

**Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations**

**Advanced Subsidiary General Certificate of Education  
Advanced General Certificate of Education**

**MEI STRUCTURED MATHEMATICS**  
MECHANICS 2, M2

**4762**

MARK SCHEME

| Qu     | Answer  | Mark   | Comment  |
|--------|---|--|--|
| 1(i)   | <p>Before P → 2 ms<sup>-1</sup>      ← Q 4/3 ms<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>After PQ → v ms<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>PCLM</p> $55 \times 2 - 45 \times \frac{4}{3} = 100v$ <p><math>v = 0.5</math> so 0.5 ms<sup>-1</sup><br/>in original direction of Percy<br/>→ 55(0.5 - 2) = -82.5 Ns</p>  | <p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>F1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>[6]</p>           | <p>PCLM applied</p> <p>Signs correct and consistent with the question</p> <p>Either explicit or implied by diagram</p> <p>Attempt at impulse</p> <p>Must have direction explicit (diagram will do)</p> |
| 1(ii)  | <p>Before PQ → 0.5 ms<sup>-1</sup>      R → v ms<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>After PQ → 0.1 ms<sup>-1</sup>      R → v' ms<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>PCLM</p> $50 + 60v = 10 + 60v'$ $3v' - 3v = 2$ <p>NEL</p> $\frac{v' - 0.1}{v - 0.5} = -0.2$ $v' + 0.2v = 0.2$ <p>Solving</p> $v = \frac{7}{18}, v' = \frac{5}{18}$ <p>So before, <math>-\frac{7}{18}</math> ms<sup>-1</sup> (opp direction to PQ)</p> <p>after, <math>\frac{5}{18}</math> ms<sup>-1</sup> (same direction as PQ)</p> | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>[7]</p> | <p>PCLM</p> <p>Any Form</p> <p>Including consistent use of signs</p> <p>Any form</p> <p>Award max A1 for final answers unless directions both specified or implied by diagram</p>                      |
| 1(iii) | <p>Ball hits ice at vert speed <math>\sqrt{2 \times 0.4 \times 9.8}</math><br/>= 2.8 ms<sup>-1</sup></p> <p>Linear momentum conserved horiz<br/>NEL on vert cpt gives 1.4 ms<sup>-1</sup> up<br/>so after bounce<br/>0.1 ms<sup>-1</sup> horiz and 1.4 ms<sup>-1</sup> up</p> <p>Angle is <math>\arctan\left(\frac{1.4}{0.1}\right) \approx 86^\circ</math></p>   | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>[5]</p>                     | <p>May be implied e.g. in diagram</p>  |

| Qu     | Answer   | Mark                                      | Comment  |
|--------|--|---|--|
| 2(i)   | $(20g \sin 30 + 50) \times 4$<br>$= 592 \text{ W}$   | M1<br>B1<br>A1<br>[3]                     | Use of $P = Fv$<br>Weight term   |
| 2(ii)  | $20 \times 9.8 \times 5 \times \sin 35 - \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times (6^2 - 4^2)$<br><br>$= 362.104.. \text{ so } 362 \text{ J (3s.f.)}$  | M1<br>B1<br>B1<br>A1<br>[4]               | Difference in GPE and KE<br>GPE term<br>Either KE term<br>Accept 2 s.f.  |
| 2(iii) | $5F = 362.104... \text{ so } F = 72.4209...$<br>$R = 20 \times 9.8 \times \cos 35$<br>$\mu = 0.4510... \text{ so } 0.45 \text{ (2s.f.)}$   | B1<br>B1<br>M1<br>E1<br>[4]               | Use of $F = \mu R$   |
| 2(iv)  | $\mu mg \cos 35 = mg \sin 35$<br>$\mu = 0.70 \text{ (2s.f.)}$  | M1<br>A1<br>[2]                           | Accept WW  |
| 2(v)   | $72.2492.. \times x + 520 - 20gx \sin 35$<br><br>$= \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 6^2$<br><br>$x = 3.982... \text{ so } 3.98\text{m (2 s.f.)}$  | M1<br><br>B1<br>A1<br>A1<br><br>A1<br>[5] | Use of work-energy<br><br>Equation contains GPE term<br>All terms present<br>Signs correct (dependent on A1 above) |
| 3(i)   | $10 \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \end{pmatrix} = 2 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2.75}{4} \\ \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$<br><br>$(2.725, 1.516)$ | M1<br>B1<br>B1<br>B1<br>E1,A1<br>[6]      | Appropriate method<br>Correct masses<br>At least two $x$ cpts correct<br>At least two $y$ cpts correct             |
| 3(ii)  | cm gives a clockwise moment about C<br>Reaction at A cannot give an a.c. moment  | E1<br>E1<br>[2]                           | Considering moments<br>Complete argument   |
| 3(iii) | Moments about C<br>$2w = 25g \times 0.725$<br><br>$w = 88.8125 \text{ so about } 88.81 \text{ N}$  | M1<br>A1<br>B1<br>A1<br>[4]               | Use of weight  |

| Qu           | Answer  | Mark                  | Comment  |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| <b>3(iv)</b> | Moments about C<br>$3\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}F = 25g \times 0.725$<br>$F = 68.367 \dots$ so 68.3 N (3 s.f.)             | M1<br>A1<br>A1<br>[3] | Any reasonable accuracy                          |
| <b>3(v)</b>  | Moments about A<br>$3\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}F = 25g \times 2.725$<br>$F = 256.968\dots$ so about 257 N                 | M1<br>A1<br>A1<br>[3] | Any reasonable accuracy                          |
| <b>4(i)</b>  | $\rightarrow U + X = 0 \Rightarrow x = -U$<br>$\hat{A} \quad 2U + 3T = 1200$<br>so $-X = U = \frac{1200 - 3T}{2}$ | E1<br>M1<br>E1<br>[3] | Moments about A or D                             |
| <b>4(ii)</b> | $\uparrow V = T_{CD} \cos 45$<br>$\rightarrow U = T_{CD} \cos 45$<br>so $U = V$                                   | M1<br>E1<br>[2]       | Resolving in each direction<br><br>Clearly shown |

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|---|--|---|--|
| 4(iii)  | ↑ For the whole system<br>$V + Y + T = 1200$   | B1  |  |
|   | so $Y = 1200 - T - \frac{(1200 - 3T)}{2} = \frac{1200 + T}{2}$   | E1  | Must be clearly derived  |
|   | Consider all the struts in tension and consider the equilibria at pin-joints   | M1<br>M1  | Considering equilibrium at a pin-joint<br>At least two equilibrium equations attempted |
|   | at D   |   |  |
|   | → $T_{CD} \cos 45 = U$ so $T_{CD} = \frac{1200 - 3T}{\sqrt{2}}$  | A1  |  |
|   | at A   |   |  |
|   | ↑ $Y + T_{AC} \cos 45 = 0$ so $T_{AC} = -\frac{(1200 + T)}{\sqrt{2}}$  | A1  |  |
|   | → $X = T_{AC} \cos 45 + T_{AB}$  |   |  |
|   | so $T_{AB} = -\frac{(1200 - 3T)}{2} + \frac{(1200 + T)}{2} = 2T$   | F1  |  |
|   | at B   |   |  |
| ↑ $T_{CB} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + T = 0$ so $T_{CB} = -\sqrt{5}T$ | M1<br>A1   | Attempt to find angle   |  |
|   | [9]  | [For forces in struts, FT according to order they are determined] |  |
| 4(iv)   | When $T$ increases<br>Only CD can change sign for $T > 0$ .<br>There is zero force in CD when $T = 400$                      | E1<br>E1  | Identifying CD<br>$T = 400$  |
|   | When $T$ decreases<br>BC, CD remain in tension<br>AB remains in thrust<br>CA changes from thrust to tension when $T < -1200$ | B1<br>B1  |  |
|   |  | [4]   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   |  |
|   |  |   | <b>Total: 72</b>   |

| AO            | Range | Total     | Question Number |    |    |    |
|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------------|----|----|----|
|               |       |           | 1               | 2  | 3  | 4  |
| 1             | 14-22 | 17        | 2               | 7  | 5  | 3  |
| 2             | 14-22 | 21        | 7               | 2  | 3  | 9  |
| 3             | 18-26 | 18        | 5               | 5  | 4  | 4  |
| 4             | 7-15  | 7         | 3               | -  | 2  | 2  |
| 5             | 3-11  | 9         | 1               | 4  | 4  | -  |
| <b>Totals</b> |       | <b>72</b> | 18              | 18 | 18 | 18 |