 the value(s) must be chosen that point and No must be indicated | oy eg circ | ling or a list stopping at | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commen | ts | |
|------|--|-------|---|---------|--|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | | |
| | $200 - 2 \times 5 \times 5$ or $200 - 50$ or 150 or $4 \times 5 \times y$ or $20y$ | M1 | oe eg $5y + 5y + 5y + 5y$ implied by 37.5 or answe | r 937.5 | |
| | $4 \times 5 \times y = 200 - 2 \times 5 \times 5$ or $4 \times 5 \times y = 200 - 50$ or $4 \times 5 \times y = 150$ or $150 \div 4 \div 5$ or $150 \div 20$ or 7.5 | M1dep | oe eg 20y = 150 | | |
| 9(a) | 187.5 | A1 | oe | | |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | | |
| | 200 – 2 × 5 × 5 or 200 – 50 or 150 | M1 | oe implied by 37.5 or answe | r 937.5 | |
| | 150 ÷ 4 × 5 or 37.5 × 5 | M1dep | oe | | |
| | 187.5 | A1 | oe | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | Embedded 7.5 eg $4 \times 5 \times 7.5 = 150$ | | | M1M1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---|------|----------|--|
| | It is smaller than the answer to part (a) | B1 | | |
| 9(b) | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|----|--|--------------|--|--|
| | Alternative method 1 Total % for | or A after (| 6 tests – total % for B after 5 tests | |
| | 60 × 5 or 300 or 52 × 5 or 260 | M1 | oe | |
| | $\frac{24}{50} \times 100$ or 0.48×100 or 48 | M1 | oe 348 implies M1M1 | |
| | $60 \times 5 + \frac{24}{50} \times 100 - 52 \times 5$ or 300 + 48 - 260 or 88 | M1dep | oe eg 348 – 260 dep on M1M1 | |
| | 44 | A1 | allow $\frac{44}{50}$ | |
| 10 | Alternative method 2 Total score for A after 6 tests – total score for B after 5 tests | | | |
| | $\frac{60}{100}$ × 50 or 30 | M1 | oe allow $\frac{30}{50}$ implied by 150 or 174 | |
| | $\frac{52}{100} \times 50$ or 26 | M1 | oe allow $\frac{26}{50}$ implied by 130 | |
| | $\frac{60}{100} \times 50 \times 5 + 24 - \frac{52}{100} \times 50 \times 5$ or 150 + 24 - 130 | M1dep | oe eg 174 – 130 dep on M1M1 | |
| | 44 | A1 | allow $\frac{44}{50}$ | |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continues on the next two pages

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------------|---|-------------|---|--|
| | Alternative method 3 Total sco | re for A af | ter 6 tests – total score for B after 5 tests | |
| | 50 × 5 or 250 | M1 | oe implied by 150 or 130 or 174 | |
| | $\frac{60}{100} \times 50 \times 5 \text{ or } 150$ and $\frac{52}{100} \times 50 \times 5 \text{ or } 130$ | M1dep | oe allow $\frac{150}{250}$ and $\frac{130}{250}$ | |
| | $\frac{60}{100} \times 50 \times 5 + 24 - \frac{52}{100} \times 50 \times 5$ or 150 + 24 - 130 | M1dep | oe eg 174 – 130 | |
| | 44 | A1 | allow $\frac{44}{50}$ | |
| 10 cont | Alternative method 4 Difference in scores after 5 tests + 6th score for A | | | |
| | 60-52 or 8 | M1 | oe | |
| | $\frac{60-52}{100} \times 50$ or 4 | M1dep | oe eg $\frac{60}{100} \times 50 - \frac{52}{100} \times 50$ or $30 - 26$ allow $\frac{4}{50}$ | |
| | $\frac{60-52}{100} \times 50 \times 5 + 24$ or $4 \times 5 + 24$ or 20 + 24 | M1dep | oe | |
| | 44 | A1 | allow $\frac{44}{50}$ | |

Additional Guidance is on the next page

| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | To award the 3rd M a calculation or a value (not an equation) must be seen | | | | |
| | Select the scheme that favours the student for the first 2 M marks even if not subsequently used | | | | |
| 10 cont | Alt 1 Do not award 1st M for 300 if incorrect method seen eg $6 \times 50 = 300$ does not score the 1st M | | | | |
| | Alt 1 Do not award 2nd M for 48 if incorrect method seen eg $100 - 52 = 48$ does not score the 2nd M | | | | |
| | Alt 2 Do not award 2nd M for 26 if incorrect method seen eg $50 - 24 = 26$ does not score the 2nd M | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commen | its |
|----|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|------|
| | 2625 ÷ 250 | | oe eg <u>2.625×1000</u> | |
| | or | | 250 | |
| | 2.625 ÷ 250 | | | |
| | or | M1 | | |
| | 2625 ÷ 0.00025 | | | |
| | or | | | |
| 11 | answer with digits 105 | | | |
| | 10.5 | A1 | oe | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | Digits 105 may have additional zeros | | | |
| | eg1 0.000105 | | | M1A0 |
| | eg2 10500 | | | M1A0 |
| | eg3 10.05 | | | M0A0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts | |
|----|---|----------|---|------|--|
| 12 | $\frac{9-3}{12} \text{ or } \frac{6}{3}$ or $2x (+ c) \text{ where } c \text{ is a constant}$ 2 | M1 A1 | oe eg $\frac{3-9}{-2-1}$ or $\frac{-6}{-3}$ | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | 2x may be implied eg y - 3 = 2(x + 2) | | | M1A0 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|----|---|-------|--|--|
| | $\frac{1}{2} \times (2.8 + 2.1) (\times h)$ or 2.45(h) | M1 | oe eg 2.1(h) + 0.5(h) \times 0.7 any letter may be implied | |
| 13 | $\frac{1}{2} \times (2.8 + 2.1) \times h = 39.2$ or $(2.8 + 2.1) \times h = 39.2 \times 2$ or $39.2 \div 2.45$ or $78.4 \div 4.9$ | M1dep | oe equation or calculation | |
| | 16 | A1 | SC1 8 | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | Different letter used eg $2.1h + 0.5x \times 0.7$ is M0 unless recovered | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|----|---|-------|---|--|--|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | | |
| | 6500 × 1.05 or 6825 | | oe eg 6500 + 0.05 × 6500 | | |
| | | M1 | or 6500 + 325 may be implied eg 7475 | | |
| | 6500 × 1.05 ³ | | oe | | |
| | or | | eg their 6825 × 1.05 or 7166.25 | | |
| | 7524.() | M1dep | and | | |
| | or | | their 7166.25 × 1.05 | | |
| | 7525 | | 6825 × 1.05 ² is M2 | | |
| | 7524.() and Yes | | oe | | |
| | or | A1 | eg 7524.() which is more than 7500 | | |
| | 7525 and Yes | | | | |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | | |
| 14 | 1.05 ³ or 1.157 | | oe | | |
| | or 1.158 or 1.16 | | | | |
| | or | M1 | | | |
| | 7500/ 6500 or 1.15(3) or 1.154 | | | | |
| | 1.05 ³ or 1.157 | | ое | | |
| | or 1.158 or 1.16 | | | | |
| | and | M1dep | | | |
| | $\frac{7500}{6500}$ or 1.15(3) or 1.154 | | | | |
| | 1.157 or 1.158 or 1.16 | | | | |
| | and | | | | |
| | 1.15(3) or 1.154 | A1 | | | |
| | and | | | | |
| | Yes | | | | |

Additional Guidance is on the next page

| | Additional Guidance | |
|------------|---|--------|
| | Working is implied by a correct value | |
| | 7524.() and Yes with no working | M1M1A1 |
| | 7525 and Yes with no working | M1M1A1 |
| | 7524.() with no working | M1M1A0 |
| | 7525 with no working | M1M1A0 |
| | 7525 > 7500 | M1M1A1 |
| 14 cont | 7525 < 7500 | M1M1A0 |
| | For year on year working allow truncation/rounding | |
| | $eg \ 6825 \times 1.05 = 7166$ | M1 |
| | 7166 × 1.05 = 7524.30 Yes | M1A1 |
| | Increasing by 5% four or more times can score a maximum of M1M1A0 | |
| | Increasing by 5% two times can score a maximum of M1M0A0 | |
| | Do not allow misreads of 5% | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commen | ts | |
|----|--|-------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | | |
| | ac = b + 5c | M1 | oe fraction eliminated | | |
| | ac - 5c = b or $c(a - 5) = bor \frac{b}{a - 5}$ | M1dep | oe terms in c collected | | |
| | $c = \frac{b}{a-5}$ | A1 | | | |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | | |
| 15 | $a-5=\frac{b}{c} \qquad \qquad M1$ | | | | |
| | $\frac{1}{a-5} = \frac{c}{b} \text{ or } \frac{a-5}{b} = \frac{1}{c}$ or $c(a-5) = b$ or $\frac{b}{a-5}$ | M1dep | | | |
| | $c = \frac{b}{a-5}$ | A1 | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | $c = \frac{b}{a-5}$ in working lines with $\frac{b}{a-5}$ on answer line | | | M1M1A1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commen | ts |
|-------------------|---|------|---|--------|
| | $\frac{4}{11} \times 22 \text{ or } 8$ or $\frac{40}{100} \times 5 \text{ or } 2$ or $22 \times 7 \times 5 \text{ or } 770$ or $\frac{4}{11} \times \frac{40}{100} \text{ or } \frac{160}{1100} \text{ or } \frac{8}{55}$ | M1 | oe accept $\frac{8}{22}$ for 8 accept $\frac{2}{5}$ for 2 | |
| 16 | 16 $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{4}{11} \times 22 \times 7 \times \frac{40}{100} \times 5 \\ \text{or} \\ 8 \times 7 \times 2 \\ \text{16} \end{vmatrix} \text{ oe eg } \frac{4}{11} \times \frac{2}{5} \times 770 \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{55} \times 770 \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{22} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{7} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{8}{7} \times \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \times \frac{112}{77} \\ \text{or } \frac{112}{77} \times $ | | | |
| | 112 | A1 | allow 112 out of 770 | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| <u>112</u> 770 | | | | M1M1A0 |
| | $\frac{8}{55}$ from $\frac{112}{770}$ | | | M1M1A0 |
| | $\frac{8}{55}$ from $\frac{4}{11} \times \frac{2}{5}$ (×1) | | | M1M0A0 |
| | Allow [0.36, 0.364] for $\frac{4}{11}$ | | | |
| | eg $0.36 \times 22 = 7.92$ (allow 7 if method seen) | | | M1 |
| | 7.92 \times 7 \times 2 (or 7 \times 7 \times 2) | | | M1A0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|-------|---------------------|------|----------|--|--|
| | [82.5, 83.5] | B1 | | | |
| 17(a) | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts |
|-------|--|--------------------------|---|------------------|
| | 156 | B1 | accept 155 or 157 | |
| | their $156 \times (0.)32$ or 4992 or 49.92 and $(200 - \text{their } 156) \times (0.)39$ or $44 \times (0.)39$ or 1716 or 17.16 67.08 Add 155 $155 \times 0.32 + 45 \times 0.39$ | M1 A1ft ditional G | 0 < their 156 < 200 but their 156 cannot be 6708 implies B1M1 ft their 156 | 90 B1 M1 |
| 17(b) | = 49.60 + 17.55 = 67.15 | | | A1 |
| 17(0) | 157 157 \times 0.32 + 43 \times 0.39 = 50.24 + 16.77 = 67.01 | | | B1 M1 A1 |
| | 158 158 \times 0.32 + 42 \times 0.39 = 50.56 + 16.38 = 66.94 | | | B0 M1 A1ft |
| | 90 90 \times 0.32 + 110 \times 0.39 = 28.80 + 42.90 = 71.70 | | | B0 M0 A0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | its |
|----|---|--|---|----------------------------|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | |
| | $\tan 62 = \frac{h}{5}$ | M1 | oe eg tan (90 – 62) = $\frac{5}{h}$ or $\frac{h}{\sin 62} = \frac{5}{\sin 28}$ any letter | i - I |
| | 5 × tan 62 or 9.4(0) | M1dep | oe eg $\frac{5}{\tan 28}$ or $\frac{5}{\sin 28} \times \sin 62$ | |
| | sin x = $\frac{\text{their 9.4(0)}}{12}$ or sin x = [0.78, 0.784] | oe eg sin x = $\frac{5 \times \tan 62}{12}$ M1dep or $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{12^2 - \text{their } 9.4^2}}{12}$ | | 2 |
| 18 | [51.536, 51.63] | A1 | accept 52 with M3 seen | |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | |
| | $\left(\frac{5}{\cos 62}\right)^2 - 5^2$ or [88.4, 88.43] | M1 | oe | |
| | $\sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{\cos 62}\right)^2 - 5^2}$ or 9.4(0) | M1dep | oe | |
| | sin x = $\frac{\text{their 9.4(0)}}{12}$ or sin x = [0.78, 0.784] | M1dep | oe eg cos x = $\frac{\sqrt{12^2 - tt}}{1}$ | neir 9.4 ² 2 |
| | [51.536, 51.63] | A1 | accept 52 with M3 seen | |
| | Ad | ditional G | Buidance | |
| | Answer in range with truncation to 51 | | | M1M1M1A1 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | its |
|----|---|-----------|---------------------------|--------|
| | 4a + 2b and $10a + 5b$ | M1 | | |
| | 2(2a + b) or $5(2a + b)$ | M1 | | |
| | $\frac{2(2a+b)}{5(2a+b)}$ and $\frac{2}{5}$ or 2(2a+b) and 0.4 | A1 | | |
| | $\frac{1}{5(2a+b)}$ and 0.4 | | | |
| 19 | Ad | | | |
| 13 | $\frac{2}{5}$ with no working or only from subs | MOMOAO | | |
| | Ignore substitution of values | | | |
| | eg $\frac{2(2a+b)}{5(2a+b)} = \frac{2}{5}$ followed by substitution of values | | | |
| | $\frac{4a + 2b}{10a + 4b} = \frac{2}{5}$ | | | M1M0A0 |
| | 2b + 4a and $5b + 10a$ are equivalent | ent to 4a | a + 2b and $10a + 5b$ etc | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts |
|----|--|-------|--|-----------|
| | $180 - \frac{360}{10}$ or $180 - 36$ or $1440 \div 10$ or 144 | M1 | oe eg (10 – 2) × 180 ÷ may be seen on diagran | 10 1 |
| 20 | $\frac{540 - 3 \times \text{their 144}}{2}$ or $\frac{540 - 432}{2}$ or $\frac{108}{2}$ or $360 - 90 - \text{their 144} - \frac{\text{their 144}}{2}$ or their 144 - 90 | M1dep | oe eg (5-2)×180-3× 2 | their 144 |
| | 54 | A1 | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | 540 ÷ 10 = 54 | | | M0M0A0 |
| | 144 worked out but not used | | | M1M0A0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|-------|---------------------|------|----------|--|
| | (2.5, 0.4) | B1 | | |
| 21(a) | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commen | its |
|-------|--|------------|----------|----------------|
| | Valid criticism B1 eg the graph should go th | | | hrough (4, 16) |
| | Ade | ditional G | Buidance | |
| | (4, 15) should be (4, 16) | | | B1 |
| | It should be (4, 16) | | | B1 |
| | Graph should end at $(y =)$ 16 | | | B1 |
| | (4, 15) is not on the graph | | | B1 |
| 21(b) | The point at $x = 4$ is wrong | | | B1 |
| | The point at 4 is wrong | | | B0 |
| | 2 ⁴ is 16 | | | B1 |
| | 4 ² is 16 | | | B0 |
| | The last point is wrong | | | B1 |
| | One of the points is wrong | | | B0 |
| | Graph isn't high enough | | | B0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|----|--------|------------|----------|
| | A | B1 | |
| 22 | Ade | ditional G | Guidance |
| | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts |
|----|--|-------------|---|---------------------|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | |
| | $5^2 + 12^2$ or 169 or $\sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}$ or 13 | M1 | oe | |
| | $\sqrt{16^2}$ – their 169 or $\sqrt{16^2}$ – their 13 ² or $\sqrt{87}$ or [9.3, 9.33] | M1dep | oe eg $\sqrt{16^2 - 5^2 - 12^2}$ may be implied eg [18.6 | 6, 18.7] |
| | 0.5 × 5 × 12 × 2 × their [9.3, 9.33] | M1dep | oe | |
| | [558, 559.8] or 60√87 A1 A1 SC3 [1116 | | accept 560 with full metl SC3 [1116, 1119.6] or | nod seen 120 √87 |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | |
| 23 | $16^2 - 5^2$ or 231 or $\sqrt{16^2 - 5^2}$ or 15.19(8) or 15.199 or 15.2 | M1 | Oe | |
| | $\sqrt{\text{their } 231 - 12^2}$ or $\sqrt{\text{their } 15.2^2 - 12^2}$ or $\sqrt{87}$ or [9.3, 9.33] | M1dep | oe eg $\sqrt{16^2 - 5^2 - 12^2}$ may be implied eg [18.6 | 6, 18.7] |
| | 0.5 × 5 × 12 × 2 × their [9.3, 9.33] | M1dep | oe | |
| | [558, 559.8] or 60√87 | A1 | accept 560 with full meth SC3 [1116, 1119.6] or | nod seen 120 √87 |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | Lengths may be seen on the diagram | n | | |
| | 1st and 2nd M marks can be awarde | d even if r | not subsequently used | |
| | $5^2 + 12^2 + 16^2$ | | | M1M0M0A0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | its |
|-------|------------------------------------|------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 24(a) | (–5, –2) | B2 | B1 point (1, –4) from rot may be seen on the diag or point (–5, –2) marked or SC1 (–7, 6) | ration gram n diagram |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | (-5, -2) marked on diagram and ans | wer (–2, – | 5) | B1 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|-------|----------------------------|------|----------|--|
| | $\mathbf{y} = -\mathbf{x}$ | B1 | | |
| 24(b) | b) Additional Guidance | | | |
| | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts |
|----|---|------------|---|------------------------------|
| | (3x-4)(x+5) | B2 | oe product of brackets eg $(x + 5)(3x - 4)$ or $(3x)$ or $-(4 - 3x)(x + 5)$ B1 $(3x + a)(x + b)$ when or $a + 3b = 11$ or $3x(x + 5) - 4(x + 5)$ or $x(3x - 4) + 5(3x - 4)$ | x – 4)(5 + x) re ab = –20 |
| | Ad | ditional G | Guidance | |
| | Ignore attempts to solve $3x^2 + 11x -$ | 20 = 0 | | |
| | (3x + 4)(x - 5) | | | B1 |
| 25 | (3x + 4)(x + 5) | | | B0 |
| | (3x-1)(x+4) | | | B1 |
| | (3x + 1)(x - 4) | | | B0 |
| | Condone multiplication signs between brackets for B2 eg $(3x - 4) \times (x + 5)$ | | | B2 |
| | Condone multiplication signs between brackets for B1 | | | |
| | eg (3x - 1) × (x + 20) | | | B1 |
| | Condone missing final bracket | | | DO |
| | eg1 $(3x-4)(x+5)$ eg2 $(3x-20)(x+1)$ | | | B2 B1 |
| | Do not allow x3 for 3x etc | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commer | nts |
|----|--|---------|--|----------------------|
| | 24.5 or 25.5 or 7.45 or 7.55 | B1 | accept 25.49 for 25.5 accept 7.549 for 7.55 | |
| | 30 × their 25.5 or 765 or 20 × their 7.55 or 151 | M1 | their 25.5 must be (25, 2 their 7.55 must be (7.5, | 26] 7.6] |
| | 30 × their 25.5 + 20 × their 7.55 or 765 + 151 or 916 | M1dep | oe eg 920 – 30 × their 2 – 20 × their 7.55 their 25.5 must be (25, 2 their 7.55 must be (7.5, 7 | 25.5 26] 7.6] |
| 26 | 25.5 and 7.55 and 916 and Yes | A1 | oe eg 25.5 and 7.55 a | and -4 and Yes |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | Only using lower bounds can score a | | | |
| | Condone 25.50 for 25.5 etc | | | |
| | 916 and Yes without both 25.5 and 7.55 is A0 but the B mark and M marks are possible | | | DAMANAAAA |
| | eg 30 × 25.5 + 20 × 7.54 (= 915.8) = | 916 Yes | 3 | BIMIMIAU |
| | 916 and Yes with no working | | | Zero |
| | Yes can be implied eg1 $30 \times 25.5 + 20 \times 7.55 = 916$ which is less than 920 eg2 $30 \times 25.5 + 20 \times 7.55 = 916$ so she can | | | B1M1M1A1 B1M1M1A1 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|----|--|-------|---|
| | Alternative method 1 | | |
| | $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{16}{19} \text{ or } \frac{64}{380} \text{ or } \frac{16}{95}$ or $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{10}{19} \text{ or } \frac{60}{380} \text{ or } \frac{3}{19}$ or $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{3}{19} \text{ or } \frac{21}{380}$ | M1 | oe fractions or decimals condone $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{16}{20}$ etc |
| 27 | Any 2 of $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{16}{19} \text{ or } \frac{64}{380} \text{ or } \frac{16}{95}$ and $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{10}{19} \text{ or } \frac{60}{380} \text{ or } \frac{3}{19}$ and $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{3}{19} \text{ or } \frac{21}{380}$ | M1dep | oe fractions or decimals |
| | $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{16}{19} + \frac{6}{20} \times \frac{10}{19} + \frac{7}{20} \times \frac{3}{19}$ or $\frac{64}{380} + \frac{60}{380} + \frac{21}{380}$ | M1dep | oe fractions or decimals eg $\frac{16}{95} + \frac{3}{19} + \frac{21}{380}$ |
| | $\frac{145}{380} \text{ or } \frac{29}{76}$ or [0.381, 0.382] or [38.1%, 38.2%] | A1 | accept 0.38 or 38% with full working SC2 $\frac{145}{400}$ or $\frac{29}{80}$ or 0.3625 or 36.25% |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continues on the next 4 pages

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------------|--|-------|---|
| | Alternative method 2 | | |
| | $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{4}{19} \text{ or } \frac{24}{380} \text{ or } \frac{6}{95}$ or $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{10}{19} \text{ or } \frac{70}{380} \text{ or } \frac{7}{38}$ | M1 | oe fractions or decimals condone $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{4}{20}$ etc |
| | or $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{19}$ or $\frac{51}{380}$ | | |
| 27 cont | Any 2 of $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{4}{19}$ or $\frac{24}{380}$ or $\frac{6}{95}$ and $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{10}{19}$ or $\frac{70}{380}$ or $\frac{7}{38}$ and $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{19}$ or $\frac{51}{380}$ | M1dep | oe fractions or decimals |
| | $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{4}{19} + \frac{7}{20} \times \frac{10}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{19}$ or $\frac{24}{380} + \frac{70}{380} + \frac{51}{380}$ | M1dep | oe fractions or decimals eg $\frac{6}{95} + \frac{7}{38} + \frac{51}{380}$ |
| | $\frac{145}{380} \text{ or } \frac{29}{76}$ or [0.381, 0.382] or [38.1%, 38.2%] | A1 | accept 0.38 or 38% with full working SC2 $\frac{145}{400}$ or $\frac{29}{80}$ or 0.3625 or 36.25% |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continues on the next 3 pages

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------------|--|-------|--|
| | Alternative method 3 | | |
| | $\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{15}{10}$ or $\frac{90}{10}$ or $\frac{9}{10}$ | | oe fractions or decimals |
| | 20 19 380 38 | | condone $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{15}{20}$ etc |
| | 7 9 63 | | 20 20 |
| | $\frac{1}{20} \times \frac{1}{19}$ or $\frac{1}{380}$ | M1 | |
| | or | | |
| | $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{2}{19}$ or $\frac{6}{380}$ or $\frac{3}{190}$ | | |
| | Any 2 of | | oe fractions or decimals |
| | $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{15}{19}$ or $\frac{90}{380}$ or $\frac{9}{38}$ | | |
| 27 cont | and | | |
| | $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{9}{19}$ or $\frac{63}{380}$ | M1dep | |
| | and | | |
| | $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{2}{19}$ or $\frac{6}{380}$ or $\frac{3}{190}$ | | |
| | $1 - \frac{4}{1 - 1} - \frac{6}{1 - 1} \times \frac{15}{1 - 1} - \frac{7}{1 - 1} \times \frac{9}{1 - 1}$ | | oe fractions or decimals |
| | 20 20 19 20 193 2 | M1dep | eg 1 - $\frac{1}{5}$ - $\frac{9}{38}$ - $\frac{63}{380}$ - $\frac{3}{190}$ |
| | $-\frac{3}{20}\times\frac{1}{19}$ | | |
| | or | | |
| | $1 - \frac{4}{20} - \frac{90}{380} - \frac{63}{380} - \frac{6}{380}$ | | |
| | $\frac{145}{145}$ or $\frac{29}{145}$ | A1 | accept 0.38 or 38% with full working |
| | 380 76 or [0.381_0.382] | | SC2 $\frac{145}{400}$ or $\frac{29}{80}$ |
| | or [38.1%, 38.2%] | | or 0.3625 or 36.25% |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continues on the next 2 pages

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------------|---|--------|---|--|
| | Alternative method 4 | | | |
| | $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{16}{19}$ or $\frac{112}{380}$ or $\frac{28}{95}$ | | oe fractions or decimals condone $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{16}{20}$ etc | |
| | $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{9}{19}$ or $\frac{54}{380}$ or $\frac{27}{190}$ | M1 | | |
| | or $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{3}{19}$ or $\frac{12}{380}$ or $\frac{3}{95}$ | | | |
| | Any 2 of | | oe fractions or decimals | |
| | $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{16}{19}$ or $\frac{112}{380}$ or $\frac{28}{95}$ | | | |
| 27 cont | and | Madan | | |
| | $\frac{6}{20} \times \frac{9}{19}$ or $\frac{54}{380}$ or $\frac{27}{190}$ | windep | | |
| | and | | | |
| | $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{3}{19}$ or $\frac{12}{380}$ or $\frac{3}{95}$ | | | |
| | $1 - \frac{3}{22} - \frac{7}{22} \times \frac{16}{10} - \frac{6}{22} \times \frac{9}{10}$ | | oe fractions or decimals | |
| | 20 20 19 20 19 4 3 | M1dep | eg 1 - $\frac{3}{20}$ - $\frac{28}{95}$ - $\frac{27}{190}$ - $\frac{3}{95}$ | |
| | $-\frac{1}{20} \times \frac{1}{19}$ | | | |
| | or | | | |
| | $1 - \frac{3}{20} - \frac{112}{380} - \frac{54}{380} - \frac{12}{380}$ | | | |
| | $\frac{145}{29}$ or $\frac{29}{29}$ | A1 | accept 0.38 or 38% with full working | |
| | 380 76 or [0.381_0.382] | | SC2 $\frac{145}{400}$ or $\frac{29}{80}$ | |
| | or [38.1%, 38.2%] | | or 0.3625 or 36.25% | |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continues on the next page

| Q | Answer | Mark | Commen | ts | | |
|------|---|-------|--|--------------|--|--|
| | Alternative method 5 | | | | | |
| | 4×16 or 6×10 or 7×3 | | oe eg 64 or 60 or 21 | | | |
| | or | M1 | or | | | |
| | 3×17 or 7×10 or 6×4 | | 51 or 70 or 24 | | | |
| | Any 2 of | | oe | | | |
| | 4×16 and 6×10 and 7×3 | | implied by 145 | | | |
| | or any 2 of | мааер | | | | |
| | 3×17 and 7×10 and 6×4 | | | | | |
| | $\frac{4\times16+6\times10+7\times3}{20\times19}$ | | oe | | | |
| | or | M1dep | | | | |
| | $\underline{3\times17+7\times10+6\times4}$ | | | | | |
| 27 | 20×19 | | | | | |
| cont | $\frac{145}{1}$ or $\frac{29}{1}$ | | accept 0.38 or 38% with | full working | | |
| | 380 76 | A1 | SC2 $\frac{145}{400}$ or $\frac{29}{80}$ | | | |
| | or [38.1%, 38.2%] | | or 0.3625 or 36.25% | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | ignore simplification or conversion at | | | | | |
| | For M marks accept oe decimals rou | | | | | |
| | Select the scheme that favours the s if not subsequently used | | | | | |
| | Using $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{16}{20}$ etc can score M1M | | | | | |
| | Do not award marks if a fraction comes from an incorrect method | | | | | |
| | eg Alt 1 $\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{15}{19} = \frac{3}{19}$ | | | МО | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|----|---|-------|--|--|--|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | | |
| | 0.5 × 4 × 10 or 20 | M1 | oe may be seen on graph | | |
| | $\frac{75 - 0.5 \times 4 \times 10}{10} \text{ or } \frac{55}{10} \text{ or } 5.5$ | M1dep | oe may be embedded eg $5.5 \times 10 = 55$ | | |
| | 9.5 | A1 | oe | | |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | | |
| 28 | Correct method or value for distance travelled in the first t seconds where $t > 4$ | M1 | eg distance for $12s = 100$ or distance for $9s = 0.5 \times (9 + 5) \times 10$ or 70 may be seen on graph | | |
| | their distance – 75 10 or <u>75 – their distance</u> 10 | M1dep | eg $\frac{100 - 75}{10}$ or $\frac{75 - 70}{10}$ | | |
| | 9.5 | A1 | oe | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | 1st M can be awarded even if not subsequently used | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|----|--|-------|---|
| | $5(x^2 + 3)$ or $5x^2 + 15$ or $2x(4x + 1)$ or $8x^2 + 2x$ | M1 | oe ignore any denominators |
| | $5(x^2 + 3) = 2x(4x + 1)$ or $5x^2 + 15 = 8x^2 + 2x$ | M1dep | oe allow both sides to have denominator $(4x + 1)(x^2 + 3)$ oe |
| | 3x ² + 2x - 15 (= 0) | M1dep | oe equation with terms collected eg $3x^2 + 2x = 15$ no denominator allowed unless recovered in subsequent working |
| 29 | $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \times 3 \times -15}}{2 \times 3}$ or $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{184}}{6}$ or $-\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{46}$ or 1.927 and -2.594 and $3x^2 + 2x - 15 (= 0)$ seen | M1 | oe ft their 3-term quadratic allow correct factorisation of their 3-term quadratic |
| | 1.93 and -2.59 and $3x^2 + 2x - 15$ (= 0) seen | A1 | oe eg 1.93 and -2.59 with $3x^2 + 2x = 15$ seen |

Additional Guidance is on the next page

| | Additional Guidance | | | |
|------------|---|------------|--|--|
| | 1.93 and -2.59 and $3x^2 + 2x - 15$ (= 0) not seen | Zero | | |
| | 1.927 and -2.594 and $3x^2 + 2x - 15$ (= 0) not seen | Zero | | |
| 20 | One solution and $3x^2 + 2x - 15$ (= 0) not seen | Zero | | |
| 29 cont | Missing brackets must be recovered | | | |
| | $\frac{3x^2 + 2x - 15}{(4x+1)(x^2+3)} = 0$ followed by $3x^2 + 2x - 15 = (4x+1)(x^2+3)$ | M1M1M0M0A0 | | |
| | $\frac{3x^2 + 2x - 15}{(4x+1)(x^2+3)} = 0$ followed by 1.93 and -2.59 | M1M1M1M1A1 | | |