Mark Scheme 4751 January 2006

1	n(n+1) soon	M1	or B1 for n odd $\Rightarrow n^2$ odd, and	
1	n(n+1) seen	A1		
	$=$ odd \times even and/or even \times odd	AI	comment eg odd $+$ odd $=$ even	
	= even		B1 for n even $\Rightarrow n^2$ even, and	
			comment eg even + even = even	
			allow A1 for 'any number	2
			multiplied by the consecutive	
			number is even'	
2	(i) translation	1		
	of $\binom{2}{3}$			
	$\begin{pmatrix} o_1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	1	or '2 to the right' or ' $x \rightarrow x + 2$ '	
	(-)		or 'all x values are increased by	
	(ii) y = f(x-2)		2'	
	(11) $y = 1(x - 2)$	2		4
			1 for y = f(x+2)	
3	$16 + 32x + 24x^2 + 8x^3 + x^4 \text{ isw}$	4	3 for 4 terms correct, 2 for 3	
			terms correct, or M1 for 1 4 6 4 1	
			s.o.i. and M1 for expansion with	4
			correct powers of 2	
4	x > -4.5 o.e. isw www	4	accept $-27/6$ or better; 3 for $x =$	
	$M1 \text{ for } \times 4$		-4.5 etc	
	M1 expand brackets or divide by		or Ms for each of the four steps	
	3		carried out correctly with	
	M1 subtract constant from LHS		inequality [-1 if working with	4
	M1 divide to find x]		equation] (ft from earlier errors if	
			of comparable difficulty)	
5	4P - 4P	4	M1 for $PC + 4P = C$	
	$[C =] \frac{4P}{1-P}$ or $\frac{-4P}{P-1}$ o.e.		M1 for $4P = C - PC$ or ft	
	1 1 1 1		M1 for $4P = C(1 - P)$ or ft	
			4	
			B3 for $[C =] \frac{4}{1}$ o.e.	4
			$\frac{1}{2} - 1$	
			P	
-	f(1) wood	М/1	unsimplified	
6	f(1) used $1^3 + 3 \times 1 + k = 6$	M1	or division by $x - 1$ as far as $x^2 +$	
		A1 A1	X	3
	k = 2	AI	or remainder = $4 + k$	3
7	IDC 1/	2	B3 for $k = 2$ www	
7	grad BC = $-\frac{1}{4}$ soi	2	M1 for $m_1m_2 = -1$ soi or for grad	
		1	AB = 4 or grad $BC = 1/4$	_F
	$y-3 = -\frac{1}{4}(x-2)$ o.e. cao	$\frac{1}{2}$	e.g. $y = -0.25x + 3.5$	5
	14 or ft from their BC	2	M1 for subst $y = 0$ in their BC	
8	(i) $30\sqrt{2}$	2	M1 for $\sqrt{8}=2\sqrt{2}$ or $\sqrt{50}=5\sqrt{2}$ soi	
			B1 for $6\sqrt{50}$ or other correct $a\sqrt{b}$	
	(ii) $\frac{1}{11} + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{3}$ or $\frac{3}{33} + \frac{6}{33}\sqrt{3}$ or		M1 for mult num and denom by	
	$\frac{11}{11} + \frac{11}{11} + \frac{11}{11} + \frac{11}{33} + 11$	3	6+√3	
	mixture of these		and M1 for denom = 11 or 33	5

			B2 for $\frac{3+6\sqrt{3}}{33}$ or $\frac{1+2\sqrt{3}}{11}$	
9	(i) $k \le 25/4$ (ii) -2.5	2	M2 for $5^2 - 4k \ge 0$ or B2 for $25/4$ obtained isw or M1 for $b^2 - 4ac$ soi or completing square accept $-20/8$ or better, isw; M1 for attempt to express quadratic as $(2x + a)^2$ or for attempt at quadratic formula	5

10	i	$(0,0), \sqrt{45} \text{ isw or } 3\sqrt{5}$	1+1		2
	ii	x = 3 - y or $y = 3 - x$ seen or used subst in eqn of circle to eliminate variable $9 - 6y + y^2 + y^2 = 45$ $2y^2 - 6y - 36 = 0$ or $y^2 - 3y - 18$ = 0 (y - 6)(y + 3) = 0 y = 6 or $-3x = -3$ or $6\sqrt{(6 - 3)^2 + (3 - 6)^2}$	M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 A1 A1	for correct expn of $(3 - y)^2$ seen oe condone one error if quadratic or quad. formula attempted [complete sq attempt earns last 2 Ms] or A1 for $(6, -3)$ and A1 for $(-3, 6)$	8
				no ft from wrong points (A.G.)	
11	i	$(x-3.5)^2-6.25$	3	B1 for $a = 7/2$ o.e, B2 for $b = -25/4$ o.e. or M1 for $6 - (7/2)^2$ or $6 - (\text{their } a)^2$	3
	ii	(3.5, -6.25) o.e. or ft from their (i)	1+1	allow $x = 3.5$ and $y = -6.25$ or ft; allow shown on graph	2
	iii	(0, 6) (1, 0) (6, 0)	3	1 each [stated or numbers shown on graph]	
		curve of correct shape fully correct intns and min in 4th quadrant	G1 G1	one was on graphij	5
	iv	$\begin{vmatrix} x^2 - 7x + 6 = x^2 - 3x + 4 \\ 2 = 4x \end{vmatrix}$	M1 M1	or $4x - 2 = 0$ (simple linear form; condone one error)	
		$x = \frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5 or 2/4 cao	A1	condone no comment re only one intn	3
12	i	sketch of cubic the correct way	G1 G1		
		curve passing through (0, 0)	G1		3
	ii	curve touching x axis at (3, 0) $x(x^2 - 6x + 9) = 2$	M1	or $(x^2 - 3x)(x - 3) = 2$ [for one step in expanding	
		$x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x = 2$	M1	brackets] for 2nd step, dep on first M1	2
	iii	subst $x = 2$ in LHS of their eqn or in $x(x - 3)^2 = 2$ o.e. working to show consistent	1	or 2 for division of their eqn by $(x-2)$ and showing no remainder	
			M1		
		division of their eqn by $(x - 2)$ attempted $x^2 - 4x + 1$	A1	or inspection attempted with $(x^2 + kx + c)$ seen	

	soln of their quadratic by formula or completing square attempted $x = 2 \pm \sqrt{3}$ or $(4 \pm \sqrt{12})/2$ isw locating the roots on intersection of their curve and $y = 2$	M1 A2 G1	condone ignoring remainder if they have gone wrong A1 for one correct must be 3 intns; condone $x = 2$ not marked; mark this when marking sketch graph in (i)	7 G1	
--	---	----------------	---	---------	--