

# **Chemistry A**

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit **F321**: Atoms, Bonds and Groups

## **Mark Scheme for January 2012**

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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## Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
	Benefit of doubt given
	Contradiction
	Incorrect response
	Error carried forward
	Ignore
	Not answered question
	Benefit of doubt not given
	Power of 10 error
	Omission mark
	Rounding error
	Error in number of significant figures
	Correct response

Annotation	Meaning
<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b>	Answers which are not worthy of credit
<b>IGNORE</b>	Statements which are irrelevant
<b>ALLOW</b>	Answers that can be accepted
( )	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
<b>ECF</b>	Error carried forward
<b>AW</b>	Alternative wording
<b>ORA</b>	Or reverse argument

**Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

The following questions should be annotated with ticks to show where marks have been awarded in the body of the text: 3(d)(i), 3(d)(ii) and 4(b).

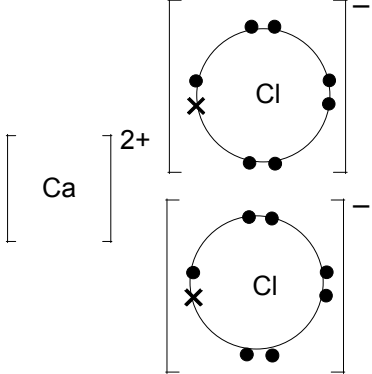
Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance									
1	(a)	(i)	<b>mass</b> of the <b>isotope</b> compared to 1/12th <b>OR</b> <b>mass</b> of the <b>atom</b> compared to 1/12th ✓  (the mass of a) <sup>12</sup> C (atom) ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> for <sup>12</sup> C: carbon-12 <b>OR</b> C-12 <b>OR</b> C 12 <b>OR</b> 12 C  <b>IGNORE</b> reference to average <b>OR</b> weighted mean (ie correct definition of relative atomic mass scores both marks)  <b>ALLOW</b> mass of a <b>mole</b> of the isotope/atom with 1/12th ✓ the mass of a <b>mole</b> <b>OR</b> 12 g of carbon-12 ✓  <b>ALLOW 2 marks for:</b> ' <b>mass</b> of the isotope <b>OR</b> <b>mass</b> of the atom compared to <sup>12</sup> C atom given a mass of 12.0' ie 'given a mass of 12' communicates the same idea as 1/12th'  <b>ALLOW FOR 2 MARKS:</b> <div>mass of the isotope</div> <div>mass of 1/12th mass of carbon - 12</div> ie fraction is equivalent to 'compared to'  <b>ALLOW 1 MARK FOR</b> a mix of mass of atom and mass of mole of atoms, ie: 'mass of the isotope/mass of an atom compared with 1/12th the mass of a <b>mole</b> <b>OR</b> 12 g of carbon-12'  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> mass of ion <b>OR</b> mass of element <b>BUT ALLOW</b> mass of an atom of an element									
		(ii)	Both rows completed correctly ✓ <table><tr><td></td><td><b>protons</b></td><td><b>neutrons</b></td></tr><tr><td>iodine-127</td><td>53</td><td>74</td></tr><tr><td>iodine-131</td><td>53</td><td>78</td></tr></table>		<b>protons</b>	<b>neutrons</b>	iodine-127	53	74	iodine-131	53	78	1	<b>ALL</b> four entries in table correct for 1 mark
	<b>protons</b>	<b>neutrons</b>												
iodine-127	53	74												
iodine-131	53	78												

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(b)	(i)	<p>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 91.6 (µg), must be 3 sf, award 2 marks</p> <p>Amount of I<sup>-</sup> mark: = 70.0 x 10<sup>-6</sup> /126.9 <b>OR</b> = 5.52 x 10<sup>-7</sup> ✓ (mol)</p> <p>Mass of KI = (5.52 x 10<sup>-7</sup>/10<sup>-6</sup>) x 166.0 = 91.6 (µg) must be 3 sf ✓</p>	2	<p>If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible <b>FOR ONE MARK ONLY</b> using working below</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 70.0 x 10<sup>-x</sup> /126.9 <b>OR</b> 5.52 x 10<sup>-x</sup> (ie wrong conversion of µg and g) <b>ALLOW</b> calculator values which round to 5.52 x 10<sup>-x</sup>, ie 3 significant figures or more</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> ECF for incorrect calculated amount of I<sup>-</sup> x 166.0, must be 3 sf <b>ALLOW</b> calculator value or rounding to 3 significant figures or more <b>BUT IGNORE</b> 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2.</p> <p>Answers with 91.6 x 10<sup>-x</sup> (ie wrong conversion of µg and g) would get one mark</p>
		(ii)	<p><b>Ethical implications</b> Some people feel it is wrong to put additives into the national diet <b>OR</b> <b>Dietary issues</b> Food <b>OR</b> diet contains sufficient amounts of iodide ✓</p>	1	<p><b>ALLOW</b> some people disapprove of additives in their food</p> <p>Assume 'it' refers to KI <b>IGNORE</b> economic reasons <b>ALLOW</b> (excess) potassium <b>OR</b> K<sup>(+)</sup> <b>OR</b> KI is harmful <b>OR</b> toxic <b>ALLOW too much</b> iodine <b>OR</b> iodide <b>OR</b> I<sup>(-)</sup> is harmful <b>OR</b> toxic <b>ALLOW</b> iodine <b>OR</b> iodide <b>OR</b> I<sup>(-)</sup> <b>OR</b> KI is radioactive <b>ALLOW</b> any effect which would be detrimental to human health <b>OR</b> well-being <b>OR</b> eg 'lead to heart problems'</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> some table salt already contains iodide (eg sea salt) <b>ALLOW</b> some countries do not have (access to) KI <b>IGNORE</b> references to dangerous <b>OR</b> taste <b>IGNORE</b> responses referring solely to intake going above GDA <b>IGNORE</b> carcinogenic</p>
	(c)	(i)	$Cl_2 + 2I^- \rightarrow 2Cl^- + I_2 \checkmark$	1	<p><b>IGNORE</b> state symbols</p>

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)	<p><b>Two alternative explanations to award the two marks:</b></p> <p><i>Explanation 1</i>  <b>ICl</b> has <b>permanent dipole</b> (–dipole) (interactions) <b>AND</b>  <b>Cl<sub>2</sub></b> has (only) van der Waals' forces ✓</p> <p>Forces are stronger in <b>ICl</b> <b>ORA</b>  <b>OR</b>  More energy is needed to overcome forces in <b>ICl</b> ✓  <b>ORA</b></p> <p><i>Explanation 2</i>  <b>ICl</b> has more electrons ✓ <b>ORA</b></p> <p>Stronger van der Waals' forces in <b>ICl</b> (than in <b>Cl<sub>2</sub></b>) <b>ORA</b>  <b>OR</b>  More energy is needed to overcome van der Waals' forces in <b>ICl</b> ✓ <b>ORA</b></p>	2	<p><b>Quality of Written Communication:</b> 'dipole' OR 'permanent' spelled correctly at least once and in context for marking point 1 in explanation 1</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 'vdW' for van der Waals'  <b>IGNORE</b> references to van der Waals' forces in <b>ICl</b> in explanation 1  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'dipole–dipole interactions' without reference to these being permanent for marking point 1</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> marking point 2 for comparison of <b>ICl</b> having stronger ionic <b>OR</b> covalent bonds than <b>Cl<sub>2</sub></b></p> <p><b>Quality of Written Communication</b> – 'electrons' spelled correctly once and used in context for marking point 1 of explanation 2</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> I has more electrons</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> more van der Waals' forces  <b>ALLOW</b> 'vdW' for van der Waals'</p>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>	

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	<p>Add (aqueous) silver nitrate OR <math>\text{AgNO}_3</math> OR <math>\text{Ag}^+</math> ions ✓</p> <p>white <b>AND</b> precipitate ✓</p>	2	<p><b>IGNORE</b> references to nitric acid  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> references to any other additional reagent added to silver nitrate for marking point 1</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 'solid' OR 'ppt' for 'precipitate'.  Both colour <b>AND</b> state is needed.  <b>IGNORE</b> references to solubility in ammonia for marking point 2 if colour of precipitate is stated <b>BUT</b>  <b>ALLOW</b> 'dissolves in <b>dilute</b> ammonia' if <b>no</b> colour of precipitate is given  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> marking point 2 if additional reagent leads to invalid test</p>
	(b)	<p>The mixture effervesced <b>OR</b> fizzed <b>OR</b> bubbled <b>OR</b> produced a <b>gas</b> ✓</p> <p><b>X</b> is <math>\text{CaCO}_3</math> <b>OR</b> calcium carbonate ✓</p>	2	<p><b>ALLOW</b> CaO would not fizz  <b>IGNORE</b> name of gas</p>
	(c)	(i)	1	<p><b>ALLOW</b> 'with water' <b>OR</b> 'has water'  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'in solution' <b>OR</b> 'in water'</p>
		(ii)	2	<p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>\text{CaCl}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6</math>  <b>ALLOW</b> <math>\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> (ie no 'dot')  <b>ALLOW</b> <math>[219.1 - (40.1 + 2 \times 35.5)] / 18</math> <b>AND</b> <math>\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}</math> for two marks  <b>ALLOW</b> ECF for incorrectly calculated mass of <math>\text{H}_2\text{O} / 18</math> provided final answer is rounded to nearest whole number for marking point 2</p>



Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (d)	 <p>Ca shown with either 8 or 0 electrons  <b>AND</b>          Cl shown with 8 electrons with 7 crosses and one dot (or vice versa) ✓          correct charges on both sets of ions ✓</p>	2	<p><b>For first mark</b>, if eight electrons are shown in the cation then the 'extra' electron in the anion must match symbol chosen for electrons in the cation  <b>IGNORE</b> inner shell electrons          Circles <b>not</b> essential</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> One mark if both electron arrangement and charges are correct but only one Cl is drawn</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 2[Cl<sup>-</sup>] 2[Cl]<sup>-</sup> [Cl<sup>-</sup>]<sub>2</sub> (brackets not required)  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> [Cl<sub>2</sub>]<sup>-</sup> [Cl<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2-</sup> [2Cl]<sup>2-</sup> [Cl]<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup></p>
(e)	<p>Ba is more reactive than Ca ✓ <b>ORA</b></p> <p>Br<sub>2</sub> is less reactive than Cl<sub>2</sub> ✓ <b>ORA</b></p>	2	<p><b>ALLOW</b> reactivity increases down Group 2 <b>ORA</b>          Provided Ca <b>and</b> Ba have been identified as Group 2 elements  <b>ALLOW</b> reactivity decreases down Group 7 <b>ORA</b>          Provided Cl <b>and</b> Br have been identified as Group 7 elements  <b>ALLOW</b> one mark for both sentences if no ascribing to groups</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> Br for Br<sub>2</sub> and Cl for Cl<sub>2</sub>  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> Br<sup>-</sup> for Br<sub>2</sub> <b>OR</b> Cl<sup>-</sup></p>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>11</b>	

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	A region (within an atom) that can hold (up to) two electrons ✓ (with opposite spin)	1	<b>ALLOW</b> 'can be found' <b>OR</b> 'contains' <b>OR</b> 'has' etc. for 'can hold' <b>ALLOW</b> 'area' <b>OR</b> 'volume' <b>OR</b> 'space' <b>OR</b> 'somewhere' etc. for region <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> path of an electron <b>IGNORE</b> references to 'orbitals being parts of sub-shells'
		(ii)	$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^4$ ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> subscripts, capitals <b>IGNORE</b> $1s^2$ seen twice
		(iii)	7 ✓	1	
	(b)		(The amount of substance which contains) as many particles as there are carbon <b>atoms</b> in 12g of $^{12}\text{C}$ (atoms) ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ particles (atoms, molecules, ions etc.) <b>OR</b> $N_A$ particles <b>OR</b> $L$ particles <b>ALLOW</b> 'Avogadro number' in place of $N_A$ particles <b>ALLOW</b> 'Number of atoms in 12 g of $^{12}\text{C}$ ' <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'the number of particles in 12g of $^{12}\text{C}$ atoms'
	(c)		Energy (needed) to remove an electron ✓ from <b>each atom</b> in <b>one mole</b> ✓ of <b>gaseous atoms</b> ✓	3	<b>ALLOW</b> 'Energy to remove one mole of electrons from one mole of gaseous atoms' for three marks <b>IGNORE</b> 'element' <b>ALLOW</b> 'Energy needed to remove an electron from one mole of gaseous atoms (to form one mole of gaseous 1+ ions)' for two marks  For third mark: <b>ALLOW</b> ECF if wrong 'particle' is used in second marking point but is described as being gaseous eg 'molecule' instead of 'atom'  If no definition, <b>ALLOW</b> one mark for $\text{X(g)} \rightarrow \text{X}^+(\text{g}) + \text{e}^-$ <b>OR</b> $\text{X(g)} - \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{X}^+(\text{g})$ <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{e}^-$ for electron <b>IGNORE</b> state symbols on e

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(d)	(i)	<p><b>From F to Ne</b>  <i>Nuclear charge mark:</i>  Ne has (one) more proton  <b>OR</b>  Nuclear charge increases ✓</p> <p><i>Same shell or energy level mark:</i>  (Outermost) electrons are in the same shell <b>OR</b> energy level  <b>OR</b>  (Outermost) electrons experience the same shielding ✓</p> <p><i>Nuclear attraction mark:</i>  Greater nuclear attraction (on outermost electrons)  <b>OR</b>  Outer electrons are attracted more strongly (to the nucleus) ✓</p>	3	<p><b>Use annotations with ticks, crosses, ECF etc for this part</b></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> proton number increases but <b>IGNORE</b> atomic number increases  <b>IGNORE</b> nucleus gets bigger  <b>IGNORE</b> 'charge increases' ie must be nuclear charge  <b>IGNORE</b> 'effective nuclear charge increases'</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> sub-shell for shell but <b>IGNORE</b> orbitals</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> shielding is similar  <b>ALLOW</b> screening for shielding  <b>IGNORE</b> Atomic radius decreases (<i>because given in question</i>) <b>OR</b> outermost electrons are closer  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'distance is the same' for second mark</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> greater nuclear pull for greater nuclear attraction  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'greater nuclear charge' instead of 'greater nuclear attraction' for the third mark  <b>IGNORE</b> 'pulled closer' for 'pulled more strongly'</p>
		(ii)	<p><b>From Ne to Na</b>  <i>Extra shell or energy level mark:</i>  Na has (one) more shell(s) <b>OR</b> energy level ✓</p> <p><i>Shielding mark:</i>  (Outermost) electron experiences greater shielding ✓</p> <p><i>Nuclear attraction mark:</i>  Less nuclear attraction (on outermost electrons)  <b>OR</b>  Outer electrons are attracted less strongly (to nucleus) ✓</p>	3	<p><b>Use annotations with ticks, crosses, ECF etc for this part</b></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 'next' shell <b>OR</b> 'new' shell  <b>ALLOW</b> (outermost) electrons in a higher energy level  <b>ALLOW</b> outermost electrons <b>OR</b> shell further from nucleus  <b>IGNORE</b> Atomic radius increases (<i>because given in question</i>)  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> orbitals <b>OR</b> sub-shells</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> screening for shielding  <b>ALLOW</b> more electron repulsion from inner shells</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 'less nuclear pull' for 'less nuclear attraction'  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'less nuclear charge' for 'less nuclear attraction' for third mark. There must be a clear comparison</p>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>	

Question		Answer			Marks	Guidance
4	(a)		<b>solid</b>	<b>melting point / °C</b>	2	giant <b>AND</b> ionic required  simple <b>AND</b> molecular required <b>ALLOW</b> simple covalent
			K	63		
			KBr	734		
			H <sub>2</sub> O	0		
	(b)	<p><i>Particle mark 1:</i> In K, (electrostatic attraction between) positive ions/cations <b>AND</b> e<sup>-</sup> / electrons ✓</p> <p><i>Particle mark 2:</i> In KBr, (electrostatic attraction between) <b>oppositely OR</b> positively <b>AND</b> negatively charged ions ✓</p> <p><i>Forces mark:</i> K has metallic bonding <b>OR</b> K has attraction between positive ions and electrons <b>AND</b> KBr has ionic bonding <b>OR</b> KBr has attraction between oppositely charged ions ✓</p> <p><i>In H<sub>2</sub>O,</i> <i>Forces mark:</i> hydrogen bonding ✓</p> <p><i>Particles mark (QWC):</i> (Between) molecules ✓</p> <p>Order of strength of forces: KBr &gt; K &gt; H<sub>2</sub>O <b>OR</b> ionic bonding &gt; metallic bonding &gt; hydrogen bonding ✓</p>			6	<p><b>Use annotations with ticks, crosses, ECF etc for this part</b></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> labels from diagrams if not seen in text</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> K<sup>+</sup> and Br<sup>-</sup> for 'oppositely charged ions'</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'atoms' in KBr</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> 'metallic lattice' for metallic bonding' <b>AND</b> 'ionic lattice' for 'ionic bonding'</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> , for forces mark, incorrect forces for K and KBr, such as covalent, van der Waals' seen anywhere in the response</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> references to van der Waals' forces in water</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 'intermolecular' <b>OR</b> 'molecular' for particles mark <i>Quality of Written Communication:</i> 'molecules' <b>OR</b> 'intermolecular' <b>OR</b> 'molecular' spelt correctly once and used in context for the fifth marking point</p> <p>The order of all <b>three</b> substances <b>OR</b> bonding must be referred to for this mark <b>ALLOW</b> responses which use comparatives such as strong and extremely strong to differentiate strength of forces <b>ALLOW</b> answers that inform KBr &gt; K &gt; H<sub>2</sub>O <b>IGNORING</b> incorrect forces used above</p>

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(c)	<p>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 72(.0) (cm<sup>3</sup>) award 3 marks</p> <p>amount of K = 0.2346 / 39.1 <b>OR</b> = 6.(00) × 10<sup>-3</sup> <b>OR</b> 0.006(00) mol ✓</p> <p>amount of H<sub>2</sub> = (mol of K) / 2 <b>OR</b> = 3.(00) × 10<sup>-3</sup> <b>OR</b> 0.003(00) mol ✓</p> <p>Volume of gas = (mol of H<sub>2</sub>) × 24000 <b>OR</b> = 72(.0) (cm<sup>3</sup>) ✓</p>	3	<p>If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> mol of K x 0.5 correctly calculated for 2nd mark</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> mol of H<sub>2</sub> x 24000 correctly calculated for 3rd mark</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 144 (cm<sup>3</sup>) from 0.006 x 24000 for two marks <b>ALLOW</b> 0.072 from 0.003 x 24 for two marks</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> calculator value or rounding to 2 significant figures or more <b>BUT IGNORE</b> 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2</p>
		<b>Total</b>	<b>11</b>	

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	The H <sup>+</sup> <b>OR</b> hydrogen <b>ions OR</b> protons in (sulfuric) acid have been replaced by ammonium ions <b>OR</b> NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> 'a positive ion' for 'ammonium ions' <b>BUT IGNORE</b> 'a positive metal ion' <b>OR</b> 'metal ions' for 'ammonium ions' <b>IGNORE</b> references to being produced by the reaction of an acid and a base <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> hydrogen atoms <b>OR</b> ammonia ions <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'H for H <sup>+</sup> OR NH <sub>4</sub> for NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 0.104 (mol) award 3 marks  Amount of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> = 0.100 × 32.5/1000 = 3.25 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> <b>OR</b> 0.00325 mol ✓  Amount of NH <sub>3</sub> = (mol of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) × 2 = 6.50 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> <b>OR</b> 0.0065 mol ✓  No. of mol of NH <sub>3</sub> = (mol of NH <sub>3</sub> ) × 400 / 25.0 = 0.104 (mol) ✓	3	If there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below  <b>ALLOW ECF</b> for amount of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> × 2  <b>ALLOW ECF</b> for amount of NH <sub>3</sub> × 400 / 25.0  <b>ALLOW</b> concentration approach for marking point 3  Conc ammonia = 6.50 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> × 1000 / 25.0 = 0.260 mol dm <sup>-3</sup>  mol of NH <sub>3</sub> = (conc of NH <sub>3</sub> ) × 400 / 1000 = 0.104 (mol)  <b>ALLOW</b> calculator value or rounding to 2 sig figs or more <b>BUT IGNORE</b> 'trailing' zeroes, eg 0.200 allowed as 0.2
	(b)		Predicted bond angle 107° ✓  <i>Explanation</i> There are 3 bonded pairs <b>and</b> 1 lone pair ✓   Electron <b>pairs</b> repel ✓  Lone pairs repel more than bonded pairs ✓	4	<b>ALLOW</b> range 106–108°  <b>ALLOW</b> a response which is equivalent to 3 bp and 1 lp, eg 'There are four pairs of electrons. One is a lone pair' <b>ALLOW</b> 'bonds' for 'bonded pairs' <b>ALLOW</b> diagram showing N atom with 3 dot-and-cross bonds and 1 lone pair clearly drawn onto it for second mark <b>IGNORE</b> stick versions of bonding <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'atoms repel' for 'electron pairs repel' <b>IGNORE</b> 'electrons repel' <b>ALLOW</b> 'bonds repel'

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(c)	(i)	$\text{OH}^-$ ✓	1	Correct charge must be seen <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{OH}^-$ if seen as the ONLY negative product of an equation
		(ii)	$\text{N}_2\text{H}_5^+$ <b>OR</b> $\text{N}_2\text{H}_6^{2+}$ ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> $\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{NH}_3^+$ <b>OR</b> $\text{H}_3\text{N}-\text{NH}_3^{2+}$
	(d)	(i)	<p><b>Cl</b> goes from (+)1 to -1 ✓</p> <p>N goes from -3 to -2 ✓</p> <p><b>Cl</b> is reduced <b>AND</b> N is oxidised ✓</p>	3	<p><b>ALLOW</b> 1(+), 1-. Only look for oxidation numbers seen above or below equation if not seen in text <b>IGNORE</b> <math>\text{Cl}^-</math> <math>\text{Cl}^+</math> <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> If a second species is seen going down in oxidation number with the exception of N going from -3 to -4</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 3 -, 2 -. Only look for oxidation numbers seen above or below equation if not seen in text <b>IGNORE</b> <math>\text{N}^{3-}</math> <math>\text{N}^{2-}</math> <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> If a second species is seen going up in oxidation number</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> ECF for oxidation of any species showing an increase in oxidation number <b>AND</b> for reduction of any species showing a decrease in oxidation number</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> references to electron loss <b>OR</b> gain <b>ALLOW</b> 3 marks for labelled equation such as below</p> $  \begin{array}{ccccccc}  2\text{NH}_3 & + & \text{NaClO} & \rightarrow & \text{N}_2\text{H}_4 & + & \text{NaCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \\  -3 & & +1 & & -2 & & -1 \\  \text{oxidation} & & & & & & \text{reduction}  \end{array}  $
		(ii)	sodium chlorate(I) ✓	1	<p><b>ALLOW</b> sodium chlorate I (ie no brackets) <b>ALLOW</b> sodium hypochlorite <b>IGNORE</b> bleach <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> sodium chlorate (with no Roman numeral)</p>
		(iii)	$\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 + 2\text{NH}_2\text{Cl} \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_4\text{Cl} + \text{N}_2$ ✓✓	2	<p>One mark for <math>\text{N}_2</math> One mark for <math>\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}</math> <b>AND</b> balancing</p>
Total				16	

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