

# GCE

**Biology A** 

H420/02: Biological diversity

Advanced GCE

# Mark Scheme for November 2020

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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# Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

## Marking Annotations

Annotation	Use
BOD	Benefit of Doubt
CON	Contradiction
×	Cross
ECF	Error Carried Forward
GM	Given Mark
~~~	Extendable horizontal wavy line (to indicate errors / incorrect science terminology)
I	Ignore
•	Large dot (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
	Highlight (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
NBOD	Benefit of the doubt not given
<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	Tick
<b>^</b>	Omission Mark
BP	Blank Page
и	Level 1 answer in Level of Response question
L2	Level 2 answer in Level of Response question
L3	Level 3 answer in Level of Response question

#### Subject-specific Marking Instructions

# INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

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# Mark Scheme

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	A✓	1	1.1	
2	D✓	1	1.1	
3	D✓	1	2.5	
4	D✓	1	1.1	
5	B✓	1	2.3	
6	A✓	1	1.1	
7	A✓	1	2.2	
8	A✓	1	2.1	
9	C√	1	2.5	
10	D✓	1	1.2	
11	D✓	1	1.2	
12	C√	1	1.1	
13	D✓	1	1.2	
14	C✓	1	1.2	
15	A✓	1	2.1	
	Total	15		

Q	uesti	on		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		Dľ tra pla	omeobox ✓ NA ✓ anscription ✓ ant ✓ ngdoms ✓	5	1.1	
	(b)	(i)	1 2 3 4 5	low cost ✓ rapid reproduction (rate) / more generations in a given time ✓ <i>idea that</i> fruit fly genetics / development is well understood ✓ simple , genetics / body plan ✓ (many) mutations / structures , observable with , light / low powered , microscope ✓	2 max	3.4	<ul> <li>1 ALLOW easy to keep</li> <li>1 IGNORE small</li> <li>2 ALLOW short lifespan / grow quickly</li> </ul>
		(ii)	or ge (m	w cost / rapid reproduction (rate) enetics / development , well understood ✓ nore) similar / AW , to humans ✓ ea that can show effects are generalisable to more than one species ✓ ea that more than one species is needed to demonstrate conservation of base sequence ✓	2 max	3.4	ALLOW easy to keep / short lifespan / grow quickly IGNORE small ALLOW share more genes with humans IGNORE homeobox sequence similar to humans ALLOW because they are mammals

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
17	(a)		in , (named) matrix / gel ✓	1 max	1.2	<b>ALLOW</b> entrapment / encapsulation / inclusion / microcapsulation
			<u>ad</u> sorption / bonding to (named) carrier $\checkmark$			ALLOW carrier bound
			membrane separation ✓ cross-linking / covalent bonding ✓			ALLOW attached to partially permeable membrane
	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 6.8 +/- 0.8 award 2 marks	2	2.4	
			$7.5/1.1 = 6.8181$ $\checkmark$ rounded to 2 s.f. = 6.8 $\checkmark$			ALLOW mp 2 for incorrect answer rounded to 2 s.f
		(ii)	smooth curve	1	3.3	
			<b>AND</b> goes through or near at least 7 points $\checkmark$			DO NOT CREDIT extrapolations
		(iii)	1 no value between pH5.5 and pH6 measured ✓	3 max	3.2	<ul> <li><b>1 ALLOW</b> without smaller intervals the student cannot be certain</li> <li><b>1 ALLOW</b> examples of untested pH values within this range</li> </ul>
			2 peak / optimum , could be anywhere <u>between</u> pH5.5 and pH6 ✓			2 & 3 DO NOT CREDIT optimum <i>is</i> 5.75
			3 peak / optimum , for immobilised tannase could be anywhere <u>between</u> pH 5 and pH6.5 ✓			
			5 no indication that the experiment has been repeated ✓			<b>5 ALLOW</b> enzyme activity is not stated as a 'mean' <b>5 IGNORE</b> not repeated
			6 AVP ✓			<b>6 CREDIT</b> pH scale is , non linear / logarithmic <b>6 CREDIT</b> 10 a.u. is V <sub>max</sub> for this enzyme

Qı	uesti	on	Answer		AO element	Guidance
		(iv)	(immobilised enzymes are) less easily denatured ✓ shape / tertiary structure , supported / AW (by support material) ✓ <i>idea that</i> part of enzyme not fully exposed to pH (8) ✓	2 max	2.2	ALLOW ora for free tannase throughout ALLOW does not denature ALLOW bonds less easily disrupted
	(c)	(i)	<ol> <li>product not contaminated with enzyme ✓</li> <li>extraction of , product / enzyme , not needed ✓</li> <li>recycling (of enzyme) ✓</li> <li><i>idea that</i> process can be run over wider temperature range ✓</li> <li>(bioreactors) can be run continuously for long periods, so less emptying / cleaning needed ✓</li> </ol>	2 max	1.2	<ul> <li>2 ALLOW reduced downstream processing</li> <li>3 ALLOW enzyme can be reused / less enzyme needed</li> <li>4 ALLOW e.g. can be run at lower temperatures so less energy cost / can be run at higher temperatures so faster</li> </ul>
		(ii)	high(er), initial / set-up, costs ✓ fewer exposed active sites ✓ <i>idea that</i> immobilization method might affect shape of active site ✓ <i>idea of</i> leakage ✓	1 max	1.2	ALLOW immobilization process is expensive IGNORE more expensive to buy ALLOW active sites and substrates mix more slowly

Q	Question		Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(a)	(i)	<b>If</b> a	RST CHECK ON ANSWER LINE answer = 0.41 award 2 marks //32 ✓ rrect answer to 2 s.f. ✓	2	2.4	Max 1 if answer given as %
		(ii)	3	supports because         species B has greater (calculated genetic)         polymorphism (than species A) ✓ ora         might not support because         numbers / polymorphisms , are similar ✓         no statistical test performed ✓         might not have sampled same loci ✓         no indication of (fruit flies) sample size ✓	3 max	3.1 3.2	1 ALLOW ecf from calculated answer to part (i) 4 IGNORE different numbers of gene loci studied 5 IGNORE sample size is small
	(b)	(i)	AN x-a lind ba ba AN	axis labelled 'phenotype' ND ear y-axis scale labelled 'frequency' ✓ rs correct height and same width ✓ rs fill half the available (vertical) space ✓ rs labelled / key	4	3.3	DO NOT CREDIT stacked bars Y-axis must start at 0 ALLOW all 4 bars not touching

Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance
(ii)	FIRST CHECK ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.5 or 0.49 or 0.493 or 0.494 award 3 marks $q^2 = 77/248 = 0.31 \checkmark$ $q = \sqrt{0.31} = 0.557 \checkmark$ p = 1 - 0.557 = 0.443 $2pq = 2 \times 0.443 \times 0.557 = 0.494 \checkmark$	3	2.4	<b>IGNORE</b> sig. figs for working marks <b>If answer incorrect, ALLOW</b> either half of working equations for 1 mark each up to a maximum of 2. <b>ALLOW e.g.</b> ' $q^2$ = 77/248' or '77/248 = 0.31'
(iii)	(population) not (sufficiently) large ✓	2	2.3	<i>Mark the first answer on each prompt line</i> <b>ALLOW ora</b> in context of Hardy-Weinberg assumptions
	(population) not randomly mating / not subject to selection $\checkmark$			ALLOW mutations might occur IGNORE immigration / emigration

Qu	iesti	on	Answer	2	AO element	Guidance
19	(a)	(i)	prophase then metaphase then anaphase then telophase $\checkmark \checkmark$		1.2	MAX 1 if interphase or cytokinesis mentioned ALLOW 1 mark if phases named correctly but not in correct order
		(ii)	genetically identical offspring $\checkmark$	2 max	2.1	IGNORE clones
			offspring produced , rapidly / in large numbers 🗸			ALLOW produces more offspring ALLOW finding mate requires , time / energy ALLOW population can increase rapidly IGNORE 'quicker' without some qualification
			(all) offspring will , find conditions favourable / have same adaptations $\checkmark$			
	(b)	(i)	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognit Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, acc o award the higher mark where the Communication S o award the lower mark where aspects of the Commu- • The science content determines the level. • The Communication Statement determines the mark	se and cr of the ans er. cording to tatement inication	edit unexpo swer, first d the <b>Comn</b> thas been Statement	ected approaches where they show relevance.) lecide which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b> , <b>Level 2</b> <b>munication Statement</b> (shown in italics): met.

Level 3 (5–6 marks)	6	1.1, 1.2	Indicative points include	
<ul> <li>Explains in detail how sexual reproduction leads to genetic variation with reference to more than one stage of meiosis and with reference to <i>Hydra</i>.</li> <li>There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.</li> <li>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</li> <li>Explains in some detail how sexual reproduction leads to</li> </ul>		2.5	<ul> <li>AO1.1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas</li> <li>genetic variation is the variety of alleles</li> <li>offspring have alleles from more than one parent</li> <li>random fertilisation</li> <li>meiosis produces genetically unique</li> </ul>	1.1
<ul> <li>genetic variation with reference to more than one stage of meiosis OR with reference to <i>Hydra</i> and one stage of meiosis.</li> <li>There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.</li> <li>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</li> <li>Mentions more than one reason why sexual reproduction leads to genetic variation.</li> <li>The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.</li> <li><b>0 marks</b></li> <li>No response or no response worthy of credit.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>gametes</li> <li>AO1.2 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific processes <ul> <li>crossing over in prophase 1</li> <li>alleles swapped between non-sister chromatids</li> <li>base sequence of chromosomes altered</li> <li>independent assortment / random segregation</li> <li>in metaphase 1</li> <li>also relevant in metaphase 2 if crossing over has occurred</li> </ul> </li> <li>AO2.5 Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific processes in a theoretical context when handling qualitative data</li> <li>the sperm from one Hydra can fertilise an egg from any other individual Hydra</li> <li>the two Hydra can have different alleles</li> </ul>	2.5

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						<ul> <li>sperm carried in water</li> <li>might travel large distances</li> <li>to unrelated <i>Hydra</i></li> </ul>
Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
		(ii)	(some offspring) might survive unfavourable conditions ✓ (some) offspring have useful alleles ✓ (named) unfavourable conditions mean (all) offspring might die (if asexual) ✓	1 max	2.1	IGNORE eggs can lie dormant as stated in question IGNORE less susceptible to unfavourable conditions
	(c)	(i)	224 ✓	1	2.2	haploid number = 28 x 2 for diploid number = 56 x 2 after DNA replication = 112 x 2 strands per molecule = 224
		(ii)	a cross drawn anywhere between sporophyte and spores $\checkmark$	1	2.5	
		(iii)	many mitochondria ✓ to supply , energy / ATP , for movement ✓ OR enzymes / acrosome ✓	2	2.1	Mark the first suggestion given but ignore partially achieved marking points <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> make energy
			(enzymes) to , penetrate / AW , egg ✓			ALLOW to digest outer layer / break through membrane DO NOT CREDIT break down egg cell wall

Question		n	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance		
20	(a) (i)		A = combustion $\checkmark$				1.2	ALLOW burning	
			$F = respiration \checkmark$					IGNORE aerobic / anaerobic	
		(ii)	more combustion / less ph	otosynthesis 🗸		1	2.6	ALLOW more burning (of fuel)	
	(b)	(i)	-	1		max 3	2.1	Mark the first 3 responses	
			Glucose	Starch			2.2	<b>ALLOW</b> two responses in the same box if they are on the same horizontal level	
			monomer	polymer	~				
			monosaccharide	polysaccharide	~				
			no glycosidic bonds	glycosidic bonds	~			ALLOW glycosidic links	
			$C_6H_{12}O_6$ / more H and O	$C_6H_{10}O_5$ / less H and O	~			IGNORE 1-6 glycosidic bonds	
								IGNORE branched	
		(ii)	S / sulfur ✓			1	1.1	ALLOW sulphur	
	(c)	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.							
	In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise a Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of th Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, accord o award the higher mark where the Communication State o award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication					answer, ng to the <b>(</b> nent has l	first decide Communic been met.	which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b> , <b>Level 2</b> or <b>cation Statement</b> (shown in italics):	

Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance	
Des and The logic sub Lev Des and deta The The sup Lev Mer cycl The way rela 0 ma	re is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. information presented is in the most-part relevant and ported by some evidence. el 1 (1–2 marks) ntions some similarities between the carbon and nitrogen	6	2.5	<ul> <li>Indicative points include</li> <li>AO2.5 Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific processes in a theoretical context when handling qualitative data <ul> <li>inorganic gases</li> <li>CO2 and N2</li> </ul> </li> <li>in atmosphere</li> <li>elements fixed to organic compounds <ul> <li>C and N both form proteins / nucleic acids</li> </ul> </li> <li>incorporated into plants (producers) then animals (consumers)</li> <li>animals obtain element by feeding on plants</li> <li>break down organic macromolecules in living things</li> <li>release inorganic molecules <ul> <li>carbon dioxide and ammonium ions</li> </ul> </li> <li>microorganisms return element to atmosphere <ul> <li>CO2 released during decomposition</li> <li>N2 released by denitrifying bacteria</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Q	Question		Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)	(i)	<b>lf a</b> 21 19	RST CHECK ON ANSWER LINE answer 91 $\pm$ 1or 90.7 $\pm$ 1 (%) award 2 marks 5000 - 20000 = 195000 $5000/215000 = 0.907 \checkmark$ $100 = 90.7 \checkmark$	2	2.8	<i>Max 1 if answer not given to 2 or 3 s.f.</i> <i>If answer incorrect …</i> <b>ALLOW</b> 195 000/215 000 <b>or</b> 0.907 for 1 mark
		(ii)		ea of changes over time $\checkmark$ s with units to illustrate population change $\checkmark$	2	2.8	ALLOW calculated change / ref to answer to part (i)
		(iii)	1 2 3 4	no data shown for , winter months / Dec / Jan / Feb ✓ no data shown about temperature or light ✓ <i>idea of</i> fluctuations / dips during summer months ✓ another , biotic / abiotic , factor could be causing the increase ✓	3 max	3.2	<b>4 ALLOW</b> e.g. increased nutrient availability / reduction in predators / increased CO <sub>2</sub> / qualified reference to pollution <b>4 ALLOW</b> correlation does not imply causal link
	(b)	(i)	1 2 3 4 5	protoctista ✓ nucleus / (named) membrane-bound organelles , so <u>eukaryot</u> ic / not <u>prokaryot</u> ic ✓ unicellular so not plant(ae) ✓ cell wall / chloroplast / starch grains, so not animal(ia) ✓ cellulose cell wall / chloroplast , so not fungi ✓	4 max	3.1 3.2	<ul> <li>1 ALLOW protista</li> <li>2 IGNORE eukarya</li> <li>2 IGNORE peptidoglycan</li> <li>4 IGNORE autotrophic</li> </ul>

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C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
						<b>5 ALLOW</b> cell wall not chitin so not fungi <b>5 IGNORE</b> autotrophic
		(ii)	(nucleic acid) base sequence / amino acid sequence ✓ genes / DNA / RNA / cytochrome C ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW genetic material IGNORE chromosomes / RNA polymerase / ribosomes DO NOT CREDIT haemoglobin

Qı	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
22	22 (a) (i)		i) C and F and I and J ✓	1	1.2	ALLOW the correct terms written instead of letters
		(ii)	I and J ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW the correct terms written instead of letters
		(iii)	A and E and G and H ✓	1	1.2	ALLOW the correct terms written instead of letters
		(iv)	F $\checkmark$ one / few , types of cell performing a function $\checkmark$	2	2.1 1.1	ALLOW mucous membrane IGNORE J ALLOW examples of cells involved if one or few types is implied ALLOW similar cells doing the same job
	(b)		<i>cytokines</i> attract / AW , (named) phagocytes ✓	2	1.2	IGNORE increase phagocytosis without reference to movement

Qı	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
			opsonins bind to / AW , pathogens / foreign cells / antigens , and increase phagocytosis / recognition by phagocytes ✓			
	(c)	(i)	type of immunitynatural and activenatural and passiveartificial and activeartificial and passive✓	1	2.5	
		(ii)	injected ✓ (patient) is not <u>producing</u> , antibodies / memory cells / immune response ✓	2	1.1	<b>IGNORE</b> natural / artificial / active / passive <b>IGNORE</b> 'antibodies are given', as this is in the question

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