/	Please write clearly in	block capitals.	
	Centre number	Candidate number	
	Surname		_
	Forename(s)		-
	Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	-
			_

A-level PHYSICS

Paper 2

Time allowed: 2 hours

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet
- a protractor.

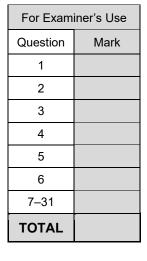
Instructions

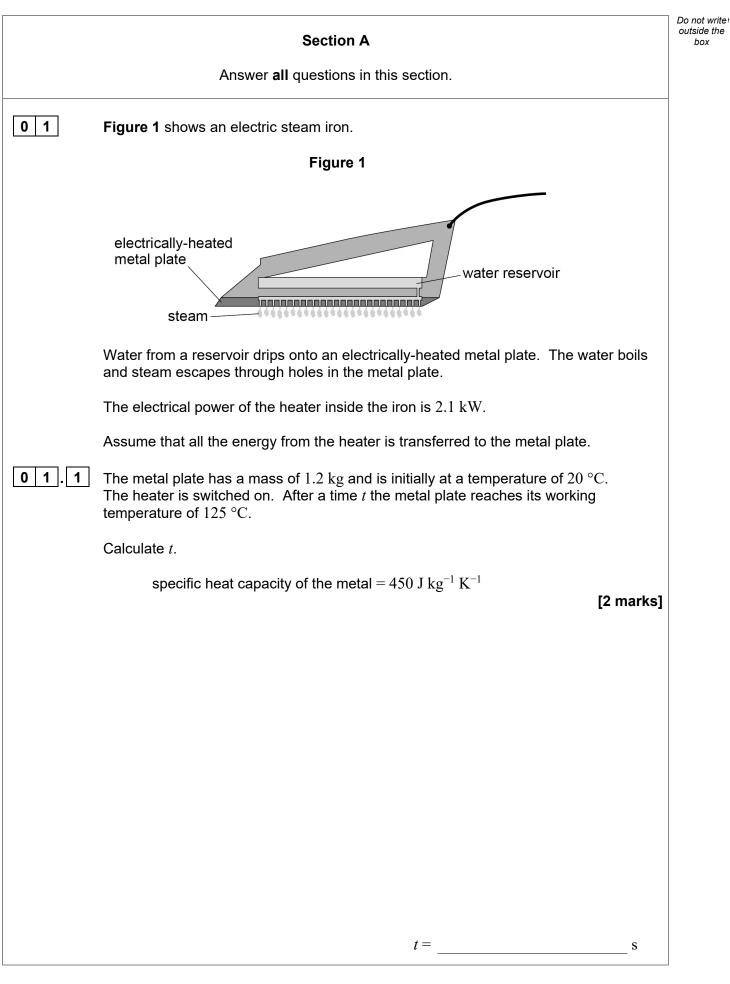
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 85.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.







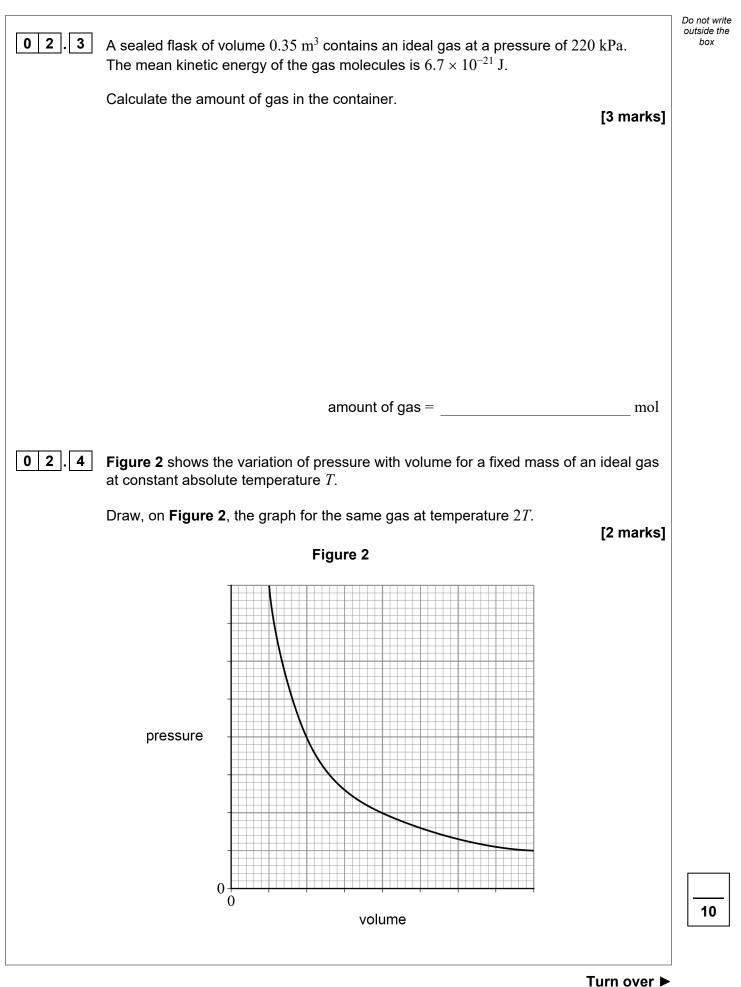


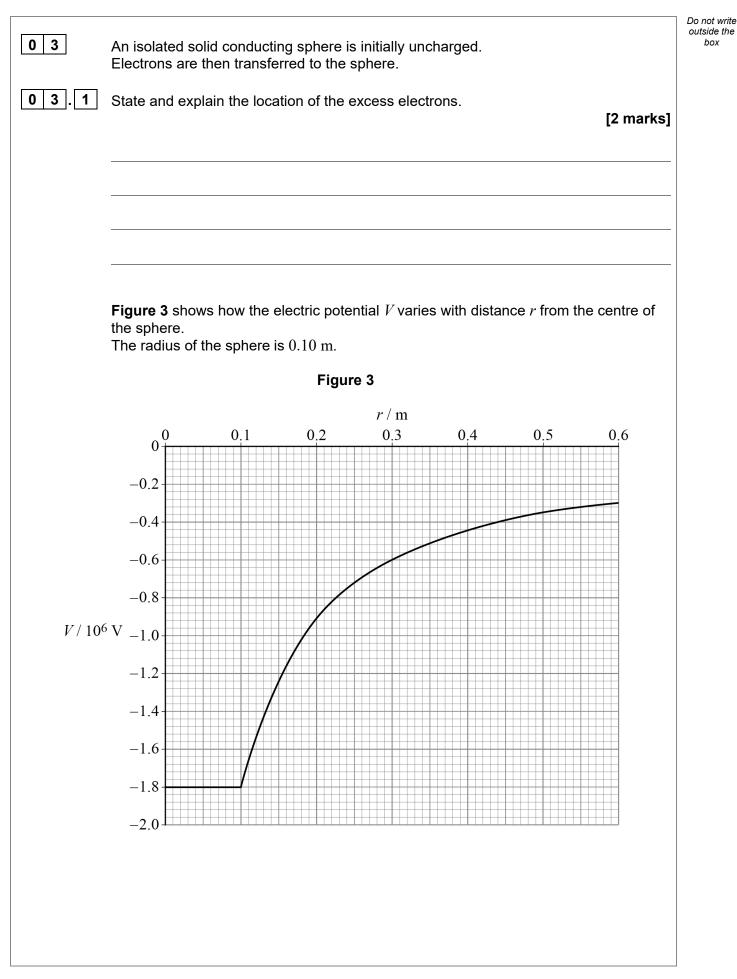
01.2	The metal plate is maintained at its working temperature. Water at $20 \ ^{\circ}C$ drips continuously onto the metal plate. Steam at $100 \ ^{\circ}C$ emerges continuously from the iron.		outside the box
	The maker claims that the iron can generate steam at a rate of $60~{ m g~min^{-1}}$.		
	Determine whether this claim is true.		
	specific latent heat of vaporisation of water $=2.3\times10^6~J~kg^{-1}$ specific heat capacity of water $=4200~J~kg^{-1}~K^{-1}$		
	specific near capacity of water = $4200 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$	[3 marks]	
			5
	т	urn over ►	
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D-

		Do not wr outside th
0 2 . 1	In the kinetic theory model, it is assumed that there are many identical particles moving at random.	box
	State two other assumptions made in deriving the equation $pV = \frac{1}{3}Nm (c_{rms})^2$.	
	[2 marks]	
	1	
	2	
0 2 . 2	Explain why molecules of a gas exert a force on the walls of a container. Refer to Newton's laws of motion in your answer. [3 marks]	







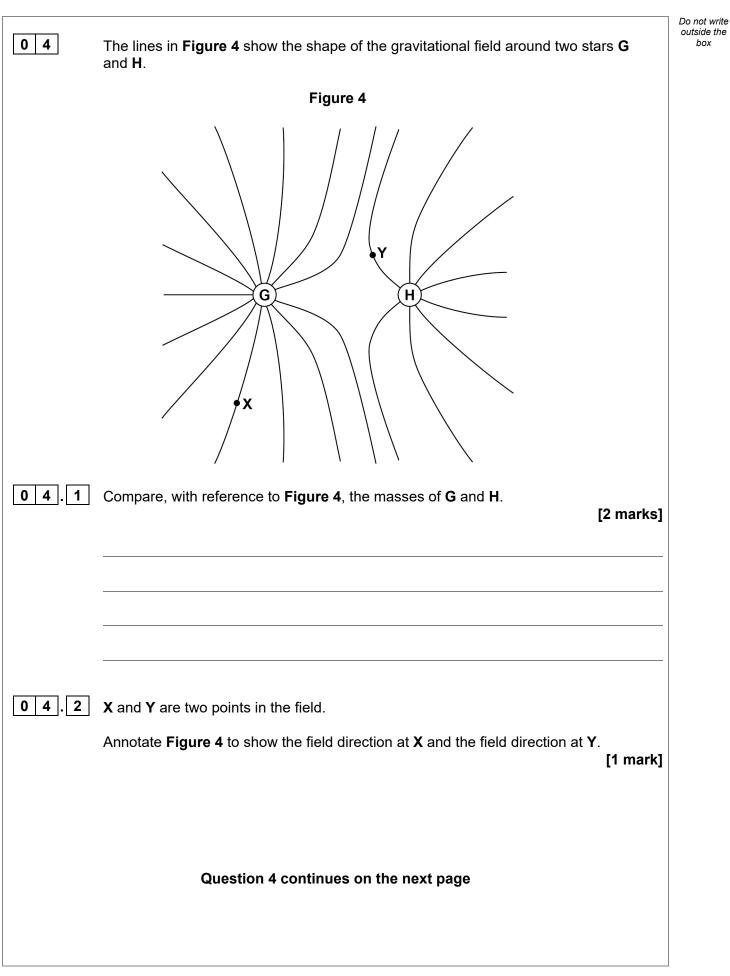


03.2	The magnitude of the electric field strength <i>E</i> is related to <i>V</i> by $E = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta r}$.	Do not write outside the box
	Determine, using this relationship, the magnitude of the electric field strength at a distance 0.30 m from the centre of the sphere.	
	State an appropriate SI unit for your answer. [4 marks]	
	electric field strength = unit	
0 3.3	The sphere acts as a capacitor because it stores charge at an electric potential.	
	Show that the capacitance of the sphere is approximately $1\times 10^{-11}F.$ [3 marks]	
	Question 3 continues on the next page	



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03.4	Electrons leak away from the sphere with time and the amount of energy stored by the sphere decreases. At one instant, the magnitude of the electric potential of the sphere has fallen to $1.0\times10^6~\rm V.$	Do not write outside the box
	Calculate, for this instant, the change in the energy stored by the sphere. [3 marks]	
	change in energy = \J	12



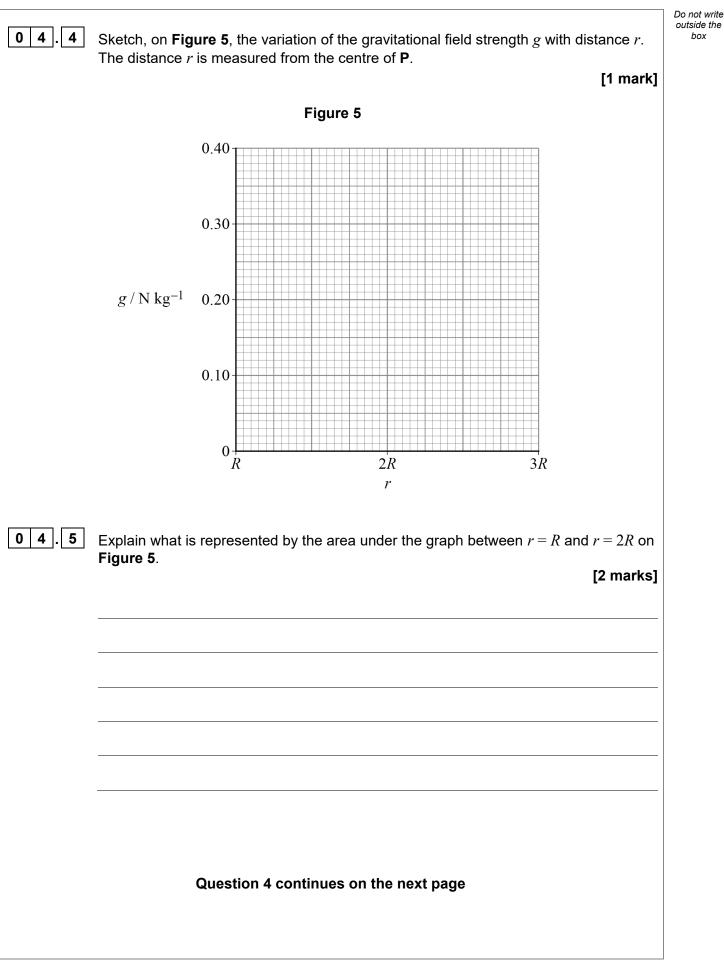


04.3	A spherical asteroid P has a mass of 2.0×10^{20} kg.
	The gravitational field strength at its surface is $0.40~N~kg^{-1}$.
	Calculate the radius R of P .

R = _____ m

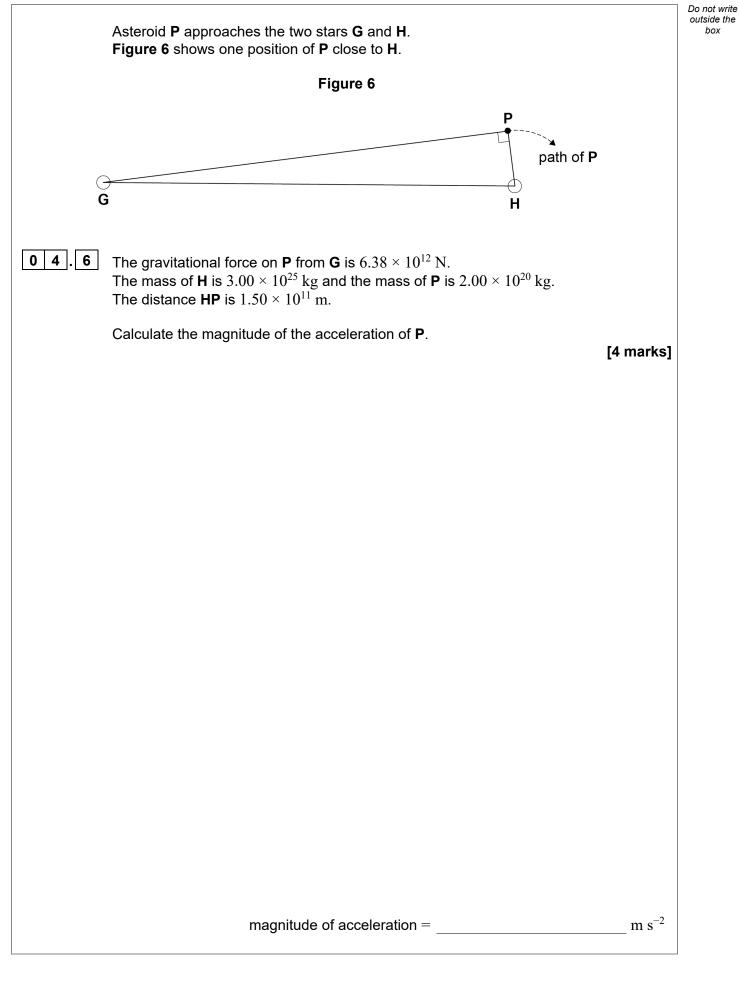


[1 mark]





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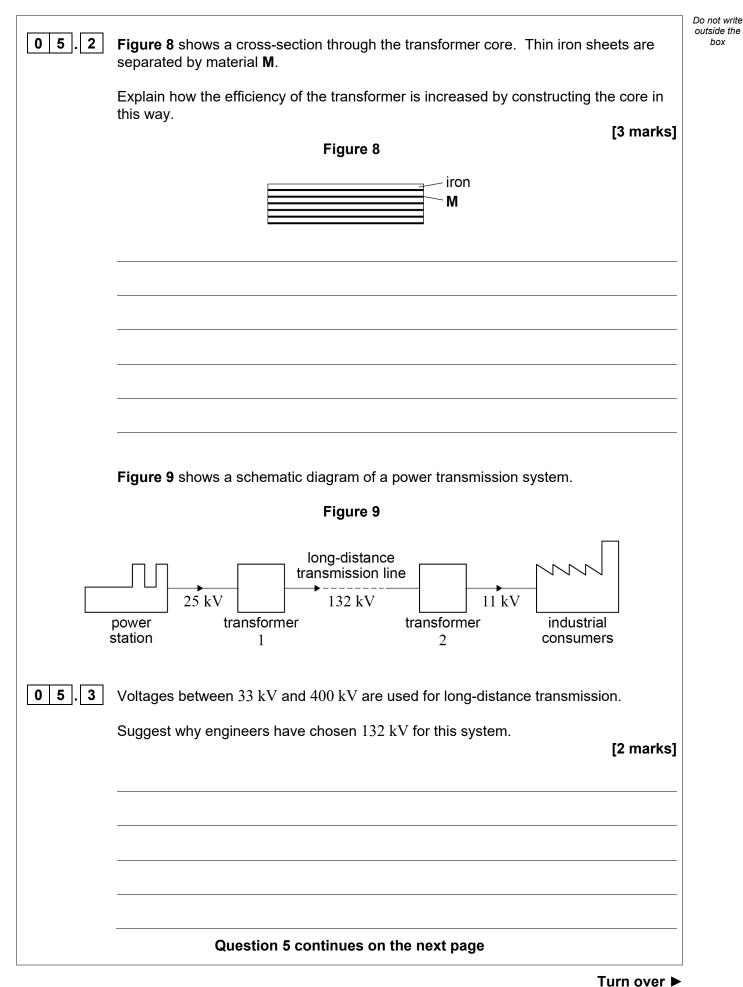




04.7	Explain why P cannot have a circular orbit around H . [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
		12
	Turn over for the next question	
	Turn over ►	

0 5	Figure 7 obsure a transformar	Do not write outside the box
0 5	Figure 7 shows a transformer.	
	Figure 7	
	primary coil core secondary coil core core secondary coil	
0 5.1	Explain the functions of the core and the secondary coil. [3 marks]	
	core	
	secondary coil	
05.1	[3 marks]	







0 5.4

The industrial consumers use 72 MW of power. Transformers 1 and 2 each have an efficiency of 98% and the transmission line has an efficiency of 94%.

Calculate the current in the $25\ kV$ line from the power station.

[3 marks]

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box

11

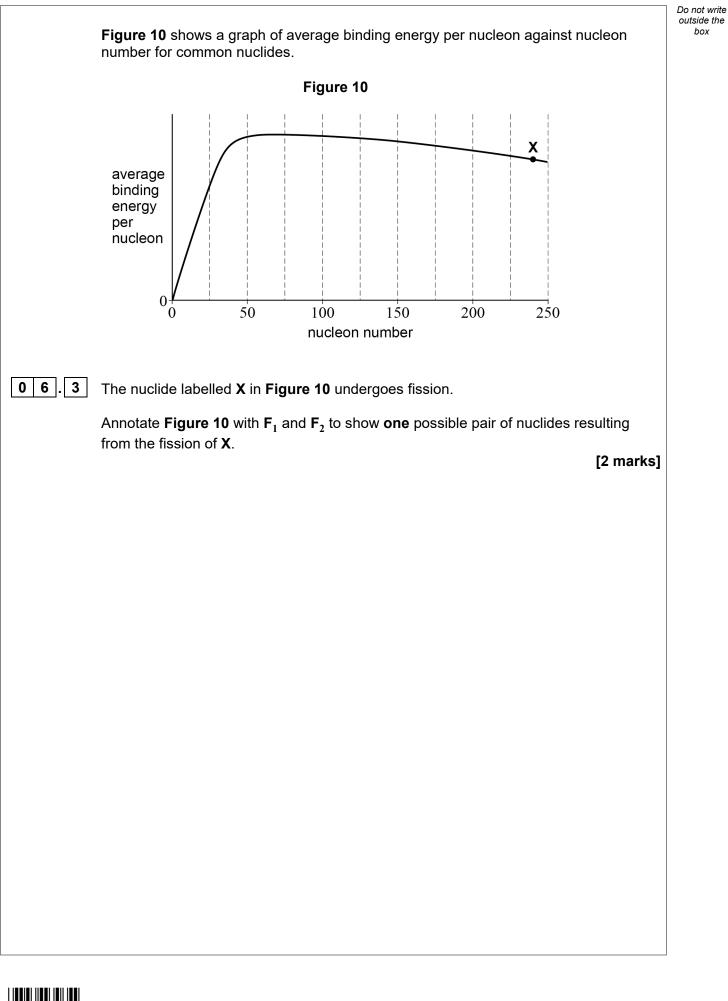


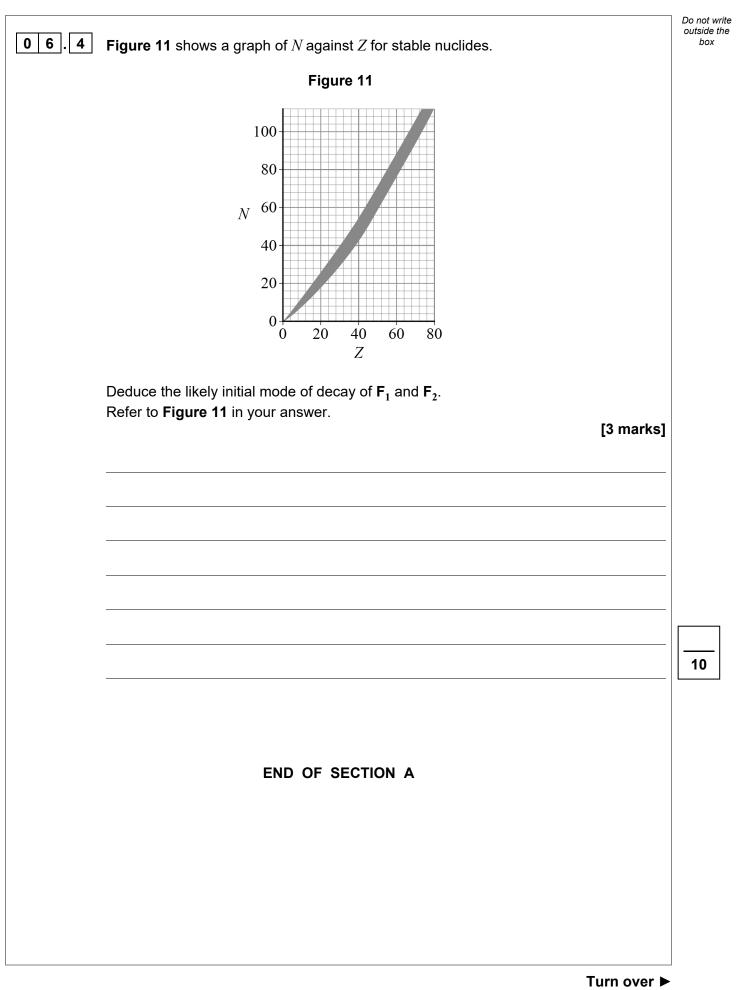
А

Do not write outside the 06 Fission and fusion are two processes that can result in the transfer of binding energy from nuclei. 6 0 1 State what is meant by the binding energy of a nucleus. [2 marks] Calculate, in MeV, the binding energy for a nucleus of iron $\frac{56}{26} Fe$. 0 6 . 2 mass of $\frac{56}{26} Fe\, \text{nucleus} = 9.288 \times 10^{-26} \, \text{kg}$ [3 marks] binding energy = MeV Question 6 continues on the next page



box







Section B
Each of Questions 07 to 31 is followed by four responses, A, B, C and D.
For each question select the best response.
Only one answer per question is allowed. For each question, completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer. CORRECT METHOD WRONG METHODS If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown. If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown. You may do your working in the blank space around each question but this will not be marked.
 Do not use additional sheets for this working. An ideal gas, initially at 300 K, is compressed to half its original volume. It is then cooled at constant volume until the pressure is restored to its initial value. What is the final temperature of the gas?
A 150 K
B 200 K
C 300 K
D 600 K



Do not write outside the box

Do not write outside the box

0 8 A fixed volume of an ideal gas is heated.

Which row gives quantities that double when the kelvin temperature of the gas doubles? [1 mark]

Α	rms speed of the molecules	pressure of the gas	0
в	density of the gas	rms speed of the molecules	0
с	internal energy of the gas	density of the gas	0
D	pressure of the gas	internal energy of the gas	0

0 9 A planet of radius R and mass M has a gravitational field strength of g at its surface.

Which row describes a planet with a gravitational field strength of 4g at its surface? [1 mark]

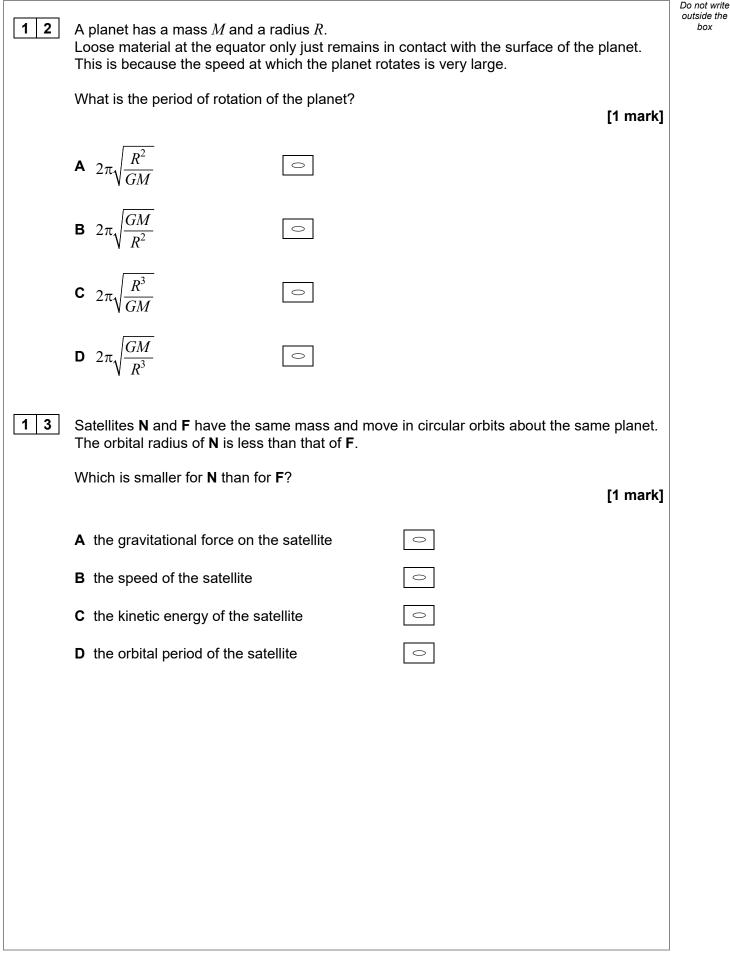
	Radius of planet	Mass of planet	
Α	2 <i>R</i>	2M	0
в	$R\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{M}{2}$	0
с	$\frac{R}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{M}{2}$	0
D	$\frac{R}{\sqrt{2}}$	2 <i>M</i>	0



Turn over ►

10	The Moon orbits the Earth	h in 27 days	Do not write outside the box
	What is the angular spee		
		[1 mark]]
	A $4.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad s}^{-1}$	0	
	$\textbf{B} \ 2.7 \times 10^{-6} \ rad \ s^{-1}$	0	
	C $3.7 \times 10^{-2} \text{ rad s}^{-1}$	0	
	D $2.3 \times 10^{-1} \text{ rad s}^{-1}$	0	
11	is g.	R and the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth ity for a mass m at the surface of the Earth?	
	·	[1 mark]]
	A \sqrt{gR}	0	
	B $\sqrt{2gR}$	0	
	C $\sqrt{2mgR}$	0	
	D $\sqrt{\frac{2gR}{m}}$	0	

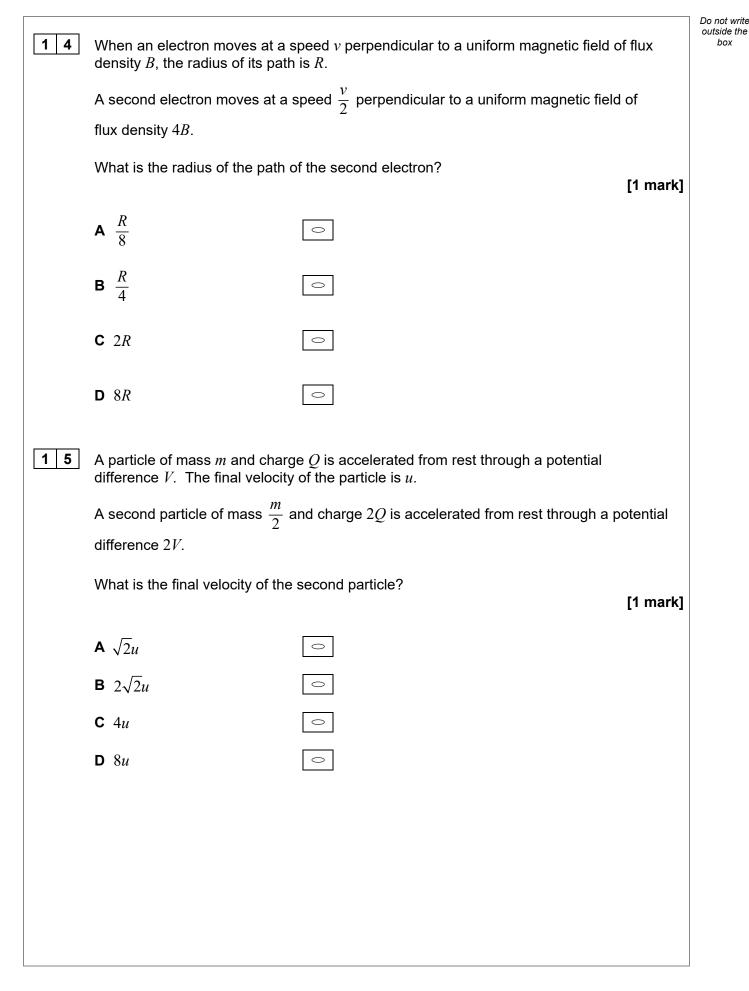




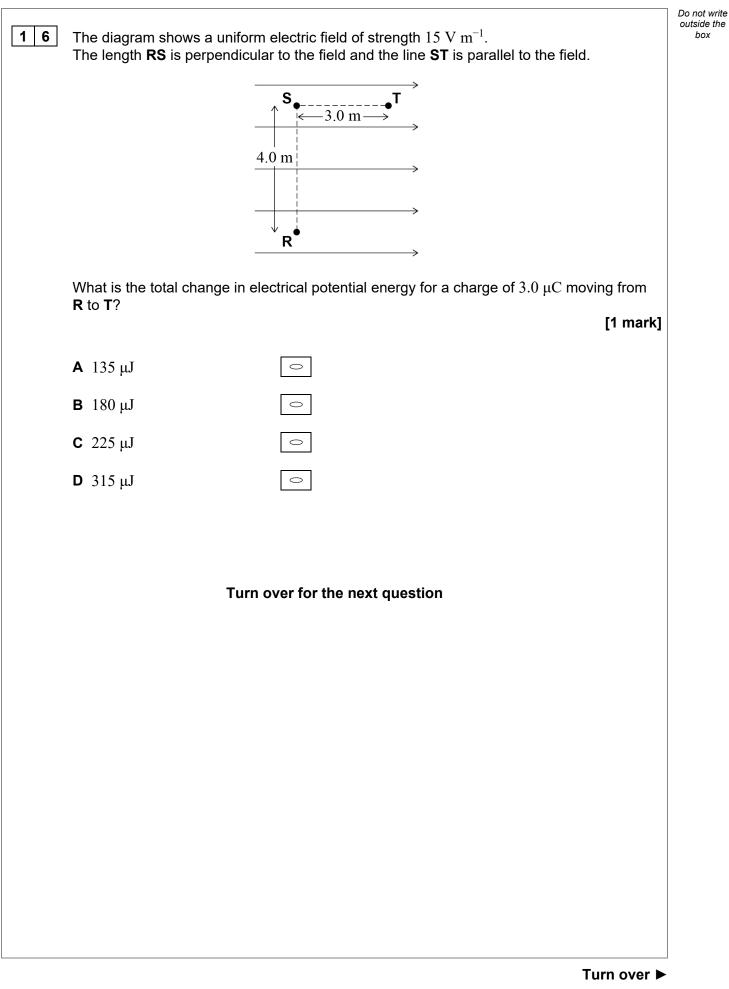


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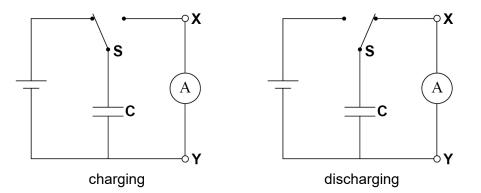






1 7 A switch **S** allows capacitor **C** to be completely charged by a cell and then completely discharged through an ammeter.

The emf of the cell is 4.0~V and it has negligible internal resistance. The capacitance of **C** is $0.40~\mu F$ and there are 8000 charge–discharge cycles every second.



What are the magnitude and direction of the average conventional current in the ammeter? [1 mark]

	Magnitude of current / ${f A}$	Direction of current	
Α	1.3×10^{-2}	X to Y	0
в	$1.3 imes 10^{-2}$	Y to X	0
С	$2.0 imes 10^{-10}$	X to Y	0
D	$2.0 imes10^{-10}$	Y to X	0



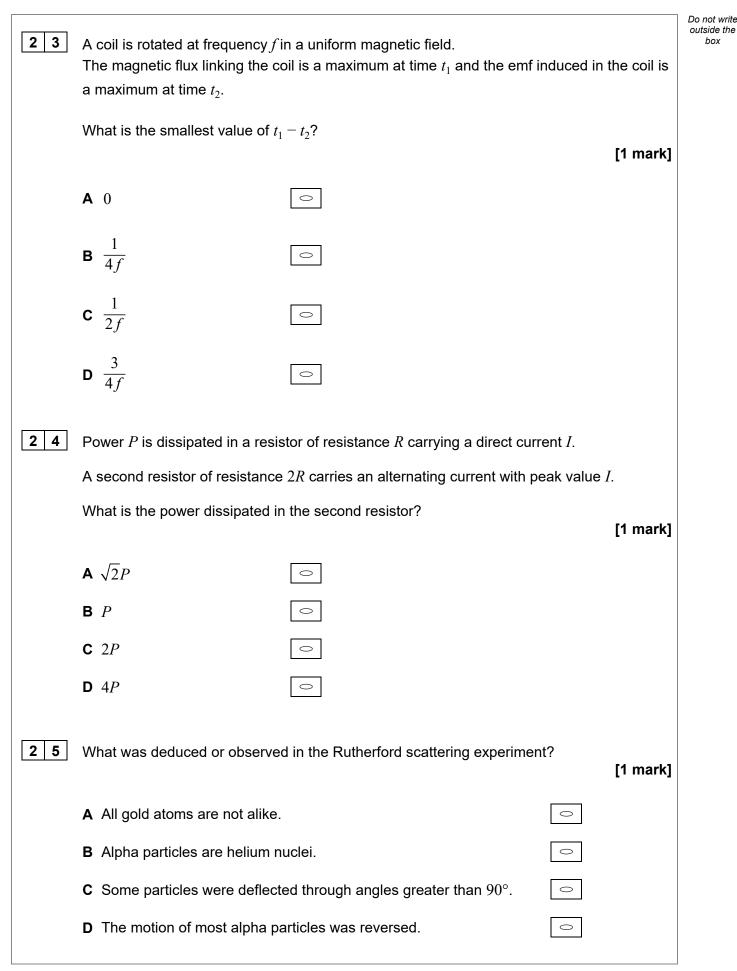
1 8	A $30~\mu F$ capacitor is charged b The initial charge on the capac		of emf 4.0 V.	Do not write outside the box
	The capacitor is then discharg The time constant for the circu	•	r.	
	Which is correct?		[1 mark]	
	A <i>T</i> is 15 ms.		0	
	B Q_0 is 12 µC.		0	
	C After a time T the pd across	the capacitor is 1.5 V.	0	
	D After a time $2T$ the charge of	on the capacitor is $Q_0 e^2$.	0	
19	Capacitor X of capacitance C I made with a dielectric of relativ		ngth <i>l</i> and separation <i>d</i> and is	
	Capacitor Y has square plates		ation $\frac{d}{3}$ and is made with a	
	dielectric of relative permittivity	$\frac{\varepsilon}{3}$.		
	What is the capacitance of Y ?		[1 mark]	
	A $\frac{C}{27}$	0		
	$\mathbf{B} \;\; \frac{C}{9}$	0		
	C 9 <i>C</i>	0		
	D 27 <i>C</i>	0		



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2 0	A narallel plate canacitor is co	nnected across a battery and the energy stored in t	out	not write Itside the box
	capacitor is <i>E</i> .			
	-	tery, the separation of the plates is halved.		
	What is the energy now stored	I In the capacitor?	[1 mark]	
	A 0.5 <i>E</i>	0		
	B <i>E</i>			
	C 2 <i>E</i>			
	D 4 <i>E</i>	0		
2 1	A fully a large of a second to be a strength of a second to be a second to be a second to be a second to be a s		t	
2 1		pacitance 2.0 mF discharges through a 15 k Ω resis	tor.	
	What fraction of the stored en	ergy remains after 1.0 minute?	[1 mark]	
	A $\frac{1}{4}$			
	4			
	B $\frac{1}{e^2}$	0		
	B $\frac{1}{e^2}$ C $\frac{1}{16}$	0		
	1			
	D $\frac{1}{e^4}$			
22	A horizontal wire of length 0.2 magnetic field. The mass of the supported in equilibrium by the	$5~m$ carrying a current of $3.0~A$ is perpendicular to a ne wire is $3.0\times10^{-3}~kg$ and the weight of the wire is e magnetic field.		
	What is the flux density of the	magnetic field?	[4 mort/]	
			[1 mark]	
	A 2.6 T	0		
	B $3.9 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$	0		
	C $2.2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$	0		
	D $4.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}$	0		







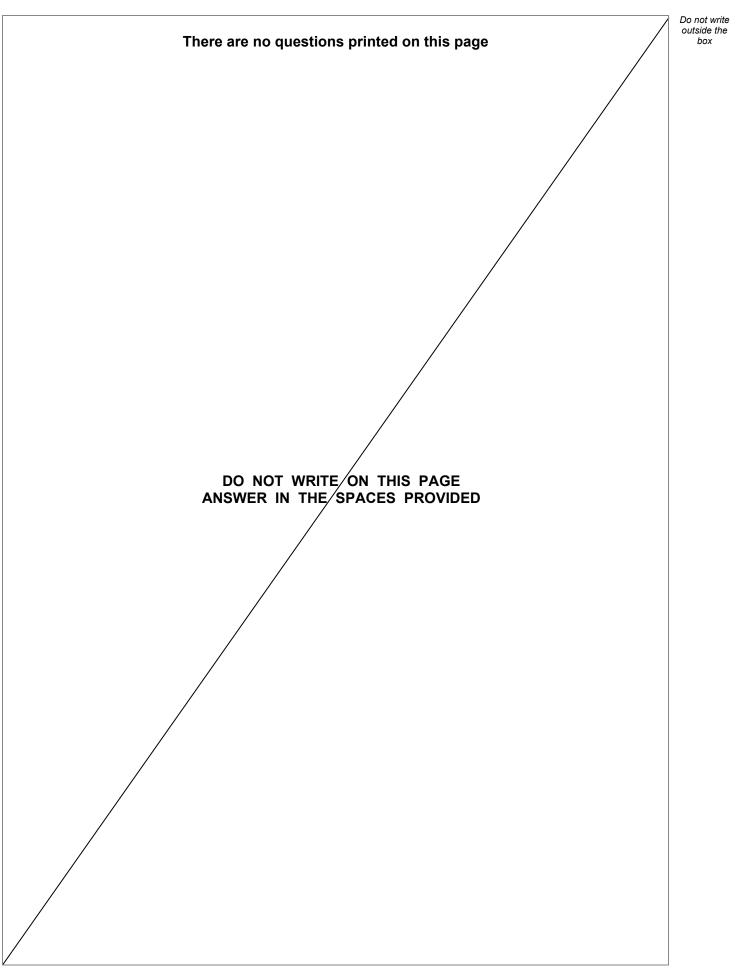
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2 6	6 Which row is correct for α, β and γ radiation? [1 mark]					Do not write outside the box			
				α	β	γ			
	A	Is it deflected by a magne	etic field?	yes	yes	no	0		
	в	Is it deflected by an elect	ric field?	yes	yes	yes	0		
	с	Does it have a positive cl	narge?	yes	no	yes	0		
	D	Does it come from outsid	e the nucleus?	no	yes	no	0		
27	Nuclie What A 3.1 B 12	.5 g	ys and nuclide C es P and Q after) has a	half-life			lide Q. [1 mark]	
	C 15D 18		0						
28		clide has a half-life of $10~{ m m}$		١				[1 mark]	
	B 10C 10	s^{-1} and 10 s^{-1} . s^{-1} and $10^2 s^{-1}$. $s^{2} s^{-1}$ and $10^3 s^{-1}$. $s^{3} s^{-1}$ and $10^6 s^{-1}$.	0						



29	Which provides evidence for the existence of energy levels in nuclei?		[1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
	A the Rutherford alpha particle scattering experiment	0		
	B the existence of X-ray line spectra	0		
	C the existence of gamma radiation	0		
	D electron diffraction by crystals	0		
30	Which is not true for gamma radiation?		[1 mark]	
	A It is more penetrating than alpha or beta radiation of the same energy through the same material.	0		
	B Its intensity is inversely proportional to the square of the distance from its source.	0		
	C It is emitted with discrete frequencies.	0		
	D When it is absorbed it makes the absorber radioactive.	0		
3 1	In a thermal reactor, induced fission occurs when a $\frac{235}{92}\mathrm{U}\mathrm{nucleus}$ cap Which statement is true?	tures a ne	eutron. [1 mark]	
	A The moderator absorbs excess neutrons.	0		
	B A large number of neutrons should be produced per fission to sustain the reaction.	0		
	C Slow neutrons are required for this induced fission.	0		
	D The control rods slow down neutrons.	0		25
	END OF QUESTIONS			







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.		

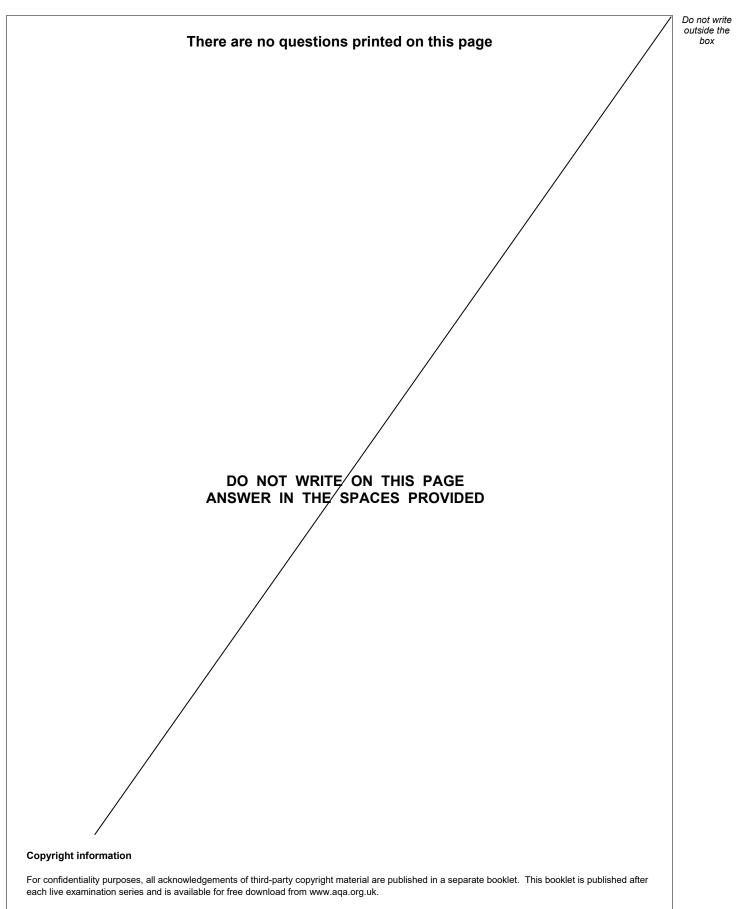


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