Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## GCE

## Chemistry A

Unit H432/01: Periodic table, elements and physical chemistry Advanced GCE

## Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.
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## Annotations

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| DO NOT ALLOW | Answers which are not worthy of credit |
| ALLOW | Answers that can be accepted |
| () | Words which are not essential to gain credit |
| - | Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| AW | Alternative wording |
| ORA | Or reverse argument |
| A | Incorrect response |
| AOD | Omission mark |
| CON | Benefit of doubt given |
| RE | Contradiction |
| Rounding error |  |


| SF | Error in number of significant figures |
| :---: | :--- |
| ECF | Error carried forward |
| L1 | Level 1 |
| L2 | Level 2 |
| L3 | Benefit of doubt not given |
| NBOD | Noted but no credit given |
| I | Ignore |
|  |  |

## Subject-specific Marking Instructions

## INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.
You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet Instructions for Examiners. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

## SECTION A

| Question | Answer | Marks | AO <br> element |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.4 |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.3 |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.1 |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.6 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.2 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO2.5 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | B | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.1 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | C | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.1 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | D | $\mathbf{1}$ | AO1.1 |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |  |  |

## SECTION B

| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | (a) | (i) | (enthalpy change when) <br> 1 mole of gaseous ions react <br> OR 1 mole of hydrated/aqueous ions are formed $\checkmark$ <br> gaseous ions dissolve in water <br> OR gaseous ions form aqueous/hydrated ions $\checkmark$ | 2 | IGNORE `energy released’ OR ‘energy required’ |
|  | (a) | (ii) |  | 4 | Correct species AND state symbols required for each mark. (mark independently) <br> On 2nd line, ALLOW $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}(\mathrm{g})+2 \mathrm{~F}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> (i.e. $\mathrm{F}^{-}$hydrated before $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ ) <br> On 3rd line, ALLOW $\mathrm{CaF}_{2}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> DO NOT ALLOW when first seen but ALLOW ECF for ' 2' missing and for use of the following ions $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Fl}^{-} \\ & \mathrm{F}_{2}^{-} \\ & \mathrm{Ca}^{+/ 3+} \end{aligned}$ |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | (iii) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer $=-504\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ award 2 marks IF answer $=\mathbf{- 1 0 0 8}\left(\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}\right)$ award 1 mark $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times \Delta_{\mathrm{hyd}} H\left(\mathrm{~F}^{-}\right) \\ & =[-2630+13]-(-1609) \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $-2617+1609$ <br> OR -1008 ( $\left.\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}\right)^{\checkmark}$ $\Delta_{\text {hyd }} H\left(\mathrm{~F}^{-}\right)=\frac{-1008}{2}=-504 \checkmark\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ | 2 | IF alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below. <br> '-' sign is needed. <br> COMMON ERRORS for 1 mark: <br> (+)2694: signs all reversed <br> -2113: sign wrong for-1609 <br> -2126: sign wrong for 2630 <br> -517: sign wrong for 13 <br> +504 : sign wrong <br> IF ALL 3 relevant values from the information at the start of Q16a(iii) have NOT been used, award zero marks unless one number has a transcription error, where 1 mark can be awarded ECF |
| (a) | (iv) | Correct comparison of $\Delta_{\text {hyd }}$ linked to sizes <br> $\Delta_{\text {hyd }} H\left(\mathrm{~F}^{-}\right)$more negative/exothermic (than $\Delta_{\text {hyd }} H(\mathrm{C} t)$ ) <br> AND <br> $\mathrm{F}^{-}$has smaller size (than $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$) $\checkmark$ <br> Comparison of attraction between ions and water $\mathrm{F}^{-}$OR smaller sized ion linked to greater attraction to $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \checkmark$ | 2 | ORA <br> IGNORE 'atomic' before radius when comparing size of ions <br> IGNORE charge density <br> IGNORE electronegativity <br> IGNORE nuclear attraction <br> DO NOT ALLOW 'forms stronger hydrogen bonds with water' OR 'forms stronger van der Waals' forces with water' <br> ALLOW 'forms bonds' for attraction' <br> DO NOT ALLOW $\mathrm{F}^{-}$greater attraction to $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ if given as larger ion <br> Assume 'F' / 'Fluorine' means 'ions' but DO NOT ALLOW ' F molecules' |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | (i) | Average bond enthalpy <br> Breaking of one mole of bonds <br> In gaseous molecules $\checkmark$ | 2 | IGNORE energy required OR energy released IGNORE heterolytic / homolytic <br> DO NOT ALLOW bonds formed <br> DO NOT ALLOW ionic bonds <br> IGNORE species for molecules |
| (b) | (ii) | FIRST, CHECK ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = (+) 158 award 3 marks $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bond enthalpy of F-F } \\ & (\Delta H \text { for }(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}) \text { bonds broken }=) \\ & 1856 \text { OR } 4 \times 464\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \checkmark \\ & (\Delta H \text { for bonds made }=) 2770\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \\ & \text { OR } 498 \text { AND } 2272\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \\ & \text { OR } 498 \text { AND } 4 \times 568\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \checkmark \\ & \\ & \text { (bond enthalpy) F-F }=\frac{2770-1856-598}{2} \\ & =(+) 158\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)^{\checkmark} \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 3 | ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES <br> IGNORE sign <br> IGNORE sign <br> ALLOW ECF <br> Common errors <br> Award 2 marks for; <br> -158 (Wrong sign) <br> ( $\pm$ )316 (No $\div 2$ ) <br> (+) 622 (use of $2 \times 464$ ) <br> (+) 457 (omitting - 598) <br> (+) 756 (use of +598 ) <br> Award 1 mark for; <br> (+) 970 (use of $2 \times 464$ and +598) |
|  |  | Total | 15 |  |
|  | uesti | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | (a)* | Please refer to the marking instructions on page 5 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. <br> Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> A comprehensive conclusion which uses quantitative results for determination of the reaction orders. <br> AND <br> Determines $k$ from correct rate equation. <br> AND <br> Proposes the two-step mechanism which adds up to overall equation with no intermediate electrons. <br> There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. The working for the scientific content is clearly linked to the experimental evidence. <br> Level 2 (3-4 marks) <br> Reaches a sound, but not comprehensive, conclusion based on the quantitative results. <br> AND <br> Correctly identifies the orders and rate equation. <br> AND <br> Calculates the rate constant <br> OR <br> Proposes the two-step mechanism with reactants of first step matching rate equation or matches orders <br> There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. The working for the scientific content is clearly linked to the experimental evidence. | 6 | Indicative scientific points may include: <br> Orders and rate equation <br> - $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+} 1$ st order AND I- 2nd order OR rate $=k\left[\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}\right]\left[1^{-}\right]^{2}$ <br> - Supported by experimental results <br> Calculation of $\boldsymbol{k}$, including units <br> - $k$ correctly calculated AND correct units, e.g. $k=\frac{8.10 \times 10^{-4}}{\left(4.00 \times 10^{-2}\right) \times\left(3.00 \times 10^{-2}\right)^{2}}=22.5$ <br> - $\mathrm{dm}^{6} \mathrm{~mol}^{-2} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ OR mol${ }^{-2} \mathrm{dm}^{6} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ <br> Two-step mechanism <br> - Two steps add up to give overall equation <br> - Slow step/ rate-determining step matches stoichiometry of rate equation. <br> - Each step balances by species and charge e.g. <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{I}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Fel}_{2}\right]^{+} \quad$ SLOW <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+\left[\mathrm{Fel}_{2}\right]^{+} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{aq}) \quad$ FAST <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{I}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{I}_{2}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})$ SLOW <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{I}_{2}{ }^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{aq}) \quad$ FAST $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{II}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}^{+}+\mathrm{I}_{2} & \text { SLOW } \\ \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{Fe}^{+} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq}) & \text { FAST } \end{array}$ <br> There may be other feasible possibilities |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Level 1 (1-2 marks) <br> Attempts to reach a simple conclusion for orders <br> AND <br> Attempts a relevant rate equation. <br> There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of <br> reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant The <br> working for the scientific content is clearly linked to the <br> experimental evidence. <br> $\mathbf{0}$ marks <br> No response or no response worthy of credit. |  |  |  |  |
| Quest |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | (i) |  <br> Gradient <br> Correct gradient calculated from best-fit straight line drawn within the range $\pm 800 \rightarrow \pm 1040 \checkmark$ <br> $E_{\mathrm{a}}$ calculation $\begin{aligned} & E_{a}=(-) \text { gradient } \times 8.314 \checkmark \\ & \text { e.g. from } \pm 820, E_{a}=(+) 6817.48\left(\mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \end{aligned}$ <br> $E_{\mathrm{a}}$ to 3 SF AND use of $10^{-3}$ for gradient $\checkmark$ <br> e.g. from $\pm 820, E_{a}=(+) 6820\left(\mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ | 3 | ALLOW lines which do not intercept $y$-axis <br> ALLOW mark for gradient if correct working shown within $E_{\mathrm{a}}$ calculation without gradient being calculated separately <br> ALLOW $\pm 0.8(00) \rightarrow \pm 1.04(0)$ <br> (omission of $10^{-3}$ ) <br> ALLOW ECF for calculated gradient x 8.314 If value of gradient not shown separately, <br> ALLOW $E_{\mathrm{a}}$ in range: $6650 \rightarrow 8650$ <br> OR $6.65 \rightarrow 8.65$ (omission of $10^{-3}$ ) <br> This mark subsumes gradient mark <br> NOTE: Omission of $10^{-3}$ can get 1 st 2 marks |
| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) | Intercept shown on graph could be by extrapolation of line, or label on y axis AND In A linked to intercept value e.g. $\ln A=31.4 \checkmark$ $\text { e.g. } A=e^{31.4}=4.33 \times 10^{13}$ | 2 | $\text { ALLOW } y=31.4$ <br> ALLOW substitution of correct values of In k and $1 / \mathrm{T}$ into $\ln k=-E_{a} / R \times 1 / T+\ln A$ to give a value of $\ln A$ which approximately matches the intercept if given $\ln A=\ln k+\left(E_{d} / R \times 1 / T\right)$ <br> Calculation of $A=e^{\ln A}$ <br> OR $e^{\ln k+(E a / R \times 1 / T)}$ <br> ALLOW ECF from incorrect In $A$ $\begin{aligned} & e^{31.2}=3.55 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.3}=3.92 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.35}=4.12 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.45}=4.56 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.5}=4.79 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.6}=5.29 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.7}=5.85 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.8}=6.46 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{31.9}=7.14 \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{32.0}=7.9(0) \times 10^{13} \\ & e^{32.1}=8.73 \times 10^{13} \end{aligned}$ <br> IF 2 DP answer given, check rounding from calculator value, not 3 DP values given $\mathrm{Eg} \mathrm{e}^{31.7}=5.8497 \times 10^{13} \text { and }=5.8 \times 10^{13}(2 S F)$ |
|  | Total | 11 |  |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | (a) | $\begin{aligned} K_{\mathrm{c}}= & \frac{\left[\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right]^{2}}{\left[\mathrm{NO}^{2}\left[\mathrm{O}_{2}\right]\right.} \checkmark \\ & \text { Units }=\mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Must be square brackets IGNORE state symbols <br> ALLOW $\mathrm{mol}^{-1} \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ <br> ALLOW mol dm ${ }^{-3}$ as ECF from inverted $K_{\mathrm{c}}$ expression |
|  | (b) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE IF answer = 1.2 (mol) award 4 marks <br> Unless otherwise stated, marks are for correctly calculated values. Working shows how values have been derived. $[\mathrm{NO}]=\frac{0.40}{4.0}=0.1(0)\left(\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right)$ <br> AND $\left[\mathrm{O}_{2}\right]=\frac{0.80}{4.0}=0.2(0)\left(\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right)^{\checkmark}$ $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right]^{2}=45 \times 0.10^{2} \times 0.20 \mathrm{OR}=0.09(0) \checkmark} \\ & {\left[\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right]=\sqrt{ }\left(45 \times 0.10^{2} \times 0.20\right) \mathbf{O R}=0.3(0)\left(\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right)^{\vee}} \\ & \text { amount } \mathrm{NO}_{2}=0.30 \times 4=1.2(\mathrm{~mol}) \end{aligned}$ | 4 | ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED <br> For all parts, ALLOW numerical answers from 2 significant figures up to the calculator value <br> Ignore rounding errors after second significant figure <br> 1st mark is for realising that concentrations need to be calculated. <br> ALLOW ECF <br> Correct numerical answer with no working would score all previous calculation marks <br> Making point 2 subsumes point 1 <br> Making point 3 subsumes points 2 and 1 <br> Common errors <br> $9.6=3$ marks mol of NO and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ used <br> $0.36=3$ marks mol of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ calculated from $\left[\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right]^{2}$ <br> $2.4=2$ marks mol of NO and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ used and no mol of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ calculated |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | (i) | Exothermic <br> AND <br> $K_{p}$ decreases as temperature increases $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW $K_{\mathrm{c}}$ for $K_{\mathrm{p}}$ <br> ALLOW Equilibrium shifts to left hand side as temperature increases |
| (c) | (ii) | Equilibrium shift <br> (Equilibrium position) shifts to right / forward / towards products $\checkmark$ <br> Effect of increased pressure on $K_{p}$ expression <br> Ratio (in $K_{p}$ expression) decreases <br> OR <br> Denominator/bottom of $K_{\mathrm{p}}$ expression increases more (than numerator/top) <br> Equilibrium shift ( $K_{p}$ expression) <br> Ratio (in $K_{p}$ expression) increases to restore $K_{p}$ OR <br> Numerator/top of $K_{\mathrm{p}}$ expression increases to restore $K_{p} \checkmark$ | 3 | FULL ANNOTATIONS NEEDED <br> ALLOW $K_{\mathrm{c}}$ for $K_{\mathrm{p}}$ throughout the response. <br> ALLOW $K_{\mathrm{p}}$ (initially) decreases for second marking point IF $K_{\mathrm{p}}$ is seen to be restored later in the process. <br> ALLOW more $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ / product formed to restore $K_{p}$ ALLOW ratio adjusts to restore $K_{p}$ |
|  |  | Total | 10 |  |


| Quest | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | Global rules <br> - C and O electrons must be shown differently, e.g. $\cdot$ for C and $\times$ for O <br> - Na electrons shown with different symbol <br> MARKING <br> Bonding around central C atom $\checkmark$ <br> - 4 electrons for $C$ shown as - $\mathbf{O R} \times$ <br> - 4 electrons for O , different from C as - $\mathrm{OR} \times$ <br> - $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ bond with 2 C electrons AND 2 O electrons <br> - Two C-O bonds with 1 C electron AND 10 electron <br> Non-bonded (nb) electrons around 30 atoms $\checkmark$ <br> - C=O oxygen has 4 nb ' O ' electrons <br> - Each C-O oxygen has 5 nb 'O' electrons AND 1 'extra' electron with different symbol | 2 | NOT REQUIRED <br> - Charge ('2-') IGNORE incorrect charges <br> - Brackets <br> - Circles <br> IGNORE inner shells <br> ALLOW rotated diagram <br> ALLOW diagram with missing C or O symbols. <br> In C=O bond, ALLOW sequence <br> In C-O bond, ALLOW 'extra' electron with different symbol for O electron <br> ALLOW non-bonding electrons unpaired <br> ALLOW 'extra' electron as - OR $\times$ if it has been labelled 'extra electron' or similar |
|  | Total | 11 |  |
|  | uest | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | (a) | ASSUME trend is down the group <br> (unless stated otherwise) <br> Forces <br> London forces increase <br> OR induced dipole(-dipole) interactions increase $\checkmark$ <br> Reason <br> (Number of) electrons increases $\checkmark$ <br> Link to energy and particles <br> More energy to break intermolecular forces <br> OR <br> to break London forces <br> OR <br> to break induced dipole(-dipole) interactions $\checkmark$ | 3 | FULL ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED $\qquad$ ALLOW reverse argument throughout <br> IGNORE van der Waals'/vdW forces <br> DO NOT ALLOW hydrogen bonds OR permanent dipole(dipole) interactions for first and third marking points <br> ALLOW more (electron) shells <br> DO NOT ALLOW covalent bonds break |



| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | (iv) | FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE IF B = RblO ${ }_{3}$ AND relative formula mass = 260.5 award 5 marks <br> IF relative formula mass $\mathbf{=} \mathbf{2 6 0 . 5}$ award 4 marks $\begin{aligned} & n\left(\mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}\right) \text { in titration } \\ & \quad=\frac{0.150 \times 23.80}{1000}=3.57 \times 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol}) \end{aligned}$ <br> $n\left(\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}\right)$in titration $=\frac{3.57 \times 10^{-3}}{6}=5.95 \times 10^{-4}(\mathrm{~mol})$ <br> $n\left(\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}\right)$in original $250 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ $=10 \times 5.95 \times 10^{-4}=5.95 \times 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol}) \checkmark$ <br> Relative formula mass of $B$ $=\frac{1.55}{5.95 \times 10^{-3}}=260.5\left(\mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ <br> Formula of B (must be derived from relative formula mass) <br> Iodate of Group 1 metal that most closely matches calculated molar mass of $\mathbf{B}$ <br> Formula from $260.5=\mathrm{RbIO}_{3} \checkmark$ | 5 | ALLOW ECF from incorrect mean titre in (a)(i) <br> ECF from $n\left(\mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}\right)$ in titration <br> ALLOW a two-step calculation $n\left(\mathrm{I}_{2}\right)=n\left(\mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}\right) \div 2 \text { and } n\left(\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}\right)=n\left(\mathrm{I}_{2}\right) \div 3$ <br> ECF from $n\left(\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}\right)$in titration <br> ECF from $n\left(\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}\right)$in original $250 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> IF scaling $\times 10$ is omitted, <br> ALLOW ECF from $n\left(\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}\right)$in titration <br> ALLOW ECF from incorrect RFM of $\mathbf{B}$ provided metal is from Group 1 <br> ALLOW RbIO3- <br> DO NOT ALLOW $\mathrm{RbIO}_{3}$ without relative formula mass value. <br> DO NOT ALLOW 260.4 (without working) and $\mathrm{RbIO}_{3}$ IF $\mathbf{B}=\mathrm{RbIO}_{3}$ AND relative formula mass $=261$ award 5 marks |
|  |  | Total | 20 |  |
| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | (a) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ni: } \quad 1 s^{2} 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6} 3 d^{8} 4 s^{2} \checkmark \\ & \mathrm{Ni}^{2+}: 1 s^{2} 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6} 3 d^{8} \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | ALLOW 4s before 3d, ie $1 s^{2} 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6} 4 s^{2} 3 d^{8}$ ALLOW $1 \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ written after answer prompt (ie $1 \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ twice) ALLOW upper case D, etc and subscripts, e.g. ...... $4 \mathrm{~S}_{2} 3 \mathrm{D}_{8}$ ALLOW for $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ $\qquad$ $.4{ }^{0}$ <br> DO NOT ALLOW [Ar] as shorthand for $1 s^{2} 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6}$ <br> Look carefully at $1 s^{2} 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6}$ - there may be a mistake |
|  | (b) | (i) | Circuit: complete circuit AND voltmeter AND salt bridge linking two half-cells $\checkmark$ <br> Half cells: Pt AND ${ }^{-}$AND $I_{2}$ <br> Ni AND $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ <br> Standard conditions: $1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}$ solutions AND $298 \mathrm{~K} / 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \downarrow$ | 4 | Voltmeter must be shown AND salt bridge must be labelled <br> ALLOW small gaps in circuit <br> ALLOW half cells drawn either way around IGNORE 2 before $I^{-}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> DO NOT ALLOW $\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ OR $\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$ OR $\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{l})$ <br> ALL conditions required <br> BUT ALLOW $1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3} / 1 \mathrm{M}$ if omitted here but shown for just one solution in diagram <br> Look on diagram in addition to answer lines <br> IGNORE pressure <br> Not relevant for this cell <br> DO NOT ALLOW 1 mol for concentration |
|  | (b) | (ii) | $E=0.79(\mathrm{~V}) \checkmark$ | 1 | IGNORE sign |
|  | (c) | (i) | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l}) \checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW multiples IGNORE state symbols, even if wrong |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Further guidance on use of wedges <br> - Must contain 2 'out wedges', 2 'in wedges' and 2 lines in plane of paper OR 4 lines, 1 'out wedge' and 1 'in wedge': <br> - For bond into paper, ALLOW: $\because \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime, ~ \ddots, ~ \ddots, ~ \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime \prime, \ldots$ <br> - ALLOW following geometry: |
|  | Total | 18 |  |

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