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, 	Please write clearly in	block capitals.	
	Centre number	Candidate number	
	Surname		
	Forename(s)		
	Candidate signature		
	-	I declare this is my own work.	
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A-level PHYSICS

Paper 3 Section B Electronics

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet
- a protractor.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

Information

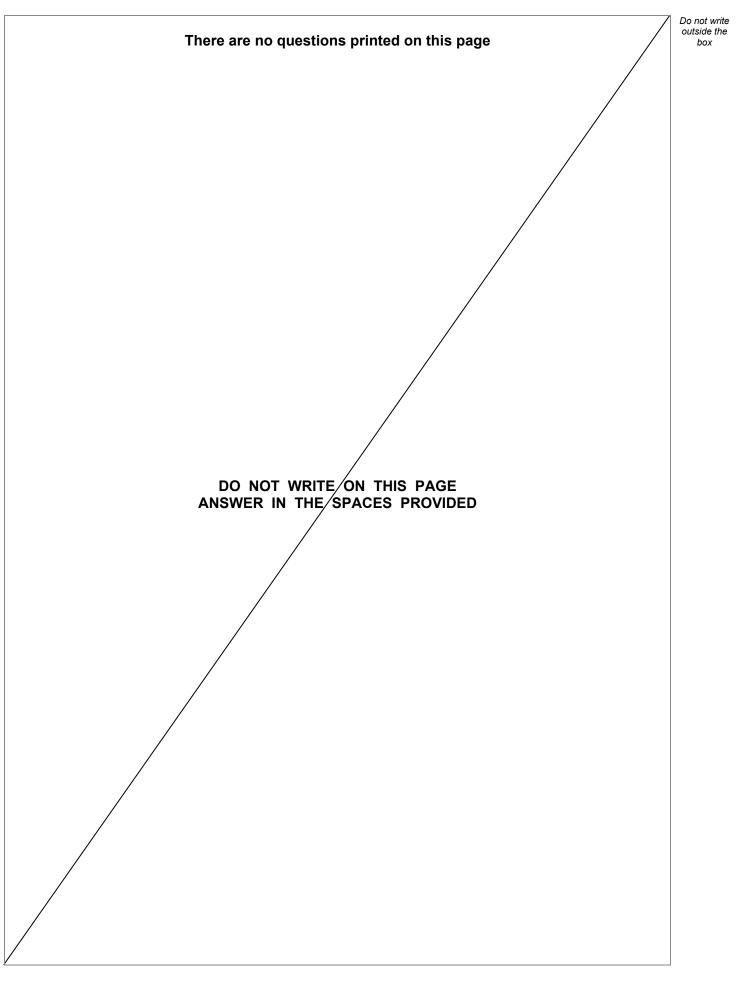
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 35.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.



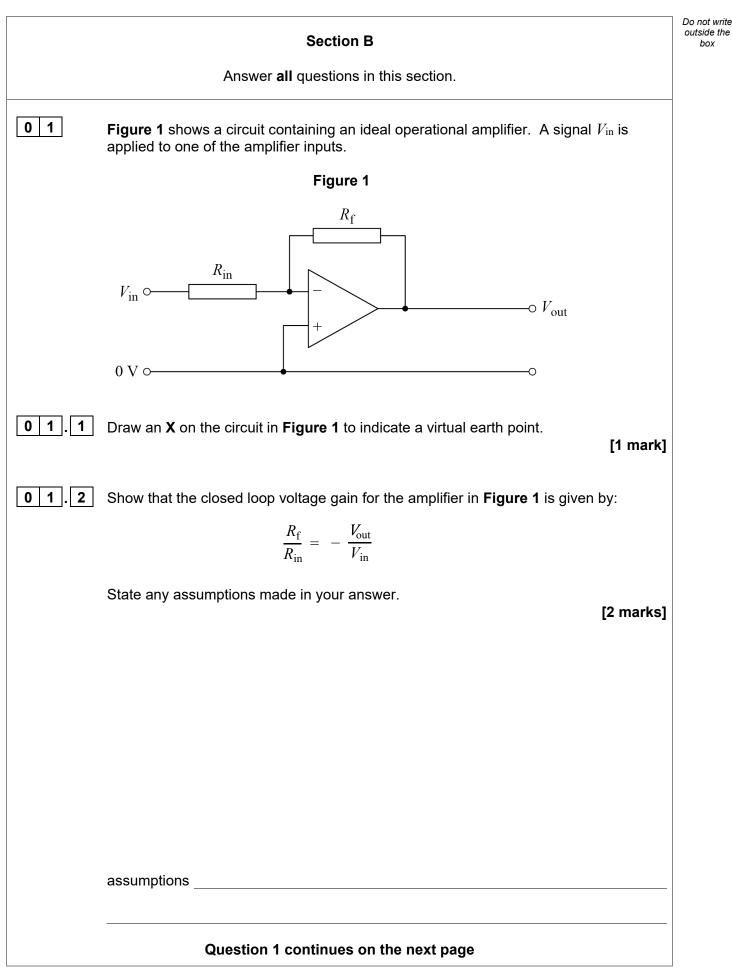
Time allowed: The total time for both sections of this paper is 2 hours. You are advised to spend approximately 50 minutes on this section.

For Exam	iner's Use
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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4	
5	
TOTAL	



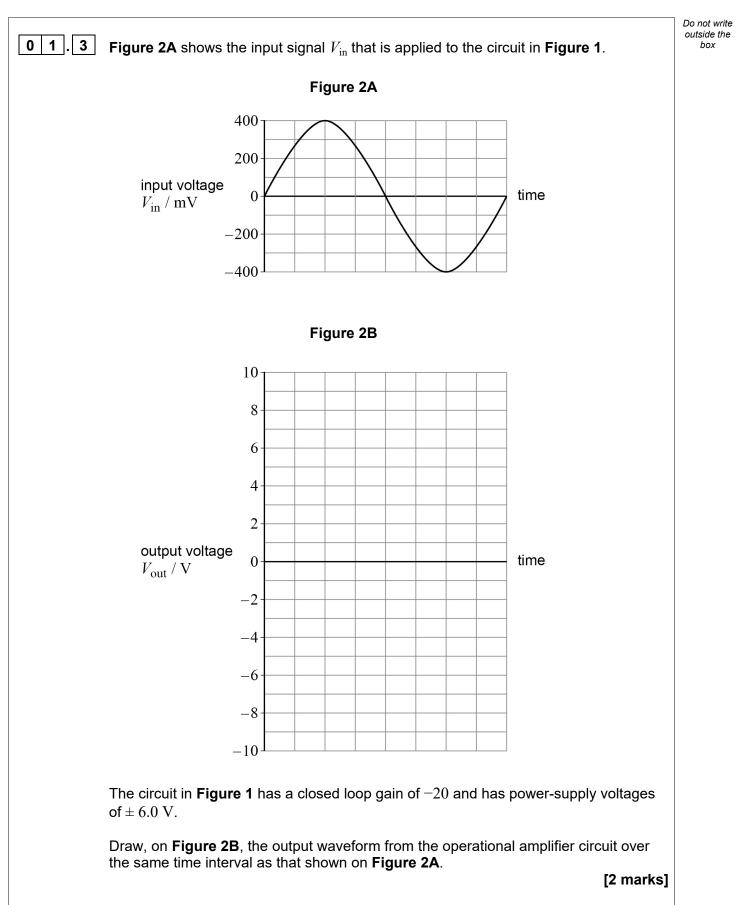




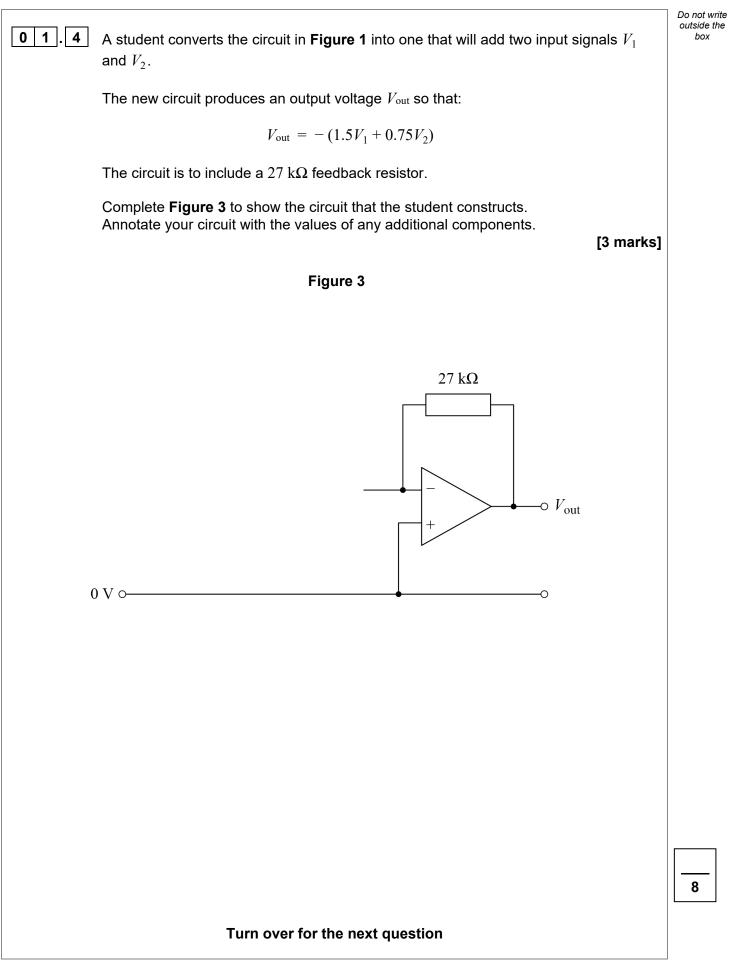




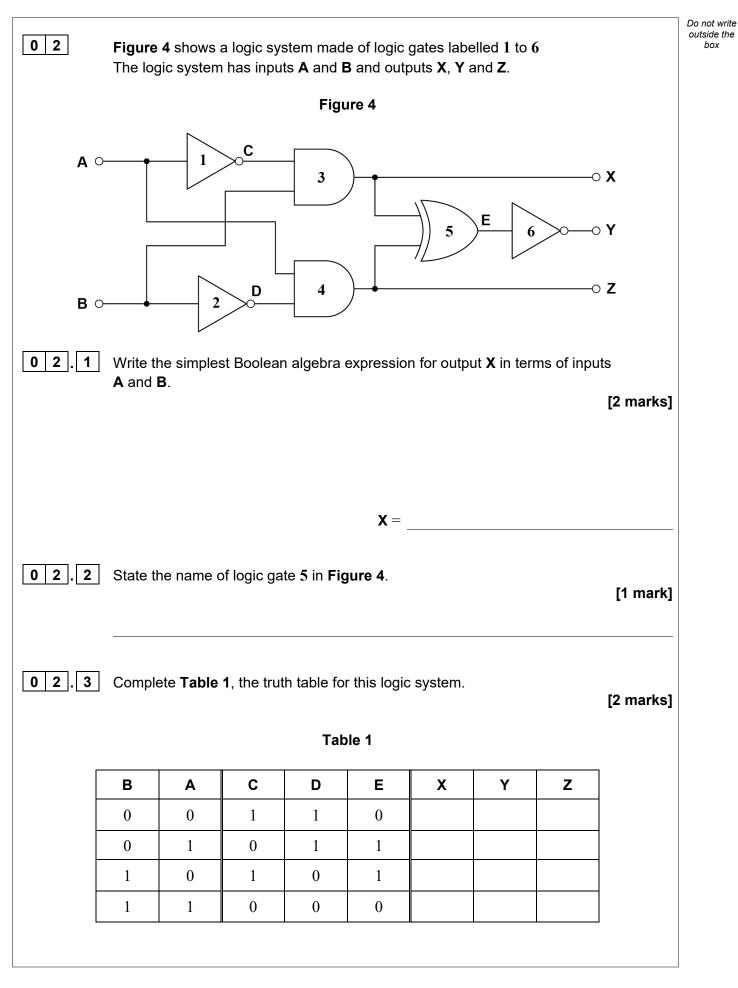
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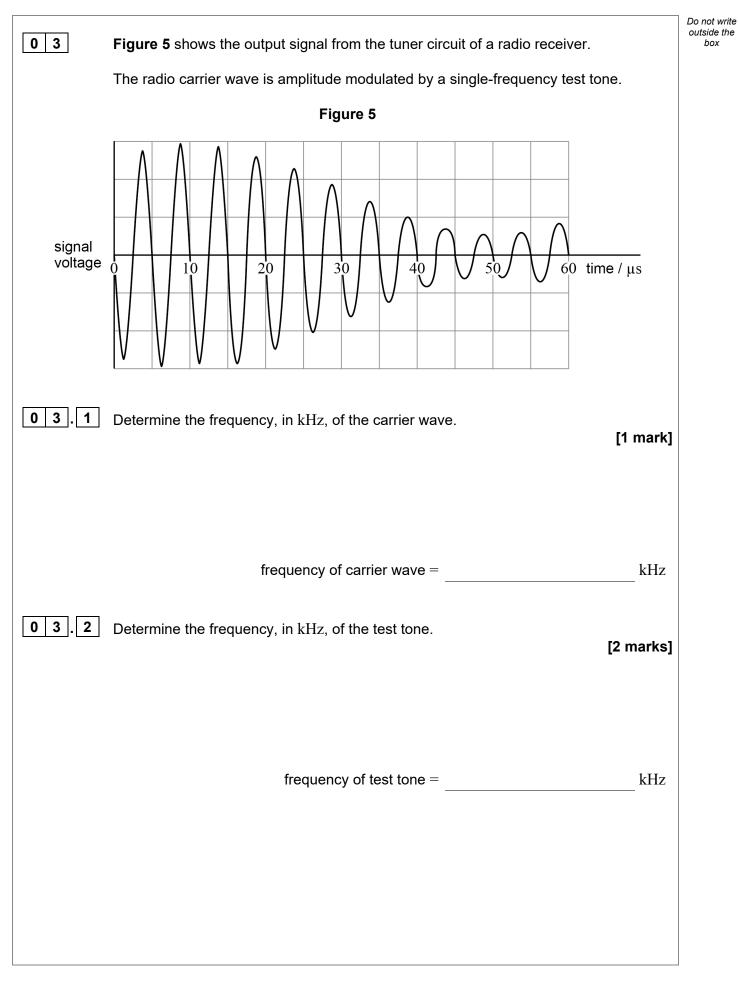






02.4			gate that can rep	lace the combinat	tion of gates ${f 5}$ and ${f 6}$ in this	Do not write outside the box
	syste				[1 mark]	
02.5	large		whether the value	es are the same.	h of inputs A and B has the Each decision is indicated by	
		h row identifies th (✓) one box.	e outputs X , Y ar	nd Z ?		
	T TOTA	() •••• ••••			[1 mark]	
		x	Y	z		
		A = B	A < B	A > B		
		A < B	A = B	A > B		
		A < B	A > B	A = B		
		A > B	A = B	A < B		7
		Tur	n over for the n	ext question		





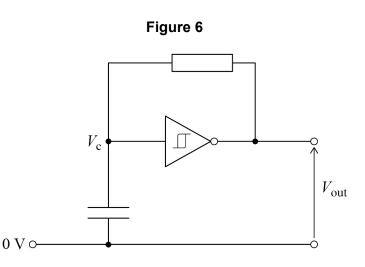


03.3	State one advantage of using frequency modulation (FM) rather than amplitude modulation (AM).	Do not write outside the box
03.4	The frequency range of the FM radio band in the UK is 88 to 108 MHz. The FM stations are allocated centre frequencies that start at 88.100 MHz and are separated by 200 kHz. Calculate the maximum number of stations allowed within the range. [1 mark	3
03.5	$maximum number of stations = _$ A radio station broadcasting on FM transmits a maximum audio frequency of 15 kHz and has a frequency deviation of \pm 75 kHz. Deduce whether the radio station fits the FM bandwidth allocation in the UK. [2 marks]	



Do not write outside the box

Figure 6 shows a type of NOT gate called a Schmitt Trigger. This is connected to a capacitor of capacitance C and a resistor of resistance R to make an oscillator circuit. The circuit is used to produce continuous clock pulses.



 $V_{\rm out}$ switches HIGH or LOW when the input voltage $V_{\rm c}$ passes through one of two trigger voltage values.

The output voltage V_{out} switches to:

- LOW when $V_{\rm c}$ rises and reaches the upper trigger voltage $V_{\rm U}$
- HIGH when $V_{\rm c}$ falls and reaches the lower trigger voltage $V_{\rm L}.$



0 4

		1 -
04.1	Initially the capacitor is uncharged and $V_{\rm c}$ is at 0 V.	Do not w outside t box
	Explain the sequence of actions of this circuit as the output goes through one full cycle. The first two stages have been done for you.	
	You should refer to the <i>RC</i> circuit in Figure 6 and to $V_{\rm U}$ and $V_{\rm L}$ in your answer. [3 marks]	
	Stage 1 : Since $V_{\rm c}$ is LOW, the output is HIGH.	
	Stage 2 : The capacitor now charges through the resistor, making $V_{\rm c}$ rise.	
	Stage 3:	
	Stage 4:	
	Stage 5:	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	

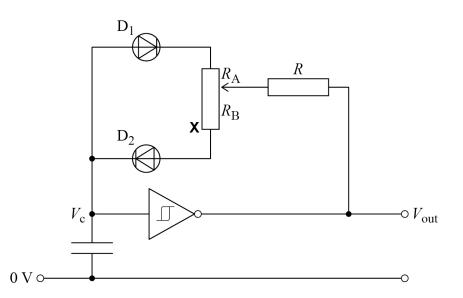


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0 4 . 2 Figure 7 shows the oscillator circuit after it has been modified by the addition of:

- two diodes $D_1 \text{ and } D_2$
- a potential divider that has a total resistance value of $(R_{\rm A} + R_{\rm B})$.





In this particular circuit:

- the time $t_{\rm H}$ for the output signal to be HIGH is given by $t_{\rm H}$ = 0.7*C* (*R* + *R*_B)
- the time $t_{\rm L}$ for the output signal to be LOW is given by $t_{\rm L} = 0.7C (R + R_{\rm A})$.



Do not write outside the box

The slider of the potential divider is moved towards X , as shown in	n Figure 7.
State and explain the effect of this change on:	
 the mark-to-space ratio (t_H : t_L) the pulse rate frequency (PRF). 	[4 marks]
mark-to-space ratio	
PRF	
Turn over for the next question	



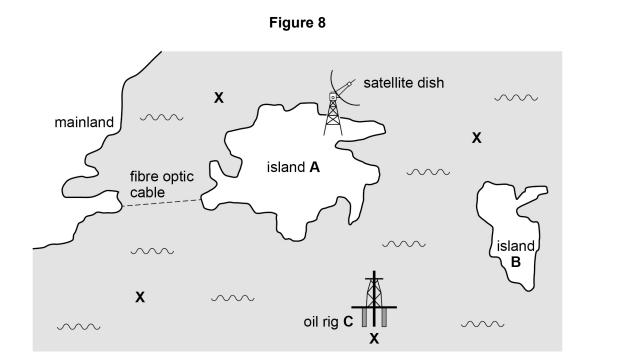
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Figure 8 shows island **A**, a fully developed island off the mainland coast. The island is connected to the mainland by a fibre optic cable lying along the seabed and it also has a satellite link.

Nobody lives on island **B**, but it is due to be developed as a major holiday resort over the next 5 years.

Moveable oil rig **C** is due to explore the four sites marked '**X**' for oil and gas over a 9-month period.



A communications company has been asked to provide solutions for island **B** which will allow the development to begin immediately and then later to support a fully developed holiday resort.

A communications solution is also required for oil rig **C** during the 9-month exploration period.

Describe appropriate solutions involving fibre optic cabling and satellite communication systems for each of the two clients, island **B** and oil rig **C**.

In your answer you should:

- · outline the way each communications system operates
- suggest, with reasons, your choice of system for each solution.

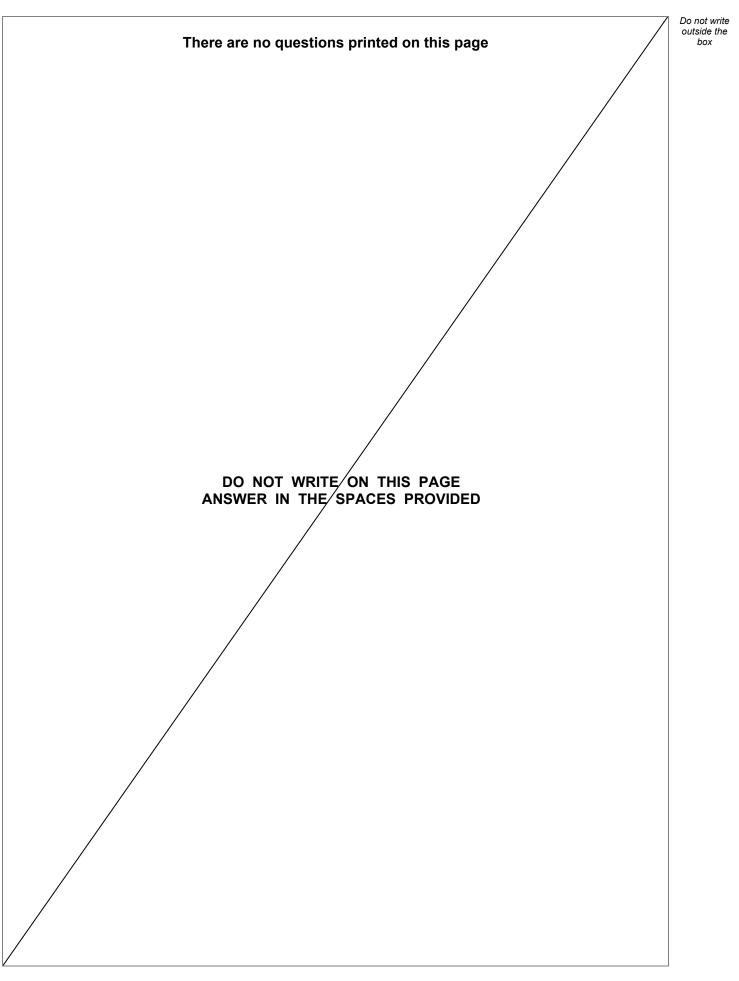
[6 marks]



0 5









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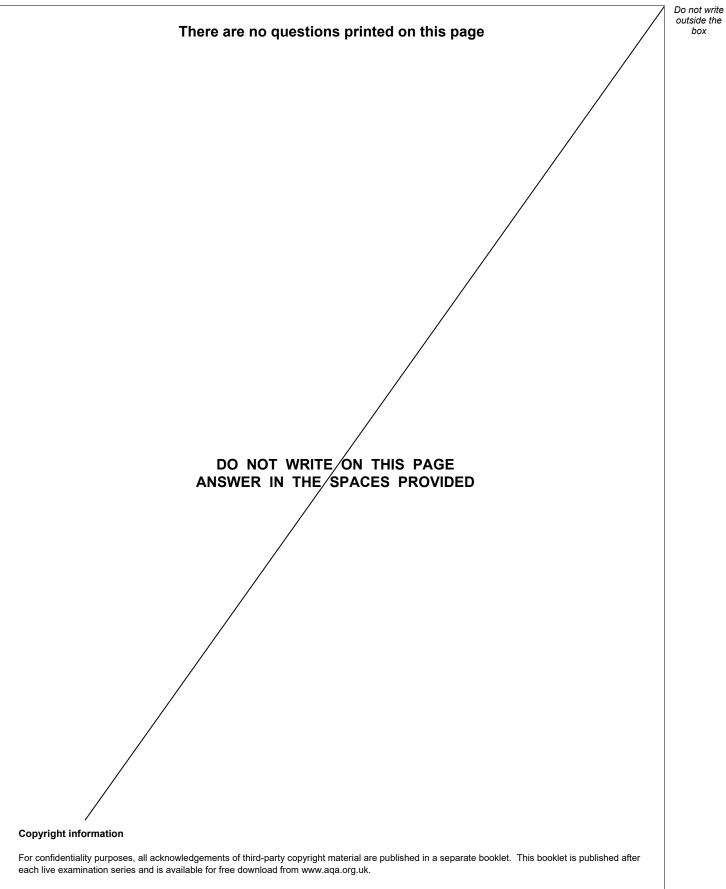


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