General Certificate of Secondary Education January 2013

Mathematics (Linear) B Paper 2 Higher Tier 4365

Final



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## **Glossary for Mark Schemes**

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

м	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
Mdep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
Α	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
Bdep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
Q	Marks awarded for quality of written communication.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct wording following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	e.g. accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
25.3	Allow answers which begin 25.3 e.g. 25.3, 25.31, 25.378.
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

## Paper 2 Higher Tier

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(a)	(C =) 15x + 20y or $(C =) 5(3x + 4y)$	B2	Accept $0.15x + 0.2y$ B1 for one correct term Do not ignore further work Do not accept $x15 + y20$
1(b)	$150 \times 15 \text{ or } 90 \times 20$ or $150 \times 0.15 \text{ or } 90 \times 0.20$ $150 \times 15 \text{ and } 90 \times 20$ or $150 \times 0.15 \text{ and } 90 \times 0.20$ or $2250 \text{ and } 1800$ or $22.5 \text{ and } 18$ or $4050$ or $22.5 \text{ and } 18$ or $40.50$ or $40.5 \div 5$ or $40.50 \div 5$ or $40.50 \div 5$ or $8.10$	M1 M1dep M1dep	$150 \div 5 \text{ or } 90 \div 5$ or $15 \div 5 \text{ or } 20 \div 5$ $150 \div 5 \text{ and } 90 \div 5$ or $15 \div 5 \text{ and } 20 \div 5$ or $30 \text{ and } 18$ or $3 \text{ and } 4$ $30 \times 15 \text{ and } 18 \times 20$ or $450 \text{ and } 360$ or $810$ or $120 \text{ and } 72$ $150 \times 3 \text{ and } 90 \times 4$ or $450 \text{ and } 360$ or $810$
	4050 - 810 or 40.50 - 8.10 or 4050 ÷ 5 × 4 or 40.50 ÷ 5 × 4 32.40	M1dep A1	or 12 and 16 150 × 12 + 90 × 16 or 1800 + 1440 or 3240
2(a)	108 Corresponding	B1 Q1	strand (i) Mark is dependent on scoring B1

2(b)	180 – 117	M1	oe
2(b)	63	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	5 × 3.6	M1	
	50 × 5 × 3.6 or 18 or 900 seen	M1dep	
3	$\frac{50 \times their18}{3} + 45$	M1dep	Dependent on both previous method marks
	£345	A1	

	8 × 6.5 or 52	M1	8 ÷ 5 or 1.6 or 6.5 ÷ 5 or 1.3
	their 52 ÷ 5 or 10.4	M1dep	their 1.6 × 4 or 6.4 or their 1.6 × 6.5 or 10.4 their 1.3 × 4 or 5.2 or their 1.3 × 8 or 10.4
4	their 52 ÷ 5 × 4 or 41.6 or 1040 ÷ (their 5.2) or 200 (hours) 1040 ÷ (their 6.4) or 162.5	M1dep	their 6.4 × 6.5 or 41.6 or their 10.4 × 4 or 41.6 their 5.2 × 8 or 41.6
	1040 ÷ (their 52 ÷ 5 × 4) or 200 ÷ 8 or 162.5 ÷ 6.5	M1dep	1040 ÷ their 41.6
	25	A1	

	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3		Any order
			B1 for two conditions met
5		B2	ie Used 8 cards and at least five 2s eg 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 Used 8 cards and twice as many 1s as 3s
			eg 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3

<b>6(a)</b> 343	B1	
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	Any two cube numbers from 8 or 27 or 64 or 125 or 216	M1	
6(b)	125 and 216	A1	Any order Accept 5 <sup>3</sup> and 6 <sup>3</sup> Accept 5 and 6

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	360 ÷ 4 or 90 seen	M1	Right angle symbol may be on diagram May be implied from symmetry line and 45
	360 - 90 - 36 (= 234)	M1dep	If symmetry used 90 ÷ 2 or 45 and 36 ÷ 2 or 18 seen or 63 seen
7			If isosceles triangles used $(180 - 90) \div 2$ or 45 and $(180 - 36) \div 2$ or 72 seen
	their 234 ÷ 2 or 180 – 45 – 18 or 45 + 72	M1dep	Dependent on 1 <sup>st</sup> two Method marks
	117	A1	

	360 × 4 – 360 or 6 × 180 or 1080	M1	oe
Alt7	1080 - 36 × 4 (= 936)	M1dep	
	their 936 $\div$ 8	M1dep	
	117	A1	

8	Bearing of 040° from Hospital and Bearing of 270° from Stadium and Location marked (lines cross)	B3	B2 for one line in tolerance and other line intersecting or two lines in tolerance but not intersecting B1 for one line in tolerance
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	$15^2 - 7^2$ or $x^2 + 7^2 = 15^2$	M1	$\cos 27.() = \frac{x}{15}$ or $\cos 28 = \frac{x}{15}$ or $\sin 62.() = \frac{x}{15}$
9	$\sqrt{15^2 - 7^2}$ or $\sqrt{176}$	M1dep	15 cos 27() or 15 cos 28 or 15 sin 62()
	13.26() or 13.3 or 13.27 or 13 or $4\sqrt{11}$	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
10(a)	2 squares to the right <b>and</b> 3 up	B2	B1 for 2 squares to the right <b>or</b> 3 up
	Rotation	B1	
10(b)	90 clockwise or –90	B1	oe Accept $\frac{1}{4}$ of a turn clockwise
	(4, 3)	B1	

11	120 $\div$ 6 or $\frac{1}{6}$ seen	M1	oe
	20	A1	SC1 for 100

	$\frac{42}{300}$ or $\frac{33}{250}$ or $\frac{48}{400}$	M1	$\begin{array}{c} \text{oe} \\ \frac{258}{300} \text{ or } \frac{227}{250} \text{ or } \frac{352}{400} \\ 300 \div 42 \text{ or } 250 \div 33 \text{ or } 400 \div 48 \end{array}$
12	0.14 and 0.13(2) and 0.12 or 0.86 and 0.868 or 0.87 and 0.88	A1	14 and 13.(2) and 12 86 and 86.8 or 87 and 88 (non-faulty) 7.1(428) and 7.5(757) or 7.6 and 8.(3333)
	0.14 or A or 0.86	Q1ft	Strand (iii) Correct conclusion from their three answers with at least one correct

	Correct scaling for one pair	M1	eg 840 and 792 (out of 6000) A and B 7 and 6.6 (out of 50) A and B
Alt12	All three scaled for comparison	A1	eg 840 and 792 and 720 A, B and C 7 and 6.6 and 6 A, B and C 792 and 720 with 7 and 6.6 (B and C with A and B)
	Аое	Q1ft	Strand (iii) Correct conclusion from their three answers with at least one (pair) correct

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
13(a)	2a + 6 + 5a - 5 or $7a + c$ or $na + 1$	M1	Allow one error
	7 <i>a</i> + 1	A1	Do not accept further work
13(b)	$5c^6d^5$	B2	B1 for two correct terms
13(c)	$\frac{2(x-3)}{x+3}$ or $\frac{2x-6}{x+3}$	B2	B1 for $\frac{2(x-3)^2}{(x-3)(x+3)}$ or $\frac{8(x-3)}{4(x+3)}$ or $\frac{2(x-3)}{1(x+3)}$ Do not accept further work
14(a)	[64, 66]	B1	
14(b)	[53, 55]	B1	
15(a)	2x(2x-3y)	B2	B1 for correct partial factorisation eg $2(2x^2 - 3yx)$ or $x(4x - 6y)$ Do not accept further work
	2w - 1 = 8 - 4w or $\frac{2w}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = 2 - w$	B1	Do not accept $8w - 4 = 8 - 4w$
15(b)	2w + 4w = 8 + 1 or $\frac{2w}{4} + w = 2 + \frac{1}{4}$	M1	ft their 4 terms
	( <i>w</i> =) 1.5	A1ft	ое

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
16(a)	Midpoints seen or implied 5, 15, 25, 35, 45 their $\Sigma fx$ 5 x 5 + 15 x 22 + 25 x 28 + 35 x 21 + 45 x 4 or 25 + 330 + 700 + 735 + 180	B1 M1	This mark is for the sum of their midpoints x frequencies but condone one error $5 \times 5 = 25$ $15 \times 22 = 330$ $25 \times 28 = 700$ $25 \times 24 = 725$
	or 1970 their Σ <i>f</i> x ÷ 80	M1dep	35 × 21 = 735 45 × 4 = 180 their 1970 ÷ 80
	24.6()	A1	Accept 25 with working shown

	5 + 22 + 28 or 55	M1	21 + 4 or 25
16(b)	$\frac{5+22+28}{80}$ × 100	M1	$\frac{21+4}{80}$ × 100
	68()(%) or 69 and No	A1	31.()(%) and no

	5 + 22 + 28 or 55	M1	21 + 4 or 25
Alt 16(b)	$\frac{70}{100}$ × 80 or 56	M1	$\frac{30}{100} \times 80$ or 24
	55 and 56 and No or 56 is in the 30 – 40 group so No	A1	24 and 25 and No

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4	Allswei	IVIAI K	Comments
	Setting up a correct equation	B1	eg 7x - 19 = 4x + 2 or $7x - 19 = 6(x - 2)$
	Collects their 4 terms	M1	eg 7x - 4x = 2 + 19
	<i>x</i> = 7	A1	
	Verifies that one side is equal to 30		ft is only for their $x = 7$
	or setting up another correct equation	B1ft	
	or substitutes their <i>x</i> into any expression and evaluates it correctly		
17	Verifies that all sides are equal		eg
			Solves A and B then:
			calculates 3 sides including C and D
			Solves A and B and A and C then: calculates 2 sides including D
		A1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			Solves A and B and C and D then:
			calculates one side of each pair e.g. A and C
			Solves any three pairs

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
18(a)	Fully correct cumulative frequency diagram using UCBs and 2, 5, 25, 41, 50	B3	Ignore (50, 0) Ignore before 1 <sup>st</sup> point and after last point B2 for one error eg Consistent plotting at mid class intervals with line joining points Consistent plotting at lower bounds with line joining points One error on cumulative frequency values eg 2, 6, 26, 42, 51 eg 2, 5, 25, 51, 60 Points not joined B1 for 2, 5, 25, 41, 50 B1 for bar chart indicating correct heights with no lines

	Using correct cumulative frequency graph	M1	Using incorrect cumulative frequency graph
40/6)	[6, 9] or [31, 34]		Reading at 72 or reading at 85 $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square tolerance
18(b)	[6, 9] and [31, 34]	M1	Reading at 72 and reading at 85 $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square tolerance
	[22, 28]	A1ft	ft from their graph readings at 72 and 85

	Using the table or dividing up frequency bars	M1	
18(b) ALT	$\frac{4}{5} \times 20$ or 16 or $\frac{1}{2} \times 16$ or 8		
	$\frac{4}{5} \times 20$ or 16 and $\frac{1}{2} \times 16$ or 8	M1	
	24	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
19	1 2 or 3 7 or 8 6 or 7 3	B3	Note: Total must be 20 for B3 eg 1, 2, 8, 6, 3 B2 for 3 or 4 correct or 5 correct with total not equal to 20 or for actual 10% values ie 0.7, 2.1, 7.8, 6.4 and 3 B1 for 1 or 2 correct

	$R = \frac{k}{A}$ or $R \alpha \frac{1}{A}$	M1	oe $R = \frac{1}{kA}$ or $R \alpha \frac{1}{kA}$
20(a)	$12.1 = \frac{k}{1.5}$ or (k =) 12.1 × 1.5 or (k =) 18.15 or 18.2 or 18	M1dep	$12.1 = \frac{1}{1.5k}$ or (k =) $\frac{1}{1.5 \times 12.1}$ or (k =) 0.055()
	$R = \frac{18.15}{A}$ or $R = \frac{1}{0.055A}$	A1	oe Note: reciprocal of 18.15 is 0.055()

20(b)	$\frac{their18.15}{4} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4 \times their0.055}$	M1	oe
	4.5(375)	A1ft	

	1800 × 1.04 or 1872	M1	oe 1800 × 1.04 <sup>n</sup> = 2000
21	1800 × 1.04 <sup>2</sup> or 1946.88 or 1946 or 1947	M1dep	oe Accept rounding [1946, 1947] 2000 ÷ 1800 = 1.04 <sup>n</sup>
21	1800 × 1.04 <sup>3</sup> or 2024.7	M1dep	oe Accept [2023, 2025] Between 2 and 3 years
	3	A1	Must not come from simple interest

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	6 seen	B1	May be on diagram
		Ы	
22	$\tan 70 = \frac{h}{(\text{their 6}) \div 2}$	M1	oe, x being an equal side of isosceles triangle $\sin 20 = \frac{3}{x}$ $\cos 70 = \frac{3}{x}$ $\frac{6}{\sin 40} = \frac{x}{\sin 70}$
	( <i>h</i> =) [8.2, 8.3]	A1ft	[8.7, 8.8] eg 8.77
	$\frac{1}{2}$ × their 6 × their <i>h</i>	M1	$\frac{1}{2} \times \text{their } 6 \times \text{their } 8.77 \times \sin 70$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{their } 8.77^2 \times \sin 40$
	[24.3, 24.9]	A1ft	

	<b>b</b> – <b>a</b> or – <b>a</b> + <b>b</b>		B2 if answer unsimplified
			or
			B2 for $\mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{a}$ or $2\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$
23(a)		B3	or $\frac{1}{2}(2\mathbf{b}-4\mathbf{a})$ or $\frac{1}{2}(4\mathbf{a}-2\mathbf{b})$
			B1 for 2 <b>b</b> – 4 <b>a</b> or 4 <b>a</b> – 2 <b>b</b>

	<b>b</b> – <b>a</b> or – <b>a</b> + <b>b</b>		Midpoint theorem
Alt 23(a)		B3	B2 if answer unsimplified or B2 for $-3\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{2}(4\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b})$
			B1 for $\frac{1}{2}(4a+2b)$

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
<b></b>			1
	$(\overrightarrow{MC} =) \mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$	M1	oe
22/6)	$\overrightarrow{MC} = 3(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}) \text{ or } 3\mathbf{b} - 3\mathbf{a}$	A1	
23(b)	<i>MC</i> is parallel to <i>MN</i> and <i>M</i> is a common point or $\overrightarrow{MC} = 3\overrightarrow{MN}$ (must be vectors)	Q1	strand (iii) for both facts stated or vector statement

	$(\overrightarrow{NC} =) \mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$	M1	oe
Alt	$\overrightarrow{NC} = 2(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ or $2\mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{a}$	A1	
23(b)	<i>NC</i> is parallel to <i>MN</i> and <i>N</i> is a common point	Q1	strand (iii) for both facts stated or vector statement
	or $\overline{NC} = 2\overline{MN}$ (must be vectors)		

	$2x^2 + 3x - 1 = x + 4$	M1	$2(y-4)^{2}+3(y-4)-1=0$
	$2x^2 + 2x - 5 = 0$ or $2x^2 + 2x = 5$	M1dep	$2y^2 - 14y + 19 = 0$ or $2y^2 - 14y = -19$
	$(x =)  \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(2)(-5)}}{2 \times 2}$	M1dep	Allow one error
24	$(x =)  \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(2)(-5)}}{2 \times 2}$ or $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{44}}{2}$	A1	oe fully correct
	or $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{44}}{4}$ (x =) 1.16 and -2.16	A1	(x =) 1.16 and (y = ) 5.16 or
	(x =) 1.16 and $(y =)$ 5.16		(x =) -2.16 and $(y =) 1.84$
	and ( <i>x</i> =) –2.16 and ( <i>y</i> = ) 1.84	A1	