Vrite your name here Surname	Other	names
Pearson Edexcel nternational GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Mathema Paper 1	tics B	
		Paper Reference

#### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ▶





### **Answer ALL TWENTY EIGHT questions.**

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 The *n*th term of a sequence is given by 5n - 7

Write down the second, third and fourth terms of the sequence.

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

2 The bearing of town A from town B is  $054^{\circ}$ 

Find the bearing of town B from town A.

(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)

3 At the beginning of the summer, Amrit's weight was 75 kg. At the end of the summer, his weight was 69 kg.

Calculate the percentage loss in Amrit's weight.

...9

## (Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

4 The point A is mapped onto the point (-1, 3) under the translation  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$  Find the coordinates of A.

(.....

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

# BEARING

Write down all the letters of the above word that have

(a) exactly two lines of symmetry

(1)

(b) rotational symmetry of order 2

(1

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

6 Write down which two of the following six numbers are equivalent to irrational numbers.

$$\frac{7}{2}$$
  $\frac{\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

$$2\pi$$
 10

$$4\sqrt{2}$$

0.3

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

7 Without using a calculator and showing all your working, calculate

$$\frac{7}{8} - \left(\frac{1}{3} \times 2\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

**8** Solve the equation

$$4x + (5.2 \times 10^5) = (7.1 \times 10^7) - 12x$$

Give your answer in standard form.

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

Showing all your working, express  $3\sqrt{180} - 2\sqrt{80}$  in the form  $a\sqrt{b}$  where a is an integer and b is a prime number.

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

10 The determinant of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 2x & 1 \\ 5x & 4 \end{pmatrix}$  is equal to 9 Find the value of x.

*x* = .....

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

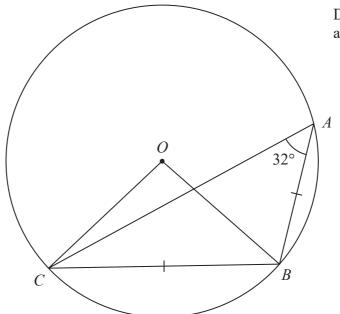
11 Express as a single fraction in its simplest form

$$\frac{3}{2x-1} - \frac{4}{x+2}$$

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



ABC is a triangle such that the points A, B and C lie on a circle, centre O.

$$BC = BA$$
 and  $\angle CAB = 32^{\circ}$ 

Find the size, in degrees, of

(a)  $\angle COB$ 

(1)

(b) ∠*OCA* 

(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13 Prove that  $(4n + 3)^2 - (4n - 3)^2$  is a multiple of 12 for all positive integer values of n.

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

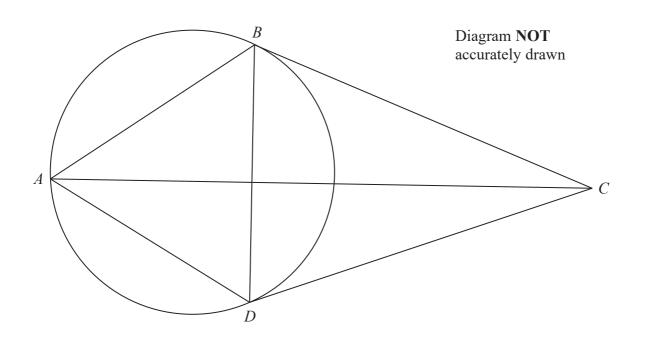
14

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2x - 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Given that  $|\mathbf{a}| = 5$ 

find the possible values of x.

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)



A, B and D are three points on a circle.

The point C is such that CD and CB are tangents to the circle.

$$\angle ADB = \angle ABD$$

Prove that  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle ADC$  are congruent.

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

16	(a) Simplify $(4x^5)^2$	
		(2)
	(b) Simplify $(27y^9)^{\frac{4}{3}}$	(2)
		(2)
	(Total for Quest	ion 16 is 4 marks)
17	The lengths of the sides of a rectangular piece of paper, measured to the n 296 mm and 210 mm.	nearest mm, are
	Calculate	
	(a) the lower bound, in mm, for the perimeter of the piece of paper,	
		m
		(2)
	(b) the upper bound, to the nearest mm <sup>2</sup> , for the area of the piece of paper	:
		(2) ion 17 is 4 marks)



18 y varies inversely as the cube of x.

$$y = 297 \text{ when } x = \frac{1}{3}$$

Find the value of  $x^2$  when y = 704

$$x^2 =$$

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

19 Simplify fully

$$\frac{10x + 5y - 2x^2 - xy}{4x^2 - y^2}$$

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

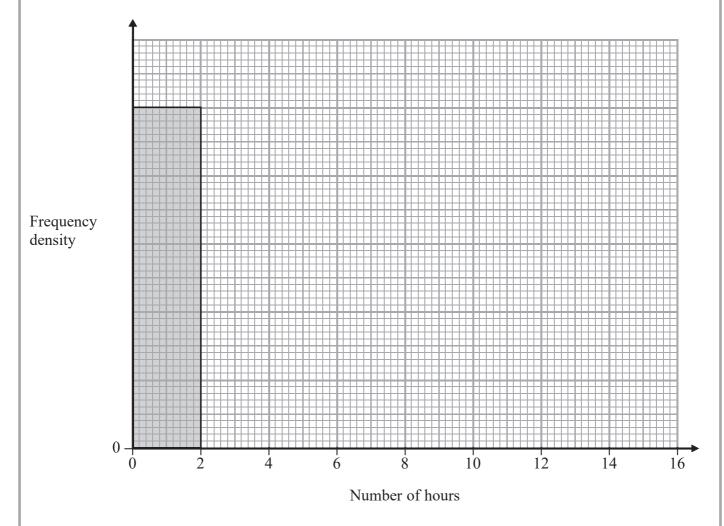


**20** The table shows information about the number of hours for which each of 100 children used a computer one week.

Number of hours (h)	Frequency
$0 < h \leqslant 2$	20
$2 < h \leqslant 5$	24
$5 < h \leqslant 8$	12
8 < <i>h</i> ≤ 12	14
$12 < h \leqslant 15$	30

The diagram below is an incomplete histogram representing this information.

Use the information in the table to complete the histogram.



(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

Diagram NOT accurately drawn

8 cm

The diagram shows a sector, AOB, of a circle centre O and radius 8 cm. The angle AOB is  $35^{\circ}$ 

Find the area, in cm<sup>2</sup> to 3 significant figures, of the segment shaded in the diagram.

cn

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)



22 Two containers, A and B, are mathematically similar.

Container A has a volume of  $4500 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$  and a total surface area of  $1500 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$  Container B has a volume of  $972 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ 

Calculate the total surface area, in  $cm^2$ , of container B.

 $m cm^2$ 

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)

23 Jenny has 18 sweets in a bag. There are 11 orange sweets and 7 green sweets in the bag.

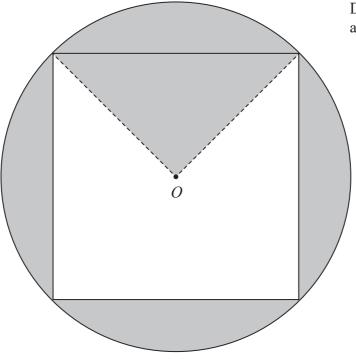
Jenny takes at random 3 sweets from the bag.

Calculate the probability that the 3 sweets are **not** all of the same colour.

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



The diagram shows a circle and a square. The circle has centre O and diameter  $k \, \text{cm}$  and each vertex of the square lies on the circle.

The total area of the regions shown shaded in the diagram is  $A \, \mathrm{cm}^2$ 

(a) Show that  $8A = 2\pi k^2 - 3k^2$ 

(3)

(b) Hence find an expression for k in terms of A and  $\pi$ .

k = (2)

(Total for Question 24 is 5 marks)

25 A particle is moving along a straight line. At time t seconds, the displacement, x metres, of the particle from a fixed point O on the line is given by

$$x = t^3 - 6t^2 + 15t \qquad t \geqslant 0$$

At time t seconds, the acceleration of the particle is  $a \text{ m/s}^2$ 

(a) Find an expression for a in terms of t.

$$a =$$
 (3)

(b) Find the least speed of the particle.

.....m/s

(Total for Question 25 is 5 marks)

- **26** The straight line L has equation 2x + y = 8
  - (a) Find the gradient of L.

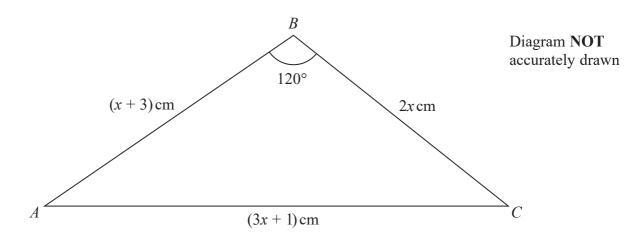
(2)

L meets the y-axis at the point A and the x-axis at the point B.

(b) Find the area of triangle AOB, where O is the origin.

**(4)** 

(Total for Question 26 is 6 marks)



The diagram shows triangle ABC in which

$$AB = (x + 3) \text{ cm}$$
  
 $BC = 2x \text{ cm}$   
 $AC = (3x + 1) \text{ cm}$   
 $\angle ABC = 120^{\circ}$ 

Find the size, in degrees to 3 significant figures, of  $\angle ACB$ .

∠ACB = .....

(Total for Question 27 is 6 marks)



**28** (a) Solve the inequality 4(x-2) < 1 + x

(2)

(b) Without using a calculator and showing all your working, solve the inequality  $2x^2 \le 7x + 9$ 

(4)

(c) Hence find the range of values of x for which both

$$4(x-2) < 1 + x$$
 and  $2x^2 \le 7x + 9$ 

(1)

(Total for Question 28 is 7 marks)

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS**