



Biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit F212: Molecules, Biodiversity, Food and Health

Mark Scheme for June 2011

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

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0	Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)		sta nuo mo	otosynthesis ; irch ; cleic acids ; onomers ; lulose ;	5	Mark the first answer in each space. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT minor mis-spellings
	(1)				5	
	(b)		1 2 3 4 5 6 7	without fertiliser <u>vield</u> falls (over time) / fertiliser maintains <u>vield</u> / AW; application of fertiliser replaces lost , nitrogen / nitrates ; nitrogen / N, required for , amino acids / (named) protein / growth / (named) nucleic acids / (named) nitrogenous base ; <i>idea that</i> nitrogen / N / nitrate / NO ₃ ⁽⁻⁾ , removed (from soil / system) by , plant / harvesting ; <i>idea of</i> denitrification ; nitrates / NO ₃ ⁽⁻⁾ are soluble ; nitrates / NO ₃ ⁽⁻⁾ are , leached / washed from soil ;	3 max	 IGNORE 'nutrients/ minerals' throughout ACCEPT it / nitrate / nitrogen as AW for fertiliser ACCEPT fertiliser increases yield ACCEPT it / nitrate / nitrogen as AW for fertiliser IGNORE 'development' IGNORE fertiliser / nitrate / N₂ Answers must refer to depletion (from soil) 'used' alone does not imply depletion

0	Questic	n		Expected Answers	Mark		Additional Guidance
1	(c)		1 2	<u>natural selection</u> ; insecticide is the , selective agent / selection pressure ;			ACCEPT 'tolerance' as AW for resistance f candidates write 'immunity' penalise once and hen ecf
			3	<i>idea of</i> mutation / (genetic) variation ; random / naturally occurring ;		S S	DO NOT CREDIT idea of insecticide or natural selection <i>causing</i> mutation DO NOT CREDIT variation that could be environmental
			5	resistant survive / non-resistant die ;			ACCEPT AW for resistant, e.g. 'the ones with the mutation'
			6	(resistants will) pass on , allele / mutation , for resistance (to offspring) ;			ACCEPT gene for resistance GNORE 'pass on resistance / trait'
			7	higher proportion of / more , resistant individuals in population ;			CREDIT refs to increased allele / gene frequency ACCEPT 'the whole population becomes resistant'
			8	<i>idea that</i> resistance <u>allele</u> confers resistance only to a small dose of insecticide ;	4 max		Colotant
				Total	[12]		

0	Question			Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(a)		(enzy	mes are) proteins / used in metabolism / used in named metabolic pathway ;		ACCEPT 'used in reactions , in organisms / in the body' IGNORE 'biological / enzyme / in nature'
			alter	rate of (chemical) reaction / lowers activation energy / provides alternative route for reaction / is not changed / is not used up;		ACCEPT does not take part in reaction
					2	Note 'speed up metabolic reactions' = 2 marks
2	(b)	(i)				Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			time		1	IGNORE 'how long' IGNORE correct units
2	(b)	(ii)				The M mark can be awarded without a correct P mark
			P1	<i>idea of</i> different samples have different concentrations of, catalase / enzyme ;		 P1 Look for the idea of variation within the sample (e.g. different amounts) CREDIT examples of lack of uniformity such as: breakage of cells / surface area / mixing / disruption of lysosomes / changes to enzyme shape (caused by blending process) / presence of other substances interfering with reaction IGNORE refs to celery being a poor source of catalase
				One of		
			M1	source the extract for the whole experiment from a single source ;		M1 ACCEPT 'from same plant'
			M2	thorough , mixing , required before use ;		
			М3	filter / purify , extract ;		
			M4	<i>idea of</i> using , known / standard , <u>concentration</u> of enzyme ;		
			M5	commercial source of catalase ;	2	

C	Questi	ion	Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(b)	(iii)	repeat / replicate ; compare replicate values / identify anomalous results ; mean / range / standard deviation / error bars / % error ; compare results with , others / book / internet , values / results ;	2 max	e.g compare replicates with Table 2.1 IGNORE average Must contain the idea of other investigators ACCEPT 'look up normal values on the internet'
2	(c)	(i) 1 2 3 4 5 6	<pre>rate , rises / increases , initially ; peak at / maximum at / highest at / decrease after, 40(°C) ; (overall) fall more rapid than rise ; idea that before peak / after peak , temperature increase has increasing effect on rate ; comparative figures to support any point ; no , reaction / oxygen produced , at 60(°C) ;</pre>	4 max	 IGNORE explanations 1 DO NOT CREDIT if 'rate' not stated for this mp only 2 ACCEPT optimum 3 Look for a comparative statement 4 ACCEPT, e.g., line is steeper between 30 and 40 than between 10 and 20. 5 Two temperatures and two rates, with units. Or calculated difference with appropriate units, e.g. rate doubles between 10 and 20°C or Q₁₀ = 2 6 ACCEPT rate is 0 at 60
2	(c)	(ii)	2;	1	IGNORE units
2	(c)	(iii)	temperature ; maximum / peak / V _{max} ; <u>denatured</u> ; <u>active</u> ;	4	Mark the first answer for each letter. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT kinetic energy / KE ACCEPT optimum / optimum temperature IGNORE descriptions
			Total	[16]	

G	luesti	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	D; A; F;		3	Mark the first answer for each letter. If an additional answer is given then = 0 mark
3	(a)	(ii)	B; E; F; F;		4	Mark the first answer for each letter If an additional answer is given then = 0 marks
3	(b)		1 2 3 4 5 6	insoluble ; does not , change / affect , water potential / Ψ , of cell ; can be , broken down / hydrolysed / built up , quickly / easily ; lots of branches for <u>enzymes</u> to attach ; compact ; (therefore) high energy content for mass / energy dense / AW ;	3 max	 ACCEPT osmotically inactive / AW Answers must contain the idea of ease or speed of breakdown IGNORE broken up Answers must imply density, e.g. 'it is compact and so stores a lot of energy' = 2 marks

0	Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(c)	(i)				Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			<u>α</u> / <u>a</u>	alpha, glucose;	1	ACCEPT 'a'
3	(c)	(ii)				Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks DO NOT CREDIT any answer that clearly states that glucose is energy, makes energy, produces energy or creates energy
			1	respiratory substrate / used for respiration ;		1 ACCEPT used in respiration ACCEPT 'releases energy for respiration'
			2	source of / releases / provides, energy ;		2 IGNORE used for energy
			3 4	formation of ATP ; conversion into named compound ;	1 max	 4 e.g. starch / cellulose / polysaccharide / disaccharide / glycogen / protein / lipid / sucrose / maltose / fructose / fat
3	(c)	(iii)	D;	1	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT F IGNORE triglyceride / fat / lipid / haemoglobin

0	Questi	ion	Expecte	ed Answers	Mar	k	Additional Guidance		
3	(d)						Comparative statements same line Award 1 mark for each co comparison. ALLOW two same pair of boxes, e.g α-glucose in a branched chain	prrect side by side	
			alvoogon		1		= 2 marks		
			glycogen no hydrogen bonding	cellulose hydrogen bonding					
			α / alpha, glucose	β / beta , glucose			ACCEPT 'a' and 'b'		
			1,4 <u>and</u> 1,6-glycosidic bonds or 1,6-glycosidic bonds present	1,4-glycosidic bonds (only) or 1,6-glycosidic bonds not present	;				
			branched	not branched / linear / straight	;		ACCEPT helical / spiral / co DO NOT CREDIT α-helix	oiled vs linear / straight	
			no , fibres / fibrils	fibres / fibrils];				
			granules	no granules];				
			all glucose units in same orientation	adjacent glucose units in opposite orientation					
					3 ma	X			
				T	otal [16]				

G	Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(i)				Mark the first answer on each numbered line.
			1	the elderly / older people ;		1 ACCEPT ref to any age over 50
			2	'at risk' children / young people;		2 ACCEPT the young / infants / babies IGNORE refs to age
			3	pregnant women ;		
			4	those with compromised immune systems;		4 ACCEPT weak ACCEPT e.g. with AIDS / HIV / on immunosuppressant drugs / ref cancer
			5	those with chronic diseases ;		5 ACCEPT e.g. heart conditions / lung conditions / asthma / diabetes
			6	health workers ;		
			7	poultry workers / pig farmers ;	0	7 ACCEPT other professions working with animals,
			-1:66		2 max	e.g. vets
4	(a)	(ii)	aitt	erent <u>strains</u> of the <u>virus</u> / <u>virus</u> mutates (each year) ;		IGNORE 'different types' or 'virus changes' or
						'different strands' ACCEPT (influenza) pathogen
			(new strains have) different <u>antigens</u> ;			CREDIT antigenic shift / drift
			idea that antibody produced, needs to match new strain /			ora original antibody does not match new antigen
				antigen ; ora		
					2 max	

G	Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(iii)				Mark the first <u>two</u> differences IGNORE answers, e.g. 'size of response' or 'response is faster' that do not refer to a feature of the secondary or primary response
			secondary response , starts earlier / has shorter delay before response ; ora secondary response , more rapid / faster ; ora secondary response , higher / produces more antibodies ;			CREDIT 'shorter lag time' ACCEPT steeper ACCEPT bigger
				ora	2 max	IGNORE 'secondary response lasts longer' as this is not clear from graph
4	(a)	(iv)	1	recognise, virus / antigen / pathogen;		1 ACCEPT description of recognition IGNORE find / detect
			2	produce a clone ;		2 ACCEPT ref to clonal expansion ACCEPT 'divide by mitosis to produce large numbers'
			3 4	can , change to / form , plasma cells (on infection) ; make antibodies (against influenza , virus / antigen) ;		4 IGNORE 'reproduce antibodies' IGNORE 'release antibodies'
			5	responsible for secondary response / destroy virus before symptoms appear ;		5 IGNORE refs to speed of response unqualified
			6	can , change to / form , named T-cell ;	3 max	

(Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(b)	(i)	(anti	biotics) are, not effective against <u>viruses</u> / effective (only) against bacteria (and fungi / protozoa) ;	1	ACCEPT antibiotics do not kill viruses IGNORE viruses are resistant to antibiotics ACCEPT correct ref to detail of antibiotic action, e.g. 'antibiotics attack cell wall which is not present in influenza (virus)'
4	(b)	(ii)	1 2 3	Tamiflu [®] is , competitive / non-competitive inhibitor ; correct detail of inhibition method that does not contradict stated type of inhibition ; prevents , substrate binding to active site / formation of enzyme-substrate complex / formation of ESC ;		 2 e.g. fits or binds to <u>active site</u> / complementary shape to <u>active site</u> / competes for the <u>active site</u> OR fits into allosteric site or site other than active site / changes shape of <u>active site</u> 3 IGNORE substrate binding to enzyme
4	(b)	(iii)			2 max	IGNORE herd immunity / ring vaccination
4	(c)		redu	nts) already identified as likely to have , medicinal properties / few side effects / AW ; ices , time / effort , in finding , plants / active chemicals ; sibly) reduces cost ; Total	2 max [16]	ACCEPT 'known / proven to work' ACCEPT reduced time for testing

G	Quest	ion	Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	both rise (between 1920 and 1960);		Needs direct comparison in single statement
			men started smoking before, ca. 1900 / women's smoking started increasing after 1920 - 1925 ;		ACCEPT comparative statement, e.g. 'women started smoking later than men'
			similar levels of smoking (in men and women) by 1990;		ACCEPT 5000 in both by the end of the 1980s
			smoking in men , levelled off / plateaued		DO NOT CREDIT if plateau described before 1940
			OR		
			smoking in women continues to rise ;	2 max	
5	(a)	(ii)	(positive) correlation / similar pattern , between smoking and lung cancer ;		ACCEPT similar shaped graphs IGNORE 'as smoking increases, so does lung cancer'
			<i>idea that</i> increase in incidence of lung cancer lags behind increase in smoking ;		ACCEPT followed by
			<i>idea of</i> once smoking has levelled off there is a corresponding levelling off in incidence of lung cancer ;		
			<i>idea of</i> men always smoking more and men having higher rates of cancer ; ora		ACCEPT if answer implies levelling off at same time
				2	

(Question		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(b)	1	tar / (cigarette) smoke , contains <u>carcinogen</u> s / is <u>carcinogen</u> ic ;		1 IGNORE cigarettes
		2	benzopyrene / formaldehyde / other e.g.;		
		3	enters , lung / epithelial , <u>cells</u> ;		
		4	<i>idea that</i> destroyed cilia prevent removal of , carcinogens / tar , which then have greater contact time with epithelial cells ;		
		5	enters nucleus / in contact with DNA;		5 'contact with DNA' needs to be stated not implied
		6	causes <u>mutat</u> ion ;		6 IGNORE description
		7	proto-oncogenes to oncogenes ;		7 ACCEPT switching on (proto)oncogenes
		8	uncontrollable , cell division / mitosis ;		8 ACCEPT cell multiplication IGNORE growth
					IGNORE ref to speed of cell division
		9	formation of , tumour / mass of cells ;		9 ACCEPT lump (of cells)
		10	no, programmed cell death / apoptosis;		
				5 max	
		QW	${f C}$ ~ showing link between smoking and lung cancer ;	1	1 mark awarded from mps 1 to 5 and 1 mark awarded from mps 6 to 10

0	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
5	(c)				Mark the first answer on each numbered line.	
			1 mouth / tongue / throat / oesophageal , cancer ;		1 ACCEPT secondary cancers	
			 2 <u>chronic</u> bronchitis / COPD ; 3 emphysema / COPD ; 4 <u>ath</u>erosclerosis ; 5 thrombosis ; 		 2 DO NOT CREDIT smoker's cough 3 CREDIT COPD once only 5 IGNORE thrombus 	
			 6 coronary heart disease / CHD / angina / heart attack / myocardial infarction / MI ; 7 stroke ; 		6 IGNORE cardiovascular disease / hypertension / chronic heart disease	
		1	8 peripheral vascular disease / <u>arterio</u> sclerosis ;	max 3		
			Total	[13]		

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance	
6	(a)	(i)	3 parts to body ;		Mark the first answer on each numbered line.	
			head + thorax + tail ;		ACCEPT wherever seen	
			segmented ; lateral spines / spines from both sides of head ; thorax / tail , similar shape ;	3 max	ACCEPT 'a lateral spine' ACCEPT description of thorax / tail shape	
6	(a)	(ii)	anterior spine (from head) on A ; longer lateral spines on B ; less rounded / AW , head on B ; any other reasonable difference ; ;	2 max	 Mark the first answer on each numbered line. Answers must state either species A or species B ACCEPT ora throughout e.g. (greater) fusion of tail segments in B grooves around edge of head in B outline of tail section (more) curved in A A has more segments CREDIT any clear description of a difference 	
6	(b)		 <i>idea of</i> fossils show changes over time ; <i>idea that</i> there are methods to date fossils ; <i>idea of</i> simplest / most different from modern , species / AW , in oldest rocks ; <i>idea of</i> showing , links / relationships , between , groups / species / organisms / taxa ; many fossils organisms no longer exist ; <i>idea of</i> compare DNA extracted from some fossils ; 	2 max	 2 ACCEPT it is possible to date fossils 4 ACCEPT ref to common ancestor of two species Answers could refer to links between species A and species B 	
			Total	2 max [7]		

(Question		Expected Answers		Mark	Additional Guidance
7	(a)					Mark the first answer for each letter. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			X phosph	nate;		DO NOT CREDIT PO ₄ or 'phosphate , molecule / backbone' IGNORE group
			Y <u>de</u> oxyr	ibose ;		DO NOT CREDIT deoxyribulose IGNORE (pentose) sugar
			Z <u>thymin</u>	<u>e;</u>	3	DO NOT CREDIT incorrect spelling IGNORE (nitrogenous) base / T

(Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark		Additional Guidance	
7	(b)		1	semi-conservative (replication);			CREDIT answers from clearly labelled diagram IGNORE anything after it becomes clear that a candidate is describing transcription	
			•					
			2	(double) <u>helix</u> , untwists / uncoils / unwinds / unravels;		2	IGNORE straightens	
			3	hydrogen bonds (between bases) break ;		3	DO NOT CREDIT α-helix IGNORE unzips	
			4	each strand acts as the <u>template</u> (for the formation of a new molecule) ;				
			5	free (DNA) <u>nucleotides</u> (align with exposed bases) ;		5	IGNORE in cytoplasm	
			6	complementary base pairing / purine to pyrimidine;		6	IGNORE A to T / C to G (as given in Q) ACCEPT base pair rule	
			7	hydrogen bonds (re)form ;				
			8	sugar-phosphate backbone forms / adjacent nucleotides join ;		8	CREDIT formation of phosphodiester bond	
			9	<u>DNA</u> polymerase joins , backbone / strands ;		9	ACCEPT in context of H bonds forming	
			10	each new molecule has 1 old and 1 new strand ;		10	DO NOT CREDIT half old and half new strand	
			11	AVP ;	6 max	11	e.g. correct ref to , (DNA) helicase (in context of unwinding or unzipping) / (DNA) ligase (in context of joining Okazaki fragments or role in backbone formation) / leading or lagging strand / 3' / 5' / antiparallel / activation of free nucleotides / 3 H bonds between C and G / 2 H bonds between A and T / Okazaki fragments / proof reading	
			QW	C ~ events in correct sequence so long as no ref to	1	1 m	ark from mps 2 to 4 <i>then</i> 1 mark from mps 5 to 7	
			trans	scription / translation , seen ;			<i>n</i> mp 8 or 9	
				Total	[10]			

C	Questi	ion		Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
8	(a)		1 2 3	different species ; different genus ; genetically incompatible ;		3 ACCEPT 'DNA sufficiently different' IGNORE refs to meiosis
			4	(may have) different number of chromosomes;		4 IGNORE refs to meiosis
			5	physical / behavioural , reason for reproductive incompatibility ;	0	 5 e.g. eggs remain unfertilised / different incubation patterns IGNORE refs to fertility of offspring
8	(b)	(i)	Cc	onvention (on) International Trade (in)	2 max	ACCEPT Commission / Conference / Congress
	()	(.)		Endangered Species ;	1	ACCEPT Trading DO NOT CREDIT Conservation / Countries
8	(b)	(ii)	1	regulate / monitor , trade in selected , species / animals / plants / animal products ;		Mark the first two answers only. IGNORE trafficking throughout (as in stem) 1 ACCEPT idea of species being on a list ACCEPT endangered ACCEPT prevent IGNORE illegal IGNORE animals / plants ungualified
			2	<i>idea of</i> ensuring <u>trade</u> does not put <u>wild populations</u> at risk ;		
			3	idea of prohibiting commercial trade in wild plants;		3 ACCEPT endangered plants
			4	idea of allowing trade in artificially propagated plants;		
			5	<i>idea of</i> allowing <u>trade</u> in less endangered species subject to permit ;	2 max	

C	Question		Expected Answers			Additional Guidance
8	(c)	(c)		elated / AW, individuals ;		ACCEPT idea of individuals with sufficiently different genes
			of r sel	alth ; eproductive age ; ecting individuals of opposite sex (for breeding) ; ect higher proportion of females ;		ACCEPT 'whether they are healthy (or not)' ACCEPT fertility of individuals
_	<i>(</i>)		<u> </u>		2 max	
8	(d)		1 2	bird(s) healthy / quarantine before release ; adequate (natural) food supply / provide food (if necessary) ;		1 IGNORE refs to ongoing health monitoring
			3	protected reserve / no hunting / no poaching / legal protection ;		3 ACCEPT ref to controlling predators
			4	method to monitor population ;		4 e.g. tag birds
			5	raise public awareness / educate local population / educate collectors ;		5 ACCEPT involve local population
			6	method to prepare animals for survival in wild ;		6 e.g. raise with minimal human contact, predator awareness training ACCEPT teaching it to find food
			7	idea of gradual introduction, e.g via semi-wild habitat;	3 max	
				Total	[10]	

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