## AQA

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number $\square$ Candidate number


Surname
Forename(s)
Candidate signature $\qquad$

## Level 2 Certificate FURTHER MATHEMATICS

## Paper 1 Non-Calculator

## Friday 14 June 2019

## Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments.

You must not use a calculator.

## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.


## Information

Afternoon


- The maximum mark for this paper is 70 .
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper.

These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

## - The marks for questions are shown in brackets.

| For Examiner's Use |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pages | Mark |
| 3 |  |
| $4-5$ |  |
| $6-7$ |  |
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| $18-19$ |  |
| $20-21$ |  |
| TOTAL |  |

## Formulae Sheet

Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


In any triangle $A B C$
Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$


Sine rule $\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$

$$
\cos A=\frac{b^{2}+c^{2}-a^{2}}{2 b c}
$$

## The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by $x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

## Trigonometric Identities

$\tan \theta \equiv \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \quad \sin ^{2} \theta+\cos ^{2} \theta \equiv 1$

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 A straight line passes through the points ( $-2,11$ ) and (1, 2)
Work out the equation of the line.
Give your answer in the form $y=m x+c$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

2 Write $\frac{5}{6 a}+\frac{a}{4}$ as a single fraction.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

3 | Work out the smallest integer value of $x$ that satisfies the inequality | $8-5 x<26$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
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## Answer

$\qquad$
$4 \quad p(x-1)+2(3 x+k) \equiv 4(x+2) \quad$ where $p$ and $k$ are integers.
Work out the values of $p$ and $k$.
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Answer $p=$ $\qquad$ , $k=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$5 \quad$ Solve $\quad \sqrt[3]{(2 \sqrt{x}-10)}=2$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$x=$ $\qquad$

6 The transformation matrix $\left(\begin{array}{cc}2 a & b \\ -b & -a\end{array}\right)$ maps the point (3, 4) onto the point (8, -7) Work out the values of $a$ and $b$.
$\qquad$ , $b=$ $\qquad$
$7 \quad$ A function is given by $\quad \mathrm{f}(x)=-2 x \quad-1 \leqslant x<0$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
=x(4-x) & 0 \leqslant x<3 \\
=2 x-3 & 3 \leqslant x \leqslant 4
\end{array}
$$

Draw the graph of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$ on the grid.

$8 \quad A B C$ is a straight line.
$A$ is the point $(-4,5)$
$C$ is the point $(20,-7)$
$A B: B C=5: 3$


Work out the coordinates of $B$.
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ )


Circle the expression for $\frac{\mathrm{d} y}{\mathrm{~d} x}$
$3 x^{2}-10 x$
$6 x^{2}-20 x$

10 Factorise fully $6 x^{2}+26 x y-20 y^{2}$

## Answer

$\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

11 A cone has base radius $r \mathrm{~cm}$, perpendicular height $h \mathrm{~cm}$ and slant height $l \mathrm{~cm}$ The curved surface area is $60 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ $l=3 r$

Work out the value of $h$.
Give your answer in the form $a \sqrt{10}$ where $a$ is an integer greater than 1
You must show your working.
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Answer $\qquad$

12 A curve has the equation $y=x^{3}+a x^{2}-7 \quad$ where $a$ is a constant.
The gradient of the curve when $x=4$ is twice the gradient of the curve when $x=-1$
Work out the value of $a$.
You must show your working.
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Answer $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

13 Prove that $(3 x+5)^{2}-5 x(x+10) \geqslant 0 \quad$ for all values of $x$.
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14 Here are two transformations.
A Rotation $90^{\circ}$ clockwise about the origin.
B Reflection in the line $y=x$
Use matrix multiplication to work out the single matrix which represents the combined transformation A followed by B.

Answer $\qquad$

15 Here is a sketch graph of $y=\cos x$ for $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 360^{\circ}$


You are given that $\cos 36^{\circ}=0.8090$

Solve $\cos x=-0.8090$ for $0^{\circ} \leqslant x \leqslant 360^{\circ}$
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Answer $\qquad$

16 Rationalise the denominator and simplify fully $\frac{21-11 \sqrt{5}}{3-\sqrt{5}}$
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Answer

## Turn over for the next question

$17 \quad A, B$ and $C$ are points on the circumference of a circle, centre $O$. $E C D$ is a tangent to the circle at $C$.
Angle $A O B=2 x+46^{\circ}$
Angle $O B C=37^{\circ}$
Angle $A C D=3 x$


Not drawn
accurately

Work out the value of $x$.
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Answer
degrees

Turn over for the next question
$18 \quad A D E F$ is a trapezium.
$A B C D$ is a straight line.
$B C E F$ is a square of side $\sqrt{6} \mathrm{~cm}$


Not drawn accurately

18 (a) Show that $A B=\sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$
[1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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18 (b) Show that $D E=2 \sqrt{6} \mathrm{~cm}$
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18 (c) Work out the perimeter of the trapezium $A D E F$.
Give your answer in the form $t \sqrt{2}+w \sqrt{6} \quad$ where $t$ and $w$ are integers.
You must show your working.
$\qquad$ cm
$19 \mathrm{f}(x)=\frac{x-3}{2 x}$
Solve $\mathrm{f}(x+1)-\mathrm{f}(2 x)=0.5$
You must show your working.
$\qquad$

## END OF QUESTIONS



| Question number | Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin. |
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