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Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
Forename(s)			
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GCSE BIOLOGY

F

Foundation Tier Paper 1F

Tuesday 15 May 2018

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- There are 100 marks available on this paper.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
TOTAL		



This question is about the cell cycle.	Do not write outside the box
Chromosomes are copied during the cell cycle.	
Where are chromosomes found?	
Tick one box.	
Cytoplasm	
Nucleus	
Ribosomes	
Vacuole	
What is the name of a section of a chromosome that controls a characteristic? [1 mark]	
Figure 1 shows information about the cell cycle.	
Figure 1	
Copying of chromosomes	
	Chromosomes are copied during the cell cycle. Where are chromosomes found? Tick one box. Cytoplasm Nucleus Ribosomes Vacuole What is the name of a section of a chromosome that controls a characteristic? [1 mark] Figure 1 shows information about the cell cycle.

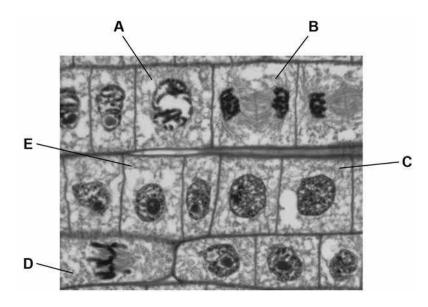


0 1.3	Which stage of the cell cycle in Figure 1 takes the most time?	mark]
	Tick one box.	i iliai kj
	Cell growth	
	Copying of chromosomes	
	Mitosis	
0 1.4	During mitosis cells need extra energy.	
	Which cell structures provide most of this energy?	mark]
	Tick one box.	
	Chromosomes	
	Cytoplasm	
	Mitochondria	
	Ribosomes	
0 1.5	The cell cycle in Figure 1 takes two hours in total.	
	The cell growth stage takes 45 minutes.	
	Calculate the time taken for mitosis.	marks]
	Time =r	minutes



Figure 2 shows some cells in different stages of the cell cycle.

Figure 2



0 1.6 Which cell is **not** dividing by mitosis?

[1 mark]

Tick one box.



		Do not wri	
0 1.7	Cell E in Figure 2 contains 8 chromosomes.		
	Cell E divides by mitosis.		
	How many chromosomes will each new cell contain? [1 mark]		
	Tick one box.		
	2		
	4		
	8		
	16		
0 1.8	Why is mitosis important in living organisms? [1 mark]		
	Tick one box.		
	To produce gametes		
	To produce variation		
	To release energy		
	To repair tissues		
		9	
	Turn over for the next question		
		1	



Plants are made up of cells, tissues and organs.

Draw one line from each level of organisation to the correct plant part.

Level of organisation

Plant part

Leaf

Organ

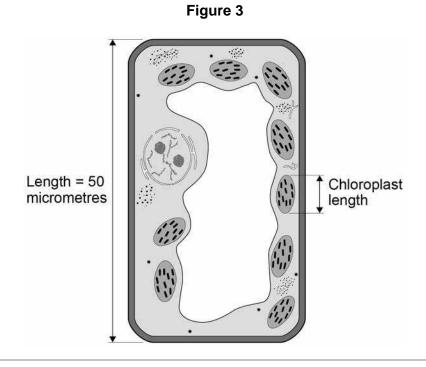
Root hair

Spongy mesophyll

Tissue

Vacuole

Figure 3 shows a plant cell drawn to scale.



Xylem cell



0 2.2	Where in a plant would the cell in Figure 3 be found?	[1 mark]
	Tick one box.	[1 mark]
	Epidermis	
	Palisade mesophyll	
	Phloem	
	Xylem	
	Calculate the length of the chloroplast labelled in Figure 3 .	
0 2 . 3	Calculate the length of the chloropiast labelled in Figure 3.	[2 marks]
	Length =	micrometres
0 2.4	Cells in plant roots do not photosynthesise.	
	Give one reason why.	[1 mark]
		[i maik]



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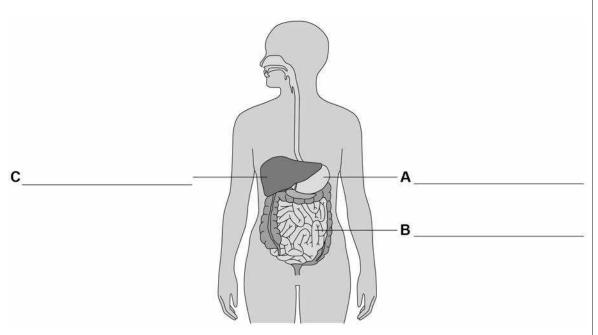
0 2.5	As a plant grows, nev	v root hair cells are formed from unspecialised cells.	
	How does an unspec	ialised cell become a new root hair cell?	[1 mark]
	Tick one box.		[i iliai k]
	Differentiation		
	Metabolism		
	Transpiration		
	Transport		
	Scientists can clone p	plants using tissue culture.	
	Figure 4 shows the p	rocess of tissue culture.	
		Figure 4	
White flo		Scalpel removing part of a leaf White flower Frowth medium Petri dish	

			Do not writ
0 2.6	Why might scientists want to clone plants?	[1 mark]	outside the
	Tick one box.		
	To create new species of plants.		
	To introduce variation into plants.		
	To protect endangered plants from extinction.		
	To reduce disease resistance in plants.		
0 2 . 7	What is the advantage of cloning plants using tissue culture?		
	Tick one box.	[1 mark]	
	No special equipment is needed.		
	Plants can be produced quickly.		
	The flowers are all different colours.		
	The offspring are all genetically different.		
0 2 . 8	The growth modium in Figure 4 helps the plants to grow		
0 2 . 8	The growth medium in Figure 4 helps the plants to grow.		
	Name one substance in the growth medium.	[1 mark]	



0 3 Figure 5 shows the human digestive system.





0 3 . 1 Label organs A, B and C.

[3 marks]

0 3 . 2 Complete the sentences.

[3 marks]

Choose the answers from the box.

catalyse	denatured	digest	energise
excreted	ingested	insoluble	soluble

Digestion is the proce	ess of breaking	g down large	food mole	ecules into	smaller
molecules that are					

Enzymes help to break down food because they _____

If the temperature of an enzyme gets too high, the enzyme is

chemical reactions.



0 3.3	Protease is an enzyme.	Do not write outside the box
	Protease breaks down protein.	
	What is protein broken down into?	
	Tick one box. [1 mark]	
	Amino acids	
	Fatty acids	
	Glucose	
	Glycerol	
0 3.4	Why is protein needed by the body? [1 mark]	
0 3.5	Which organ in the human digestive system produces protease? [1 mark] Tick one box.	
	Gall bladder	
	Large intestine	
	Liver	
	Stomach	

0 3.6	Describe how you would test a sample of food to show it contains protein.	Do not wr outside th box
	Give the reason for any safety precautions you would take. [4 marks]	
0 3 . 7	Complete the sentence.	
	Choose the answer from the box. [1 mark]	
	fat fibre minerals vitamins	
	Obesity can be caused by a diet high in	
0 3.8	Complete the sentence. [1 mark]	
	Choose the answer from the box.	
	skin cancer type 1 diabetes type 2 diabetes	
	Obesity is a risk factor for	
		15



Do not write outside the box

0 4 This question is about the circulatory system.

0 4 . 1 Draw **one** line from each blood component to its function.

[3 marks]

Blood component

Function

Platelet

Helps the blood to clot

Destroys microorganisms

Red blood cell

Transports glucose around the body

White blood cell

Transports oxygen around the body

Transports urea

Question 4 continues on the next page

0 4 . 2 Figure 6 shows cross sections of the three main types of blood vessel found in the human body. Each blood vessel is drawn to the scale shown. Figure 6 Elastic tissue One cell Muscle tissue В ×7500 ×4 ×5 Which blood vessel has the smallest diameter? [1 mark] Tick **one** box. C 0 4 . Which blood vessel in Figure 6 is an artery? Give one reason for your answer. [2 marks] Blood vessel: Reason:



Table 1 gives information about the blood flow in two people.

Table 1

Person	Blood flow through the coronary arteries in cm³/minute
A - does not have coronary heart disease	250
B - has coronary heart disease	155

0 4.4	Calculate the difference in blood flow between person A and person B .	[1 mark]
	Difference =	cm ³ /minute
0 4.5	Suggest why blood flow through the coronary arteries is lower in people with coronary heart disease.	1 [1 mark]
0 4.6	Calculate the volume of blood flowing through the coronary arteries of perso in 1 hour.	n A
	Give your answer in dm ³ .	[2 marks]
	Volume of blood in 1 hour =	dm³



Coronary heart disease can be treated by:

- inserting a stent
- using a Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG).

Table 2 gives information about each method.

Table 2

	Stent	CABG
Procedure	The patient is awake during the procedure.	The patient is not awake during the procedure.
	A small cut is made in the skin.	The chest is cut open.
	A wire mesh is inserted into the coronary artery via a blood vessel in the arm or leg.	A section of blood vessel from the arm or leg is removed. It is used to create a new channel for blood to bypass the blockage in the coronary artery.
When procedure is recommended	When only one blockage is present	When multiple blockages are present
Time spent in hospital after procedure	2-3 hours	at least 7 days
Recovery time after procedure	7 days	12 weeks
Risk of heart attack during procedure	1%	2%
Chance of failure within one year	40%	5%

0 4.7	Give two advantages of using a stent instead of CABG.	[2 marks]
	1	
	2	



0 4.8	Give two advantages of using CABG instead of a stent.	Do not write outside the box
	[2 marks]	
	1	
	2	
		14
	Turn over for the next question	14

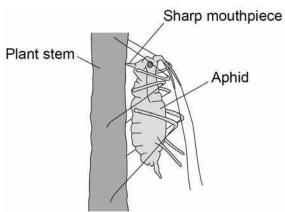


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0 5 Aphids are small insects that carry pathogens.

Figure 7 shows an aphid feeding from a plant stem.

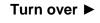
Figure 7



0 5.1	An aphid feeds by inse	erting its sharp mouthpiece into the stem of a plant.	
	After feeding, the moudissolved sugars.	thpiece of an aphid contains a high concentration of	
	Which part of the plant	t was the aphid feeding from?	[1 mark]
	Tick one box.		[1 mark]
	Palisade layer		
	Phloem		
	Stomata		
	Xylem		



0 5.2	What is the process that transports dissolved sugars around a plant? [1 mark]
	Tick one box.
	Filtration
	Respiration
	Translocation
	Transpiration
0 5.3	Plants infected with aphids have stunted growth.
	Explain one way the removal of dissolved sugars from the stem of the plant causes stunted growth.
	[2 marks]
0 5.4	Most aphids do not have wings when they hatch. After several generations, some aphids hatch which have wings and can fly.
	Explain the advantage to the aphid of being able to fly.
	[2 marks]



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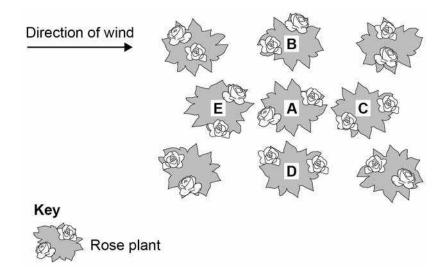


Do not write outside the box 0 5 . 5 The leaves of some plants release oils onto their surface. Suggest how the production of oil on the surface of a leaf may protect the plant from aphids. [1 mark] Figure 8 shows part of a rose plant. Figure 8 0 5 . Give one adaptation shown in Figure 8 that helps the rose plant defend itself. 6 [1 mark]



Figure 9 shows a plan of a garden containing rose plants.

Figure 9



0	5	7	Plant A	has th	ne fungal	disease	rose	black	spot
v	J .		i idile A	nao u	ic rangai	alocasc	1000	DIGOIN	opot

Which plant in Figure 9 is the fungus likely to spread to first?

Give a reason for your answer.

[2 marks]

Plant	 -		
Reason			

0 5 . 8	Suggest one way the gardener could reduce the spread of rose black spot to	the
	other plants in the garden.	
		[1 mark]

11



0 6		are small animals that live in setem and absorb oxygen thro	soil. Earthworms have no speci ugh their skin.	alised gas
0 6.1	What is the r	name of the process in which o	oxygen enters the skin cells?	[1 mark]
	Active transp	port		
	Diffusion			
	Osmosis			
	Respiration			
	laple 3 snov	ws information about four skin	cells of an earthworm.	
			ble 3	
	Cell -	Tal		
		Ta Percentag	ble 3 e of oxygen	
	Cell	Tal Percentag Outside cell	ble 3 e of oxygen Inside cell	
	Cell A	Percentag Outside cell	ble 3 e of oxygen Inside cell 8	
	Cell A B	Percentage Outside cell 9 12	ble 3 e of oxygen Inside cell 8	



Do not write outside the box

0 6.3	Which cell will oxygen move into the fastest?
	Tick one box. [1 mark]
	A B C D
0 6.4	Earthworms have a large surface area to volume ratio. Suggest why a large surface area to volume ratio is an advantage to an earthworm. [1 mark]
0 6.5	The earthworm uses enzymes to digest dead plants.
	Many plants contain fats or oils.
	Which type of enzyme would digest fats? [1 mark]
	Question 6 continues on the next page



	24	
0 6 . 6	Earthworms move through the soil.	Do not write outside the box
	This movement brings air into the soil.	
	Dead plants decay faster in soil containing earthworms compared with soil containing no earthworms.	
	Explain why. [3 marks]	
0 6 . 7	When earthworms reproduce, a sperm cell from one earthworm fuses with an egg cell from a different earthworm.	
	Name the process when an egg cell and a sperm cell fuse. [1 mark]	
0 6.8	Some types of worm reproduce by a process called fragmentation.	
	In fragmentation, the worm separates into two or more parts. Each part grows into a new worm.	
	What type of reproduction is fragmentation? [1 mark]	

10



0 7	Eating food containing Salmonella bacteria can cause illness.	Do not write outside the box
0 7.1	Two symptoms of infection by <i>Salmonella</i> are vomiting and diarrhoea. What causes these symptoms? [1 mark]	
0 7.2	Give two ways a person with a mild infection of <i>Salmonella</i> can help prevent the spread of the bacteria to other people. [2 marks]	
0 7.3	In very serious infections of <i>Salmonella</i> , a doctor can prescribe drugs to kill the bacteria. What type of drug can the doctor prescribe to kill the bacteria? [1 mark]	
07.4	A person with AIDS may take longer than a healthy person to recover from a Salmonella infection. Explain why. [2 marks]	

0 7 . 5

Salmonella bacteria can be transmitted from chickens to humans. Chickens can be vaccinated to prevent the transmission of Salmonella bacteria to humans.

Suggest **one** other way farmers could prevent the transmission of *Salmonella* from chickens to humans.

[1 mark]

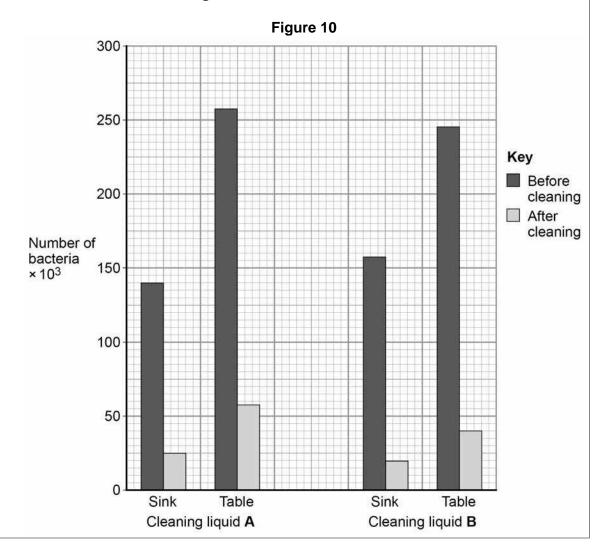
A restaurant owner employed a scientist to test the effectiveness of two kitchen cleaning liquids.

The scientist took samples from two work surfaces:

- before the surfaces had been cleaned with the cleaning liquids
- after the surfaces had been cleaned with the cleaning liquids.

The samples were then analysed for the number of bacteria they contained.

The results are shown in Figure 10.





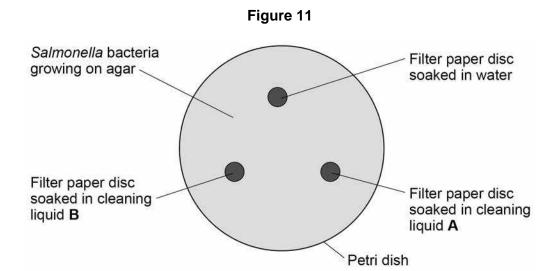
0 7.6	Which cleaning liquid is the more effective?	Do not write outside the box	
	Give a reason for your answer. [1 mark]		
	Cleaning liquid		
	Reason_		
	11000011		
	Question 7 continues on the payt page		
	Question 7 continues on the next page		



Do not write outside the box

The scientist investigated the effect of cleaning liquid **A** and cleaning liquid **B** on *Salmonella* bacteria grown in a laboratory.

Figure 11 shows the way the investigation was set up.



The Petri dish was placed in an incubator at 25 °C for 48 hours.

After 48 hours, the scientist calculated the area around each paper disc where no bacteria were growing.

The results are shown in Table 4.

Table 4

Filter paper disc	Area around disc with no bacteria growing in cm ²
Water	0
Cleaning liquid A	11
Cleaning liquid B	13

0 7.7	What measurement would the scientist need to take to calculate the area wh bacteria were growing?	
	bacteria were growing:	[1 mark]



0 7.8	Give one change to the investigation that would allow the scientist to check if the results are repeatable. [1 mark]	Do ou
0 7.9	The scientist showed the results to the restaurant owner. Both cleaning liquids cost the same per dm ³ .	
	Suggest one other factor the restaurant owner should consider when choosing which cleaning liquid to use. [1 mark]	

Turn over for the next question



0 8	Metabolism	is the sum of all the chemical re	actions in the cells of th	e body.	Do not write outside the box
	One metabo	olic reaction is the formation of lip	pids.		
0 8.1	Give one ot	[1 mark]			
	Table 5 sho	ws the mean metabolic rate of h	_		
	Age in	Mean metabolic ra	ate in kJ/m²/hour		
	years	Males	Females		
	5	53	53		
	15	45	42		
	25	39	35		
	35	37	35		
	45	36	35		
0 8.2	What two co	onclusions can be made from the	e data in Table 5 ?	[2 marks]	
	As age increases, mean metabolic rate of males and females increases.				
	Males have five years o				
	The mean nup to 25 year	netabolic rate of females decreas ars of age.	ses faster than males		
	The mean metabolic rate of males and females decreases more quickly after the age of 35.				
	There is no	relationship between age and m	ean metabolic rate.		



0 8.3	Calculate the percentage decrease in the mean metabolic rate of males between 5 years and 45 years of age.		
	Use the equation:		
	percentage decrease = $\frac{\text{decrease in metabolic rate}}{\text{original metabolic rate}} \times 100$		
	Give your answer to 3 significant figures. [3 marks]		
	Percentage decrease=		
	Question 8 continues on the next nage		
	Ulipation x continues on the name		

Do not write outside the box



Regular exercise can increase metabolic rate.

Two people did five minutes of gentle exercise from rest.

Table 6 shows the effect of the exercise on their heart rates.

Table 6

Time in	Heart rate in beats per minute		
minutes	Person R	Person S	
0 (at rest)	60	78	
1	76	100	
2	85	110	
3	91	119	
4	99	129	
5	99	132	

0 8.4	Describe two differences in the response of person R and person S to the exercise.		
	Use information from Table 6 . [2 marks]		
	1		
	2		

0 8.5 Complete the line graph in Figure 12 for person S.

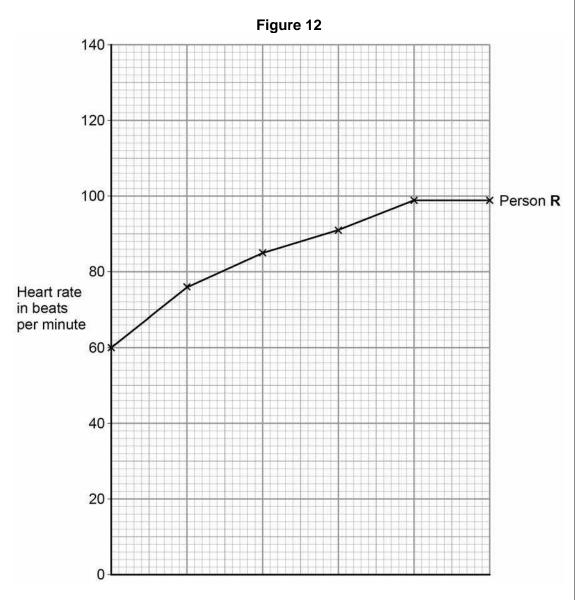
You should:

- add the scale to the x axis
- label the x axis.

[4 marks]



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After five minutes of exercise, the heart rate of person **S** was 132 beats per minute. When person **S** rested, his heart rate decreased steadily at a rate of 12 beats every minute.

Calculate how much time it would take the heart rate of person ${\bf S}$ to return to its resting rate.

[2 marks]

Time = ____ minutes

Question 8 continues on the next page

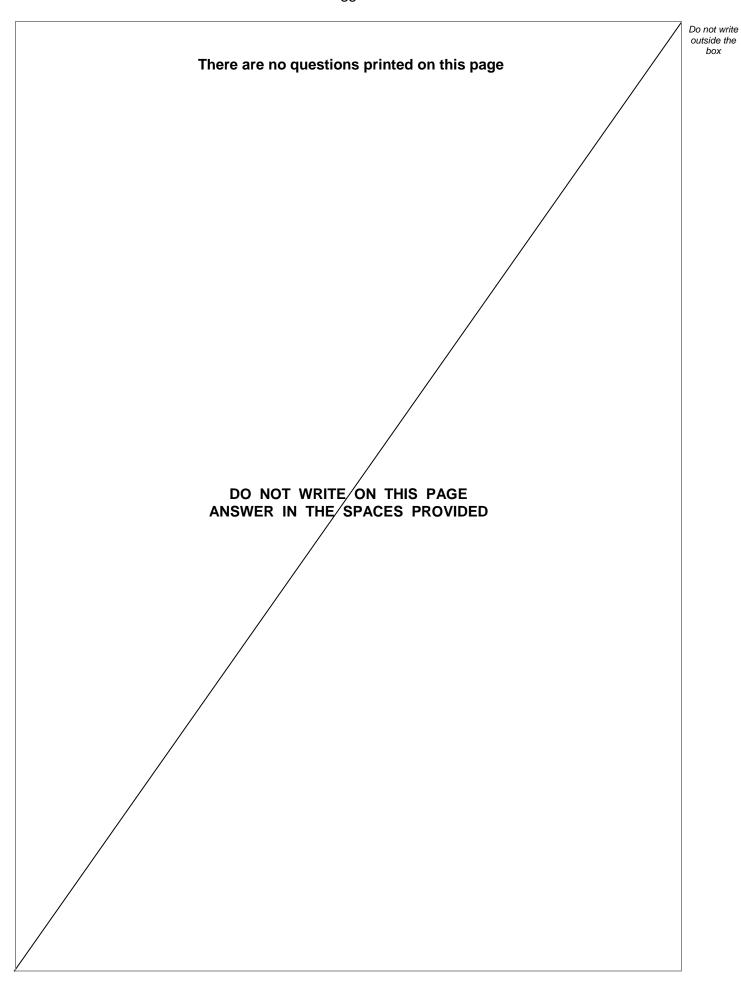


0 8.7	A student made the following hypothesis about the heart rate of smokers and non-smokers during exercise.	Do not write outside the box
	"During exercise, the heart rate of smokers increases more than the heart rate of non-smokers."	
	Design an investigation that would allow you to test this hypothesis. [6 marks]	

END OF QUESTIONS



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outside the box