

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2023

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
Α	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
Oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(a)	3	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(b)	43	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(c)	32	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2(a)	4	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	2 4 4 8 10 11 12 15 or 2 4 4 8 10 or 15 12 11 10 8 or 8 and 10	M1	full list of numbers in either of allow one missing, extra or to error in an otherwise full list of list of first or last five number order allow only a transcription errothe first or last five numbers	ranscription of numbers rs in either
2(b)	or $18 \div 2$ or $\frac{8+1}{2} \text{ th or } 4.5 \text{th value}$	A1	oe works out the position of the median in the list	
	Additional Guidance Ordered list in the stem of the question can be assumed to be for part (b)			
	unless contradicted by the working se	een in the	working space	
	Answer 9 from any or no list	M1A1		
	Puts list in order then finds the mean			M1A0
	States 4.5th and gives 11.5 (oe)			M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2(c)	13	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2()	D	B1	
3(a)	A and E	B1	either order

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Colour spinner with all sections labelled red, blue or green with at least one of each		B1 one spinner with all sect red, blue or green with at lea		
	and	B2	or		
	number spinner with all sections labelled 1, 2, 3 or 4 with at least one of each		one spinner with all sections 2, 3 or 4 with at least one of		
	Additional Guidance				
3(b)	Allow any unambiguous labelling eg R for Red				
	Allow any unambiguous splitting into sections eg unruled				
	Number spinner under Colour heading and/or Colour spinner under Number heading can score a maximum of B1				
	Sections do not have to be equal				
	Ignore any probabilities given on the spinners				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	9.5 × 100 or 950 or 20 ÷ 100 or 0.2 or 2 × 20 ÷ 100 or 0.4	M1	oe 930 implies 950 9.3 implies 0.2	
	their $950 - 2 \times 20$ or their $950 - 40$ or 910 or $9.5 - 2 \times \text{their } 0.2$ or 9.5 - their 0.4 or 9.1	M1dep	oe eg 950 – 20 – 20 oe eg 9.5 – their 0.2 – their	0.2
4	910 cm or 9.1 m	A1	oe	
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct answer, even if this is seen amongst		h no answer or incorrect	
	9 m 10 cm on answer line			M1M1A1
	Units may be seen in working but mu			M1M1A1
	$9.5 - 2 \times 20 = 910 \text{ centimetres or } 9.$		M1M1A1	
	$9.5 - 2 \times 20 = 910$ or 9.1		M1M1A0	
	Do not ignore further incorrect conve	rsion after	correct answer seen	M1M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	15	B1	implied by 70 or 345		
	(3rd term =) 70	B1ft	ft (their 15 – 1) × 5		
5 (a)	Additional Guidance				
5(a)	15 70 on answer line			B1B1	
	15 and/or 70 seen but not final term eg Answer 345			B1B0	
	Answer only 345			B1B0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	50 × 2 or 100	M1		
	80	A1	SC1 120 or 5 or 60	
	Additional Guidance			
5(b)	80, 50, on answer line 80, 50, in working with answer line blank			M1A1
				M1A1
	80, 50, in working with 35 on answer line			
	$80 + 20 \div 2 = 50$ without answer 80	(embedd	ed answer)	M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(a)	7	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(b)	15	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	20 + 3 or 23 or 10.58	M1	may be implied by a journey curves) ending at 10.58 on the	
6(c)	Straight line from (10.35, 7) to (10.58, 0)	A1	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square ignore any other working line graph	es on the
	Additional Guidance		Guidance	
	Fully correct graph			M1A1
	Accept unruled line if intention clear			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	25 × 10.2(0) or 255	M1	oe	
	10-7+3-1 or 3+2 or 5		oe	
	or			
	$(10-7) \times 11.8(0)$ or $3 \times 11.8(0)$			
	or 35.4(0)	M1		
	or			
	$(3-1) \times 11.8(0)$ or $2 \times 11.8(0)$			
7	or 23.6(0)			
	their 5 × 11.8(0)		oe	
	or their 35.4(0) + their 23.6(0)	M1dep	dep on 2nd M	
	or 59	,	their 35.4(0) and their 23.6(0) must both be from correct methods	
	314(.00)	A1	SC2 325.8(0) or 337.6(0)	
	Additional Guidance			
	314.0			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	60 + 70 + 85 or 215	M1			
	1000 ÷ 5 or 200		oe eg $\frac{1}{5} \times 1000$		
	or	M1	5 5		
	1000 ÷ 4 or 250				
	200 and 215 and 250	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
	60 + 70 + 85 or 215		oe do not accept $\frac{1}{5}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$		
	or		' 5 4		
8	1 ÷ 5 or 0.2	M1			
	or				
	1 ÷ 4 or 0.25				
	their 215 ÷ 1000 or 0.215		oe eg $\frac{215}{1000}$		
	or		1000		
	their 215 × 4 or 860	M1dep	0.86 implies 860		
	or		1.075 implies 1075		
	their 215 × 5 or 1075				
	0.215 and 0.2 and 0.25		oe decimals, percentages or fractions		
	or 860 and 1075 and 1000	A1	with a common denominator		
	or 0.86 and 1.075 and 1				

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 3			
	60 ÷ 1000 or 0.06		oe do not accept $\frac{1}{5}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$	
8	or		5 4	
	70 ÷ 1000 or 0.07			
	or			
	85 ÷ 1000 or 0.085	M1		
	or			
	1 ÷ 5 or 0.2			
	or			
cont	1 ÷ 4 or 0.25			
	their 0.06 + their 0.07 + their 0.085		oe	
	or 0.215	M1dep	their 0.06 and their 0.07 and their 0.085 must all be from correct methods	
	0.215 and 0.2 and 0.25	A1	oe decimals, percentages or fractions with a common denominator	
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Sometimes true Sometimes true Never true	В3	B1 for each		
	Additional Guidance				
9	Allow any unambiguous indication eg if a cross is the only indication in a row, take that as the answer				
	A row with a tick and some crosses, mark the tick				
	A row with more than one tick is B0 for that row				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	p^3	B1			
10(a)	Additional Guidance				
	Accept 1p ³				

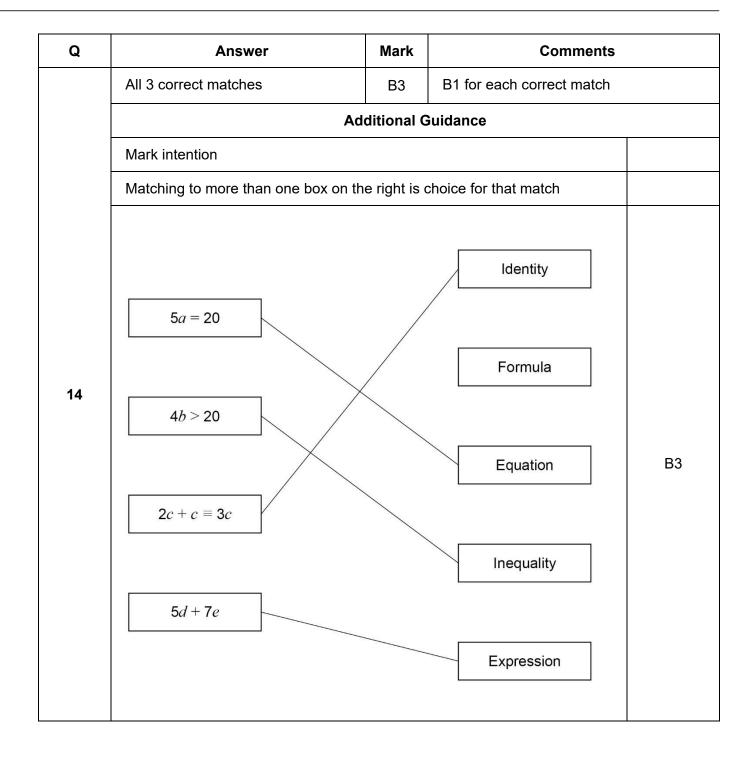
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	2a + 11c	B2	either order B1 2 <i>a</i> or 11 <i>c</i>	
	Additional Guidance			
	Further incorrect work after a B2 response is B1			
10(b)	eg $2a + 11c = 13ac$			
	Further incorrect work after a B1 response is B1			
	eg $3a + 11c = 14ac$			B1
	a2 + 11c or $2a + c11$			B1
	a2 or c11			B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$360 \div 9 \ (= 40)$ and $40 \times 7 = 280$ or $360 \div 9 \ (= 40)$ and $40 \times 2 \ (= 80)$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ or $40 \times 2 \ (= 80)$ and $40 \times 7 \ (= 280)$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ or $280 \div 7 \ (= 40)$ and $40 \times 9 = 360$ or $2:7 = 80:280$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ or $360 - 280 \ (= 80)$ and $80:280 = 2:7$	B2	oe B1 $360 \div 9$ or $280 \div 7$ or or $\frac{2}{9}$ or $\frac{7}{9}$ or $360 - 280$ or 80 oe	40 oe	
44	Additional Guidance				
11	80 and 280 shown on the diagram is not oe for $80 + 280 = 360$				
	$360 \div 9 \times 7 = 280$				
	360 ÷ 9 and 40 × 2 and 2:7 = 80:280				
	$360 \div 9 = 40$ and $2:7 = 80:280$ (40)	$(40 \times 2 \text{ or } 40 \times 7 \text{ missing})$		B1	
	$40 \times 7 = 280$ without $360 \div 9$ eg $40 \times 7 = 280$ and $80 + 280 = 360$	B1			
	80:280 and 80 + 280 = 360 (2:7 =	80:280	missing)	B1	
	$360 \div 9 = 40$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ (40×2 or 40×7 missing)			B1	
	$280 \div 7 = 40$ and $360 - 280 = 80$ (40×2 or 40×9 missing)			B1	
	280 ÷ 7 and 40 × 2 and 80:280 = 2:7 (80 + 280 = 360 missing)			B1	
	80 + 280 = 360			B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Pair of numbers satisfying all criteria	B2	B1 pair of numbers satisfyir criteria eg $c = 20$ $d = 14$ or $c = 7$ $d = 0$	ng two
	Add	ditional G	Guidance	
	c and d can be decimals			
	eg $c = 8.6$ $d = 2.6$			B2
	Correct integer values for B2			
12(a)	c = 9 $d = 3$			
	c = 8 $d = 2$			
	c = 7 $d = 1$			
	c=6 $d=0$			
	c=5 $d=-1$			
	Examples of correct integer values fo	r B1		
	c = 10 $d = 4$			
	c = 4 $d = -2$			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
12(b)	Pair of numbers satisfying all criteria	B2	eg $w = 1.9$ $x = 0.7$ B1 pair of numbers satisfyin criteria eg $w = 1.6$ $x = 1$ or $w = 2.4$ $x = 0.2$ or $w = 1.4$ $x = 0.9$ SC1 pair of numbers with a satisfying neither inequality	
	Additional Guidance			
	w = 0.7 $x = 1.9$			SC1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	No ticked and appropriate working to show AB and CD are not parallel	B2	B1 any correct angle on the eg 105 opposite the 105 give eg 85 written next to the 95 gor any correct angle which assure parallel eg 95 written opposite the 10 or any correct angle evaluation working	en given umes lines 05 given		
	Δd	ditional G	eg 180 – 105 = 75			
	Angles must be shown on diagram or					
	Ignore any incorrect or irrelevant term	-				
	"No" may be implied					
13	Condone an incorrect angle if not sub					
	Crossed out angles on diagram may					
	No and 95 should be 105	B2				
	No and 95 written opposite the give and 95 is not equal to 105	B2				
	No and 105 opposite the given 105 and $105 + 85 = 190$ (or should be 1	B2				
	No and 85 written next to the given and 75 written next to the given 105	± 75	B2			
	No and 75 written alongside 105 and and $95 + 75 = 170$ (or should be 18	en underneath 95	B2			
	No and 95 written opposite 105 and and 95 + 75 + 75 + 105 = 350 (or s		B2			
	95 + 105 = 200 is not a correct angle No and $95 + 105 = 200$ and if it is	В0				



Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	496 ÷ 8 or 62	M1	oe eg 8 × 62		
	5 × their 62 or 310	N 44 1	oe		
		M1dep	$496 \times \frac{5}{8} \text{ is M2}$		
	638 – their 310 or 328		oe		
15	or	M1dep	dep on M2		
	(638 – their 310) ÷ 2				
	164	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	12 × 16 ÷ 2 or 96	M1	oe			
	their 96 ÷ 7.5	M1dep				
	12.8	A1	SC1 25.6 or 6.4			
16	Additional Guidance					
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts					
	12.8 × 7.5 = 96, 96 on answer line	M1M1A0				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	2 correct matches	B2	B1 for 1 correct match	
	Add	ditional G	Guidance	
	Mark intention			
	Matching to more than one box on the	e right is o	choice for that match	
17	Quadratic sequence Linear sequence Fibonacci-type sequence		Sequence 4, 5, 9, 14, 23 -3, 1, 5, 9, 13 -4, -1, 1, 5, 12 8, 11, 16, 23, 32	B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	1 – 0.04 or 0.96 or 0.04 × 1000000 or 40000 or 960000	M1	oe eg 1 – $\frac{4}{100}$ 1 040 000 implies M1		
	Full method for exactly 5 compounded percentage calculations with their multiplier	M1	oe eg 1 000 000 × their 0.96 ⁵		
18	[800 000, 820 000] with M2 awarded	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	815372.() or 815373 with M2 awarded				
	Answer 800 000 from 40 000 × 5				
	Answer 800 000 without either 40 000 shown or M2 awarded				
	Intermediate values for separate calculations are 960 000, 921 600, 884 736, 849 346.()				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	No ticked		eg 2 faces are hidden			
	and		B1 No ticked			
	correct reason					
	or					
	correct evaluation of the surface areas for any numerical or algebraic values	B2				
	or					
	correct ratio of the surface areas					
	Add	ditional G	Guidance			
	Ignore irrelevant reasons or evaluations alongside a correct reason or evaluation, unless contradictory					
	"No" may be implied by a correct reason					
19	Accept reasoning that uses A as a cube					
13	No ticked and					
	A has 6, B has 10 (condone sides fo	r faces)		B2		
	A has 3, B has 5			B2		
	A has 6 sides, on B each cube only has 5					
	Ratio is 3:5 (accept equivalent ratios	()		B2		
	The bottom and the top are missing	(or covere	ed)	B2		
	When they are put together you lose	two faces		B2		
	You wouldn't count two sides (condo	ne sides	for faces)	B2		
	Some of the faces are covered You cannot see one side because they are stacked together					
	One face covered		B2			
	Part of the area of A is covered where	e it joins E	3	B2		
	Both touching sides			B2		
	Yes ticked or Cannot tell ticked			В0		

Q	Answer			Mar	k		Commen	nts	
	0 and 3 in th	0 and 3 in the correct positions			B1	0 or 3 in	the correc	ct po	sition
	Additional Guidance								
20(a)									
		x	-3	-2	-1	0	1		
									B2
		У	3	0	<u>-1</u>	0	3		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
20(b)	Plots at least three points correctly	M1	correct or ft their table in (a) $\pm \frac{1}{2} \text{ small square}$ points may be implied by graph passing through them		
	Correct graph drawn through the five correct points	A1	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square smooth quadratic curve		
	Additional Guidance Correct graph drawn without plotting the correct points Ignore any extra points plotted Ignore any part of graph drawn for $x < -3$ or $x > 1$			M1A1	
	Ruled straight lines			A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	Alternative method 1	1				
	2450 ÷ (2 + 5) or 2450 ÷ 7 or 350	M1	oe			
21	their 350×5 or 1750 or their 350×2 or 700 or their $350 \div 4$ or $87.5(0)$	M1dep	oe $2450 \times \frac{5}{7}$ is M2 $2450 \times \frac{2}{7}$ is M2 $2450 \div 28$ is M2			
	their $1750 \div 4$ or $(2450 - \text{their } 700) \div 4$ or their $87.5(0) \times 5$ or 437.5(0)	M1dep	oe dep on M2 $350 \times \frac{5}{4} \text{ is M3}$			
	437.5(0) and Yes	A1	accept 437.5(0) > 430			
	Alternative method 2					
	2450 ÷ 4 or 612.5(0)	M1	oe			
	their $612.5(0) \div (2+5)$ or their $612.5(0) \div 7$ or $87.5(0)$	M1dep	oe 2450 ÷ 28 is M2			
	their $87.5(0) \times 5$ or their $612.5(0)$ – their $87.5(0) \times 2$ or $437.5(0)$	M1dep	oe dep on M2 $612.5(0) \times \frac{5}{7}$ is M3			
	437.5(0) and Yes	A1	accept 437.5(0) > 430			

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 3					
	430 × 4 or 1720	M1				
	2450 ÷ (2 + 5) or 2450 ÷ 7 or 350	M1	oe			
	their 350×5 or 1750 or their 350×2 or 700	M1dep	oe dep on 2nd M $2450 \times \frac{5}{7} \text{ is M2}$ $2450 \times \frac{2}{7} \text{ is M2}$			
	1720 and 1750 and Yes	A1	2450 - 1720 = 730 and 700	and Yes		
	Alternative method 4					
21	430 × 4 or 1720	M1				
cont	their 1720 ÷ 5 or 344 or their 1720 × 2 or 3440	M1dep	oe			
	their 344 × 2 or their 3440 ÷ 5 or 688	M1dep	oe dep on M2 $1720 \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ is M3}$			
	2408 and Yes	A1				
	Additional Guidance					
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct answer, even if this is seen amongst					
	2450 ÷ 7 × 1.25 or 350 × 1.25		M1M1M1			
	Yes may be implied eg They receive 7.50 more than 430	M3A1				
	Condone £437.50p and Yes			M3A1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$80 - 25$ or 55 or $360 - 80 - 25$ or 255 $\frac{132}{\text{their } 55} \times 360 \text{ or } 864$	M1	oe implied by 1 degree = 2.4 people or 5 degrees = 12 people oe		
22	their 55 or $\frac{132}{\text{their 55}} \times 80$ or 192 or $\frac{132}{\text{their 55}} \times 25$ or 60 or $\frac{132}{\text{their 55}} \times \text{their 255}$ or $\frac{132}{\text{their 55}} \times (80 + 25)$ or 252 or their 255 $\div \frac{\text{their 55}}{132}$	M1dep	2.4 × their 255 is M2 12 × 51 is M2 2.4 × 105 is M2		
	612	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	s	
	Alternative method 1 – using tangent of an angle				
	tan chosen or used	M1			
	$\tan 58 = \frac{x}{46}$ or $46 \times \tan 58$ or $\tan 32 = \frac{46}{x}$ or $\frac{46}{\tan 32}$	M1dep	oe		
	[73.6, 74]	A1			
	Alternative method 2 – finding hyp	otenuse	first		
23	$\frac{46}{\cos 58}$ or $\frac{46}{\sin 32}$ or $86.8()$ or 87	M1	oe		
23	$\sqrt{(\text{their }86.8())^2 - 46^2}$ or $\sqrt{5418.()}$ or their $86.8() \times \sin 58$ or their $86.8() \times \cos 32$	M1dep	oe		
	[73.6, 74]	A1			
	Ad	uidance			
	Do not accept scale drawing				
	Answer 73 after answer in range see		M1M1A1		
	$\frac{\sin 32}{46} = \frac{\sin 58}{x}$		M1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
24(a)	8 or 10	M1	8 may be implied by 2 ² or 4	1	
	8 and 10		8 may be implied by 2 ² or 4		
	and	A1	accept 0.03 with $\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025 seen		
	Additional Guidance				
	Do not allow exact calculations for M1A1				
	eg 4.113 = 4 and 10.21 = 10 and $\frac{1}{40}$			M1A0	
	$\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025 with 8 or 10 seen (8 may be implied by 2^2 or 4)			M1A0	
	$\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025 without 8 or 10 seen (8 may be implied by 2^2 or 4)			M0A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Valid explanation	B1	eg both numbers have been rounded down		
	Additional Guidance				
	Ignore irrelevant reasons alongside a correct reason, unless contradictory				
	Ignore a calculation using exact values alongside a correct reason				
	eg 0.025 is greater than 0.0238 and both numbers rounded down			B1	
	0.025 is greater than 0.0238			В0	
	The denominator is smaller			B1	
24(b)	The denominator using the exact values is bigger			B1	
	(Decimals) rounded down			B1	
2 1(0)	Because 8.34 is more than 8 and 10.21 is more than 10			B1	
	One is divided by less (with answer more)			B1	
	Estimating rounds the numbers down which makes the denominator less			B1	
	Estimating rounds the numbers down which makes it less			В0	
	Because it rounds up			В0	
	Because she rounded each number to one significant figure			В0	
	The numbers get rounded up so more than the exact value			В0	
	Rounded up when estimating			В0	
	Removing the decimals makes the number bigger			В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(x+3)(x+5)	B2	either order B1 $(x+a)(x+b)$ where $ab = 15$ or $a+b=8$	
	Additional Guidance			
25(a)	Accept 1x for x throughout			
	$(3+x)\times(x+5)$			B2
	Condone missing final bracket eg $(5 + x)(3 + x)$			B2
	Ignore any attempt to solve $(x + 3)(x + 5) = 0$			
	eg $(x + 3)(x + 5)$ followed by $x = 3$, $x = 5$			B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
25(b)	(y =) -2 $(y =) 4$	B1	either order		
	Additional Guidance				
	Accept any letter eg $x = -2$ $x = 4$			B1	
	−2 and 4 on the answer line			B1	
	−2 and 4 written separately in the stem unless contradicted by answer line			B1	
	-2 and 4 written with $(-2+2)(4-4)$ unless contradicted by answer line			B1	
	(-2 + 2)(4 - 4) on answer line			В0	
	(-2+2)(4-4) even if -2 and 4 circled or indicated as the embedded values			В0	