

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
Surname										
Other Names										
Candidate Signature										



Level 2 Certificate in Further Mathematics

Further Mathematics

Level 2

8360/2

Practice Paper Set 4

Paper 2

Calculator

<p>For this paper you must have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a calculator • mathematical instruments. 	
---	--

Time allowed: 2 hours

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the space provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

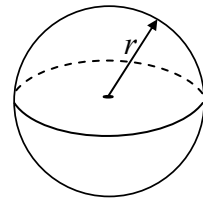
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 105.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer booklet.
- The use of a calculator is expected but calculators with a facility for symbolic algebra must **not** be used.

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Pages	Mark
3	
4 – 5	
6 – 7	
8 – 9	
10 – 11	
12 – 13	
14 – 15	
16 – 17	
18 – 19	
20 – 21	
22 – 23	
24 – 25	
TOTAL	

Formulae Sheet

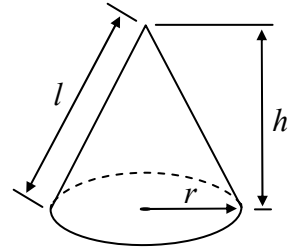
$$\text{Volume of sphere} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\text{Surface area of sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$



$$\text{Volume of cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

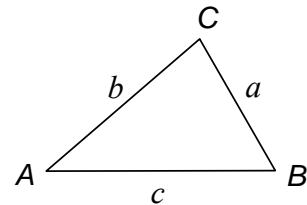
$$\text{Curved surface area of cone} = \pi r l$$



In any triangle ABC

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

$$\text{Sine rule} \quad \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$



$$\text{Cosine rule} \quad a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Trigonometric Identities

$$\tan \theta \equiv \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \quad \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta \equiv 1$$

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** c is a positive odd integer.
 d is a negative even integer.

Tick boxes to show what each of the following expressions are.

The first one has been done for you.

	positive	negative	even	odd
$5d$	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
$c - d$	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d^3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
$(c + d)^2$	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

.....

.....

.....

(3 marks)

2 Here is a formula.

$$P = \sqrt{QR - 1}$$

2 (a) Rearrange the formula to make Q the subject.

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer (3 marks)

2 (b) Work out the value of Q when $P = 12$ and $R = 5$

.....

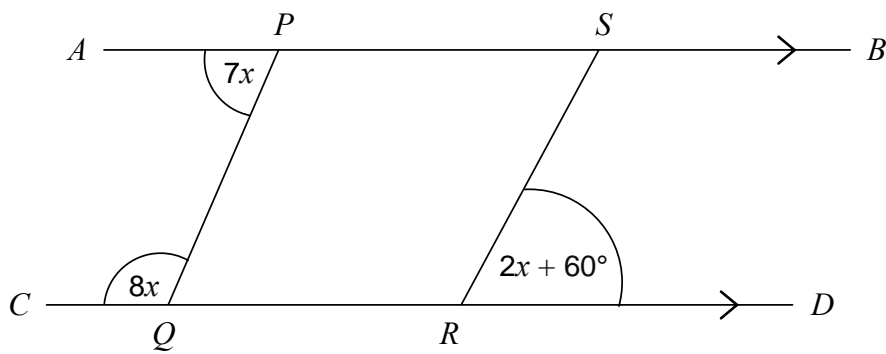
.....

.....

.....

Answer (2 marks)

3 AB is parallel to CD .



Not drawn
accurately

Is PQ parallel to SR ?

You **must** show your working.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(4 marks)

Turn over for the next question

4 Circle A has equation $x^2 + y^2 = 16$

Circle B has equation $(x + 6)^2 + (y - 8)^2 = 25$

4 (a) Work out the distance between the centres of the circles.

.....
.....
.....

Answer (3 marks)

4 (b) Circle the correct statement.

The circles overlap

The circles touch

The circles do not overlap

Give a reason for your answer, which may include a diagram.

(2 marks)

5 (a) Write $\frac{n^6}{(n^2)^5}$ as a single power of n .

Answer (2 marks)

5 (b) Expand and simplify fully $c^{\frac{3}{2}}(c^{\frac{1}{2}} + c^{-\frac{3}{2}})$

.....
.....

Answer (2 marks)

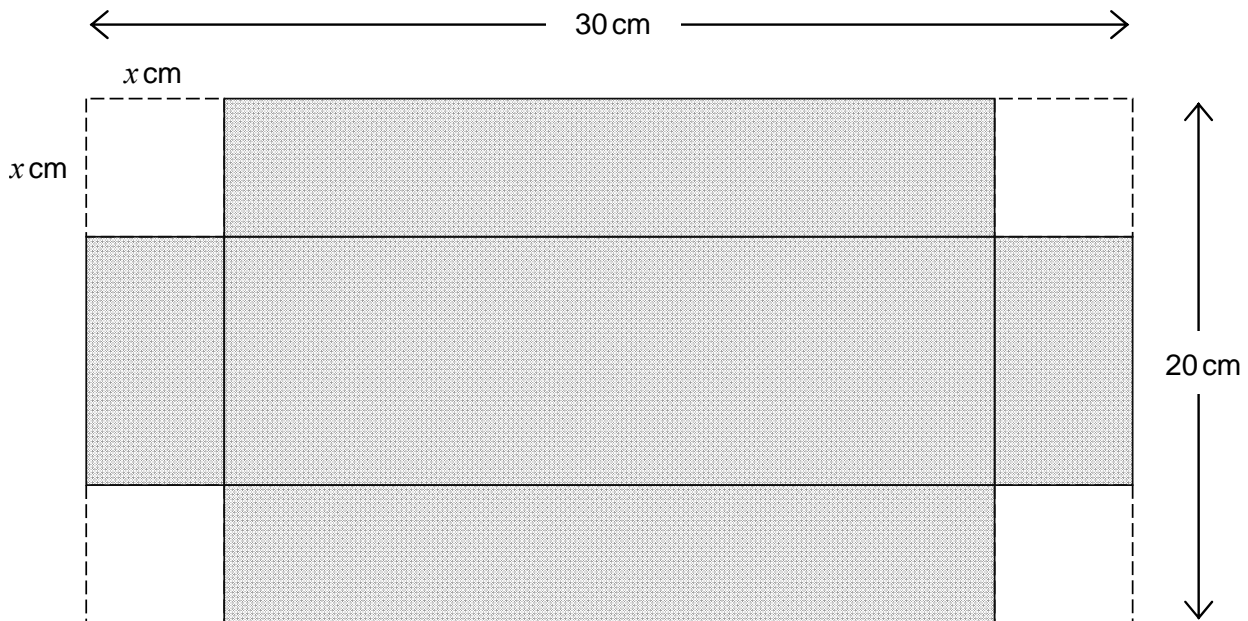
5 (c) Solve $d^{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$

.....
.....

$d =$ (2 marks)

- 6 A net for an open cuboid is made by removing squares of edge x cm from the corners of a 30 cm by 20 cm rectangle.

Not drawn
accurately



- 6 (a) Work out an expression for the area of the net.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....

.....

.....

Answer (2 marks)

6 (b) Work out an expression for the volume of the cuboid.

Give your answer in the form $ax + bx^2 + cx^3$ where a , b and c are constants.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

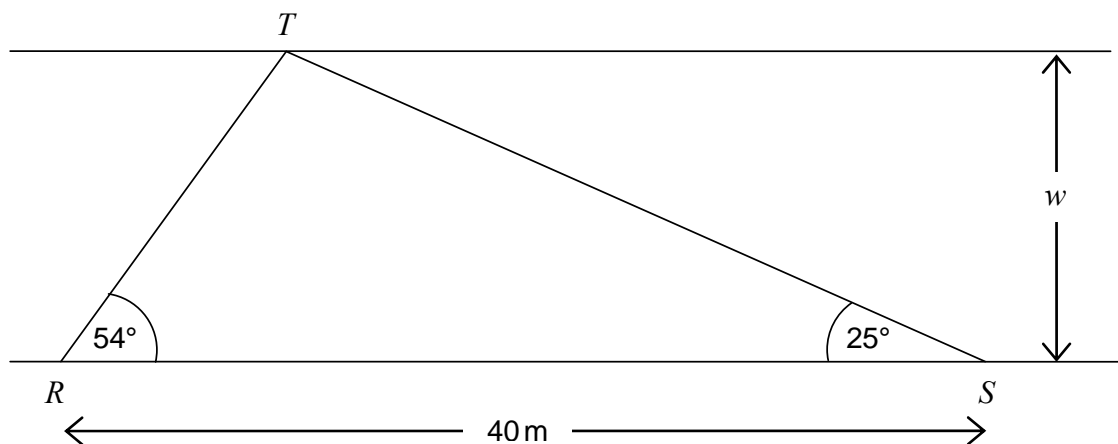
.....

Answer (4 marks)

Turn over for the next question

- 7** The sides of a canal are straight and parallel.
 R and S are two points on one side of the canal.
 T is a point on the other side.

Not drawn accurately



- 7 (a)** Show that $ST = 32.97$ m to 4 significant figures.

(3 marks)

- 7 (b)** Hence, work out the width of the canal, marked w on the diagram.

.....

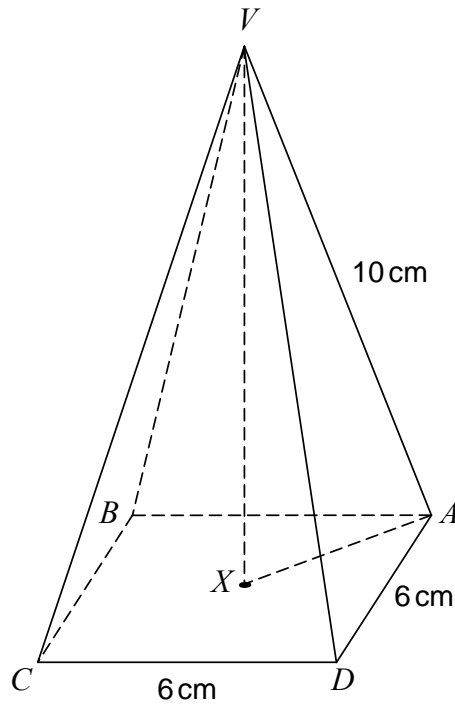
.....

.....

.....

$w =$ m (3 marks)

- 8 A pyramid has a square base $ABCD$ of sides 6 cm.
Vertex, V , is directly above the centre of the base, X .
 $VA = 10$ cm



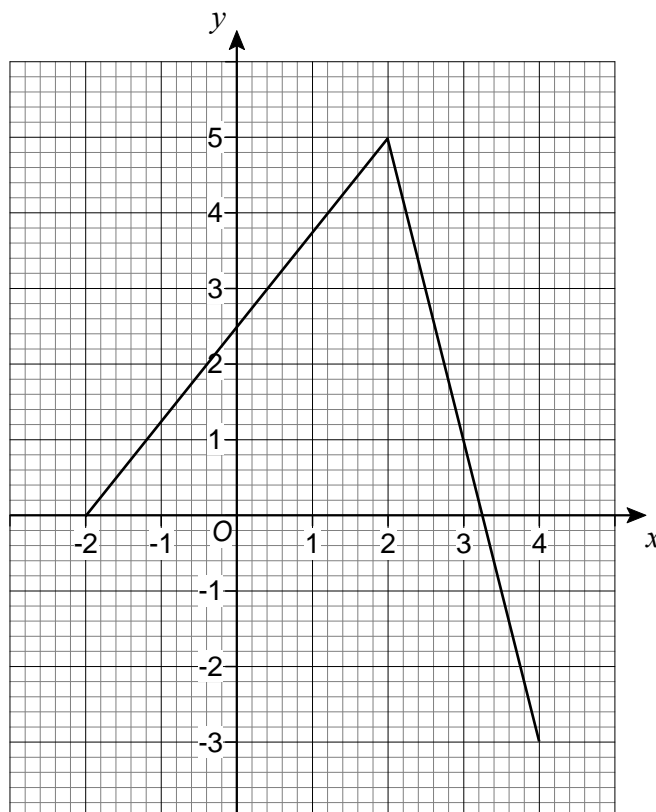
Work out the height, VX , of the pyramid.

Answer cm (4 marks)

10

Turn over ►

- 9 The graph of $y = g(x)$ is shown for the full domain of $g(x)$.



- 9 (a) State the domain of $g(x)$.

Answer (2 marks)

- 9 (b) State the range of $g(x)$.

Answer (2 marks)

- 9 (c) Use the graph to solve $g(x) = 1$

Answer (2 marks)

- 9 (d) Work out the gradient of the graph for $2 \leq x \leq 4$

Answer (2 marks)

10 $M = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$

M represents a single transformation.

Describe the transformation fully.

.....
.....
.....

(3 marks)

11 (a) $f(n) = n^2 + n$

Show that $f(n + 1) - f(n) = 2n + 2$

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

(2 marks)

11 (b) The n th term of a sequence is $n^2 + n$

Two consecutive terms in the sequence have a difference of 32.

Work out the two terms.

.....
.....
.....
.....

Answer and (4 marks)

12 (a) Solve $\sqrt{35 + 4x^2} = 6$

.....

.....

.....

.....

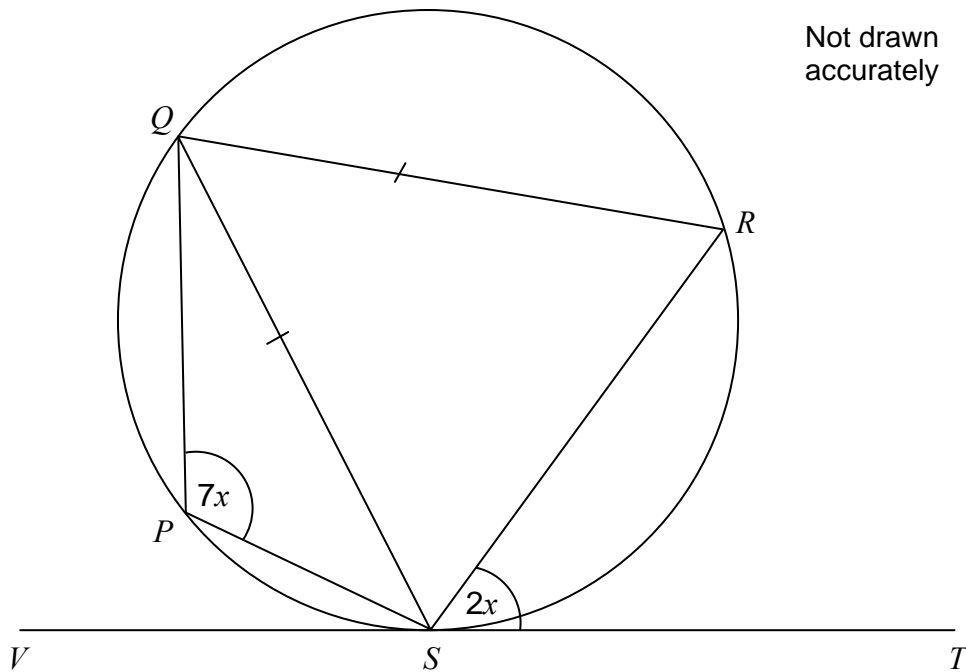
.....

Answer (3 marks)

12 (b) Solve $\frac{3}{8x} = \frac{x^2}{9}$

Answer (3 marks)

- 13 $PQRS$ is a cyclic quadrilateral.
 $QS = QR$
 VST is a tangent to the circle.



Work out the value of x .

You **must** show your working.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

$x =$ (4 marks)

14 Solve $2 \sin \theta = -1.36$ for $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$

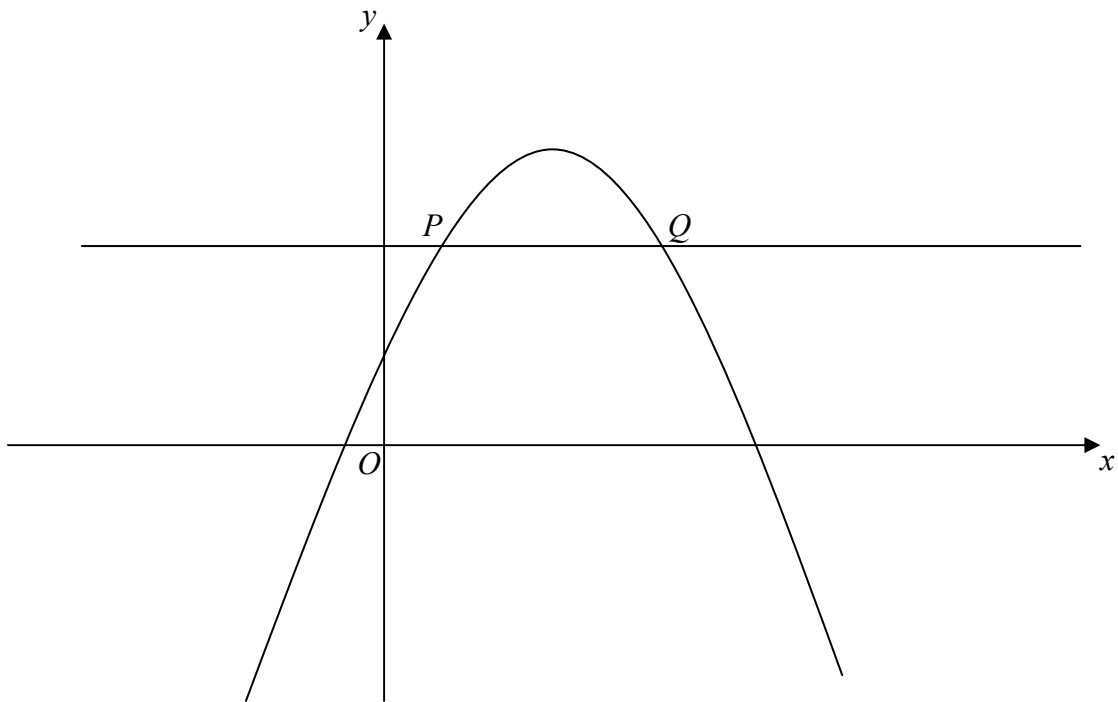
.....

.....

.....

Answer (3 marks)

- 15 The graphs of $y = 2 + 8x - 2x^2$ and $y = 5$ intersect at P and Q as shown in the sketch.



Work out the length PQ .

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer (5 marks)

8

$$16 \quad \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin x & \cos x \\ -\cos x & \sin x \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin x & -\cos x \\ \cos x & \sin x \end{pmatrix}$$

Work out \mathbf{PQ}

Give your answer in its simplest form.

(3 marks)

17 The first four terms of a quadratic sequence are

$$a + 5b$$

$$2a + 8b$$

$$3a + 12b$$

$$4a + 17b$$

The n th term of the sequence is $n^2 - 2n + 6$

Work out the values of a and b .

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

$$a = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$b = \dots\dots\dots (5 \text{ marks})$$

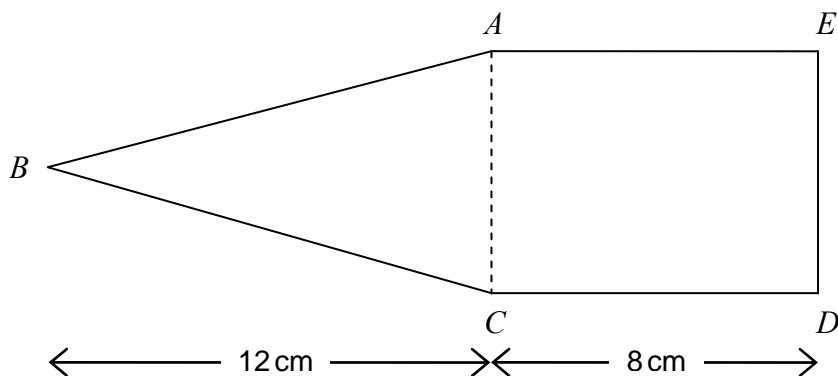
18

Simplify fully

$$\frac{24m - 9m^2}{64 - 9m^2}$$

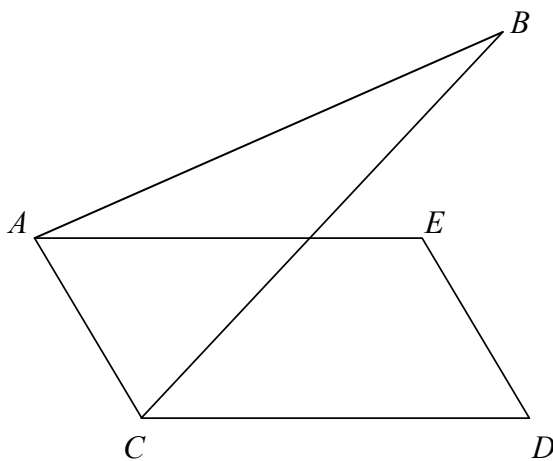
Answer (3 marks)

19 $ABCDE$ is a piece of card in the shape of a rectangle and an isosceles triangle.



Not drawn accurately

$ABCDE$ is folded along AC so that B is vertically above the midpoint of DE .

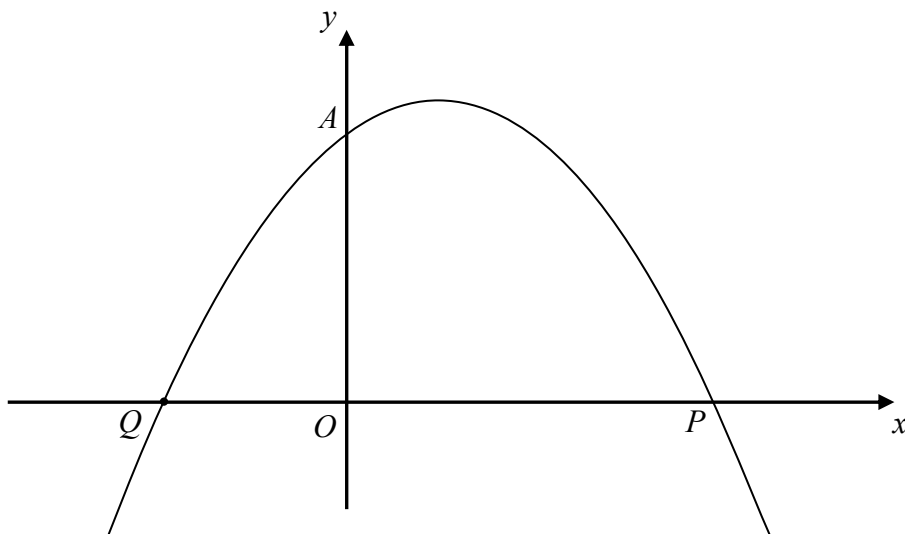


Work out the angle between the planes ABC and $ACDE$.

Answer degrees (3 marks)

6

- 20** A sketch of the curve $y = (x + 1)(2 - x)$ is shown.
 $A(0, 2)$, $P(2, 0)$ and Q are points on the curve.



- 20 (a)** Write down the coordinates of point Q .

Answer (.....,) (1 mark)

- 20 (b)** Show that the normal to the curve at A intersects the curve again at P .

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(6 marks)

21 Factorise fully $3a^4b - 2a^3b^2 - 5a^2b^3$

.....

.....

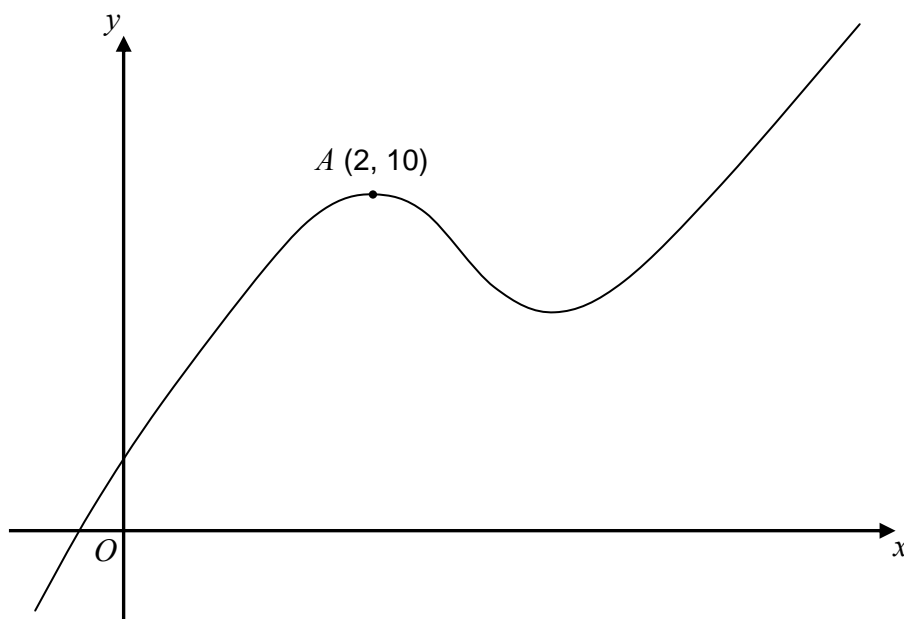
.....

.....

Answer (2 marks)

Turn over for the next question

- 22** A sketch of $y = f(x)$, where $f(x)$ is a cubic function, is shown.



There is a maximum point at $A (2, 10)$.

- 22 (a)** Write down the equation of the tangent to the curve at A .

Answer (1 mark)

- 22 (b)** Write down the equation of the normal to the curve at A .

Answer (1 mark)

- 22 (c)** Circle the word that describes the cubic function when $x < 2$

positive

negative

increasing

decreasing

(1 mark)

22 (d) The equation of the curve is $y = px^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + r$ where p and r are constants.

Use the fact that there is a maximum point at $(2, 10)$ to work out the values p and r .

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

$$p = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$r = \dots\dots\dots (5 \text{ marks})$$

END OF QUESTIONS

There are no questions printed on this page

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

Copyright © 2013 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

AQA Education (AQA) is a registered charity (number 1073334) and a company limited by guarantee registered in England and Wales (number 3644723). Our registered address is AQA, Devas Street, Manchester M15 6EX.