## OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

## Advanced Subsidiary General Certificate of Education Advanced General Certificate of Education

MEI STRUCTURED MATHEMATICS
4751
Introduction to Advanced Mathematics (C1)
Tuesday 6 JUNE 2006 Afternoon 1 hour 30 minutes

Additional materials:
8 page answer booklet
Graph paper
MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

## TIME

 1 hour 30 minutes
## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet.
- Answer all the questions.
- $\quad$ There is an insert for use in Question 13.
- You are not permitted to use a calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- You are advised that an answer may receive no marks unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72 .



## Section A (36 marks)

1 The volume of a cone is given by the formula $V=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$. Make $r$ the subject of this formula.

2 One root of the equation $x^{3}+a x^{2}+7=0$ is $x=-2$. Find the value of $a$.

3 A line has equation $3 x+2 y=6$. Find the equation of the line parallel to this which passes through the point $(2,10)$.

4 In each of the following cases choose one of the statements

$$
\mathrm{P} \Rightarrow \mathrm{Q} \quad \mathrm{P} \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{Q} \quad \mathrm{P} \Leftarrow \mathrm{Q}
$$

to describe the complete relationship between P and Q .
(i) P: $x^{2}+x-2=0$

Q: $x=1$
(ii) $\mathrm{P}: \quad y^{3}>1$

Q: $y>1$

5 Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the lines $y=3 x+1$ and $x+3 y=6$.

6 Solve the inequality $x^{2}+2 x<3$.

7 (i) Simplify $6 \sqrt{2} \times 5 \sqrt{3}-\sqrt{24}$.
(ii) Express $(2-3 \sqrt{5})^{2}$ in the form $a+b \sqrt{5}$, where $a$ and $b$ are integers.

8 Calculate ${ }^{6} \mathrm{C}_{3}$.
Find the coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(1-2 x)^{6}$.

9 Simplify the following.
(i) $\frac{16^{\frac{1}{2}}}{81^{\frac{3}{4}}}$
(ii) $\frac{12\left(a^{3} b^{2} c\right)^{4}}{4 a^{2} c^{6}}$

10 Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=25$ and the line $y=3 x$. Give your answers in surd form.

## Section B (36 marks)

$11 \mathrm{~A}(9,8), \mathrm{B}(5,0)$ and $\mathrm{C}(3,1)$ are three points.
(i) Show that AB and BC are perpendicular.
(ii) Find the equation of the circle with AC as diameter. You need not simplify your answer. Show that B lies on this circle.
(iii) BD is a diameter of the circle. Find the coordinates of D .

12 You are given that $\mathrm{f}(x)=x^{3}+9 x^{2}+20 x+12$.
(i) Show that $x=-2$ is a root of $\mathrm{f}(x)=0$.
(ii) Divide $\mathrm{f}(x)$ by $x+6$.
(iii) Express $\mathrm{f}(x)$ in fully factorised form.
(iv) Sketch the graph of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$.
(v) Solve the equation $\mathrm{f}(x)=12$.

## 13 Answer the whole of this question on the insert provided.

The insert shows the graph of $y=\frac{1}{x}, x \neq 0$.
(i) Use the graph to find approximate roots of the equation $\frac{1}{x}=2 x+3$, showing your method clearly.
(ii) Rearrange the equation $\frac{1}{x}=2 x+3$ to form a quadratic equation. Solve the resulting equation, leaving your answers in the form $\frac{p \pm \sqrt{q}}{r}$.
(iii) Draw the graph of $y=\frac{1}{x}+2, x \neq 0$, on the grid used for part (i).
(iv) Write down the values of $x$ which satisfy the equation $\frac{1}{x}+2=2 x+3$.

| Candidate Name | Centre Number | Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

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INSERT
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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This insert should be used in Question 13.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided at the top of this page and attach it to your answer booklet.


## 13 (i) and (iii)


(ii) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(iv)

