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# Monday 23 November 2020 – Morning GCSE (9–1) Physics B (Twenty First Century Science)

J259/02 Depth in physics (Foundation Tier)

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

#### You must have:

- · a ru er (cm/mm)
- the Data Sheet for GCSE (9-1) Phys cs B (ns de th s document)

#### You can use:

- · a sc ent f c or graph ca ca cu ator
- an HB penc



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Centre number						Candidate number			
First name(s)									
Last name									

#### INSTRUCTIONS

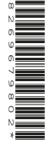
- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer all the guestions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- This document has 28 pages.

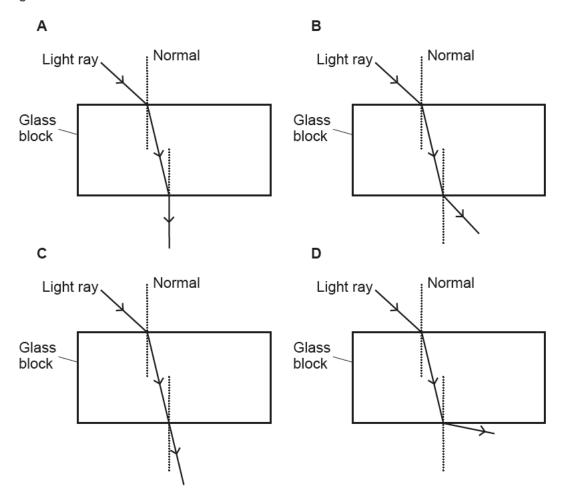
#### ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



#### Answer all the questions.

- 1 Nina does an experiment to show the refraction of a ray of white light through a glass block.
  - (a) Which diagram, A, B, C or D, shows the correct path of the ray of white light through the glass block?



Tick (✓) one box.

Α	
В	
С	
D	

[1]

(b) Nina then shines the ray of white light through a triangular prism, and observes that the white light spreads out into a band of colours, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

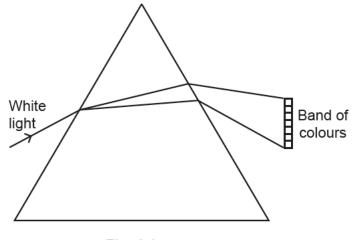


Fig. 1.1

What is the correct scientific name for the band of colours?

Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

(iii)

Dispersion Rainbow Reflection [1] Spectrum (c) When white light passes through the prism, the different colours of white light refract by different amounts, which forms the band of colours shown in Fig. 1.1. (i) Which colour of white light refracts the most? Tick (✓) one box. Red Green Violet Yellow [1] (ii) Which colour of white light refracts the least? Tick (✓) one box. Red Green Violet Yellow

......[1] © OCR 2020 Turn over

Why do the different colours of white light refract by different amounts in Fig. 1.1?

[1]

**2** Jamal does an investigation to see how two bar magnets behave when they are brought close to each other.

Fig. 2.1 shows how the two bar magnets are arranged.

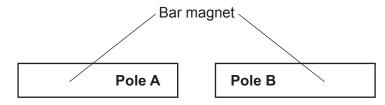


Fig. 2.1

(a) The table shows the possible positions of the north and south poles for the two bar magnets.

Complete the table to show the expected results for the investigation.

Use words from the list.

You may use each word once, more than once or not at all.

Attract No effect Repel

The first one has been done for you.

Pole A	Pole B	Expected Result
N	S	Attract
N	N	
S	S	
S	N	

[2]

(b) Fig. 2.2 shows the magnetic field around a bar magnet.

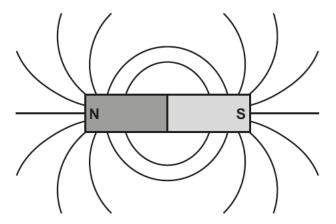


Fig. 2.2

- (i) Draw **four** arrows on **Fig. 2.2** to show the direction of the magnetic field around the bar magnet. [1]
- (ii) Complete the sentence about Jamal's observations.

Use words from the list.

You can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.

stronger	weaker	closer together	further apart	
Jamal observes	that when the two	bar magnets are attracte	d to one another, the	
magnetic force o	of attraction near t	the poles is	, becaus	se this
is where the mag	gnetic field lines a	are		[2]
ch statement aho	ut magnetism is (	correct?		

(c) Which statement about magnetism is correct?

Tick (✓) one box.

An induced magnet loses its magnetism when removed from a magnetic field.	
A permanent magnet loses its magnetism when removed from	
a magnetic field.	
Induced magnets produce their own magnetic field.	
Permanent magnets do <b>not</b> produce their own magnetic field.	

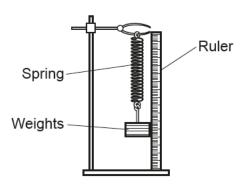
[1]

Bet	th is a	a skydiver. Skydivers freefall before opening a parachute.				
(a)	(i)	After falling for a small period of time, balanced forces act on Beth.				
		Describe Beth's movement when these balanced forces act.				
		[1]				
	(ii)	Draw <b>two</b> labelled arrows on the diagram to identify these balanced forces acting on Beth.				
		[2]				
(b)	Bet	h has a mass of 60 kg.				
	Cal	culate Beth's weight.				
	Use the equation: weight = mass × gravitational field strength					
	Gra	vitational field strength = 10 N/kg				
		Weight = N [2]				
(c)	Mas	ss is a scalar quantity. Weight is a vector quantity.				
	(i)	Give <b>one</b> other example of a vector quantity.				
	(ii)	What is the difference between a vector quantity and a scalar quantity?				

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4 Li does an experiment to find the spring constant of a spring.



Li measures the extension of the spring when different weights are added, and records the results in the table.

Weight (N)	Extension (cm)
0	0
1.0	1.5
2.0	3.0
3.0	4.5
4.0	6.0
5.0	7.5

(a) (i) Plot the remaining two points on Fig. 4.1 and draw a line of best fit. [2]

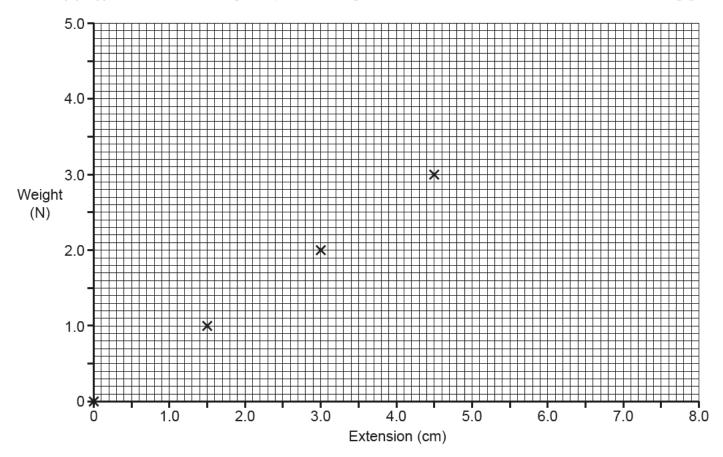


Fig. 4.1

(ii) Describe the relationship between weight and the extension of the spring.

	•••
r	41
	Ш

(iii) Calculate the spring constant of the spring.

Show your working on Fig. 4.1.

Use the equation: spring constant = force ÷ extension

Give your answer to 2 significant figures.

(b) Fig. 4.2 shows Li's results for another elastic material.

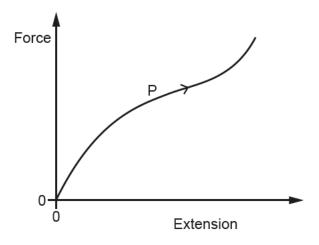


Fig. 4.2

Complete the following statements about Fig. 4.2.

Put a (ring) around the correct choices.

The relationship for the elastic material is **linear** / **non-linear**.

The elastic material could be a rubber band / metal wire.

[2]

5 Nuclear Physicists use atomic numbers and mass numbers to identify isotopes.

The table shows data on three atoms, **Atom A**, **Atom B**, and **Atom C**.

	Atom A	Atom B	Atom C
Atomic number	6	6	
Mass number	12	14	14
Number of neutrons		8	7
Stable	Yes	No	Yes

- (a) Complete the two missing values in the table.
- **(b)** Isotopes of an element are atoms with the same number of protons but a different number of neutrons.

Which two atoms are isotopes of the same element?

Put a (ring) around the **two** correct answers.

Atom A Atom B Atom C

[1]

[1]

(c) Carbon-14 is an unstable isotope which decays to nitrogen-14.

$$^{14}_{6}C 
ightarrow ^{14}_{7}N$$
 + Decay particle

What is the decay particle emitted when carbon-14 decays?

Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

Alpha particle Beta particle Gamma ray Neutron

[1]

Amaya builds an electrical circuit to investigate the relationship between current and potential 6 difference for a fixed resistor.

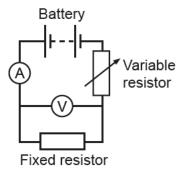
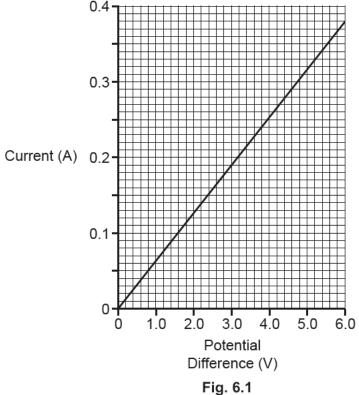


Fig. 6.1 shows Amaya's results for the fixed resistor.



(a) Calculate the resistance of the fixed resistor.

Use the equation: resistance = potential difference ÷ current

Show your working on Fig. 6.1.

Give your answer to 1 decimal place and the unit for resistance.

Resistance = ...... Unit ........... [4]

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(b) Amaya repeats the investigation, but replaces the fixed resistor with a filament lamp. Her results are shown in Fig. 6.2.

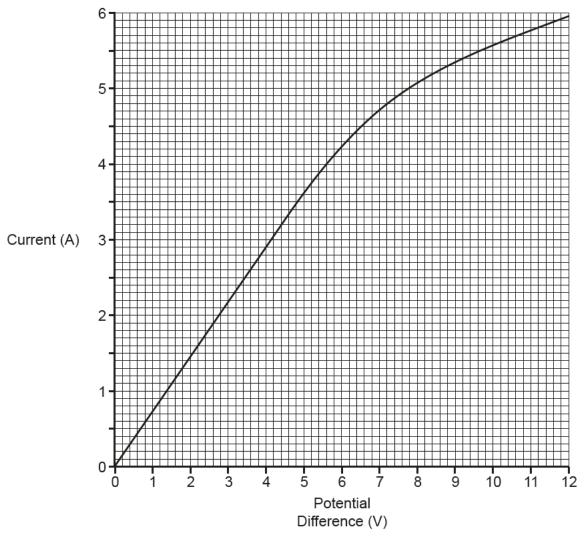
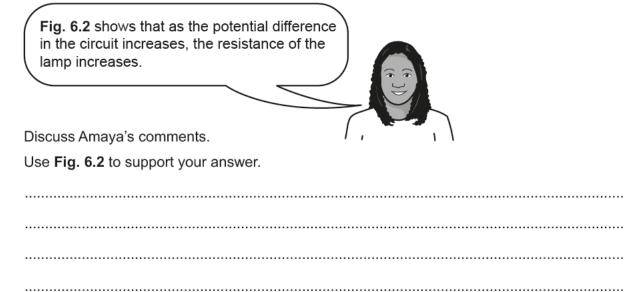


Fig. 6.2

Amaya says:



7\* Sarah is investigating how to measure the speed of sound, and knows that sound is produced when there is a lightning flash during a thunder storm.

# Sarah It takes approximately 4 seconds after I see the lightning flash for me to hear the thunder sound. If I know the thunder storm is approximately 1 km away, I can use this information to calculate the speed of sound.

Explain why Sarah's method is inaccurate, and suggest one other method Sarah can use to accurately measure the speed of sound.

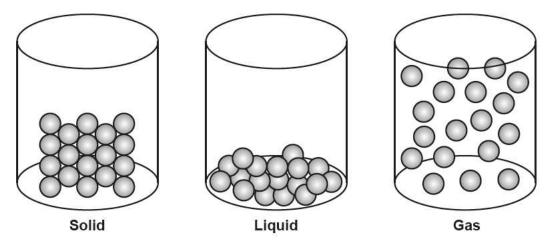
The speed of sound in air is approximately 340 m/s.

Use the equation: speed = distance ÷ time

You may include a diagram to support your answer.

		re1

8 The diagrams show a model for the arrangement of particles in three states of matter.



(a) Complete the following statements about the three states of matter.

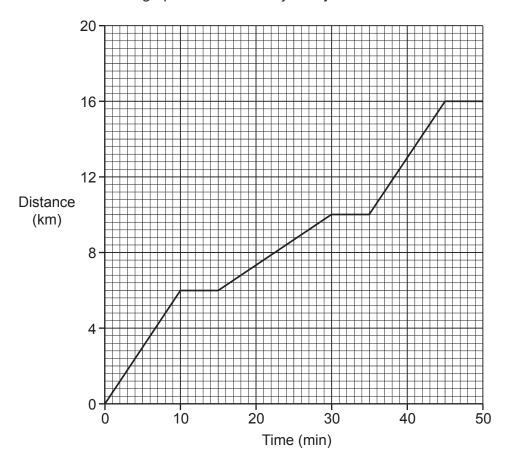
Use words from the list.

You may use each word once, more than once, or not at all.

	condensation	evaporation	freezing	melting	sublimation	
	The physical char	nge from a gas to	a liquid is ca	lled		
	The physical char	nge from a solid to	o a gas is cal	led		
	The physical char	nge from a liquid t	to a gas is ca	lled		[3]
b)	Explain why the d	lensity of ice is hiç	gher than the	density of w	ater vapour.	
	Use ideas from th	e particle model,	and the diag	rams to supp	ort your answer.	
						[2]

9 Layla took a bus journey to a town 16 km away.

The distance-time graph shows her bus journey.



(a) (i) How many times during the journey was the bus stationary?

.....[1]

(ii) How does the graph show that the bus was slower between 15–30 minutes than 35–45 minutes?

.....[1]

**(b)** Calculate the average speed of the bus between 35 and 45 minutes.

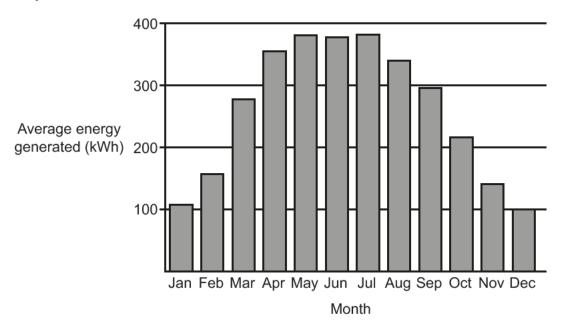
Use the equation: distance = speed × time

Show your working on the graph.

Average speed = ..... km/min [2]

10 Kai wants to buy solar panels for his house.

A local solar panel company has provided him with **data** on the amount of energy he can **expect** to generate per month from a 4kW solar panel system, based on average sunshine over the last 30 years.



Kai's friend Amir has owned solar panels for a year, and has recorded the energy his 4kW solar panel system has generated over twelve months, as shown in the table.

Month	Energy generated (kWh)
January	150
February	160
March	170
April	210
May	350
June	400
July	300
August	380
September	360
October	180
November	160
December	40

(a)	(i)	Give <b>one</b> similarity and <b>one</b> difference between the data from the local solar panel company, and Amir's data.
		Similarity
		Difference
		[2]

	(ii)	Give <b>two</b> reasons why ther panel company's data.	e is greater uncertainty in An	nir's data than the local sola	
		1			
		2			
(b)	Kai	requires a system that will do	liver a minimum newer of 290	[2	
			liver a minimum power of 380		
		must also buy storage batte ilable. These cost £250.	ries to provide electricity whe	en solar or wind power is no	
			One wind turbine	One solar panel	
	Ма	aximum power output (W)	1250	350	
	Vo	Itage (V)	12	12	
	Co	ost (£) per item	1500	415	
			Total cost = £	[3	
	<b>/::</b> \	W-: has 05000 to amount	10tal 60st – £	[J	
	(ii)	Kai has £5000 to spend.			
		Which system should Kai us	e to deliver a minimum power	of 3800 W to his house?	
		Wind turbines			
		Solar panels			
		Explain your answer.			

.....[2]

11 Water is used as a coolant in heating systems because it has a high specific heat capacity.

Nina does an experiment to find the specific heat capacity of water, by heating 1kg of water in a 2.4kW kettle.

The kettle takes several minutes to heat the water to its boiling point.

#### Nina

I can use a balance to accurately measure the 1 kg mass of water in the kettle.



(a)	State <b>two</b> other pieces of equipment that Nina needs to use in her experiment.
	1
	2
	[2
(b)	The 2.4 kW kettle takes 3 minutes to heat the water from room temperature to boiling point.
	Calculate the total energy supplied by the kettle.
	Use the equation: energy = power × time

(c)		useful energy transferred to heat the water from room temperature (20°C) to boiling ont, 100°C is 345600 J.
	(i)	Calculate the efficiency of the kettle.
		Use your answer to <b>(b)</b> .
		Use the equation: efficiency = useful energy transferred ÷ total energy transferred
		Efficiency =[2]
		Efficiency –[2]
	(ii)	Calculate the specific heat capacity of the water from Nina's experiment.
		Use the equation: change in internal energy = mass × specific heat capacity × change in temperature
		Specific heat capacity =
(d)	(i)	Suggest why the energy <b>supplied</b> by the 2.4kW kettle is more than the energy <b>transferred</b> to the 1kg of water.
		[1]
	(ii)	Suggest <b>one</b> way in which the experiment to find the specific heat capacity of water could be improved.
		[1]

12	James is an astronomer and he observes light from distant galaxies on Earth.	
----	--	--

The diagram shows the spectral lines of hydrogen in the visible part of the electromagnetic spectrum, as seen on Earth, and for two galaxies at different distances away from Earth.

		d acknowledg		ce. Item re		d due to third party
(a)	James makes a	conclusion from t	this data.			
	Complete the se	ntences to finish	James's con	clusion.		
	Use words from	the list.				
	You can use eac	h word once, mo	re than once	or not at all.		
	further	nearer	more	less	red	blue
	wavelength	frequency	faster	slower		
	The	awa	y the galaxies	s are from Ea	arth, the .	
	the spectral lines	are shifted towa	rds the		en	d of the spectrum.
	This suggests that	at the		of the light of	coming fro	om galaxies further away
	is stretched. I car	n conclude that n	nore distant ເ	jalaxies mus	t be movi	ng away from the
	Earth	, tha	an galaxies tl	nat are close	r to Earth	, which suggests

(b) James discovers a new galaxy and writes an article about it in a scientific journal. Before it is published it must be peer reviewed. Explain why and how the article is **peer reviewed**. Why .....

[4]

How .....

that the universe is expanding.

13 Electricity is transferred from power stations to consumers by the National Grid, as shown in Fig. 13.1.

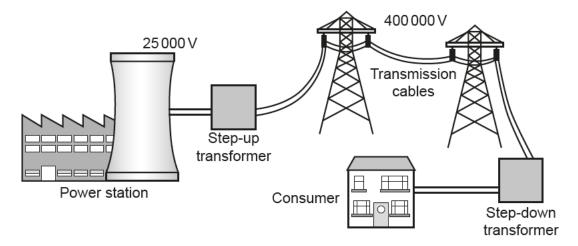


Fig. 13.1

(a) The National Grid uses a step-up transformer to increase the potential difference from 25000 V to 400000 V before the current is sent along the transmission cables.

The current in the primary coil of the step-up transformer is 2000A.

Calculate the current flowing in the secondary coil of the step-up transformer.

Use the Data Sheet.

Current = ...... A [3]

(b) Fig. 13.2 shows the UK's demand for electricity during a 24 hour period, and the base load.

The base load is the amount of electricity which is constantly generated.

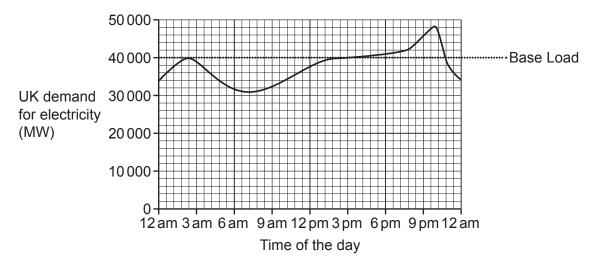


Fig. 13.2

(i)	What is the value of the base load?	
	MW	[1]
(ii)	At which approximate time of the day is the demand for electricity the greatest?	
		[1]
iii)	At which approximate time of the day does the demand for electricity become gr	eater

Put a ring around the correct answer.

than the base load?

2.30am 7am 4pm 10.30pm [1]

(c)\* The UK uses many types of power stations to meet electrical demand.

The table shows information about four types of power station.

Type of power station	Start-up time	Maximum power generated (MW)
Wind	10 minutes	14 000
Fossil fuel	1 to 2 days	38 000
Solar	Instant	5000
Hydroelectric	1 minute	5000

Describe the **advantages** and **disadvantages** of these four types of power station and **conclude** how these four types of power station could be used to meet electrical demand during the 24-hour period shown in **Fig. 13.2**.

Use your own knowledge of these four types of power station in your answer.
[6]

#### **END OF QUESTION PAPER**

### 24

## **ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE**

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).		
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