## Pearson Edexcel

# Mark Scheme (Results) 

November 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA1)<br>Paper 1H

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)


## - Abbreviations

- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working

O

- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
dep - dependent
indep - independent
awrt - answer which rounds to
eeoo - each error or omission


## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## - With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks. If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255 ; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

## - Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.

## International GCSE Maths

Apart from Questions 6, 7, 13, and 18 (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (a) |  | $\mathrm{e}^{6}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
| (b) | $\mathrm{x}^{2}-3 \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{x}-3$ |  | 2 | M1 for any 3 correct terms <br> or <br> for 4 out of 4 correct terms ignoring signs <br> or <br> for $\mathrm{x}^{2}-2 \mathrm{x} \ldots$ <br> or <br> for $\ldots-2 \mathrm{x}-3$ |
|  |  |  |  | A1 |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from <br> obvious incorrect working) | $\mathrm{x}^{2}-2 \mathrm{x}-3$ |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | $30^{2}+\mathrm{h}^{2}=52^{2}$ oe or $900+\mathrm{h}^{2}=2704$ <br> $\left(\mathrm{~h}^{2}=\right) 52^{2}-30^{2}(=1804)$ or <br> $\left(\mathrm{h}^{2}=\right) 2704-900(=1804)$ |  | 3 | M1 for applying Pythagoras theorem <br> correctly |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $(\mathrm{h}=) \sqrt{52^{2}-30^{2}}(=\sqrt{1804})(=42.47352 .$.$) or$ <br> $(\mathrm{h}=) \sqrt{2704-900}(=\sqrt{1804})(=42.47352 .)$. |  | M1 for square rooting |  |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from <br> obvious incorrect working $)$ | 42.5 | A1 awrt 42.5 or allow 2 $\sqrt{451}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \mathbf{4} & 2 \times 0.75(=1.5) \text { oe or } 2 \times 0.75 \times 2(=3) \text { oe } & & 5 & \text { M1 for area of rectangle } \\ \hline & \begin{array}{l}\pi \times(0.5 \div 2)^{2}(=0.1963) \text { or } \\ \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times(0.5 \div 2)^{2}(=0.09817)\end{array} & & \begin{array}{l}\text { M1 for area of circle } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { area of semicircle }\end{array} \\ \hline & " 1.5 "-" 0.09817 "(=1.4018 \ldots) \text { or } \\ " 3 "-" 0.1963 "(=2.8036 \ldots)\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll}\text { " } 1.4018 " \times 2 \times 250 \div 4(=175.228 \ldots) \text { or } \\ " 2.8036 " \times 250 \div 4(=175.228 \ldots) \text { or } \\ " 1.4018 " \times 250 \div 4(=87 . . .)\end{array}\right)$

| 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{LW}=180 \text { oe }(9 \mathrm{LW}=1620) \text { or } \\ & 4 \mathrm{~L} \times(\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{W})=1620 \text { oe or } \\ & 5 \mathrm{~W} \times(\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{W})=1620 \text { oe or } \\ & 4 \mathrm{~L}=5 \mathrm{~W} \text { oe }\left(\mathrm{L}=\frac{5}{4} \mathrm{~W} \text { oe or } \mathrm{W}=\frac{4}{5} \mathrm{Loe}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | 5 | M2 for any two correct equations from <br> (i) $\mathrm{LW}=180$ oe $(9 \mathrm{LW}=1620)$ <br> (ii) $4 \mathrm{~L} \times(\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{W})=1620$ oe <br> (iii) $5 \mathrm{~W} \times(\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{W})=1620$ oe <br> (iv) $4 \mathrm{~L}=5 \mathrm{~W}$ oe $\left(\mathrm{L}=\frac{5}{4} \mathrm{~W}\right.$ oe or $\left.\mathrm{W}=\frac{4}{5} \mathrm{Loe}\right)$ <br> (M1 for one correct equation or $1620 \div 9(=180)$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L} \times " \frac{4}{5} \mathrm{~L} "=" 180 " \text { oe or } \mathrm{W} \times " \frac{5}{4} \mathrm{~W} "=" 180 " \text { oe or } \\ & 4 \mathrm{~L} \times\left(\mathrm{L}+\frac{4}{5} \mathrm{~L}\right)=1620 \text { oe or } \\ & 5 \mathrm{~W} \times\left(\frac{5}{4} \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{W}\right)=1620 \text { oe or } \\ & 9 \mathrm{~L}\left(\frac{4}{5} \mathrm{~L} "\right)=1620 \text { oe or } 9\left(" \frac{5}{4} \mathrm{~W} "\right) \mathrm{W}=1620 \text { oe or } \\ & 4\left(\frac{180}{\mathrm{~W}} "\right)^{2}+4(" 180 ")=1620 \text { oe or } \\ & 5(" 180 ")+5\left(" \frac{180}{\mathrm{~L}}\right)^{2}=1620 \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for a correct equation in terms of one variable only |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{L}=15 \\ \text { and } \\ \mathrm{W}=12 \end{gathered}$ |  | A2 for both correct <br> (A1 for one correct) <br> Award 4 marks for $\mathrm{L}=12$ and $\mathrm{W}=15 \mathrm{dep}$ on M3 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |



| Substitution |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | $5 a+3 p=1.96$ and $3 a+2 p=1.22$ oe or <br> $5 a+3 p=196$ and $3 a+2 p=122$ oe |  | 5 | M1 for setting up both equations oe Allow the use of apples and pears oe throughout, e.g. <br> 5 apples +3 pears $=1.96$ and <br> 3 apples +2 pears $=1.22$ |
|  | E.g. $\begin{aligned} & 3\left(\frac{1.96-3 p}{5}\right)+2 p=1.22 \text { or } \\ & 5\left(\frac{1.22-2 p}{3}\right)+3 p=1.96 \text { or } \\ & 3 \mathrm{a}+2\left(\frac{1.96-5 \mathrm{a}}{3}\right)=1.22 \text { or } \\ & 5 \mathrm{a}+3\left(\frac{1.22-3 \mathrm{a}}{2}\right)=1.96 \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{p}=0.22 \text { or } \mathrm{a}=0.26 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for correctly writing a or $p$ in terms of the other variable and correctly substituting (condone any one arithmetic error) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E.g. } \\ & \begin{array}{l} (\mathrm{a}=) \frac{1.96-3(0.22)}{5} \text { or }(\mathrm{a}=) \frac{1.22-2(0.22)}{3} \text { or } \\ (\mathrm{p}=) \frac{1.96-5(0.26)}{3} \text { or }(\mathrm{p}=) \frac{1.22-3(0.26)}{2} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 (dep on M2) for substituting their value found (must be $>0$ ) of one variable into one of the equations or <br> for repeating above method to find second variable |
|  | $10 \times$ "0.26"+10×"0.22" |  |  | M1 (dep on M3) can be implied by $10(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{p})$ provided a and p must be $>0$ |
|  | Working required | 4.8(0) |  | A1 dep M2 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |



| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.22 \mathrm{x}=5.48 \text { oe or } \\ & (1 \%=) 5.48 \div 22(=0.24909 \ldots) \text { or } \\ & 100 \div 22(=4.54 \ldots) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{x}=) 5.48 \div 0.22 \text { oe or } \\ & (100 \%=) 5.48 \div 22 \times 100 \text { or } \\ & " 0.24909 \ldots " \times 100 \text { or } \\ & 5.48 \times \text { "4.54.."" } \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 |  |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 24.9 | A1 awrt 24.9 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{8}$ | $0.22 \mathrm{x}=5480000$ oe or |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ALT | $(1 \%=) 5480000 \div 22(=249090.9091 \ldots)$ or |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $100 \div 22(=4.54 \ldots)$ |  |  |
|  | $5480000 \div$ "0.22" oe or |  |  |
|  | $(100 \%=5480000 \div 22 \times 100$ or |  | M1 |
|  | $" 249090.9091 \ldots " \times 100$ or |  |  |
| $5480000 \times$ "4.54.." |  |  |  |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from | 24900000 |  |
|  | obvious incorrect working) |  | A1 awrt 24 900 000 |
|  |  |  |  |


| 9 (i) | $\begin{aligned} & -7+3 \leq 2 \mathrm{x}<5+3 \text { oe or } \\ & \frac{-7}{2} \leq \mathrm{x}-\frac{3}{2}<\frac{5}{2} \text { oe or } \\ & -7+3 \leq 2 \mathrm{xoe} \text { and } 2 \mathrm{x}<5+3 \text { oe } \\ & \text { or }(\mathrm{x}=)-2 \text { or }(\mathrm{x}=) 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 or one side of the inequality correct, i.e.. $x \geq-2$ oe or $\mathrm{x}<4$ <br> Condone $=$ rather than $\leq$ or $<$ or any other sign for the M marks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{-7+3}{2} \leq x<\frac{5+3}{2} \text { or } \\ & \frac{-7}{2}+\frac{3}{2} \leq x<\frac{5}{2}+\frac{3}{2} \\ & \text { or } \frac{-7+3}{2} \leq x \text { oe and } x<\frac{5+3}{2} \\ & \text { or }(x=)-2 \text { and }(x=) 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $-2 \leq \mathrm{x}<4$ |  | A1 allow $\mathrm{x} \geq-2$ and $\mathrm{x}<4$ Allow [-2, 4) |
| (ii) |  |  | 2 | M1 ft for drawing a line from -2 to 4 or (indep) for a closed circle or [ at -2 or (indep) for an open circle or ) or [ at 4 Only allow a follow through for a double ended inequality in (i) |
|  |  | Correct diagram |  | A1 ft for correct diagram Only allow a follow through for a double ended inequality in (i) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 mark |


| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $0.0027=\frac{5.4}{(\mathrm{~V})}$ oe |  | 5 | M1 for correctly using density $=\frac{\text { mass }}{\text { volume }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $(\mathrm{V}=) \frac{5.4}{0.0027}=2000$ |  |  | M1 for correctly rearranging for V |
|  | $\pi \times 10^{2} \times \mathrm{h}=2000 \mathrm{oe}$ |  | M1ft their 2000 for $\pi \times 10^{2} \times \mathrm{h}=$ their V <br> correctly rearranging for h |  |
|  | $(\mathrm{h}=) \frac{2000}{\pi \times 10^{2}}$ oe $(=6.3661 \ldots)$ |  | A1 awrt 6.4 |  |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from <br> obvious incorrect working $)$ | 6.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| 11 (a) |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline(12), 36,64,76,86, \\ 90 \end{gathered}$ | 1 | B1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) |  |  | 2 | M1 ft from table for at least 5 points plotted correctly ( $\pm 0.5$ squares) at end of interval <br> or <br> ft from (CF) table for all 6 points plotted consistently ( $\pm 0.5$ squares) within each interval in the freq table at the correct height |
|  |  | Correct cf diagram |  | A1 accept curve or line segments accept graph that is not joined to $(25,0)$ |
| (c) | E.g. reading at 42 minutes and reading at 52 minutes |  | 2 | M1 for correct use of 42 and 52 , ft from a cum freq graph provided method is shown e.g. a line vertically drawn to the graph from readings of 42 and 52 on the Time axis to meet the graph and then a horizontal line to the CF axis (even if wrongly read scale) or clear marks on the graph and CF axis that correspond to the correct readings or correct values from the CF axis |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 25-29 |  | A1 ft Accept a single value in range 25 to 29 or ft from their cumulative frequency graph provided method is shown |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| $12$ <br> (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \tan 20=\frac{100}{\mathrm{~d}} \text { oe or } \tan (90-20)=\frac{\mathrm{d}}{100} \text { oe or } \\ & \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\sin (90-20)}=\frac{100}{\sin 20} \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{d}=) \frac{100}{\tan 20}(=274.747 \ldots) \text { or }(\mathrm{d}=) 100 \times \tan (90-20)(= \\ & 274.747 \ldots) \text { or } \\ & (\mathrm{d}=) \frac{100}{\sin 20} \times \sin (90-20)(=274.747 \ldots) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 275 |  | A1 awrt 275 |
| (b) | $\tan 25=\frac{100+\mathrm{h}}{275}$ oe or $\tan 25=\frac{\mathrm{y}}{275}$ oe or $275 \times \tan 25(=128 \ldots$.$) or$ <br> $\tan (90-25)=\frac{275}{100+\mathrm{h}}$ oe or $\tan (90-25)=\frac{275}{\mathrm{y}}$ oe or $\frac{100+\mathrm{h}}{\sin 25}=\frac{275}{\sin (90-25)}$ or $128.1-128.2$ <br> ( y is the height of cliff and radio mast) |  | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 ft part (a) Allow } \\ & (\text { hyp }=) \sqrt{100^{2}+275^{2}} \text { or } \\ & (=\sqrt{85486.321}=292.380) \\ & (\text { hyp }=) \frac{100}{\sin 20} \times \sin 90(=292.380) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{h}=) 275 \times \tan 25-100=28.1169 \ldots \text { or } \\ & (\mathrm{h}=) \frac{275}{\tan 90-25}-100(=28.1169 \ldots) \text { or } \\ & (\mathrm{h}=) \frac{275}{\sin (90-25)} \times \sin 25-100(=28.1169 \ldots) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 ft part (a) } \\ & (\mathrm{h}=) \frac{\text { "292.380" }}{\sin (90-25)} \times \sin (25-20) \\ & (=28.1169 \ldots) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 28.1 |  | A1 Accept answers in the range 28-28.2 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| 13 | 15.5 or 16.5 or 24.5 or 25.5 or 125 or 135 |  | 3 | B1 <br> Accept <br> 16.49 for 16.5 <br> 25.49 for 25.5 <br> $134 . \dot{9}$ for 135 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{(\mathrm{YZ})}{\sin (125)}=\frac{16.5}{\sin (24.5)} \mathrm{oe}$ |  |  | M1 for substitution into sine rule $\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\mathrm{YZ})}{\sin \left(\mathrm{LB}_{2}\right)}=\frac{\mathrm{UB}_{1}}{\sin \left(\mathrm{LB}_{3}\right)} \text { oe where } \\ & 16<\mathrm{UB}_{1} \leq 16.5 \text { and } \\ & 125 \leq \mathrm{LB}_{2}<130 \text { and } \\ & 24.5 \leq \mathrm{LB}_{3}<25 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Working required | 32.6 |  | A1 Accept 32.5 to 32.6 from correct working |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 m |


| 14 (a)(i) |  | b-a | 1 | B1 oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E.g. }(\mathrm{KI}=\mathrm{KJ}+\mathrm{JI}=) \\ & 2(\mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a})+2 \mathbf{b} \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1ft (i) for any valid correct path (oe) in capitals or lower case letters |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $4 \mathrm{~b}-2 \mathbf{a}$ |  | A1 oe simplified |
| (iii) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E.g. (LD }=\mathrm{LF}+\mathrm{FE}+\mathrm{ED}=) \\ & (\mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a})+(\mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a})-\mathbf{a} \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1ft (i) for any valid correct path (oe) in capitals or lower case letters |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $2 \mathrm{~b}-3 \mathbf{a}$ |  | A1 oe simplified |
| (b) | (GHIJKL $=) 6 \times 5 \times 2^{2}(=120)$ or $(\mathrm{GABH}=) 5 \times 2^{2}-5(=15)$ or $3 \times 5(=15)$ or (Number of triangles in shaded region $=$ ) $(6 \times 4)-6(=18)$ |  | 3 | M1 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & " 120 "-(6 \times 5) \text { or } \\ & 6 \times " 15 " \text { or } \\ & " 18 " \times 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 90 |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| 15 (a) |  | $\begin{gathered} \frac{3}{9} \\ \frac{2}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{3}{9} \end{gathered}$ | 2 | B1 for lower $1^{\text {st }}$ game branch probability <br> B1ft for all values correct on $2^{\text {nd }}$ game branches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)$ oe or |  | 3 | M1 ft from their tree diagram for one correct product from WL or L W or DD (allow probabilities to 2 dp truncated or rounded) |
|  | $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+\left(\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)+\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)$ oe |  |  | M1 ft for a fully correct method |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\frac{28}{81}$ |  | A1 Allow 0.345 ... (2 dp truncated or rounded) or $34.5 \%$ ( 2 sf truncated or rounded) |
| (c) | $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)$ |  | 3 | M1ft from their tree diagram for any combination of WLD or DDD (allow probabilities to 2 dp truncated or rounded) |
|  | $6 \times\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)$ |  |  | M1ft for a fully correct method |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\frac{208}{729}$ |  | A1 Allow 0.285 ... (2 dp truncated or rounded) or $28.5 \%$ ( 2 sf truncated or rounded) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| $\begin{array}{cc} \hline 15 & \text { (a) } \\ \text { ALT } \end{array}$ |  | $\frac{3}{9}$ $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{3}{9}$ | 2 | B1 for lower $1^{\text {st }}$ game branch probability B1ft for all values correct on $2^{\text {nd }}$ game branches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | 1 and $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ oe |  | 3 | M1ft from their tree diagram for 1 and one correct product from WW, DW, DL or LL (allow probabilities to 2 dp truncated or rounded) |
|  | $1-\left[\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)+2\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)+2\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+\left(\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)\right] \mathrm{oe}$ |  |  | M1ft for a fully correct method |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\frac{28}{81}$ |  | A1 Allow 0.345 ... (2 dp truncated or rounded) or $34.5 \%$ ( 2 sf truncated or rounded) |
| (c) | 1 and $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)$ oe |  | 3 | M1ft from their tree diagram for 1 and one correct product from WWW or WWD or WWL or WDD or WLL or DDL or DLL or LLL (allow probabilities to 2 dp truncated or rounded) |
|  | $1-\left[\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}\right)+3\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right)+3\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+3\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}\right) \\ +3\left(\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+3\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+3\left(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right)+\left(\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{9}\right) \end{array}\right]$ <br> oe |  |  | M1ft for a fully correct method |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\frac{208}{729}$ |  | A1 Allow 0.285 ... (2 dp truncated or rounded) or $28.5 \%$ ( 2 sf truncated or rounded) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| 16 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & (11-x)+(x)+(18-x)+3=25 \text { oe or } \\ & (11-x)+(x)+(18-x)+3+7=25+7 \text { oe or } \\ & x+y+z=25-3 \text { and } x+z=11 \text { and } x+y=18 \text { oe } \\ & \text { where } y=M \cap E \cap F{ }^{\prime} \text { and } z=M \cap F \cap E^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 for setting up a correct equation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 7 |  | A1 (allow 7 in the Venn diagram if no answer is given in (a)) |
| (b) |  |  | 2 | B2 ft for $18-\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}$ and $11-\mathrm{x}$ dep on M1 in part (a) and ( $\mathrm{x}<12$ ) <br> (NB 0,1 and 4 are fixed) <br> for 6 correct remaining values <br> (B1 ft for 4 or 5 correct remaining values) <br> Allow just E to be blank if other sections are populated with a number |
| (c) | $\frac{3+" 11 "}{25} \text { or } \frac{3+(18-" 7 ")}{25} \text { or } 0.56 \text { oe }$ | $\frac{14}{25}$ | 1 | B1ft for $18-\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}$ and $11-\mathrm{x}$ oe |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| 17 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 6 y(y-1)+5(y-1) \\ & \text { or } \\ & y(6 y+5)-1(6 y+5) \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 for $(6 y \pm 5)(y \pm 1)$ or $(6 y \pm 1)(y \pm 5)$ or $(a y+5)(b y-1)$ where $a b=6$ or $5 \mathrm{~b}-\mathrm{a}=-1$ <br> or $(6 y+p)(y+q)$ where $p q=-5$ or $6 q+p=-1$ <br> Condone use of a different letter to y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $(6 y+5)(y-1)$ |  | A1 oe |
| (b) | $8 \mathrm{w}-\mathrm{fw}=2 \mathrm{f}+3 \mathrm{oe}$ |  | 3 | M1 for multiplying by denominator and expanding in a correct equation |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \mathrm{w}-3=2 \mathrm{f}+\mathrm{fwoe} \\ & \text { or } \\ & -2 \mathrm{f}-\mathrm{fw}=3-8 \mathrm{woe} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for gathering terms in f on one side and other terms the other side in a correct equation ft their equation dep on 2 terms in $f$ and two other terms |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\mathrm{f}=\frac{8 \mathrm{w}-3}{2+\mathrm{w}}$ |  | A1 oe accept $\mathrm{f}=\frac{3-8 \mathrm{w}}{-2-\mathrm{w}}$ oe |
| (c) | $4\left(x^{2}-2 x\right)+7 \text { or } 4\left(x^{2}-2 x+\frac{7}{4}\right) \text { oe }$ |  | 3 | M1 |
|  | $4\left[(x-1)^{2}-1^{2}\right]+7$ oe or $4\left[(x-1)^{2}-1^{2}+\frac{7}{4}\right]$ oe |  |  | M1 for a complete method |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $4(x-1)^{2}+3$ |  | A1 allow $\mathrm{a}=4, \mathrm{~b}=-1$ and $\mathrm{c}=3$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| $\mathbf{1 7}$ (c) <br> ALT | $\mathrm{ax}^{2}+2 \mathrm{bax}+\mathrm{b}^{2} \mathrm{a}+\mathrm{c}$ |  | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $2 \mathrm{ba}=-8$ and $\mathrm{b}^{2} \mathrm{a}+\mathrm{c}=7$ | M1 for correctly expanding $\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{b})^{2}+\mathrm{c}$ <br> to give $\mathrm{ax}^{2}+2 \mathrm{bax}+\mathrm{b}^{2} \mathrm{a}+\mathrm{c}$ |  |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from <br> obvious incorrect working) | $4(\mathrm{x}-1)^{2}+3$ |  |
| M1 for a complete method (equating <br> coefficients) |  |  |  |
|  | A1 allow $\mathrm{a}=4, \mathrm{~b}=-1$ and $\mathrm{c}=3$ |  |  |


| 18 | E.g. $\begin{aligned} & y=0.4 x \ldots . \text { and } 10 y=4 . x \ldots \\ & (10 y-y=4 . x-0.4 \text { oe }) \end{aligned}$ <br> or $\begin{aligned} & 10 y=4 . x \ldots . \text { and } 100 y=4 x . x . \ldots \\ & (100 y-10 y=4 x-4 \text { oe }) \end{aligned}$ <br> or $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{y}=4 \mathrm{x} . \mathrm{x} \ldots . \mathrm{and} 1000 \mathrm{y}=4 \mathrm{xx} \cdot \mathrm{x} . \ldots \\ & (1000 \mathrm{y}-100 \mathrm{y}=4 \mathrm{xx}-4 \mathrm{x} \text { oe }) \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 for selecting 2 correct recurring decimal expressions and then a demonstration to subtract (If recurring dots not shown then allow each expression to 1 dp e.g. $y=0.4 x$.... and $100 y=4 x . x$.... as a pair and $100 \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{y}$ or $4 \mathrm{x} . \mathrm{x} . \ldots-0.4 \mathrm{x}$....) or an answer of $y=\frac{4 x-4}{90}$ oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | E.g. $\begin{aligned} & 9 y=4 \frac{x}{10}-\frac{4}{10}=\frac{40+x-4}{10} \text { oe or } \\ & 90 y=40+x-4 \text { oe or } \\ & 900 y=400+10 x+x-40-x \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for a correct subtraction with correct expressions simplified |
|  | Working required | $\frac{36+x}{90}$ |  | A1 dep on M2 oe |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 19 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E.g. } x+y+x+y+x=100 \text { oe or } \\ & 3 x+2 y=100 \text { oe }\left(y=\frac{100-3 x}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 for a correct equation for the perimeter of the shape or for a correct expression for the area of triangle CED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | E.g. E.g. <br> $\frac{1}{2} \times x \times x \times \sin 60$ $x^{2}=\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{2}+h^{2}$ and <br> $\left(=\frac{1}{2} \times x \times x \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ $=\frac{1}{2} \times x \times \frac{x \sqrt{3}}{2}\left(=\frac{x^{2} \sqrt{3}}{4}\right)$ <br> $\left(=\frac{x^{2} \sqrt{3}}{4}\right)$  |  |  |  |
|  | x"( $\left.\frac{100-3 x}{2}\right)$ "+" $\frac{x^{2} \sqrt{3}}{4}$ " oe |  |  | M1 for the area of the shape in terms of x only |
|  | E.g. $x\left(\frac{200-6 x}{4}\right)+\frac{x^{2} \sqrt{3}}{4}$ or $\frac{x}{4}(200-6 x+x \sqrt{3})$ or $\frac{200 x-6 x^{2}}{4}+\frac{x^{2} \sqrt{3}}{4}$ or $\frac{x}{4}\left(200 x-6 x^{2}+x^{2} \sqrt{3}\right)$ | Shown |  | A1 for the area given in correct form with full working shown (at least one intermediate step before the answer) |
| (b) <br> (i) | $\left(\frac{d R}{d x}=\right) 50-\frac{3}{2} \times 2 \times x+2 \times \frac{x \sqrt{3}}{4}=0$ oe |  | 2 | M1 for differentiation of correct expression with 2 out of 3 terms correct and equated to 0 (can be implied by subsequent working) |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | $\frac{100}{6-\sqrt{3}}$ |  | A1 for a correct expression |
| (ii) |  | Correct reason | 1 | B1 for correct reason <br> R is a quadratic with negative coefficient of $\mathrm{x}^{2}$ E.g. the graph of $R$ is $\cap$ shaped or (allow $\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2} \mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{dx}^{2}}<0 \mathrm{oe}$ ) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| 20 | $\left(\frac{-6+5}{2}, \frac{2+3}{2}\right)=\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right) \mathrm{oe}$ |  | 7 | M1 for finding the midpoint of AB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{2-3}{-6-5}\left(=\frac{-1}{-11}=\frac{1}{11}\right) \mathrm{oe}$ |  |  | M1 for finding the gradient of AB |
|  | $\frac{1}{11}=-1 \text { or }(\mathrm{m}=)-11$ |  |  | M1ft their gradient of AB (indep) for the correct use of $m_{1} \times m_{2}=-1$ |
|  | $" \frac{5}{2} "="-11 "\left("-\frac{1}{2} "\right)+\text { coe or } y-" \frac{5}{2} "="-11 "\left(x-"-\frac{1}{2} "\right)$ <br> and |  |  | M1 for an expression that gives the $y$ value at C |
| See alt methods | $\begin{aligned} & (\operatorname{Perp}=) \sqrt{\left(8-\frac{5}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(-1--\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}\left(=\frac{\sqrt{122}}{2}\right) \text { and } \\ & (\mathrm{AB}=) \sqrt{3-2^{2}+5--6^{2}}(=\sqrt{122}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $\text { (Area of triangle }=\text { ) } \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{122} \times \frac{\sqrt{122}}{2}$ |  |  | M1 for a complete method |
|  | Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working) | 30.5 |  | A1 oe <br> Allow answers in the range $30.4-30.5$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |



