

A-LEVEL Biology

BIOL2 – The variety of living organisms Mark scheme

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Version: 1 Final Mark Scheme

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Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
1(a)	 (Carry) oxygen/glucose; (To) heart <u>muscle/tissue/cells/myocytes;</u> 	2	 Accept: oxygenated blood Ignore references to removing waste products Ignore references to arteries 'pumping' blood Must be supply to heart or cardiac
1(b)(i)	A ;	1	Accept: A on its own even if outside box Reject if two (or more) letters given
1(b)(ii)	Н;	1	Accept: H on its own even if outside box Reject if two (or more) letters given
1(b)(iii)	Е;	1	Accept E on its own even if outside box Reject if two (or more) letters given
1(c)	 (Aorta) 1. (is) close/directly linked to to the heart/ventricle / pressure is higher/is very high; 2. (Aorta has) elastic tissue; 3. (Aorta has) stretch/recoil; 	3	 Accept elasticity Ignore reference to muscle Q Reject: contracts/relaxes/pumps Accept: for mp 2 and mp 3, converse for small arteries <u>if</u> qualified by little/less

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
2(a)	 Females are (generally) longer/larger/bigger/up to 115(mm) / males are (generally) shorter/smaller/up to 100(mm); Females show a greater range/variation / males show a narrower range/variation; 	2	 Ignore: tall Accept: females have a larger/90 modal/peak/most common value <u>and males</u> have a smaller/80 modal/peak/most common value Accept mean length of females greater/mean length of males shorter Reject: use of mean in relation to 80mm or 90mm Reject: Most of the females are 90 mm long/most of the males are 80 mm long Accept: correct use of figures from the graph: the range of males is 50 to 100 <u>and of females is 50 to 115 /</u> the spread is 50 for males <u>and</u> 65 for females
2(b)(i)	 2.6 to 2.7 = 2 marks;; Incorrect answer but evidence of a numerator of 24180 OR 156 x 155or denominator of 9014 = 1 mark; 	2	
2(b)(ii)	 (Fewer plant species) – no mark 1. (So) few(er) habitats/niches; 2. (So) lower diversity of <u>insects</u> / fewer <u>insect</u> species/fewer <u>insect</u> types; 3. (So) fewer food source<u>s</u> / less variety of food; 	3	 Ignore habitat size Q Neutral: fewer homes Q Neutral: fewer <u>insects</u> Accept less variety of <u>insects</u> Q Neutral: less food Ignore references to pesticides, farmers' actions, competition between lizards and evolution

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
3(a)(i)	 (Both) 1. Are polymers/polysaccharides/ are made of monomers/of monosaccharides; 2. Contain glucose/carbon, hydrogen and oxygen 3. Contain glycosidic bonds; 4. Have 1–4 links; 5. Hydrogen bonding (within structure); 	2 max	Neutral: references to 'unbranched', insoluble, formed by condensation, flexible and rigid Are made of the monomer glucose = MP 1 and 2 = 2 marks 5. Ignore reference to H bonds between cellulose molecules
3(a)(ii)	 (Starch) 1. Contains <u>α/alpha</u> glucose; 2. Helical/coiled/compact/branched/not straight; 3. 1,6 bonds/ 1,6 branching; 4. Glucoses/monomers same way up; 5. No H-bonds <u>between</u> molecules; 6. No (micro/macro) fibres/fibrils; 	2 max	Assume 'it' refers to starch Accept: converse arguments only if linked directly to cellulose 1. Accept: forms α glycosidic bonds
3(b)(i)	 No/few organelles / very little cytoplasm / cytoplasm at edge / more room/hollow/large vacuole/large space/thick walls; (So) easier/more flow/ (thick/strong walls) resist pressure; 	2	 Accept strong walls for thick walls Easier flow may be expressed in other ways e.g. lower resistance to flow
3(b)(ii)	 Mitochondria release energy/ ATP/ site of respiration; For <u>active</u> transport/uptake against concentration gradient; OR: Ribosomes/roughendoplasmic reticulum produce(s) proteins; (Proteins) linked to transport eg carrier proteins/enzymes; 	2	 Q Reject: 'produce energy' but accept produce energy in form of ATP Note: no mark is awarded for simply naming an organelle Concept of making proteins needed

	1	1	
4(a)(i)	Joins nucleotides (to form new strand);	1	Accept: joins sugar and phosphate/forms sugar- phosphate backbone Reject: (DNA polymerase) forms base pairs/hydrogen bonds
4(a)(ii)	 (Prokaryotic DNA) 1. Circular/non-linear (DNA); 2. Not (associated) with proteins/ histones; 3. No introns / no non-coding DNA; 	2 max	 Accept converse for eukaryotic DNA Ignore: references to nucleus, binary fission, strands and plasmids 2. Accept does not form chromosomes/chromatin 3. Accept only exons 3. Q Neutral: no 'junk' DNA
4(b)(i)	 Have different genes; (Sobases/triplets) are in a different sequence/order; (So) different amino acid(sequence/coded for) / different protein/different polypeptide/different enzyme; 	2 max	 Reject: different alleles Accept: base sequence that matters, not percentage Unqualified 'different amino acids' does not gain a mark Reject: references to different amino acids formed Ignore: references to mutations/exons/non- coding/introns
4(b)(ii)	 (Virus DNA) 1. A does not equal T / G does not equal C; 2. (So) <u>no</u> base pairing; 3. (So) DNA is not double stranded/is single stranded; 	2 max	 Accept: similar for equal Accept: virus has more C than G/has more A than T

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
5(a)	 Recognise/identify/attract same species; Stimulates/synchronises mating/production/release of gametes; Recognition/attraction of mate/opposite sex; Indication of (sexual) maturity/fertility/receptivity/readiness to mate; Formation of a pair bond/bond between two organisms (to have/raise young); 	3 max	 Ignore: references to letting them produce fertile offspring Accept finding a mate Accept: gender
5(b)	 Use a (real) male (with intact wings/no wing removed); Determine (percentage) response (of females compared withL); 	2	Mark ignoring reference to birds/ or other types of animals 1. Accept: use a real cricket, since only males sing 2. Accept: compare results with L
5(c)	 Lowest/only 30% courtship with no song/K/ (or) courtship still occurred when no song played/K; Reducedcourtship when no ticks/M / there is some courtship when no ticks/M; Reduced courtship when no chirps/N / there is some courtship when no chirps/N; (So) courtship must involve a visual stimulus/other factor involved; Chirps more important as lowest courtship when none/N / ticks less important as similar courtship when changed/M; Data only show presence and absence of chirps/0 and 7 chirps; 	4 max	 Note: throughout, for courtship accept response/stimulation/reaction Neutral: references to methodology 1. Answer must make clear there is no song/version K Accept: use of figures from the table in an explanation 5. Must make comparison to gain mark Note: 'courtship still occurred when no sound played so a visual stimulus/other factor/something else (e.g. pheromone?) must be involved' = 2 marks

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6(a)	 DNA replicated; (Involving) specific/accurate/complementary base-pairing; (Ref to) two identical/sister <u>chromatids;</u> Each chromatid/ moves/is separated to(opposite) poles/ends of cell; 	4	 Reject: DNA replication in the wrong stage Accept:semi conservative replication Reject: meiosis/ homologous chromosomes/crossing over Note: sister <u>chromatids</u> move to opposite poles/ends = 2 marks for mp 3 and mp 4 Reject: events in wrong phase/stage
6(b)(i)	 To allow (more) light through; A single/few layer(s) of <u>cells</u> to be viewed; 	2	 Accept: transparent Accept: (thin) for better/easier stain penetration
6(b)(ii)	 More/faster mitosis/division near tip/at 0.2 mm; (Almost) no mitosis/division at/ after 1.6 mm from tip; (So) roots grow by mitosis/adding new cells to the tip; 	2 max	 Neutral: references to largest mitotic index Accept: cell division for mitosis Penalise once for references to meiosis 3. Accept: growth occurs at/near/just behind the tip (of the root) Accept: converse arguments

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
7(a)(i)	Aves;	1	
7(a)(ii)	Gallicolumba kubaryi;	1	Must have <u>both</u> words and in <u>this</u> order Must be capital G If starts with k, award mark as impossible to recognise difference Ignore: underlining Accept: phonetic spelling Accept: G kubaryi (must be a capital/upper case G)
7(a)(iii)	No overlap;	1	
7(b)(i)	 Genetic bottleneck; Less genetic diversity / small(er) gene pool / less variety of alleles; Individuals breed within group / do not breed with outsiders; High(er) chance of inheriting <u>allele</u>/high(er) frequency of <u>allele</u> in offspring; 	3 max	 Q. Accept: converse arguments for the USA 1. Ignore: founder effect 2. Neutral: fewer alleles 2. Accept: fewer different alleles 3. Accept: inbreeding for 'individuals breed within group' 3. Accept: marry/mate within group 3. Accept: do not interbreed/no gene flow 4. Do not award for 'allele passed on' only, must be idea of more/greater/higher chance
7(b)(ii)	Answer of 32 (:1) = 2 marks;; Incorrect answer but populations calculated as 300 and 9636 = 1 mark;	2	Accept: 32.1 and 32.12 for 2 marks Accept: decimal places after 9636

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
8(a)	 Change/mutation in base/nucleotide sequence (of DNA/gene); Change in amino acid sequence/primary structure (of enzyme); Change in hydrogen/ionic/disulfide bonds; Change in the tertiary structure/shape; Change in active site; Substrate not complementary/cannot bind (to enzyme/active site) / no enzyme-substrate complexes form; 	6	 Q. Ignore: references to changing base-pairing Accept: affect for change, if in correct context 1. Accept: changes triplets/codons 2. Accept: different amino acid(s) coded for 2. Q Reject: different amino acids produced/formed/made 3. Accept: references to sulfur bonds 4. Neutral: alters 3D structure/3D shape 6.Accept: no E S complexes form
8(b)	 Non-SR strain falls more/SR strain falls less/up to 10(μg/cm–3); Above 10(μg/cm⁻³), SR strain levels out/off<u>and</u> non-SR strain continues to decrease; Greater difference between strains with increasing concentration of antibiotic; 	2 max	Must include 10 but only required once in either MP1 or MP2 Ignore: units or absence of 1. This must be a comparative statement 3. This must be a comparative statement
8(c)	 Division stopped (of both strains by scientist); SR strain still more resistant/fewer die/none die (at higher concentrations of antibiotic); 	2	 Reject:references to mitosis stopping Accept: SR strain and non- SR strain would be similar if resistance is due to only stopping division Need some comparison with non-SR

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8(d)	1.	Make a competitive/non-competitive inhibitor;	2max	Mark in pairs either MP1 and MP2 OR
	2.	Competitive competes with/blocks		MP3 and MP4
		active site/non-competitive inhibitor affects/changes <u>active site;</u>		Do not mix and match
		OR		 Accept: drug that 'knocks out'/destroys enzyme
	3.	(Make a drug) that inhibits/denatures/destroys enzyme/stringent response;		
	4.	Give at the same time as/before an antibiotic;		

8(e)	(SR strain)		
	1. Fewer free radicals (than non-SR);	3	1. Note: has to be comparative statement
	 Produces more catalase (than non- SR); 		Accept converse statements for non-SR.
	 Catalase (might be) linked to production of fewer free radicals / breaking down/removing free radicals; 		3. Accept: hydrolysis of radicals by catalase.

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
9(a)	 Removes (main/largest) source of oestrogen / (different) mice produce different amounts of oestrogen; 	2	1. Accept: so oestrogen from ovaries not a confounding variable – idea of.
	 (Allows) oestrogen to be controlled/oestrogen to be made by aromatase only / only oestrogen made in lungs to be involved; 		Reject: references to injection of aromatase.
9(b)	 (Anastrozole) prevents/reduces oestrogen production; 	2	Note: brackets around drug names.
	 (Fulvestrant) stops remaining oestrogen binding /less oestrogen binds to receptors; 		

9(c)	(Yes for Group T)	5 max	
	 Least tumours per animal (from fig. 9) 		Accept: 'mean values' for tumour area.
	 Lowest (mean) tumour area/size (from fig. 10); 		
	3. Lowest top of range;		
	(But)		Where candidates confuse
	4. Means (tumour area) are similar;		range and standard deviation, do not give credit.
	 Ranges overlap/share values <u>so</u> differences may not be real/treatments may be just effective in reducing tumour; 		5.Ignore significance
	 Range affected by outliers/ SD's would be better; 		
	 Done on mice / not done on women/humans; 		
	 Only 10 mice used per group/small sample size <u>so</u> may not be representative/reliable; 		
	9. Might be side effects ;		
	10. Only did for 15 weeks <u>so</u> maximum effect of drugs may not have been seen;		
9(d)	 Tumours may be different depths / area does not take depth into account / tumours are 3-D/are not 2- D; 	2	 Neutral: different sizes Accept: height/thickness for depth
	 (Measure) tumour volume/mass/ weight; 		
9(e)	 Allows tumours to grow/develop/form; 	2	 Neutral: gives drug more time to work.
	 (So) can investigate treatment rather than prevention (of tumours)/ when tumour/cancer is more advanced; 		2. Accept: to see whether it can destroy/treat/stop growth of a tumour (that already exists)/ to allow/assess treatment of a tumour

9(f)	 Unethical (not to treat patients) / may increase probability of patients dying/getting more ill; 	2	1. Reject: references to giving people tumours
	2. Use normal cancer drugs/treatment;		2. Accept: named type of cancer treatment, e chemotherapy