# F322 Chains, Energy and Resources

Q	uesti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)		$C_nH_{2n+2}$ $\checkmark$	1	<b>ALLOW</b> $C_n H_{2(n+1)} \checkmark$
	(b)	(i)	$C_8H_{18} + 8\frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow 8CO + 9H_2O \checkmark$	1	IGNORE size of subscripts ALLOW any correct multiples
					IGNORE state symbols
		(ii)	limited supply of air <b>OR</b> not enough $O_2 \checkmark$	1	ALLOW use of air or oxygen
					IGNORE it is not completely oxidised
	(c)	(i)	$2CO + 2NO \rightarrow 2CO_2 + N_2 \checkmark$	1	ALLOW any correct multiples including fractions
					IGNORE state symbols
	(c)	(ii)	CO and NO are adsorbed (onto surface) <b>OR</b> reactants are adsorbed (onto surface) ✓	3	ALLOW CO and NO stick onto surface OR CO and NO form weak attractions to the surface OR gases are adsorbed onto surface NOT absorb but allow ecf for deabsorb later on
			weakening of bonds <b>OR</b> lowers activation energy $\checkmark$		IGNORE alternative pathway Requires less energy is not sufficient
			$CO_2$ and $N_2$ desorbs (from the surface) $\textbf{OR}$ products desorbs (from the surface) $\checkmark$		ALLOW products leave the surface OR products diffuse away from surface OR weak attraction to surface is broken ALLOW deadsorb
	(d)		skeletal formula of a branched isomer of $C_8H_{18}$ $\checkmark$ skeletal formula of a cyclic hydrocarbon <b>OR</b> skeletal formula of substituted arene of $C_8H_{10}$ $\checkmark$	2	<b>ALLOW</b> any ring between $C_3$ and $C_8$ with 8 carbon atoms per molecule
					IGNORE wrong names
					If two correct structural or displayed formulae drawn award one mark

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(e)	Any TWO from: atmospheric concentration ✓	2	ALLOW the amount of the gas OR abundance of gas
	ability to absorb infrared radiation ✓		ALLOW how much IR it absorbs OR ability to absorb heat IGNORE global warming potential / heat reflected / how much is produced
	residence time ✓		ALLOW how long it stays in the atmosphere
	Any TWO from: deep in the oceans OR on the sea-bed ✓	2	
	storage in geological formations ${\sf OR}$ under the sea-bed $\checkmark$		ALLOW piped into disused or partially filled oil wells
	by reaction (with metal oxides) to form carbonates $\checkmark$		ALLOW stored as a carbonate OR equation to show formation of suitable carbonate from an oxide IGNORE mineral storage
			IGNORE reforestation
	Total	13	

Q	uest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	The enthalpy change for the complete combustion ✓	2	ALLOW energy change for combustion in excess oxygen OR energy released during complete combustion OR energy change for combustion in excess air NOT energy required
			of 1 mol (of a substance) ✓		This mark is not stand alone but must relate to statement about an enthalpy change even if the statement was not awarded a mark
	(b)	(i)	56.430 (kJ) ✓	1	ALLOW 56.43 (kJ) OR 56.4 kJ ✓ OR 56 kJ ALLOW -56.43 i.e. ignore sign
		(ii)	$M_{\rm r}  [{\rm CH}_3({\rm CH}_2)_4 {\rm OH}] = 88.0  \checkmark$	2	ALLOW 88
			<i>n</i> = 0.0200 mol ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> 0.02 <b>OR</b> ecf from wrong <i>M</i> <sub>r</sub> <b>ALLOW</b> full marks for 0.02 with no working out
		(iii)	(–)2821.5 ✓	3	<b>ALLOW correct substitution into formula</b> (b)(i) ÷ (b)(ii) e.g. 56.4 ÷ 0.02 this is essentially a mark for the working
			= (−)2820 (3 SF) ✓		
			correct minus sign ✓		ALLOW ecf from i.e. answer from (b)(i) ÷ (b)(ii)
					The minus mark is stand alone and is independent of the numerical answer
	(c)	(i)	pressure: 100 kPa <b>OR</b> 101 kPa AND	1	units needed ALLOW 1 bar OR 1 atm OR 760 mmHg
			temperature: 298 K <b>OR</b> 25 °C ✓		<b>ALLOW</b> any stated temperature so for example 100kPa and 40°C would be credited with a mark
					<b>IGNORE</b> any reference to moles or concentration
		(ii)	$6C(s) + 7H_2(g) \rightarrow C_6H_{14}(I) \checkmark$	1	ALLOW graphite / gr
		(iii)	many different hydrocarbons would form OR activation energy too high OR reaction too slow	1	ALLOW can form different isomers OR can form different structures
			OR they don't react together ✓		IGNORE reaction may be reversible

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Mark Scheme

June 2009

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(iv)	$6 \times -394 + 7 \times -286$ shown <b>OR</b> calculated as -4366 $\checkmark$	3	ALLOW THREE marks for –203 on its own with no
			working out or written on the answer line
	–4366 and –4163 added <b>OR</b> subtracted ✓		
			ALLOW TWO marks for +203,+3483, +1513, +1767 or
	correct answer –4366 – (–4163) = –203 ✓		-8529 on its own with no working out
			ALLOW ONE mark for or –3483, –1513, –1767 or +8529 on its own with no working out
			units <b>NOT</b> needed
			Positive sign not needed for endothermic answers
	Total	14	

#### Mark Scheme

Q	uesti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Rationale
3	(a)		$H = \begin{pmatrix} H_{3} \\ H_{-} $	4	<ul> <li>ALLOW skeletal formula OR displayed formulae</li> <li>IGNORE molecular formulae</li> <li>IF two answers given e.g. name and structure then both must be correct to be given a mark</li> <li>ALLOW methylpropane OR (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH ✓</li> <li>ALLOW 1,2-dibromo-methylpropane OR CH<sub>2</sub>BrCBr(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> ✓</li> <li>ALLOW 1-bromo-methylpropane OR CH<sub>2</sub>BrCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> ✓</li> <li>ALLOW 2-bromo-methylpropane OR CH<sub>3</sub>CBr(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> ✓</li> <li>ALLOW 2-bromo-methylpropane OR CH<sub>3</sub>CBr(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> ✓</li> <li>ALLOW ecf if wrong carbon skeleton is used in all of the structures mark first structure wrong and then apply ecf for the rest</li> </ul>
	(b)		curly arrow from double bond to $Br^{\delta+}$ and curly arrow from $Br$ — Br bond pair to $Br^{\delta-}$ in 1st step $\checkmark$ curly arrow in 2nd step from bromide ion $\checkmark$ correct dipole shown on $Br_2 \checkmark$ correct carbocation shown $\checkmark$ H $\downarrow$ $CH_3$ H $\downarrow$ $CH_3$ H $\downarrow$ $CH_3$ H $\downarrow$ $CH_3$ H $\downarrow$ $CH_3$ $H$ $\downarrow$ $CH_3$ $Br \delta+$ $\downarrow$ $Br \delta-$	4	Curly arrow must start from the double bond and not a carbon atom, other curly arrow must start from Br—Br bond <b>ALLOW</b> curly arrow from any part of bromide ion The bromide ion does not need to show a lone pair Dipole must be partial charge and not full charge Carbocation needs a full charge and not a partial charge (charges do not need to be surrounded by a circle) <b>ALLOW</b> carbocation on carbon 1 where electrophile attacks carbon 2 i.e. <sup>+</sup> CH <sub>2</sub> CBr(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>

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Questi	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Rationale
(c)	(i)	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub> ✓	1	
	(ii)	$M_{\rm r}({\rm cyclohexanol}) = 100 \checkmark$	3	ALLOW full marks for correct answer with no or limited working out
		amount of cyclohexanol = 0.0765 mol $\checkmark$		<b>ALLOW</b> ecf from wrong molar mass i.e. 7.65 ÷ molar mass
		percentage yield = 35.0% ✓		ALLOW ecf from wrong amount in moles i.e. [0.0268 ÷ moles] × 100 ALLOW 35%
				ALLOW two marks for 0.35%
				If $M_{\rm r}$ of 82 is used then % yield will be 28.7 or 29 and this is worth two marks
(d)	(i)	(sum of) the molecular masses of the desired product ÷ sum of molecular masses of all products × 100 ✓	1	ALLOW (sum of) the molecular masses of the desired product ÷ sum of molecular masses of all reactants × 100 ✓
	(ii)	this preparation is addition <b>OR</b> has 100% atom economy <b>OR</b> there is only one product ✓	2	ALLOW no by products formed
		preparation from cyclohexanol has less than 100% atom economy <b>OR</b> H <sub>2</sub> O is produced as well <b>OR</b> calculated atom economy = 82% $\checkmark$		ALLOW other substances formed OR cyclohexene is not the only product
		Total	15	

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(a)		high pressure as fewer moles (of gas) on right-hand side OR high pressure as volume of products less than that of reactants $\checkmark$	2	ALLOW ora ALLOW fewer particles OR fewer molecules
			low temperature as (forward) reaction is exothermic $\checkmark$		ALLOW ora
	(b)		Too expensive to use a high pressure ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> high pressures provide a safety risk <b>OR</b> high pressure is too dangerous
			Too slow to use a low temperature $\checkmark$		ALLOW with low temperature molecules cannot overcome activation barrier
	(c)	(i)		3	Marks must come from one or other of the radical process and not from both of them. If two processes are described then an incorrect step in one process will contradict a correct step in the other process. ALLOW overall equation mark even if the steps are wrong the radicals do <b>NOT</b> need a single dot <b>IGNORE</b> any state symbols
			$CI + O_3 \rightarrow CIO + O_2 \checkmark$ $CIO + O \rightarrow CI + O_2 \checkmark$ overall: $O_3 + O \rightarrow 2O_2 \checkmark$ <b>OR</b>		ALLOW $CI + O_3 \rightarrow CIO + O_2 \checkmark$ $CIO + O_3 \rightarrow CI + 2O_2 \checkmark$ overall: $2O_3 \rightarrow 3O_2 \checkmark$
			CI + CH <sub>4</sub> $\rightarrow$ CH <sub>3</sub> + HCI $\checkmark$ CH <sub>3</sub> + Cl <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ CH <sub>3</sub> CI + CI $\checkmark$ overall: CH <sub>4</sub> + Cl <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ CH <sub>3</sub> CI + HCI $\checkmark$		<b>ALLOW</b> any saturated hydrocarbon including cyclic <b>ALLOW</b> ecf for second step and overall reaction if wrong hydrocarbon used e.g. $C_2H_4$ is used in first step

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(ii)	$\Delta H \text{ shown and products below reactants } \checkmark$ $E_a \text{ shown } \checkmark$ $E_c \text{ shown } < E_a \checkmark$ $\text{enthallyy}$ $\text{restants}$ $\text{restants}$	3	NOT double headed arrows but apply ecf for more than one double headed arrow         ALLOW one mark if two correctly labelled curves are drawn but the arrows are not shown or are incorrectly drawn         The arrows must be positioned as closely as possible to the maximum height of the curves but allow some degree of bod
(d)	Any FOUR from: catalyst not used up in reaction ✓ reactions take place at lower temperatures ✓ with lower energy demand OR lower activation energy OR use less fuel ✓ so less carbon dioxide emitted into atmosphere OR so fossil fuels last longer ✓ different reactions can be used ✓ with better atom economy OR less waste ✓ less hazardous chemicals ✓ catalysts or enzymes can generate specific products ✓	4	ALLOW catalysts can work at room temperature OR enzymes work at room temperature IGNORE cheaper
	Total	14	

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5 (a)	method 1:fermentation of sugars or carbohydrates OR reaction with yeast with sugar or carbohydrates $\checkmark$ $C_6H_{12}O_6 \rightarrow 2C_2H_5OH + 2CO_2 \checkmark$ method 2:hydration of ethene OR reaction of ethene with water OR reaction of steam with ethene $\checkmark$ $C_2H_4 + H_2O \rightarrow C_2H_5OH \checkmark$	4	ALLOW sugar from equation ALLOW $C_2H_6O$ in equation ALLOW correct multiples IGNORE state symbols ALLOW ethene from the equation IGNORE mention of any catalyst ALLOW $C_2H_6O$ in equation OR $H_2O$ over the arrow ALLOW correct multiples IGNORE state symbols
(b) (i)	$(CH_3)_2CO \text{ OR } H_3C \longrightarrow O H_3C$	2	If name and formula given both need to be correct ALLOW propanone OR acetone IGNORE propone NOT incorrect named compound
	$(CH_3)_2CHOH + [O] \longrightarrow (CH_3)_2CO + H_2O \checkmark$		ALLOW $C_3H_8O + [O] \rightarrow C_3H_6O + H_2O$ ALLOW O instead of [O] ALLOW correct multiples IGNORE state symbols
(ii)	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH <b>OR</b> propanoic acid $\checkmark$ Any number or range of numbers between 1750–1640 (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) for C=O $\checkmark$ Any number or range of numbers between 2500–3300 (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) for O–H $\checkmark$	3	ALLOW C=O and O—H marks independent of compound identified <b>i.e. stand alone marks</b> ALLOW correct bonds shown by the appropriate absorption on the IR spectrum IGNORE reference to C—O bond
(c) (i)	2-methylpropan-2-ol ✓	1	ALLOW methylpropan-2-ol OR tertiarybutanol

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
		(ii)	ester ✓	1	
		(iii)	$CH_3CO_2C(CH_3)_3$ <b>OR</b> $CH_3COOC(CH_3)_3$	2	ALLOW skeletal formula OR displayed formula
			OR		
			H <sub>3</sub> CC OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		
			ester group shown ✓		ALLOW ester linkage even if rest of structure is wrong
			rest of molecule ✓		
			Total	13	

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Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	(a)	-	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> $\xrightarrow{I_5}$ $\xrightarrow{I_5}$ $\xrightarrow{I_5}$ C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> $\xrightarrow{I_5}$ $\xrightarrow$	3	no need to show any lone pairs on oxygen but must have a clear negative sign rather than partial negative charge IGNORE lone pairs IGNORE products of this reaction ALLOW curly arrow from a negative charge or from any part of hydroxide ion If S <sub>N</sub> 1 mechanism is given then use the mark scheme below correct partial charges on C—I ✓ C-I curly arrow from the bond not from carbon atom ✓ curly arrow from the OH <sup>-</sup> to the <b>correct</b> carbocation ✓ $C_2H_5 - C_1 + C_1 + C_2H_5 - C_1 + C_1 + C_2H_5 + C_2 + C_1 + C_1 + C_2H_5 + C_2 + C_1 + C_1 + C_2 + C_2 + C_1 + C_2 + C_1 + C_2 + C_2 + C_2 + C_1 + C_2 + C_2 + C_2 + C_1 + C_2 +$
		(ii)	nucleophilic substitution ✓	1	
	(b)		C–I bonds broken more easily ✓ C–I bonds are weaker <b>OR</b> have less bond enthalpy <b>OR</b> C–I bonds are longer ✓	2	ALLOW ora e.g. C—Br bonds are stronger OR broken less easily

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	<ul> <li>Any TWO from:</li> <li>CFCs take many years to reach the ozone layer OR long residence time ✓</li> <li>CFCs are still being used ✓</li> <li>there are other ozone depleting substances ✓</li> </ul>	2	IGNORE because chlorine radicals stay in the stratosphere ALLOW other named ozone depleting substances e.g.
(d) (i)	$\begin{array}{c c} H & H & H & H \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	1	NO and HFCs Free bonds at bond ends must be present ALLOW minor slip e.g. missing one hydrogen and left as a stick ALLOW more than two repeat units but must be a whole number of repeat units IGNORE brackets, use of numbers and n in the drawn structure
(ii)		1	ALLOW skeletal formula ALLOW CH <sub>2</sub> CHF
(e)	Any two from: separation into types and recycling OR sort plastics, melt and remould ✓ combustion for energy generation ✓	2	IGNORE biodegradable used as a fuel is insufficient releases energy is insufficient ALLOW burning plastics to release energy
	used for cracking <b>OR</b> feedstock for plastics or chemicals ✓		ALLOW organic feedstock / raw materials to make organic compounds
	Total	12	

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### Mark Scheme

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
7 (a)	Structural isomer         compounds with the same molecular formula ✓ but with         different structural formulae ✓         Stereoisomer         compounds with the same structural formula ✓ but with         different arrangements in space ✓	11	<ul> <li>ALLOW same molecular formula ✓ but different structures ✓</li> <li>Second marking point is DEPENDENT on first mark</li> <li>ALLOW compounds with the same structure Second marking point is DEPENDENT on first mark</li> </ul>
	Evidence of using M <sub>r</sub> of 70 to calculate molecular formula of $C_5H_{10} \checkmark$ F and G are $\checkmark$ Correct identification of the <i>E</i> and <i>Z</i> isomers $\checkmark$ H is		<ul> <li>This is the QWC mark</li> <li>IGNORE wrong names of F, G and H</li> <li>ALLOW structural or displayed formulae for F, G and H</li> <li>e.g. H is CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub></li> <li>ALLOW identification using <i>trans</i> and <i>cis</i> and</li> <li>ALLOW this marking point as identification of another example of identifying <i>E/Z</i> or <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> if not done for F and G</li> <li>ALLOW one mark if no structures drawn but correct names given for F, G and H i.e <i>E</i>-pent-2-ene, <i>Z</i>-pent-2-ene and pent-1-ene</li> <li>ALLOW ecf on structures if wrong molecular formula used or consistent error or slip such as having just sticks</li> </ul>
	<i>E</i> /Z happens because double bonds restricts rotation ✓		
	different groups on each carbon of the double bond $\checkmark$		

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(b)	from IR absorption, J contains O–H <b>OR</b> from IR J is an alcohol $\checkmark$ C : H : O = $\frac{70.59}{12.0}$ : $\frac{13.72}{1.0}$ : $\frac{15.69}{16.0}$ <b>OR</b> 5.8825 : 13.72 : 0.9806 $\checkmark$	8	This is a QWC mark
	empirical formula = $C_6H_{14}O \checkmark$ (from mass spectrum), $M_r$ = 102 $\checkmark$		ALLOW two marks for correct empirical formula with no working out
	evidence that it has been shown that the empirical formula is the molecular formulae e.g. $M_r$ of C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O = 102 so empirical formula is molecular formula $\checkmark$		This is a QWC mark
			ALLOW structural or displayed formulae IGNORE incorrect names ALLOW one minor slip in drawing structures e.g. one
	ОН ОН		missing hydrogen but <b>ALLOW</b> ecf for bigger slips such as showing just sticks and no hydrogen atoms <b>ALLOW</b> bond to H in OH
	OH		<b>ALLOW one</b> mark for three isomers of $C_6H_{13}OH$ whether branched or unbranched as a catch mark if no other mark has been awarded for the structures
	One mark for each correct structure $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$		<ul> <li>If more than three isomers of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>OH drawn</li> <li>1 branched and 3 unbranched award two marks</li> <li>any other combination award one mark</li> </ul>
			ALLOW one mark for hexan-1-ol, hexan-2-ol and hexan- 3-ol if structures not drawn
	Total	19	