

## **General Certificate of Secondary Education**

## **Mathematics 4360**

## Unit 3 Higher Tier 43603H

# **Mark Scheme**

Specimen Paper

#### **Mark Schemes**

Principal Examiners have prepared these mark schemes for specimen papers. These mark schemes have not, therefore, been through the normal process of standardising that would take place for live papers.

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#### **Glossary for Mark Schemes**

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

- M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
- A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
- **B** Marks awarded independent of method.
- **Q** Marks awarded for quality of written communication.
- **M dep** A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
- ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.
- **SC** Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
- oe Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.

eg, accept 0.5 as well as  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

**eeoo** Each error or omission.

### Unit 3 Higher Tier

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	1		
1(a)	Fully correct rotation	B3	B1 180° rotation with centre 0
			B1 90° clockwise rotation with wrong centre
			B2 90° clockwise rotation with centre $\theta$
			B2 90° anticlockwise rotation with wrong centre
1(b)	x = -1	B2	B1 For coordinates plotted or line shown on graph

2	5 × 4.47	M1	
	Their 22.35 × 27	M1 dep	
	603	A1	
	600 < 603 so not speeding	A1	oe
	Alternate method		
	600 ÷ 27 (= 22.22)	M1	
	Their 22.22 × 10 ÷ 4.47	M1 dep	
	49.71	A1	
	49.71 < 50 so not speeding	A1	ое

3	Sometimes true	B1		
	Valid explanation	B1	eg, height of triangle can vary	

4	39 ÷ 3 or 39 ÷ 6 or 19.5 ÷ 3 or 19.5 ÷ 6	M1	oe
	13 or 6.5 seen	A1	
	13 × 13	M1	
	169	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5	Multiples of 8 (at least 4) 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56,	M1	Either 8x or $9(12 - x)$ $x + y = 12$
	Multiples of 9 (at least 4) 9, 18, 27, 36, 45, 54, 63,	M1	8x + 9(12 - x) = 103 $8x + 9y = 103$
	40 and 63	M1	$8x + 108 - 9x = 103 \qquad 9x + 9y = 108$
	5	A1	
6(a)	5 (equal) exterior angles must total $360^{\circ}$ and $360 \div 5 = 72$ or $5 \times 72 = 360$	B1	$360 \div 5 = 72$ is not enough there must be some reference to exterior angles
6(b)	2 × 72 or 360 – (2 × 108)	M1	ое
	( <i>x</i> =) 144	A1	
7		M1	
1	$\pi \times 3.5 \times 3.5 \text{ or } \pi \times 5 \times 5 \text{ or}$ $\pi \times 7 \times 7$		12.25π or 25π or 49π

M1

A1

A1 ft

ft If both Ms awarded

 $\pi \times 3.5 \times 3.5 + \pi \times 5 \times 5$ 

 $47.25\pi$  and  $49\pi$ 

He is correct

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
8(a)	x(x + 10)	B1	
8(b)	(y + 6)(y - 6)	B1	
8(c)	5w + w = 9 - 6	M1	Allow one sign error
	6 <i>w</i> = 3	M1	For collecting like terms ft Their first line
	$\frac{1}{2}$	A1	oe Accept $\frac{3}{6}$
8(d)	LCM of 12 used correctly or attempt at LHS multiplied by 12	M1	
	6x + 9 + 4x - 20	M1	Allow one error
	10x - 11 = 18	A1	10x - 11 = 3 scores A0
	2.9	A1 ft	ft From <b>one</b> arithmetic error but <b>not</b> from $10x - 11 = 3$

9(a)	$\frac{1}{2} \times (7+11) \times 5$	M1	
	45	A1	
9(b)	Their 45 × 16	M1	or 720
	19.3 × their 720	M1	
	13896	A1	
	13.896	A1 ft	ft If both Ms awarded

10	6 × 2 (× 1) or 12	B1	
	12 × 1.25	M1	
	15	A1	
	15 × 49.50 (+ 30) or 5 × 67.50 (+ 430) (= 337.50)	M1	
	(£)742.50 or (£)772.50	A1	
	Company B and (£)767.50	Q1	Strand (iii) An organised response leading to a correct conclusion

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Γ		1
11(a)	D	B1	
	A	B1	
	С	B1	
11(b)	Negative gradient and through point on positive <i>y</i> -axis	B1	'2' need not be marked

12(a)	$x^2 = 41^2 - 40^2$	M1	
	$x^2 = 81$ or $x = \sqrt{81}$ (= 9)	A1	
12(b)	$(n+1)^2 - n^2 = m^2$	M1	
	$n^2 + 2n + 1 - n^2 = m^2$	M1 dep	
	$m^2 = 2n + 1$	A1	
	$m^2$ is odd since $2n + 1$ is odd	A1	
	$m$ is odd since odd $\times$ odd = odd	A1	

13(a)	$2x^2-7x+9=0$	В3	oe –1 eeoo B2 Fully correct expression
13(b)	Reference to square root of negative number	B1	

14	Cos A = $(10^2 + 6^2 - 14^2)$ ÷ $(2 \times 6 \times 10)$	M1	
	$-\frac{1}{2}$	A1	
	120°	A1	

15	Angle <i>PRQ</i> = 180° – 134° or 46°	M1	
	Angle $POQ = 2 \times \text{their } 46^\circ \text{ or } 92^\circ$	M1	
	Reflex angle <i>POQ</i> = 268°	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
16(a)	(height of cylinder =) 9	B1	
	$\pi \times 3^2 \times$ their 9 or $81\pi$	M1	
	$\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 3^3$ or $18\pi$	M1	ое
	99π	A1	
16(b)	Their 49.5 $\pi$ – their 18 $\pi$ or 31.5 $\pi$	M1	Must see use of ' $\frac{1}{2}$ of their 99 $\pi$ '
	Their 31.5 $\pi$ = $\pi \times 3^2 \times h$	M1 dep	dep on previous M1
	$h = \text{their } 31.5\pi \div (\pi \times 3^2) \text{ or } 3.5$	M1	
	<i>d</i> = 6.5	Q1	Strand (ii) For correct answer supported by logical working showing key steps
17	Attempt to rewrite $x^{2}-5x+3=0$ as $x^{2}-4x+1=x-2$	M1	
	Identify $(y =) x - 2$	A1	
	Accurately draws line $y = x - 2$	M1 dep	
	(x =) 0.7 and 4.3	A1	ft Their line if both M1s earned