## **Section A**

Q 1		mark		Sub
(i)	$\frac{-15}{6}$ = -2.5 so -2.5 m s <sup>-2</sup>	M1 A1	Use of $\Delta v/\Delta t$ . Condone use of $v/t$ . Must have - ve sign. Accept no units.	2
(ii)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 4 = 20 \text{ m}$	M1 A1	Attempt at area or equivalent	2
(iii )	Area under graph is $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 = 12.5$ (and -ve) closest is $20-12.5 = 7.5$ m	M1 A1	May be implied. Area from 4 to 9 attempted. Condone missing –ve sign. Do not award if area beyond 9 is used (as well). cao	2
				6

Q 2		mark		Sub
(i)	Pulley is smooth (and the string is light)	E1	Only require pulley is smooth. Do not accept only 'string is light'.	1
(ii)	4g = 39.2  N	B1	Accept either	1
(iii )	Let tension in each string be $T$ $39.2 = 2T \cos 20$ T = 20.85788 so $20.9  N (3 s.f.)$	M1 B1 F1	Equating 39.2 to attempt at tensions in <b>both</b> BC and BD. Tensions need not be equal. No extra forces.  Must attempt resolution. Condone $\sin \leftrightarrow \cos$ .  For one occurrence of $T \cos 20$ in any equation.  Accept reference to only one string. FT <b>their</b> $4g$	
			If Lami's Theorem used: M1 correct format B1 equation correct. FT <b>their</b> 4g F1 FT <b>their</b> 4g  If Triangle of Forces used: M1 triangle with <b>their</b> 4g labelled <b>and</b> an	

	attempt to use this triangle. Ignore arrows. B1 for correct equation. FT <b>their</b> 4 <i>g</i> . F1 FT <b>their</b> 4 <i>g</i> .	3
		5

0				I
Q 3		mark		Sub
(i)	$ \mathbf{F}  = 12.5 \text{ so } 12.5 \text{ N}$ bearing is $90 - \arctan \frac{12}{3.5}$	B1 M1	Use of arctan with 3.5 and 12 or equiv	
	$= (0)16.260$ so $(0)16.3^{\circ} (3 \text{ s. f.})$	A1	May be obtained directly as $\arctan \frac{3.5}{12}$	3
(ii)	24/7 = 12/3.5 or	E1	Accept <b>statement</b> following $G = 2F$ shown.	
	$\mathbf{G} = 2\mathbf{F} \text{ so }  \mathbf{G}  = 2 \mathbf{F} $	B1	Accept equivalent in words.	2
(iii )	$\frac{9+12}{3.5} = \frac{-18+q}{12}$	M1	Or equivalent or in scalar equations. Accept $\frac{21}{q-18} \text{ or } \frac{q-18}{21} = \tan (i) \text{ or } \tan(90 - (i))$	
	so $q = 6 \times 12 + 18 = 90$	A1	Accept 90 <b>j</b>	2
				7
Q 4		mark		Sub
(i)	N2L in direction of motion $D - (100 + 300) = (900 + 700) \times 1.5$	M1	Apply N2L. Allow 1 resistance omitted and sign error but total mass must be used.  Condone use of $F = mga$ .  No extra forces.  All correct	
		AI		
	D = 2800  so  2800  N	A1 A1	cao	3
(ii)	$D = 2800 \text{ so } 2800 \text{ N}$ N2L on trailer $T - 300 = 700 \times 1.5$		Use either car or trailer. All forces present. No extras. Correct mass and $a$ Allow sign error. Must use $F = ma$ .	3
(ii)	N2L on trailer	A1	Use either car or trailer. All forces present. No extras. Correct mass and <i>a</i> Allow sign error.	2 5

Q 5		mark		Sub
(i)	$9i \text{ m s}^{-2}$ ; $(9i - 12j) \text{ m s}^{-2}$	B1	Award for either. Accept no units. (isw e.g. finding magnitudes)	1
(ii)	N2L $\mathbf{F} = 4 (9\mathbf{i} - 12\mathbf{j}) = (36\mathbf{i} - 48\mathbf{j}) \text{ N}$	B1	Accept factored form. isw. FT <b>a</b> (3). Accept 60 N or <b>their</b> 4  <b>a</b>	1
(iii )	$\mathbf{v} = \int \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -4t \end{pmatrix} dt = \begin{pmatrix} 9t + C \\ -2t^2 + D \end{pmatrix}$ Using $\mathbf{v} = 4\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$ when $t = 1$ $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 + C \\ -2 + D \end{pmatrix}$	M1 A1 M1	Integration. At least one term correct.  Neglect arbitrary constant(s)  Sub at <i>t</i> = 1 to find arb const(s)	
	$\Rightarrow C = -5, D = 4 \text{ so } \mathbf{v} = (9t - 5)\mathbf{i} + (4 - 2t^2)\mathbf{j}$	A1	Any form	4
				6

Q 6		mark		Sub
(i)	$14 = 2u + 0.5a \times 4$ $19 = u + 5a$	M1 A1 A1	Use of appropriate <i>uvast</i> for either equn Any form Any form	
	Solving gives $u = 4$ and $a = 3$	M1 F1	Attempt at solution of 2 equns in 2 unknowns. At least one value found. Must have complete correct solution to <b>their</b> equns.	5
(ii)	$19^{2} = 4^{2} + 2 \times 3 \times s \text{ or}$ $s = 4 \times 5 + 0.5 \times 3 \times 25$ $s = 57.5 \text{ so } 57.5 \text{ m}$	M1 A1	Use of appropriate <i>uvast</i> and <b>their</b> $u$ , $a \& t = 5$ .  cao [Accept 50 if $t = 7$ instead of $t = 5$ in (i) for $2/2$ ]	2

## **Section B**

Q 7		mark		Sub
(i)	60 N	B1		1
(ii)	60+70cos 30 = 120.62 so 121 N (3 s. f.)	M1 A1	70 cos30 or 70 sin 30 used only with 60N. Accept sign errors. cao. Any reasonable accuracy	2
(iii )	resolve $\uparrow$ $R + 70 \sin 30 - 50g = 0$ $R = 455 \text{ so } 455 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 A1	Resolve ↑ All forces present. No extras.  Allow sign errors and sin ↔ cos.  All correct.  cao	3
(iv)	N2L $\rightarrow$ 160-125 = 50a $a = 0.7 \text{ so } 0.7 \text{ m s}^{-2}$	M1 A1	N21. No extra forces. Accept 125 N omitted but not use of $F = mga$	2
(v)	N2L $\rightarrow$ -125 = 50a $a = -2.5$ $0 = 1.5^{2} + 2 \times -2.5 \times s$ $s = 0.45 \text{ so } 0.45 \text{ m}$	M1 A1 M1	N2L to find new accn. Accept +125 but not $F = mga$ .  May be implied. Accept +2.5  Appropriate (sequence of) <i>uvast</i> using a new value for acceln.  Allow use of $\pm$ <b>their new</b> $a$ cao. Signs must be justified.	4
(vi)	N2L $\rightarrow$ $160 + Q\cos 30 - 115 = 50 \times 3$ $Q = 121.24 \text{ so } 121 \text{ (3 s. f.)}$	M1 B1 A1 A1	Use of N2L with cpt of $Q$ attempted. Accept 115 omitted or taken to be 125 and $a$ wrong. Do not allow $F = mga$ . $Q\cos 30$ seen in any equn. All correct	4
				16

Q 8		mark		Su
(i)	$x = 14\cos 60t$	M1	Consider motion in $x$ direction. Need not resolve. Allow $\sin \leftrightarrow \cos x$ . Condone $+1$ seen.	
	SO $x = 7t$	A1	Need not be simplified.	
	$y = 14\sin 60t - 4.9t^2 + 1$	M1	Suitable <i>uvast</i> used for y with $g = \pm 9.8, \pm 10, \pm 9.81$ soi	
		A1	Need not resolve. Allow sin ↔ cos.  Allow + 1omitted. Any form and 2 s. f.  Need not be simplified	
	$y = 7\sqrt{3}t - 4.9t^2 + 1$	A1	All correct. +1 need not be justified.	
	$(y=12.124t-4.9t^2+1)$		Accept any form and 2 s. f. Need not be simplified.	
				5
(ii) (A)	time taken to reach highest point		Appropriate <i>uvast</i> . Accept $u = 14$ and	
	$0 = 7\sqrt{3} - 9.8T$	M1	$\sin \leftrightarrow \cos$ and $u \leftrightarrow v$ .	
			Require $v = 0$ or equivalent. $g = \pm 9.8, \pm 10, \pm 9.81$ soi.	
	so $\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{7}$ s (1.23717 = 1.24 s (3 s.	A1	cao	
	f.))		[If time of flight attempted, do not award M1 if twice interval obtained]	
				2
(B)	distance from base is $7 \times \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{7} = 5\sqrt{3}$ m	M1	Use of <b>their</b> $x = 7t$ with <b>their</b> $T$	
	(= 8.66025 so 8.66 m (3 s. f.))	B1	FT <b>their</b> $T$ only in $x = 7t$ . Accept values rounding to 8.6 and 8.7.	
				2
(C)	<b>either</b> Height at this time is $(5.5)^2$			
	$H = 7\sqrt{3} \times \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{7} - 4.9 \times \left(\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{7}\right)^2 + 1$	M1	Subst in <b>their quadratic</b> $y$ with <b>their</b> $T$ .	
	` ^	A1	Correct subst of <b>their</b> $T$ in <b>their</b> $y$ which has attempts at all 3 terms. Do not accept $u = 14$ .	
	= 8.5	A1	Do not accept $u=14$ .	

	clearance is $8.5 - 6 = 2.5 \mathrm{m}$	E1	Clearly shown.	
	or for height above pt of projection $0 = (7\sqrt{3})^2 + 2 \times -9.8 \times s$	M1	Appropriate <i>uvast</i> . Accept $u = 14$ . $g = \pm 9.8, \pm 10, \pm 9.81$ soi	
		A1	Attempt at vert cpt accept $\sin \leftrightarrow \cos$ . Accept sign errors but not $u = 14$ .	
	s = 7.5 so clearance is $7.5 - 5 = 2.5$ m	A1 E1	Clearly shown.	4
(iii )	See over			

Q 8	continued	mark		su b
(iii )	Elim t between $y = 7\sqrt{3}t - 4.9t^2 + 1$ and $x = 7t$ so $y = 7\sqrt{3}\frac{x}{7} - 4.9\left(\frac{x}{7}\right)^2 + 1$ so $y = \sqrt{3}x - 0.1x^2 + 1$	M1 F1	Must see <b>their</b> $t = x/7$ fully substituted in <b>their</b> quadratic $y$ (accept bracket errors) Accept any form correctly written. FT <b>their</b> $x$ and 3 term quadratic $y$ (neither using $u = 14$ )	2
(iv)	either need $6 = 7\sqrt{3}t - 4.9t^2 + 1$ so $4.9t^2 - 7\sqrt{3}t + 5 = 0$ $t = \frac{5(\sqrt{3} \pm 1)}{7} (0.52289 \text{ or}$ $1.95146)$ moves by $\left(\frac{5(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{7} - \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{7}\right) \times 7$ $[(1.95146 1.23717) \times 7]$ $= 5 \text{ m}$	M1 M1 A1 M1	their quadratic $y$ from (i) = 6, or equivalent. Dep. Attempt to solve this 3 term quadratic. (Allow $u = 14$ ).  for either root  Moves by  their root - their (ii)(A) ×7 or equivalent.  Award this for recognition of correct dist (no calc) cao  [If new distance to wall found must have larger of 2 +ve roots for 3 <sup>rd</sup> M and award max 4/5 for 13.66]	
	or using equation of trajectory with $y = 6$			

$6 = \sqrt{3}x - 0.1x^2 + 1$ Solving $x^2 - 10\sqrt{3}x + 50 = 0$	M1 M1	Equating <b>their</b> quadratic trajectory equn to 6 Dep. Attempt to solve this 3 term quadratic. (Allow $u = 14$ ).	
$x = 5(\sqrt{3} \pm 1)$ ( 13.660 or 3.6602)	A1	for either root	
distance is $5(\sqrt{3}+1)-5\sqrt{3}$	M1	distance is  their root - their(ii)(B)	
, ,		Award this for recognition of correct dist (no calc)	
= 5 m	A1	Cao [If new distance to wall found must have larger of 2 + ve roots for 3 <sup>rd</sup> M and award max 4/5 for 13.66]	
			5
			20