

**GCE**

**Biology B (Advancing Biology)**

Unit **H422/01**: Fundamentals of biology

Advanced GCE

**Mark Scheme for June 2018**

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.


This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

















Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2018

## Annotations

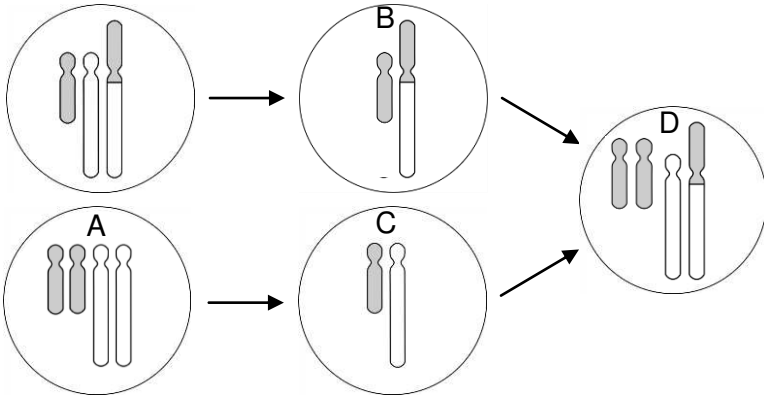
Annotation	Meaning
<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b>	Answers which are not worthy of credit
<b>IGNORE</b>	Statements which are irrelevant
<b>ALLOW</b>	Answers that can be accepted
( )	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
	Wavy underlined words must be present or similar-meaning words must be present in answer to score a mark.
<b>ECF</b>	Error carried forward
<b>AW</b>	Alternative wording
<b>ORA</b>	Or reverse argument

## Marking Annotations

Annotation	Use
	Benefit of Doubt
	Contradiction
	Cross
	Error Carried Forward
	Given Mark
	Extendable horizontal wavy line (to indicate errors / incorrect science terminology)
	Ignore
	Large dot (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
	Highlight (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
	Benefit of the doubt not given
	Tick
	Omission Mark
	Blank Page
	Level 1 answer in Level of Response question
	Level 2 answer in Level of Response question
	Level 3 answer in Level of Response question

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	A	1	
2	A	1	
3	B	1	
4	C	1	
5	C	1	
6	C	1	
7	D	1	
8	B	1	
9	C	1	
10	D	1	
11	C	1	
12	A	1	
13	B	1	
14	A	1	
15	D	1	
16	C	1	
17	C	1	
18	B	1	
19	D	1	
20	B	1	
21	D	1	
22	C	1	
23	B	1	
24	B	1	
25	D	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
26	B	1	
27	D	1	
28	C	1	
29	C	1	
30	C	1	
	Total	30	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
31	(a)	(i)	does not have trisomy 21 ✓	1	<b>AW</b> e.g. 'no excess of chromosome 21' <b>ALLOW</b> only has two of chromosome 21
		(ii)	 <p>A ✓ B ✓ C ✓ D ✓</p>	4	<b>ALLOW</b> incorrect proportions of translocated chromosome  <b>ALLOW</b> diagrams that do not show centromeric regions  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> drawings without shading  <b>ECF</b> (from A) <b>ECF</b> (from B and C)
	(b)		(meiotic) non-disjunction ✓  <b>any 2 from:</b> failure of <u>homologous chromosomes</u> to separate during meiosis I/anaphase I ✓ failure of <u>sister chromatids</u> to separate during meiosis II/anaphase II ✓ gamete has extra copy of chromosome (21) ✓	max 3	<b>ALLOW</b> for one mark - failure of <u>homologous chromosomes or sister chromatids</u> to separate during meiosis
	(c)	(i)	<b>CVS:</b> placenta <b>amniocentesis:</b> amniotic fluid ✓	1	<b>IGNORE</b> chorionic villus  <b>Both required for 1 mark</b>

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
		(ii)	<b>1 from:</b> (karyotype) cannot detect gene/allele (mutations) ✓ (karyotype) can only detect changes in chromosome size/shape ✓	1	<b>AW</b> e.g. abnormal base sequence
			<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	



Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
32	(a)		thyroxine regulates metabolic rate / rate of metabolism reduced ✓	1	
	(b)	(i)	<b>X:</b> thyrotropin-releasing hormone / TRH ✓ <b>Y:</b> thyrotropin / thyroid-stimulating hormone / TSH ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> thyrotrophin <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> thyroxine stimulating hormone
		(ii)	<b>any 3 from:</b> maintain a system around a <u>set point/norm</u> ✓ <u>receptors</u> detect change (from set point) ✓ <u>effector(s)</u> produce change/response ✓ to return system to set point/norm ✓	max 3	<b>ALLOW</b> small fluctuations around a <u>set point/norm</u> <b>AW</b> e.g. ref to parameter too high or too low
	(c)		<b>any 2 from:</b> vasoconstriction / narrowing of blood vessels, to reduce heat loss from skin (surface) ✓  shivering / rapid muscle contraction, to generate heat (from respiration) ✓ erection of hairs (on skin) / piloerection, to trap air which insulates ✓	max 2	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'vasoconstriction of capillaries' <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'prevents heat loss'
	(d)		<b>any 2 from:</b> (ear) closest to/shares blood supply with hypothalamus/ thermoregulatory centre ✓ reading closer to <u>core</u> temperature, skin temperature may be colder/warmer ✓	max 2	
			<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
33	(a)		climax ✓ plagioclimax ✓ deflected ✓	3	
	(b)		improves soil quality / provides food / shelter, for future species ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> ref to production of humus
	(c)		<b>any 3 from:</b> use of quadrats ✓ (belt) transect / systematic sampling ✓  record type and abundance of plant species ✓ use of key to identify plant species ✓	max 3	<b>ALLOW</b> regular intervals /example of an interval <b>IGNORE</b> stratified sampling
	(d)	(i)	16% ✓✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> 15.8%  15.78% = 1 mark max  If answer incorrect, '(13 100/83 000) x 100' = 1 mark
		(ii)	snails do not lose energy through heat / snails are, ectotherms ✓	1	<b>ORA</b> 'cattle use more energy to maintain temperature/cows are endotherms' <b>IGNORE</b> ref to small size or slow movement of snails
	(e)*		<p><b>Summary of instructions to markers:</b>  <i>Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.)</i>  <i>Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b>, <b>Level 2</b> or <b>Level 3</b>, best describes the overall quality of the answer.</i>  <i>Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, according to the <b>Communication Statement</b> (shown in italics):</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ <i>award the higher mark where the Communication Statement has been met.</i></li> <li>○ <i>award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement have been missed.</i></li> </ul> <p>• <b>The science content determines the level.</b>  • <b>The Communication Statement determines the mark within a level.</b></p>		

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance	
			<p><b>Level 3 (5 – 6 marks)</b> A detailed explanation of digestion, production of fatty acids and protein degradation, with reference to named stomach structures and the role of microorganisms.</p> <p><i>There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.</i></p> <p><b>Level 2 (3 – 4 marks)</b> A good explanation of digestion, possibly without mention of fatty acids and proteins. Correct names and roles of stomach structures but the role of microorganisms may not be included.</p> <p><i>There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.</i></p> <p><b>Level 1 (1 – 2 marks)</b> Limited explanation of digestion OR correct naming of stomach structures OR reference to microorganisms.</p> <p><i>There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.</i></p> <p>0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.</p>	6	2.1 2.5	<p><b>Indicative scientific points may include:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• digestion of, cellulose / plant material / polysaccharides</li> <li>• by microorganisms / bacteria in, rumen / reticulum</li> <li>• lack of cellulase enzyme in ruminants</li> <li>• production of mono- and disaccharides</li> <li>• conversion of saccharides (sugars) into fatty acids (by other microorganisms / bacteria)</li> <li>• ref to importance of fatty acids as, respiratory substrates / lipid components</li> <li>• secretion of, hydrochloric acid / protease enzymes, in abomasum</li> <li>• digestion of bacterial proteins into amino acids</li> <li>• ref to essential amino acids</li> <li>• microorganisms in rumen are anaerobic / rumen is anaerobic environment</li> </ul>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>		

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance									
34	(a)		<table><tr><td>Dehydrogenation</td><td>Krebs cycle</td><td>mitochondrial matrix</td></tr><tr><td>Oxidative decarboxylation</td><td>link reaction <b>OR</b> Krebs / TCA / citric acid cycle</td><td>mitochondrial matrix</td></tr><tr><td>Substrate level phosphorylation</td><td>glycolysis <b>OR</b> Krebs / TCA / citric acid cycle</td><td>cytoplasm <b>OR</b> mitochondrial matrix</td></tr></table> ✓✓	Dehydrogenation	Krebs cycle	mitochondrial matrix	Oxidative decarboxylation	link reaction <b>OR</b> Krebs / TCA / citric acid cycle	mitochondrial matrix	Substrate level phosphorylation	glycolysis <b>OR</b> Krebs / TCA / citric acid cycle	cytoplasm <b>OR</b> mitochondrial matrix	2	1 mark per correct row (pathway and location)
Dehydrogenation	Krebs cycle	mitochondrial matrix												
Oxidative decarboxylation	link reaction <b>OR</b> Krebs / TCA / citric acid cycle	mitochondrial matrix												
Substrate level phosphorylation	glycolysis <b>OR</b> Krebs / TCA / citric acid cycle	cytoplasm <b>OR</b> mitochondrial matrix												
	(b)	(i)	$C_{16}H_{32}O_2 + 23 O_2 \rightarrow 16 CO_2 + 16 H_2O$ ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> multiples of the correct balanced numbers. For example, $2 C_{16}H_{32}O_2 + 46 O_2 \rightarrow 32 CO_2 + 32 H_2O$									
		(ii)	0.70 ✓✓	2	16/23 = 1 mark 0.7 = 1 mark ALLOW ECF from (b)(i)									
		(iii)	conversion of carbohydrates to lipids ✓	1										
	(c)		<b>Summary of instructions to markers:</b> <i>Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.) Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b>, <b>Level 2</b> or <b>Level 3</b>, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, according to the <b>Communication Statement</b> (shown in italics):</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ award the higher mark where the Communication Statement has been met.</li><li>○ award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement have been missed.</li></ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>The science content determines the level.</b></li><li>• <b>The Communication Statement determines the mark within a level.</b></li></ul>											

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	<p><b>Level 3 (5 – 6 marks)</b> A detailed discussion that includes the measurement of volume changes with and without sodium/potassium hydroxide and an appreciation that these measurements are used together to calculate RQ. There are descriptions of multiple controlled variables.</p> <p><i>There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.</i></p> <p><b>Level 2 (3 – 4 marks)</b> A good discussion that includes the measurement of volume changes with sodium/potassium hydroxide. There is at least one description of a controlled variable.</p> <p><i>There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.</i></p> <p><b>Level 1 (1 – 2 marks)</b> A limited discussion that includes the measurement of volume changes with sodium/potassium hydroxide only OR at least one description of a controlled variable.</p> <p><i>There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.</i></p> <p>0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.</p>	6	<p><b>Indicative scientific points may include:</b></p> <p><b>use of respirometer</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• time to equilibrate apparatus</li> <li>• control, e.g. glass beads / dried peas</li> <li>• sodium hydroxide (NaOH) / potassium hydroxide (KOH) / soda lime</li> <li>• change in volume due to O<sub>2</sub> consumed</li> <li>• repeat in absence of, sodium hydroxide (NaOH) / potassium hydroxide (KOH) / soda lime / water instead</li> <li>• change in volume due to CO<sub>2</sub> produced minus O<sub>2</sub> consumed</li> <li>• ref to calculation of RQ using changes in volume with AND without, sodium hydroxide (NaOH) / potassium hydroxide (KOH) / soda lime</li> <li>• <math>RQ = (\text{with NaOH} + \text{without NaOH}) \div \text{with NaOH}</math></li> <li>• ref to repeats</li> </ul> <p><b>controlled variables</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• volume / mass, of, glass beads / dried peas</li> <li>• volume of, sodium hydroxide / water</li> <li>• temperature</li> </ul>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
35	(a)	(i)	long duration <b>AND</b> gradual development / worsening, of symptoms over time ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> slow onset
		(ii)	<b>any 1 from:</b>  drug                  theophylline medical use        (treat) COPD / asthma ✓  drug                  topotecan medical use        (treat) (lung) cancer ✓  drug                  paclitaxel medical use        (treat) cancer ✓  drug                  aspirin medical use        reduce/relieve, fever / inflammation / pain / anti-thrombotic ✓  drug                  quinine medical use        (treat) malaria ✓	max 1	correct drug <b>and</b> correct medical use = 1 mark  <b>ALLOW</b> other correct examples of drugs and medical uses e.g. morphine/opiates pain relief
	(b)	(i)	2 / two ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> II
		(ii)	drug with, same / similar, appearance to real drug but with no effect ✓ to compare with treatment group /to see effect of treatment ✓	2	<b>IGNORE</b> references to psychological effect
		(iii)	<b>any 3 from:</b> mean decrease in drug group and mean increase in placebo ✓ mean change (in HbA <sub>1c</sub> ) greater with drug than placebo ✓ 0.65% difference in means ✓ <u>more variable</u> changes (in HbA <sub>1c</sub> ) in treatment group ✓	max 3	needs to be comparative statement

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
					<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> greater range
		(iv)	<b>any 2 from:</b> error bars overlap ✓ no evidence of permanent drug effect / 3 months not long enough ✓ group size too small / need more participants ✓ disease severity may be different among patients / example of other variables to control ✓ idea that uncertainty as to whether reduction (in HbA <sub>1c</sub> ) in treatment group is great enough ✓	max 2	AW
			<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
36	(a)		bond between any H and any O on separate molecules ✓ labelled hydrogen bond / H bond ✓ (delta/δ) + charges on H atoms AND (delta/δ) – charges on O atoms ✓	3	<b>ALLOW</b> charges on a single water molecule
	(b)	(i)	α-1,4-glycosidic ✓	1	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 1,4-glycosidic
		(ii)	reagent: (potassium) iodide / KI colour: blue-black / blue ✓	1	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'iodine' unless specific 'in potassium iodide'
		(iii)	1.7 ✓✓	2	1.73 = 1 mark
		(iv)	disc soaked in pure amylase ✓ to show amylase is responsible for colour change ✓  <b>OR</b>  disc soaked in water only ✓ to show colour change is, due to amylase / not due to moisture of the disc ✓	2	
		(v)	measure the concentration of bacteria in the cultures before soaking the discs ✓ extract the amylase before testing ✓	max 1	
			<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	



Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance									
37	(a)		<table><tr><th>Cell type</th><th>Name</th><th>Role</th></tr><tr><td>R</td><td><u>squamous</u> epithelial (cell) ✓</td><td>surface for gas exchange ✓ secretion of (pulmonary) surfactant ✓</td></tr><tr><td>S</td><td><u>smooth</u> muscle (cell) ✓</td><td>control of airflow / constriction / dilation, of lumen (of bronchiole) ✓</td></tr></table>	Cell type	Name	Role	R	<u>squamous</u> epithelial (cell) ✓	surface for gas exchange ✓ secretion of (pulmonary) surfactant ✓	S	<u>smooth</u> muscle (cell) ✓	control of airflow / constriction / dilation, of lumen (of bronchiole) ✓	4	<p><b>ALLOW</b> septal cells</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> contraction of bronchiole</p>
Cell type	Name	Role												
R	<u>squamous</u> epithelial (cell) ✓	surface for gas exchange ✓ secretion of (pulmonary) surfactant ✓												
S	<u>smooth</u> muscle (cell) ✓	control of airflow / constriction / dilation, of lumen (of bronchiole) ✓												
	(b)	(i)	delays onset of, symptoms / disability ✓  comparison of data to illustrate mp1 ✓ giving up at 65 years does not improve quality of life (already severe disability) ✓ cannot prove any influence on smoking-related death since cause of death not recorded ✓	3	<p><b>ALLOW</b> the earlier the age when giving up, the better the quality of life</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> those already disabled do not recover</p>									
		(ii)	<b>any 2 from:</b> person may not begin smoking at age 25 ✓ number of cigarettes per day not recorded ✓ graph does not exceed age 75 ✓ other respiratory conditions / named example e.g. asthma or COPD, affect FEV <sub>1</sub> , not accounted for ✓ smokers may, lie / forget to report symptoms ✓  data based on mean values ✓	max 2	<p><b>ACCEPT</b> any reference to variation in <u>individuals</u>.</p>									
	(c)		<b>any 3 from:</b> tilt head back (to open airway) ✓ check airway for / remove, obstructions ✓ pinch nose and seal mouth ✓ blow (gently) into mouth until chest rises ✓	max 3										

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
			wait for chest to fall and then repeat ✓ check pulse after two breaths ✓ repeat if pulse present / if not present, perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation / CPR ✓		
			<b>Total</b>	<b>12</b>	

**OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)**  
**The Triangle Building**  
**Shaftesbury Road**  
**Cambridge**  
**CB2 8EA**

**OCR Customer Contact Centre**

**Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998

Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: [general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk](mailto:general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk)

[www.ocr.org.uk](http://www.ocr.org.uk)

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

**Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations**  
is a Company Limited by Guarantee  
Registered in England  
Registered Office; The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA  
Registered Company Number: 3484466  
OCR is an exempt Charity

**OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)**  
Head office  
Telephone: 01223 552552  
Facsimile: 01223 552553

© OCR 2018

