# Mark Scheme (Results) <br> November 2010 

GCSE<br>GCSE Mathematics (1380) Paper 2F

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## NOTES ON MARKING PRINCIPLES

1 Types of mark
M marks: method marks A marks: accuracy marks
$B$ marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
2 Abbreviations
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { cao - correct answer only } & \mathrm{ft} \text { - follow through } & \text { isw - ignore subsequent working } \\ \text { SC: special case } & \text { dep - dependent } & \text { oe - or equivalent (and appropriate) }\end{array}$
indep - independent
3 No working
If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## 4 With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks. Send the response to review, and discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.
Any case of suspected misread loses $A$ (and $B$ ) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks. Discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

## Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.
Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

## Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: e.g. incorrect canceling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect e.g. algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

7 Probability
Probability answers must be given a fractions, percentages or decimals. If a candidate gives a decimal equivalent to a probability, this should be written to at least 2 decimal places (unless tenths).
Incorrect notation should lose the accuracy marks, but be awarded any implied method marks.
If a probability answer is given on the answer line using both incorrect and correct notation, award the marks.
If a probability fraction is given then cancelled incorrectly, ignore the incorrectly cancelled answer.
8 Linear equations
Full marks can be gained if the solution alone is given on the answer line, or otherwise unambiguously indicated in working (without contradiction elsewhere). Where the correct solution only is shown substituted, but not identified as the solution, the accuracy mark is lost but any method marks can be awarded.

## $9 \quad$ Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

## 10 Range of answers

Unless otherwise stated, when an answer is given as a range (e.g 3.5-4.2) then this is inclusive of the end points (e.g $3.5,4.2$ ) and includes all numbers within the range (e.g 4, 4.1)

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| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 1 | (a) |  | 58 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 14 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) |  | $100.5$ | 1 | $\text { B1 accept } 100 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | (d) |  |  | 1 | B1 |
| 2 | (a) |  | 8 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 18 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | B1 cao |
|  |  |  | $\forall \Delta$ |  | B1 (can be any orientation) |


| 1380/2F |  |  |  |  |
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| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 3 | $\begin{gathered} 4.38+0.45+0.29+0.29 \\ =5.41 \\ 10-5.41 \\ 0 r \\ 10-4.38=5.62 \\ 5.62-0.45=5.17 \\ 5.17-0.29=4.88 \\ 4.88-0.29=4.59 \end{gathered}$ | 4.59 | ar | M1 for adding 3 or 4 items with consistent |
|  |  |  |  | units |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (eg } 4.38+0.45+0.29+0.29 \text { or } \\ & \text { eg } 45+29+29) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | or digits 541 or 512 or 103 or 496 seen |
|  |  |  |  | M1 (dep) for subtracting |
|  |  |  |  | their total from 10 or 1000 (consistent with |
|  |  |  |  | their monetary units) or for an answer |
|  |  |  |  | which when added to their total gives 10 |
|  |  |  |  | or 1000 |
|  |  |  |  | A1 for $£ 4.59$ or $£ 4.59$ p or 459 p if $£$ sign crossed out |
|  |  |  |  | Or |
|  |  |  |  | M2 Repeated subtraction from 10 or 1000 of 3 or 4 items with consistent units |
|  |  |  |  | SC B2 for digits 459,488 or 897 or 504 seen if MO scored |
| $\begin{array}{rr}\text { 4 } & \text { (a) } \\ \\ & \text { (b) }\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12.3 \mathrm{~cm} \text { or } \\ & 123 \mathrm{~mm} \end{aligned}$ | 2 | B1 for $12.1-12.5,12 \frac{1}{2}$, or $121-125$ or $4 \frac{14}{16}-5 \frac{1}{16}$ or 4.8 to 5.1 <br> B1 for appropriate sensible unit: cm or mm or inches, or for eg 12 cm 3 mm |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $47 \pm 2^{\circ}$ | 1 | B1 for 45-49 (could be on the |
|  |  |  |  | diagram) |


| 1380/2F |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 5 | (a) |  | 10 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 6 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) |  | A and E | 1 | B1 for both |
|  | (d) |  | 2 | 1 | B1 for 2, $\times 2,2 \times$, times 2 , 2 times |
|  | (a) |  | $\frac{6}{11}$ | 1 | B1 any equivalent fraction to $\frac{6}{11}$ (Accept 0.0. $\dot{5} \dot{4}$ ) |
|  | (b) |  | $\frac{2}{5}$ | 1 | B1 any equivalent fraction to $\frac{2}{5}$ (Accept 0.4) |
| 7 | (a) |  | $5 k$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | $4 m$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) |  | 5 | 1 | B1cao |
|  | (d) |  | 3 | 1 | B1 cao |



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| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| $11 \quad(\mathrm{a})$ <br> (b) | $\begin{gathered} 87-45 \\ \\ 45+49+49+57+72+75+87 \\ 434 \div 7 \end{gathered}$ | 42 <br> 62 | 2 2 | M1 for identifying 45 and 87 <br> A1 cao <br> M1 for $(45+49+49+57+72+75+87) \div 7$ or adding any 6 of the 7 values and dividing by 6 <br> A1 cao |
| (b) <br> (c) |  | $\times$ at 1 <br> $\times$ at $\frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\times$ at $\frac{1}{3}$ | 1 <br> 1 | B1 for $\times$ at $1 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> B1 for $\times$ at $\frac{1}{2} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> B1 for $\times$ between 1 cm and 4 cm to the left of $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 13 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) |  | hexagon arrows drawn obtuse | 1 <br> 1 | B1 cao <br> B1 cao <br> B1 (accept interior) |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 |  | Jim's store | 3 | M1 for $180 \div 5$ oe or $105 \div 3$ oe or 36 or |
|  |  |  |  | 35 oe seen <br> A1 36 and 35 or 0.36 and 0.35 |
|  |  |  |  | OR M1 for $180 \div 5$ oe or $180 \times 3$ oe or 36 or 540 oe seen <br> A1 108 oe or 1.08 |
|  |  |  |  | OR M1 for $105 \div 3$ oe or $105 \times 5$ oe or 35 or 125 oe seen <br> A1 175 or 1.75 |
|  |  |  |  | OR M1 for $180 \times 3$ oe or $105 \times 5$ oe or 540 or 525 oe seen <br> A1 540 and 525 or $5.4(0)$ and 5.25 |
|  |  |  |  | OR M1 for $5 \div 1.80$ oe and $3 \div 1.05$ (oe) or 2.7(77 or 2.8(57... seen A1 for 2.7(7.. ) and 2.8(5..) oe |
|  | Alternative: <br> FM: 10 pots cost 3.60 <br> JS: 10 pots cost $3.15+35 \mathrm{p}=$ <br> £ 3.50 |  |  | Alternative: (provided the same number of pots are considered from each shop) M1 for $1.80 \times 2$ oe or $1.05 \times 3+1.05 \div 3$ ee or 3.6(0) or 3.5(0) <br> A1 for 3.6(0) and 3.5(0) |
|  |  |  |  | A1 for correct decision based on their values dep on M1 scored NB units can be ignored |





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| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 21 |  | 2.42927(0474) | 2 | B2 for 2.42927 or better (B1 for 19.56 or 8.0518 seen) (B1 for 2.43, 2.429, $2.4292,2.4293$ or the digits 24927 or for $\frac{97800}{40259}$ ) |
| 22 | $\begin{gathered} B C^{2}+5^{2}=9^{2} \\ 9^{2}-5^{2}=56 \\ B C=\sqrt{56} \end{gathered}$ | 7.48(3314774) | 3 | M1 for correct use of Pythagoras or 56 seen <br> M1 (dep) for $\sqrt{"\left(9^{2}-5^{2}\right) "}$ <br> A1 for 7.48-7.485 |
| 23 | $(8 \div 20) \times 100$ | 40 | 2 | M1 for $(8 \div 20) \times 100$ or $\frac{40}{100}$ or $\frac{8}{20}=\frac{8 \times 5}{20 \times 5}$ A1 cao |
| 24 | $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{B}=20 \times 2 & =40 \\ C=3 \div 4 \times 20 & =15 \\ D=10 \div 100 \times 20+20= & 22 \\ 20+40+15+22 & \end{array}$ | 97 | 4 | M1 for $20 \times 2$ or 40 seen <br> M1 for $3 \div 4 \times 20$ or 15 seen <br> M1 for $10 \div 100 \times 20+20$ oe or 22 seen or $1.1 \times 20$ A1 cao |


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| 25 (a) |  |  | 2 | B2 cao <br> B1 for shape in the correct orientation or for shape elongated or shortened by one square but with either top or bottom in the correct position. The shape must be above the line $y=$ $x$ ) |
| (b) |  |  | 3 | B3 for correct enlargement in correct position <br> (B2 for enlargement SF3 in incorrect position or enlargement, centre Obut different scale factor $(\neq 1)$ <br> (B1 for 4 lines enlarged by SF3 anywhere or enlargement, not from $O$, different scale factor $(\neq 1)$ |


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| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 26 | (a) |  | Reason | 1 | B1 for valid reason eg only best students, Biased, sample is too small |
|  | (b) |  | Wrong | 1 | B1 for valid thing wrong eg The choices are all positive, question does not reference liking |
|  | (c) |  | Question | 2 | B1 for question with time frame or references 'normal' homework B1 for at least 3 valid non-overlapping boxes, need not be inclusive |
|  |  |  |  |  | NB Response boxes must be intervals, but allow 0 on its own |


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| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 27 (a) | $\begin{gathered} 2 x=10-3=7 \\ x=7 \div 2 \end{gathered}$ | 3.5 | 2 | M1 for $2 x=10-3$ oe or $2 x=7$ oe or $(10-3) \div 2$ <br> A1 for 3.5 oe <br> T\&I B2 for 3.5 on the answer line. |
| (b)(i) |  | $c^{11}$ | 2 | B1 accept $c^{5+6}$ |
| (ii) |  | $e^{8}$ |  | B1 accept $e^{12-4}$ |
| (c) | $7 x-2 x+6 y-4 y$ | $5 x+2 y$ | 3 | M1 for expansion of the bracket eg $-2 \times x-2 \times-3 y$ or sight of $-2 x \pm 6 y$ M1 for collecting like terms with at least one of $5 x$ or $+2 y$ <br> A1 cao <br> SC B2 for $5 x-10 y$ |

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