

# GCE

# **Biology A**

Unit H420/01: Biological purposes

Advanced GCE

## Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

#### Subject-specific Marking Instructions

#### INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

### Section A

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	A✓	1	
2	B✓	1	
3	A✓	1	
4	D✓	1	ALLOW A
5	B√	1	
6	D✓	1	
7	B✓	1	
8	C✓	1	
9	C✓	1	
10	C✓	1	
11	D✓	1	
12	C✓	1	
13	D✓	1	
14	CV	1	
15	C✓	1	
	Total	15	

### Section B

Q	uestic	n	Answer	Marks	Guidance
16	(a) (i) (Type) 2 / II / two ✓		2 max	ALLOW it is diabetes mellitus not diabetes insipidus ALLOW late onset	
			<ul> <li>explanation: insulin is (still) produced ✓ beta / β, cells still working ✓</li> <li><i>idea that</i> (liver) cells no longer respond to insulin ✓ fewer / damaged, (insulin) receptors ✓</li> <li>if it was Type I then the woman would not produce (normal levels of) insulin ✓</li> </ul>		1 mark max for explanation DO NOT ALLOW B / b , cells ALLOW (develop) insulin resistance ALLOW (insulin) receptors not working
		(ii)		2 max	List Rule If both prompt lines used and more than one suggestion is on the line mark the first one on each line. If only <b>one</b> line used but there is more than one suggestion listed mark first two written.
			low , carbohydrate / sugar , diet ✓ exercise ✓ manage weight (gain) ✓ drugs to control glucose levels ✓		<ul> <li>ALLOW regulate / control / reduce , for "low"</li> <li>ALLOW named sugar / starch</li> <li>IGNORE low fat / healthy / balanced / low "carb" , diet</li> <li>ALLOW example of exercise e.g. walking</li> <li>ALLOW named drug e.g. metformin</li> <li>ALLOW ref to injecting insulin</li> </ul>
	(b)	(i)	liver (tissue) ✓	1	ALLOW hepatic (tissue) IGNORE hepatocytes / cells IGNORE muscle

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(ii)	<ul> <li>(glucose) for respiration / as respiratory substrate / to release energy ✓</li> <li>to produce ATP ✓</li> <li>ATP needed (in muscle contraction) for breaking cross-bridges between myosin and actin / AW ✓</li> <li>ATP , hydrolysed / to ADP and Pi , to reset myosin heads ✓</li> <li>ATP for active transport of calcium ions (back) into sarcoplasmic reticulum ✓</li> </ul>	3 max	DO NOT ALLOW produce energy ALLOW ATP needed for myosin to detach from actin ALLOW ATP hydrolysed for myosin to resume normal position IGNORE power-stroke
(c)	use of data from Fig. 16.1: calculated rate of oxygen uptake between 0.010 and 0.018 (dm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) ✓ calculated reduction in rate of oxygen uptake between 10 and 50% ✓ supporting statements: (claim is) correct / incorrect AND a comparison of calculated rate with , 20% statement / mean uptake / 0.020 (dm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) ✓ validity statements: one , woman / reading , is not enough (for a valid conclusion) ✓ (being) 36 weeks pregnant / late pregnancy , is	3 max	<ul> <li>ALLOW MP 1 as a percentage i.e calculated value between 50 and 90% (of mean uptake)</li> <li>Supporting statements MUST match evidence from calculation <ul> <li>e.g. statement is incorrect because my calculation showed reduction of 40% which is higher than 20%</li> <li>If calculation in MP1 or MP2 is incorrect MP3 can still be awarded using calculation in response.</li> </ul> </li> <li>ALLOW only one woman tested</li> </ul>
	not representative of whole pregnancy / AW ✓ Total	11	

Que	Question		Answer		Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	<ul> <li>(pigments) absorb , light / photons ✓</li> <li>electrons , excited / raised to higher energy level ✓</li> </ul>		
			accessory pigments pass energy to , reaction centres / primary pigments ✓ primary pigments , become oxidised / lose electrons / pass electrons to ETC ✓		ALLOW named accessory pigments e.g. chlorophyll b / xanthophyll / carotenoids ALLOW chlorophyll a for primary pigment
			for light dependent reaction / photophosphorylation $\checkmark$		ALLOW for making , ATP / reduced NADP
		(ii)	<i>idea that</i> they have to absorb light of short (er) wavelengths ✓	1 max	ALLOW blue / blue-violet light ALLOW wavelengths between 400 and 500nm ALLOW high(er) frequency
			idea that some wavelengths (of light) don't reach , depths / them $\checkmark$		e.g. some wavelengths of light may not reach <i>Chromista</i> if they are in deep water
	(b)		Chromista (chloroplast) has fewer thylakoids ✓	2 max	IGNORE reference to external membrane ALLOW plants (chloroplasts) have more thylakoids
			Chromista (chloroplast) has no , inter-granal lamellae / lamellae between thylakoids ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> plant (chloroplasts) have lamellae between thylakoids
			plants (chloroplasts) have thylakoids in groups of more than three ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> thylakoids in plant (chloroplasts) form grana <b>IGNORE</b> <i>Chromista</i> (chloroplast) has thylakoids in graupa of three
			plants (chloroplasts) have starch grains / <i>Chromista</i> (chloroplast) does not have starch grains ✓		groups of three

Questic	on	Answer		Guidance
(c)	(i)		2 max	IGNORE stability for explanations
(c)	(ii)	<pre>property hydrophobic (region / fatty acid tails) ✓ explanation (helps to) form bilayer / separates two aqueous regions ✓ property (region) contains cholesterol ✓ explanation regulates (membrane) fluidity / AW✓ compartmentalisation</pre>	2 max	<i>property</i> MUST be linked to its <i>explanation</i> e.g. separating organelles from cytoplasm
	(11)	organelles ✓ purpose of / need for , compartments / separation ✓	2 1118	e.g. form vesicles for transport is <b>MP1</b> and <b>MP2</b>
		sites of , chemical reactions / electron carriers / photophosphorylation / chemiosmosis / oxidative phosphorylation ✓		ALLOW ETC for electron carriers
		provide attachment sites for , enzymes / pigments $\checkmark$		ALLOW correctly named enzyme e.g. ATP synthase
		allow formation of concentration gradients $\checkmark$		
		Total	11	

Mark Scheme

June 2018

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
18	<ul> <li>In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of t or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, accor         <ul> <li>award the higher or lower mark within the level, accor</li> <li>award the higher mark where the Communication State</li> <li>award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication</li> </ul> </li> <li>The science content determines the level.</li> </ul>	the answe ding to the tement ha	er, first decide which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b> , <b>Level 2</b> ne <b>Communication Statement</b> (shown in italics): as been met.
	The Communication Statement determines the m	ark with	in a level.
(a)*	<ul> <li>Level 3 (5–6 marks) Full and detailed plan of how to carry out a valid investigation into the rate of transpiration. There is a well-developed plan and sequence as well as an appreciation of the need to obtain valid data. The information presented is relevant and clearly explained. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Detailed plan of how to carry out a valid investigation into the rate of transpiration. There is a reasonable explanation and sequence as well as an appreciation of the need to obtain valid data. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and well- explained. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Response is aware of how to plan a valid investigation. The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited method which may be unclear.</li></ul>	6	Indicative scientific points may include IGNORE potometer set up detail These are not mark points See appendix Method and planning to obtain valid data • method described • movement of bubble in potometer / mass measured • timing distance travelled by bubble • repeating investigation with two different plant species • repetition to gain replicates • calculation (rate / mean) • statistical test Variables • named variables controlled • e.g. temperature humidity light wind movement surface area of leaves

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	0 marks No response worthy of credit NR No response		how variables are controlled
(b)	insoluble ✓ unreactive / inert ✓ high <u>tensile</u> strength ✓ flexible ✓ can form hydrogen bonds with neighbouring chains ✓	3 max	List Rule If all three prompt lines used and more than one property is on prompt line mark the first one on each line. If only one or two lines used but there is more than one property listed mark the first three properties given. IGNORE detail about structure or cell walls IGNORE permeable IGNORE rigid IGNORE strong
(c)	extracellular AND (it) takes place outside of cells / cellulose cannot enter (bacterial) cells ✓	1 max	ALLOW enzymes must , leave / be secreted from , (bacterial) cells IGNORE 'excrete'
	Total	10	

Questio	n	Answe	r	Marks	Guidance
19 (a)	Genu Campone	mainly	Justification (RQ is) 1.0	3	DO NOT ALLOW all three substrates for <i>Melophorus</i> ALLOW amino acids for protein for <i>Melophorus</i> ALLOW fat / oil / triglyceride / fatty acid for lipid for <i>Cataglyphis</i>
	Melophoi	protein	(RQ is) 0.9		ALLOW THREE marks for correctly completed table ALLOW RQs to greater number of sig.figs. e.g. 1.01 / 0.89 / 0.687
	Cataglyp	his lipid	(RQ is) 0.7		If <b>Rf or RV</b> is stated instead of RQ allow <b>max 1</b> for <b>justification</b> column
					<ul> <li>ALLOW TWO marks for all correctly calculated RQ values in justification column / on Fig.19.1</li> <li>OR</li> <li>ALLOW TWO marks for:</li> <li>correct two responses in diet column</li> <li>AND</li> <li>for correct three justifications written in words i.e.</li> <li><i>Camponotus</i> – CO<sub>2</sub> produced is , similar / equal to O<sub>2</sub></li> <li>consumed</li> <li><i>Melophorus</i> - CO<sub>2</sub> produced is 0.07 less than O<sub>2</sub></li> <li>consumed</li> <li><i>Cataglyphis</i> - CO<sub>2</sub> produced is 0.46 less than O<sub>2</sub></li> <li>consumed</li> <li>If RQ values have not been calculated or are incorrect</li> <li>ALLOW ONE mark for correct diet column</li> <li>OR</li> <li>correct justification column written in words</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>

Ques	stion	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
19	(b)	Similarities Any two from: polymers / polysaccharides ✓ have , 6 carbon / C6 , sugars ✓ have 1-4 glycosidic bonds ✓ have CH <sub>2</sub> OH side group (in monomers) ✓	4 max	ALLOW have hexose(s)	
		Differences Any two from: chitin has $\beta$ -glycosidic bonds $\checkmark$ chitin contains , nitrogen / N / amide / NH-CO-CH <sub>3</sub> $\checkmark$ no 1-6 glycosidic bonds in chitin $\checkmark$ no branching in chitin $\checkmark$		ALLOW glycogen has α-glycosidic bonds ALLOW ORA for glycogen ALLOW ORA for glycogen ALLOW ORA for glycogen	
		<ul> <li>2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, account of award the higher mark where the Communication So award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication</li> <li>The science content determines the level.</li> </ul>	of the answ wer. cording to t Statement h inication S	ver, first decide which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b> , <b>Level</b> the <b>Communication Statement</b> (shown in italics): has been met. tatement have been missed.	
	*(c)	The Communication Statement determines the     Level 3 (5–6 marks)     Full and detailed description of the processes involved in     chemiosmosis. Learner demonstrates a detailed     understanding of where it occurs, the stages, reactants     and products, describing a range of the processes     involved.	6 mark with	hin a level. Indicative scientific points may include These are not mark points See appendix • occurs in mitochondria / on membrane • involves inner membrane and matrix	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	<ul> <li>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</li> <li>Detailed description of the processes involved in chemiosmosis. Learner demonstrates understanding of the where it occurs, stages, reactants and products, describing some of the processes involved.</li> <li>There is a line of reasoning with accurate descriptions of the processes. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some detail.</li> <li>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</li> <li>A description of the processes involved in chemiosmosis is attempted, with some understanding of the different stages, reactants and products.</li> <li>The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited detail which may be unclear.</li> <li>O marks</li> <li>No response or no response worthy of credit.</li> <li>NR</li> <li>No response</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>across membrane into intermembrane space</li> <li>Proton / H+ gradient created</li> <li>proton-motive force</li> <li>H<sup>+</sup> ions pass through hydrophilic transmembrane protein</li> <li>cristae / stalked particles involved</li> <li>ATP synthase produces ATP from ADP + P<sub>i</sub></li> <li>H<sup>+</sup> ions move from area of high concentration to low concentration</li> <li>Some H<sup>+</sup> ions leak back into matrix / process is not completely efficient</li> </ul>
	Total	13	

Q	uestic	n	Answer	Marks	Guidance
20	(a)	(i)	3 OR 2 ✓ 5 ✓ 2 ✓	3	
		(ii)	variety / type / age / colour, of beetroot ✓ length / surface area / volume , of beetroot pieces ✓ pieces taken from same part of beetroot / skin removed from beetroot ✓ time taken to wash slices ✓ volume (of samples) removed from solution ✓ pH ✓ use same colorimeter filter / same blank ✓	2 max	List Rule If both prompt lines used and more than one variable is on the line mark the <b>first</b> one on each line. If only <b>one</b> line used but there is more than one variable listed mark first two written. <b>IGNORE</b> temperature / time / concentration of ethanol ALLOW same beetroot / same species ALLOW same SA :V / mass <b>IGNORE</b> size of beetroot
	(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>x axis / concentration of ethanol , has no units ✓ should be a line graph (as continuous data) ✓</li> <li>x axis / concentration (of ethanol) , has incorrect scale / 0.6 not included ✓ no title ✓</li> </ul>	3 max	<ul> <li><u>List Rule</u></li> <li>If all three prompt lines used and more than one criticism is on the line mark the first one on each line.</li> <li>If only one or two lines used but there is more than one criticism listed mark as continuous prose.</li> <li>ALLOW bar graph not appropriate for continuous data</li> </ul>

Qı	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
20	(b)	(ii)	(so) can calculate a mean $\checkmark$ allows anomalies to be identified $\checkmark$	2 max	IGNORE average DO NOT ALLOW prevents anomalies IGNORE remove anomalies
			improves repeatability ✓		ALLOW reproducibility IGNORE reliability / validity / accuracy
			allows statistical test to be completed $\checkmark$		ALLOW can complete , standard deviation / t-test
			Total	10	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance Award 3 max if explanation refers to what would normally happen in neurone instead of in presence of TTX DO NOT ALLOW cannot enter membrane
21	(a)	(i)	4 max		
			sodium ions / Na ions / Na+, cannot enter ✓		ALLOW sodium ions / Na ions / Na+ , stay outside
			no / prevents , depolarisation of membrane $\checkmark$ (membrane) remains at resting potential $\checkmark$		
			prevents action potential being generated $\checkmark$ impulse not conducted (along axon) $\checkmark$		ALLOW action potential for impulse
			(so) no release of neurotransmitter $\checkmark$		
		(ii)		2 max	Award 1 max if explanation refers to what would normally happen rather than if diaphragm is paralysed
			<i>diaphragm is paralysed so:</i> no / little , change / increase , in volume of thorax ✓ no / little , change / decrease , in pressure in thorax ✓ no / little / less , air drawn into lungs ✓		ALLOW chest cavity / lungs for thorax throughout IGNORE oxygen
		(iii)	suggestion: slows / decreases , heart rate $\checkmark$	3 max	ALLOW bradycardia
			explanation: Any two from slows transmission of impulse from AVN to ventricles ✓ slows ventricular , systole / contraction ✓ longer delay before ventricular , systole / contraction , begins ✓ increases time (the heart is) in diastole / relaxation ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> prevents / stops for 'slows' for MP2 and MP3 'ventricular' must be mentioned once

Mark Scheme

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(b)		no nodes of Ranvier ✓ shorter local , currents / circuits ✓ whole axon needs to be depolarised ✓	1 max	IGNORE ref to jumping between nodes ALLOW more local currents / circuits ALLOW e.g. action potentials need to be generated all the way along the axon
			Total	10	

	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance	
22	(a)	(i)	9.7 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> OR 0.0097	3	IGNORE + or - ALLOW two marks if answer is correct but not to two S.F. ALLOW two marks if answer is incorrect for correct calculation e.g. $\frac{0.05^2 \times \pi \times 3.7}{3}$ OR $\frac{0.029}{3}$ ALLOW one mark for $0.05^2 \times \pi \times 3.7$ OR 0.029	
		(ii)	140 (two s.f.) /142 / 141.7 / 141.67 / 141.6 ✓✓	2	ALLOW one mark if answer is correct but 'decrease' has been calculated so response given as 'minus' number If answer is incorrect ALLOW one mark for $\frac{2.9-1.2}{1.2} \times 100  \text{OR}  \frac{1.7}{1.2} \times 100$	
	(a)	(iii)		1 max	ALLOW Calvin cycle / light independent stage for photosynthesis throughout	

Question	Answer         removing CO₂ would prevent photosynthesis ✓         CO₂ would be a limiting factor for photosynthesis ✓	Marks	Guidance	
			ALLOW e.g. so they could still photosynthesise e.g. CO <sub>2</sub> needed for photosynthesis	
(b)	at 1510 (lux) the distance moved by the fluid (in respirometer) is , zero / 0 ✓ at 1510 (lux) rate of photosynthesis is equal to rate of respiration ✓ at 1510 (lux) there is no <u>net</u> change in volume in the respirometer ✓	2 max	'at 1510 (lux)' only needs to be mentioned <b>once</b> throughout <b>ALLOW</b> at 1510 (lux) compensation point has been reached	
	Total	8		

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
23	(a)		<ul> <li>W liver / hepatic ✓</li> <li>X pancreas / pancreatic ✓</li> <li>Y skeletal / striated , <u>muscle</u> ✓</li> </ul>	3	IGNORE cells ALLOW Islet of Langerhans / acini
	(b)		<i>carboxylic acid</i> should be <u>carbonic</u> acid / H <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> ✓ <i>vagus</i> (nerve) should be , <u>accelerator</u> / <u>sympathetic</u> / <u>accelerans</u> , (nerve) ✓ <i>AVN</i> should be , <u>SAN</u> / <u>sinoatrial node</u> ✓ <i>baroreceptors</i> should be <u>chemoreceptors</u> <b>OR</b> <i>pH</i> should be <u>pressure</u> ✓ <i>smooth muscle</i> should be <u>cardiac</u> muscle ✓	max 4	Error and correct term must be clearly identified.         ALLOW copied statements where correct terms replace errors.         IGNORE carbon dioxide         ALLOW specialised striated
	(c)	(i)	allows baby to , (try to) hold on / grasp ✓ (crying) draws attention (to the baby) ✓	2	ALLOW alerts parent / encourages someone to pick baby up
		(ii)	<i>description:</i> (rapid) blinking / shutting / closing (of eyes) ✓ <i>explanation:</i> involuntary ✓ prevents , damage to / objects entering , eyes ✓	3	<ul> <li>ALLOW references to , ducking / raising hands / flinching</li> <li>ALLOW unconscious / automatic / innate / instinctive</li> <li>ALLOW protects the eyes</li> </ul>
			Total	12	

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