

Please write clearly in block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

GCSE SCIENCE A PHYSICS



Higher Tier Unit Physics P1

Wednesday 25 May 2016

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- Question 2(b) should be answered in continuous prose.
- In this question you will be marked on your ability to:
- use good English
- organise information clearly
- use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Advice

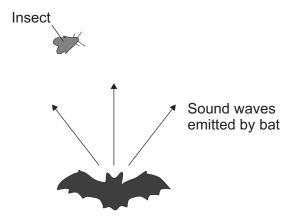
In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Bats use the reflection of high pitched sound waves to determine the position of objects. **Figure 1** shows a bat and an insect flying in front of the bat.

Figure 1



1 (a) What determines the pitch of a sound wave?

Tick (✓) one box.

[1 mark]

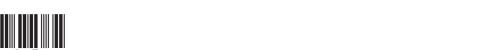
	Tick (√)
amplitude	
frequency	
speed	

1 (b) State the name given to reflected sound waves.

[1 mark]

1 (c)	The bat emits sound waves with a range of wavelengths.	
	Some of the sound waves will be diffracted by the insect.	
	Complete the following sentences to explain why.	[2 marks]
	Diffraction is caused by the sound wavesas they pass the insect.	
	The most diffraction happens when the wavelength of the sound wave is	
	the size of the insect.	
l (d)	The bat emits a sound wave with a frequency of 25.0 kHz and a wavelength 0.0136 metres.	of
	Calculate the speed of this sound wave.	
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet.	[2 marks]
	Speed =	
(e)	Sound waves are longitudinal. Describe a longitudinal sound wave.	[2 marks]

8



A small community of people live in an area in the mountains.

The houses are not connected to the National Grid.

The people plan to buy an electricity generating system that uses either the wind or the flowing water in a nearby river.

Figure 2 shows where these people live.

Figure 2



2 (a)	It would not be economical to connect the houses to the National Grid.
	Give one reason why

[1 mark]

2 (b) In this question you will be assessed on using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist terms where appropriate.

Information about the two electricity generation systems is given in **Figure 3**.

Figure 3

The wind turbine costs £50 000 to buy and install.

The hydroelectric generator costs £20 000 to buy and install.

The average power output from the wind turbine is 10 kW.

The hydroelectric generator will produce a constant power output of 8 kW.



Use your knowledge of energy sources as well as information from Figure	3
The second of th	. .
•	
Extra space	
Extra space	



Heating food in a saucepan over a gas fl Suggest why.	
	[2 marks
A new saucepan has been designed that saucepan. Figure 4 shows the two saucepan.	t heats up food much faster than a traditional cepans.
Figure	4
New saucepan	Traditional saucepan
Fins	
Black metal surface	Shiny metal surface
Describe how the features of the new sa when the food is heated in the traditional	ucepan cause the food to heat up faster than saucepan. [2 marks]
Fins	
Black metal surface	
State the relationship between the temperature the saucepan emits infrared radiation.	erature of the saucepan and the rate at which
·	[1 mark



Infrared and microwaves are two types of electromagnetic radiation.	
State one example of the use of each type of radiation for communication.	[2 marks]
Infrared:	
Microwaves:	
Some of the properties of infrared and microwaves are the same.	
State two of these properties.	[2 marks]
1	
2	
In 1964, physicists discovered microwave radiation that filled the universe.	
Name this type of radiation.	[1 mark]
	[1 1111111]
State the importance of this discovery made by the physicists.	[1 mark]
	State one example of the use of each type of radiation for communication. Infrared: Microwaves: Some of the properties of infrared and microwaves are the same. State two of these properties. 1 2 In 1964, physicists discovered microwave radiation that filled the universe.

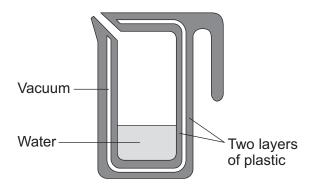
Turn over for the next question



A new design for a kettle is made from two layers of plastic separated by a vacuum. After the water in the kettle has boiled, the water stays hot for at least 2 hours.

The new kettle is shown in **Figure 5**.

Figure 5



5 (a)	Explain why the vacuum reduces energy transfer to the surroundings.	[2 marks



5 (b)	The energy transferred from the water in the kettle to the surroundings in 2 hours is 46 200 J.		
	The mass of water in the kettle is 0.50 kg.		
	The specific heat capacity of water is 4200 J/kg °C.		
	The initial temperature of the water is 100 °C.		
5 (b) (i)	Calculate the temperature of the water in the kettle after 2 hours.		
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet. [3 marks]		
	Temperature after 2 hours = °C		
5 (b) (ii)	Calculate the average power output from the water in the kettle to the surroundings in 2 hours.		
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet. [2 marks]		
	Average power output = W	[
	Average power output = W		

Turn over for the next question



All European Union countries are expected to generate 20% of their electricity using 6 renewable energy sources by 2020.

> The estimated cost of generating electricity in the year 2020 using different energy sources is shown in Table 1.

Table 1

Energy source	Estimated cost (in the year 2020) in pence per kWh
Nuclear	7.8
Solar	25.3
Tidal	18.8
Wind	10.0

France generated 542 billion kWh of electricity using nuclear power stations in 2011. France used 478 billion kWh of electricity and sold the rest of the electricity to other countries in 2011.

6 (a) France may continue generating large amounts of electricity using nuclear power stations instead of using renewable energy resources.

Suggest two	reasons	whv.
-------------	---------	------

Suggest two reasons why.	[2 marks]
1	
2	



6 (b)	Give two disadvantages of generating electricity using nuclear power stations. [2 marks	
	1	
	2	
6 (c)	A panel of solar cells has an efficiency of 0.15.	
. ,	The total power input to the panel of solar cells is 3.2 kW.	
	Calculate the useful power output of this panel of solar cells in kW.	
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet.	[2 marks]
		_
	Useful power output =	kW

Question 6 continues on the next page





Table 2 shows the manufacturing cost and efficiency of different types of panels of solar cells.

Table 2

Type of Solar Panel	Cost to manufacture a 1 m ² solar panel in £	Efficiency in %
А	40.00	20
В	22.50	15
С	5.00	10

Some scientists think that having a low manufacturing cost is more important than improving the efficiency of solar cells.

ks]

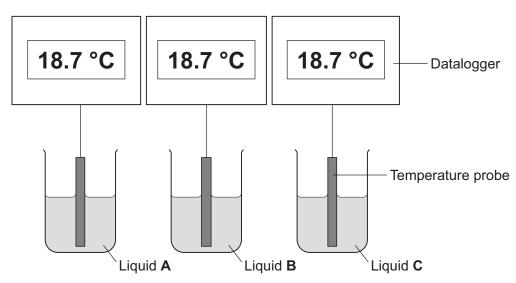
8





7 A student investigated the cooling effect of evaporation.
She used the equipment in **Figure 6** to measure how the temperature of three different liquids changed as the liquids evaporated.

Figure 6



7 (a) The temperature and volume of each liquid was the same at the start of the investigation.

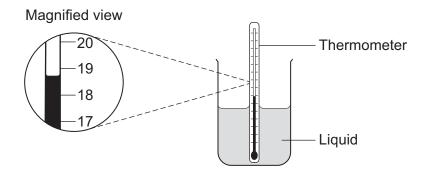
State **one** further control variable in this investigation.

narl	6
	narl



7 (b) Give **two** advantages of using dataloggers and temperature probes compared to using the thermometer shown in **Figure 7**.

Figure 7



[2 marks]

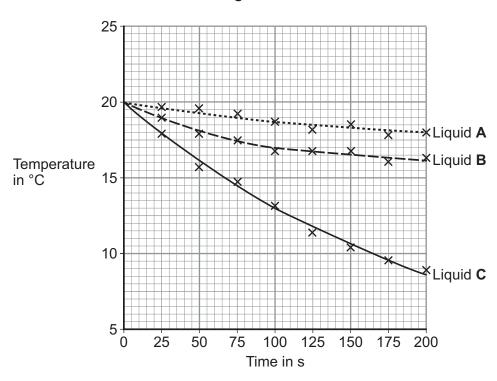
1	
_	
2	

Question 7 continues on the next page



7 (c) The student's results are shown in Figure 8.

Figure 8



7 (c) (i) Calculate the average rate of temperature decrease of liquid **C** between 0 and 100 seconds.

[2 marks]

Average rate of temperature decrease = _____ °C / s

7 (c) (ii) Give one conclusion that can be made about the rate of temperature decrease of all three liquids from the results in Figure 8.

[1 mark]

7 (c) (iii)	Which liquid had the lowest rate of evaporation? Give a reason for your answer. [1 mark]
	Liquid
	Reason
7 (c) (iv)	A second student did the same investigation but using a smaller volume of liquid than the first student.
	All other variables were kept the same.
	What effect would this have on the results of the second student's investigation? [1 mark]
7 (d)	Explain how the evaporation of a liquid causes the temperature of the remaining liquid to decrease. [3 marks]

11

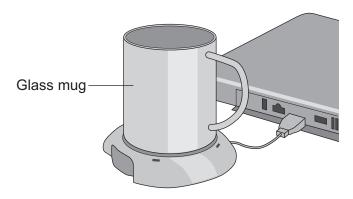
Turn over for the next question



8 A heater uses energy from a laptop computer to keep a mug of coffee hot.

Figure 9 shows the heater connected to a laptop computer.

Figure 9



8 (a)	Give two factors, other than the material of the mug, that would affect the rate of
	energy transfer to the coffee.

	[2 marks]
1	
2	
Energy is conducted slowly through the base of the glass mug.	
Explain how energy is conducted through the base of the glass mug.	
	[2 marks]



8 (b)

8 (c)	Energy is transferred to the coffee at the bottom of the mug.	
	Explain how a convection current is set up in the coffee.	[4 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS



There are no questions printed on this page DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED

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