

Please write clearly in	h block capitals.		
Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature			
-	I declare this is my own wo	ork.	
GCSE			

PHYSICS

Foundation Tier

Paper 1

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

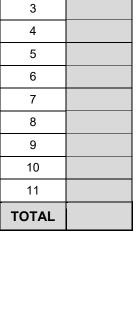
Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.





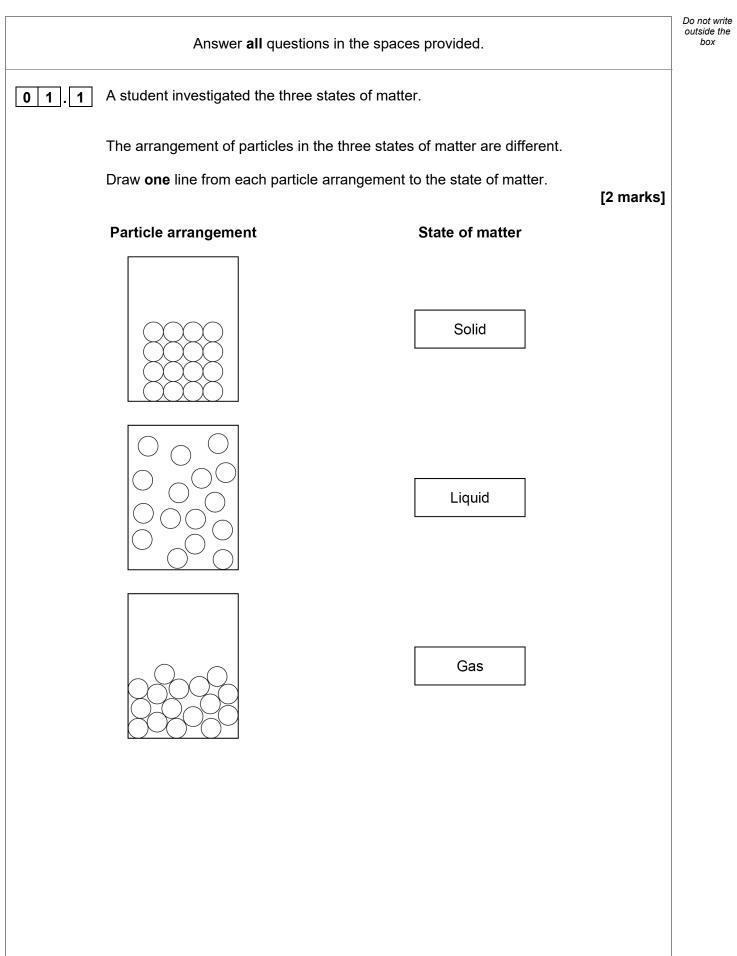
For Examiner's Use

Mark

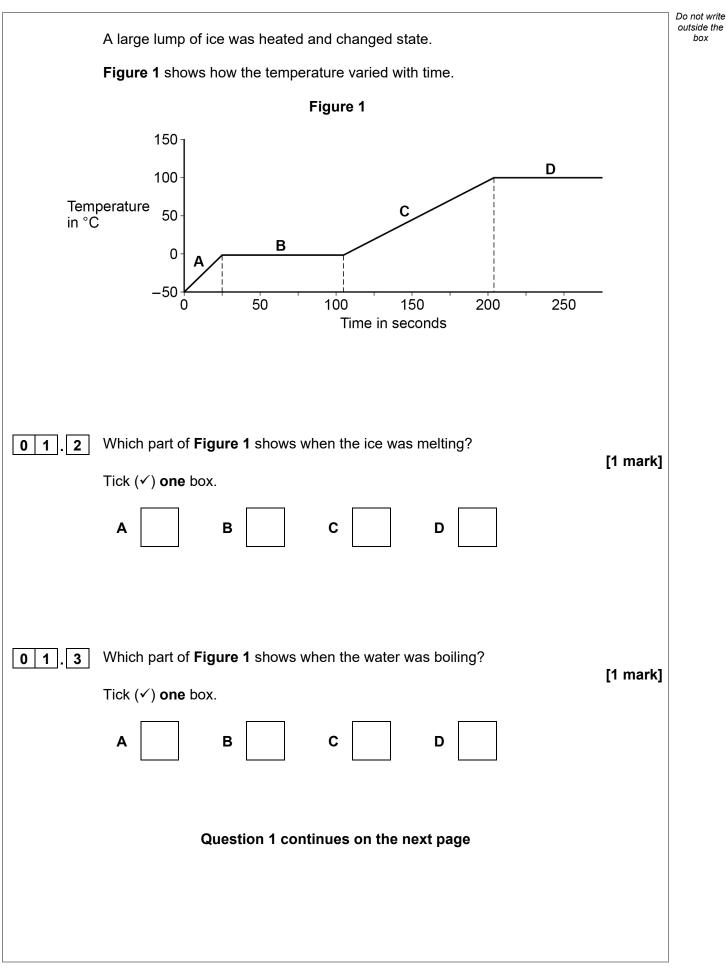
Question

1

2





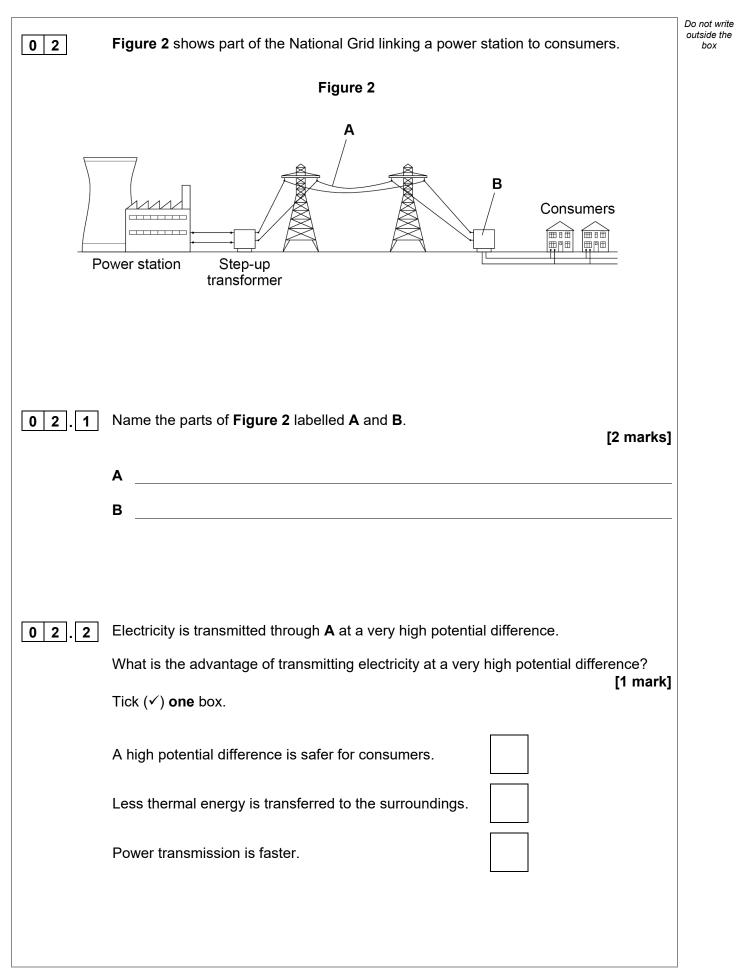


0 1.4	Which property of the water particles changes as the temperature of the water increases? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box. The kinetic energy of the particles The mass of each particle	Do not write outside the box
01.5	Calculate the thermal energy needed to melt 0.250 kg of ice at 0 °C. specific latent heat of fusion of water = 334 000 J/kg Use the equation: thermal energy = mass × specific latent heat [2 marks]	
	Thermal energy = J	



			Do not write outside the
0 1.6	Complete the sentence.		box
	Choose the answer from the box.	[1 mork]	
		[1 mark]	
	condenses evaporates ionises sublimates		
	A substance is bested and shanges directly from a solid to a ges		
	A substance is heated and changes directly from a solid to a gas.		8
	The substance		
	Turn over for the next question		
		Turn over ▶	•







		Do not writ
0 2 . 3	The power station generates electricity at a potential difference of 25 000 V.	box
	The energy transferred by the power station in one second is 500 000 000 J.	
	Calculate the charge flow from the power station in one second.	
	Use the equation:	
	charge flow = potential difference	
	[2 marks]	
	Charge flow in one second =C	
	Question 2 continues on the next page	
	Question 2 continues on the next page	
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		-



The electricity supply to a house has a potential difference of 230 V.

Table 1 shows the current in some appliances in the house.

Table 1

Appliance	Current in amps
Dishwasher	6.50
DVD player	0.10
Lamp	0.40
TV	0.20

4 Calculate the total power of all the appliances in **Table 1**.

Use the equation:

0 2

power = potential difference × current

[3 marks]

W

Total power = _____



		Do not write outside the
0 2 . 5	Each appliance in Table 1 is switched on for 2 hours.	box
	Which appliance will transfer the most energy?	
	Give a reason for your answer.	
	[2 marks]	
	Appliance	
	Reason	
02.6	The average energy transferred from the National Grid every second for each person in the UK is 600 J.	
	There are 32 000 000 seconds in one year.	
	Calculate the average energy transferred each year from the National Grid for each	
	person in the UK. [2 marks]	
	Average energy transferred = J	12
	Turn over for the next question	



Turn over ►

0 3	A student investigated the density of different fruits.	Do not write outside the box
	To determine the density of each fruit, the student measured the volume of each fruit.	
	Figure 3 shows the equipment the student could have used.	
	Figure 3	
03.1	Image: Second	

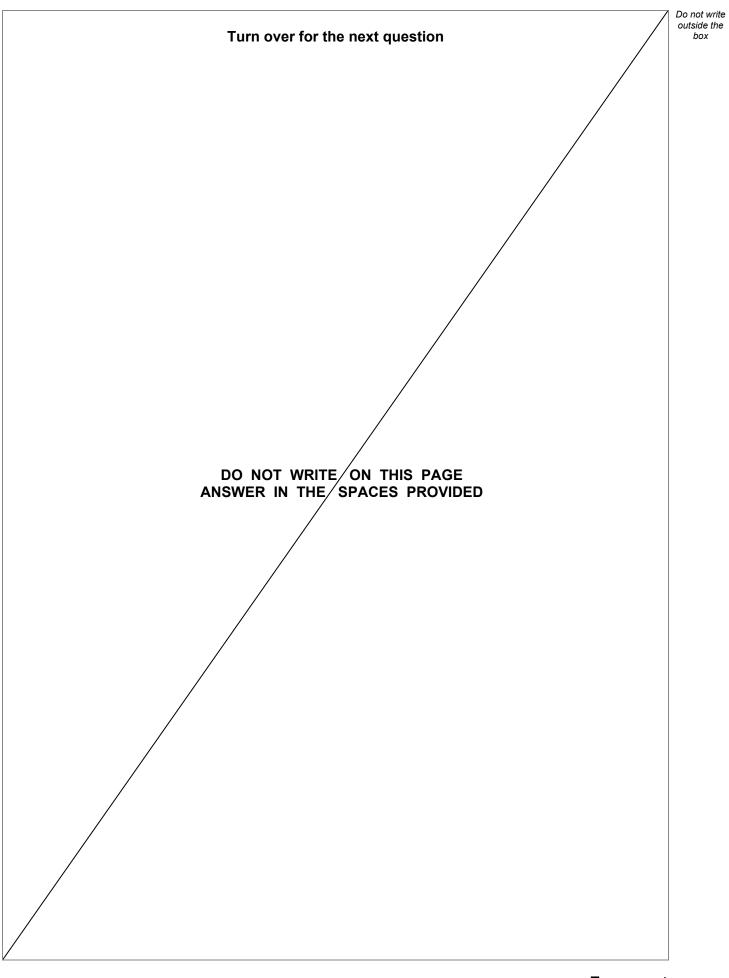


03.2	The student measured the volume of each fruit three times and th mean value.		Do not wri outside th box
	The three measurements for a grape were		
	2.1 cm ³ 2.1 cm ³ 2.4 cm ³		
	Calculate the mean value.	[2 marks]	
	Mean value =	cm³	
03.3	What are the advantages of taking three measurements and calcumean value?	ılating a [2 marks]	
	Tick (\checkmark) two boxes.		
	Allows anomalous results to be identified and ignored.		
	Improves the resolution of the volume measurement.		
	Increases the precision of the measured volumes.		
	Reduces the effect of random errors when using the equipment.		
	Stops all types of error when using the equipment.		
	Question 3 continues on the next page		



0 3.4	The mass of an apple was 84.0 g.	Do not write outside the box
	The volume of the apple was 120 cm ³ .	
	Calculate the density of the apple.	
	Give your answer in g/cm ³ .	
	Use the equation: density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$	
	[2 marks]	
]
	Density = g/cm ³	10



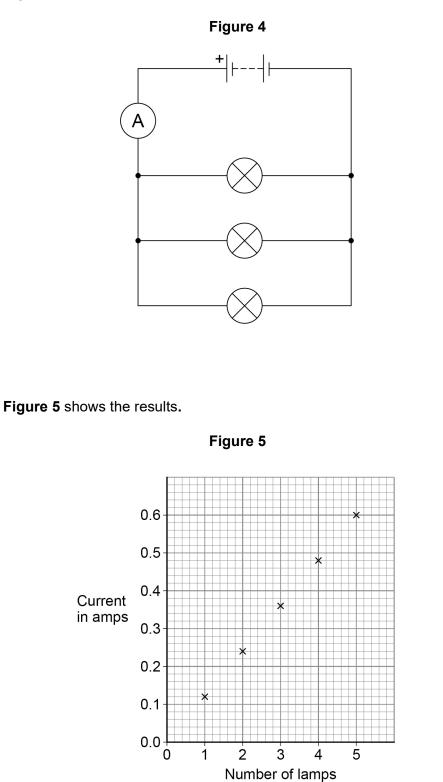






A student investigated how the current in a circuit varied with the number of lamps connected in parallel in the circuit.

Figure 4 shows the circuit with three identical lamps connected in parallel.

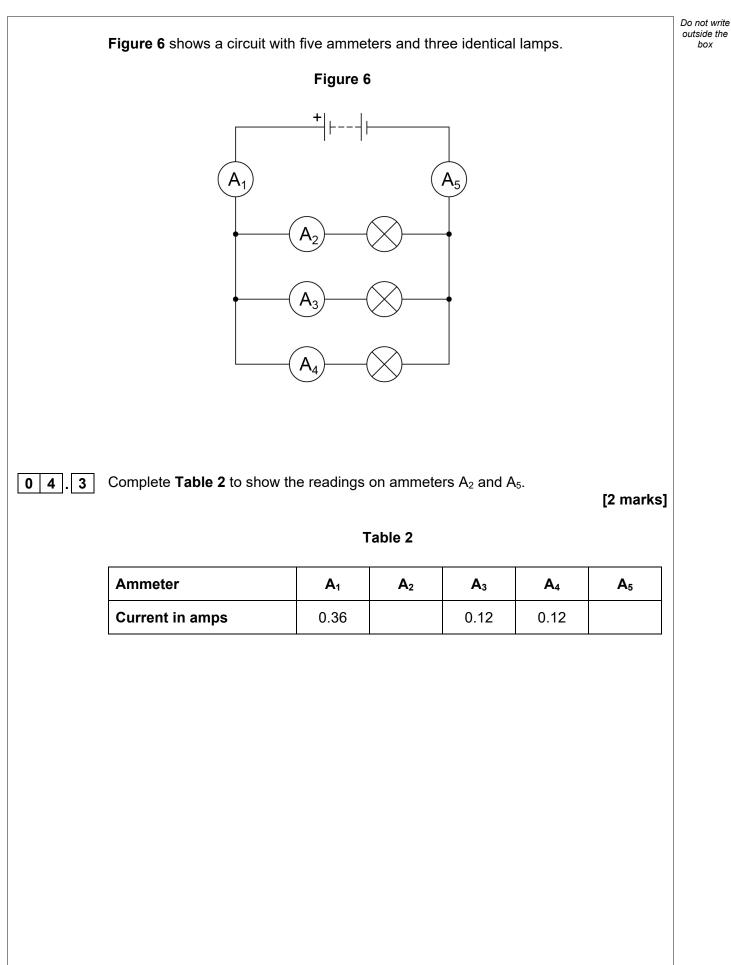




Do not write outside the box

04.1	Complete the sentences.	Do not write outside the box
	Choose answers from the box.	
	Each answer can be used once, more than once or not at all.	
	decreased stayed the same increased	
	[3 marks]	
	As the number of lamps increased, the current	
	As the number of lamps increased, the total resistance of the circuit	
	As the number of lamps increased, the potential difference across the battery	
04.2	When there were three lamps in the circuit the ammeter reading kept changing between 0.35 A and 0.36 A.	
	What type of error would this lead to? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	Random error	
	Systematic error	
	Zero error	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	

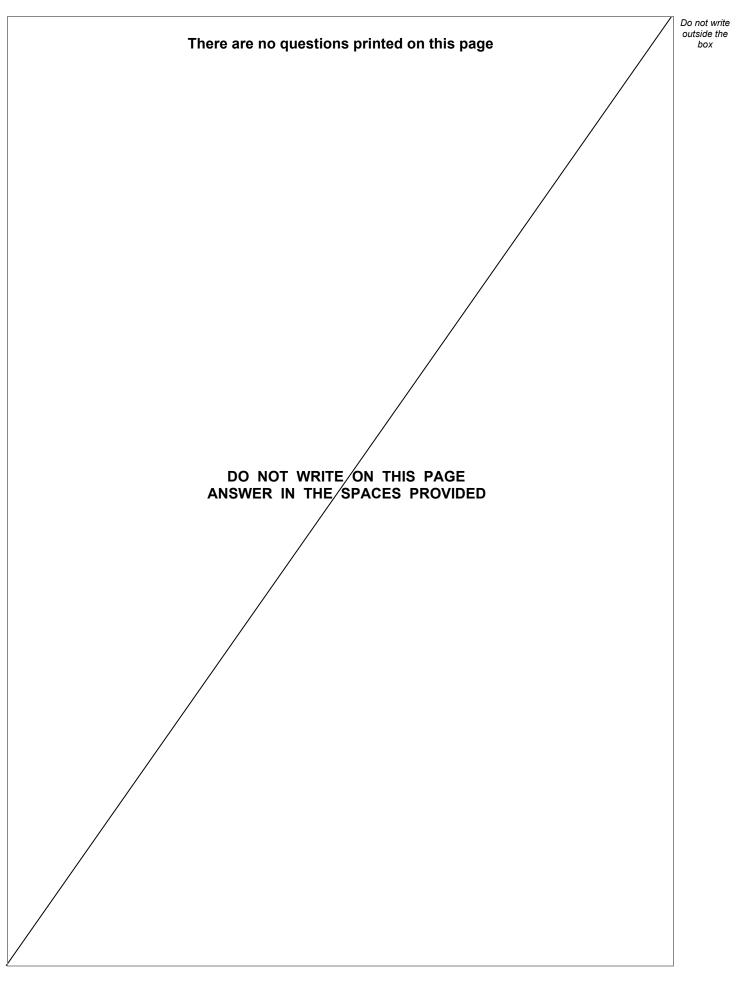






04.4	The resistance of one lamp is 15 Ω .	Do not write outside the box
	The current in the lamp is 0.12 A.	
	Calculate the power output of the lamp. Use the equation: power = (current) ² × resistance [2 marks]	
	Power =W	8
	Turn over for the next question	
	Turn over ▶	

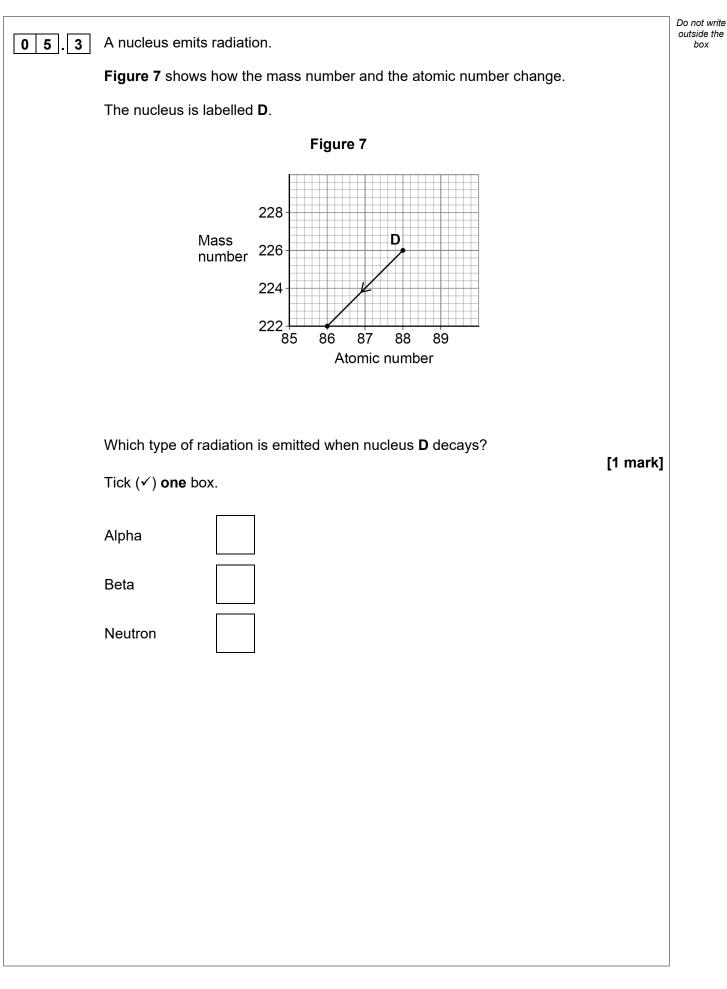




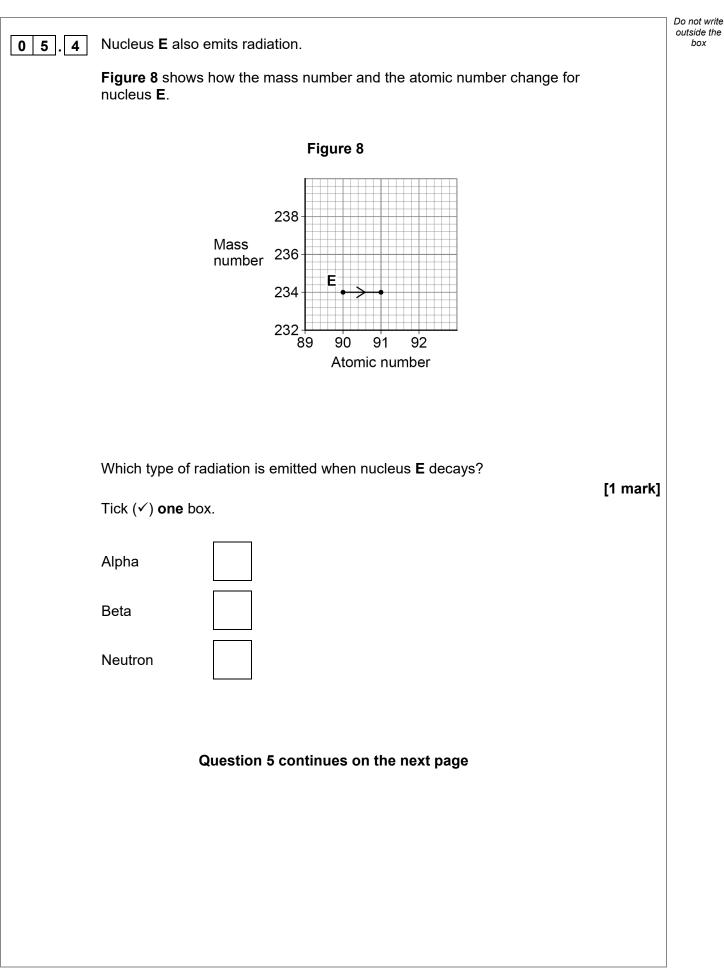


0 5	Atoms of different elements have different properties.	Do not write outside the box
05.1	Which of the following is the same for all atoms of the same element? Itek (*) one box. Atomic number Mass number Neutron number	
05.2	Which of the following is different for isotopes of the same element? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box. Number of electrons Number of neutrons Number of protons	
	Question 5 continues on the next page	









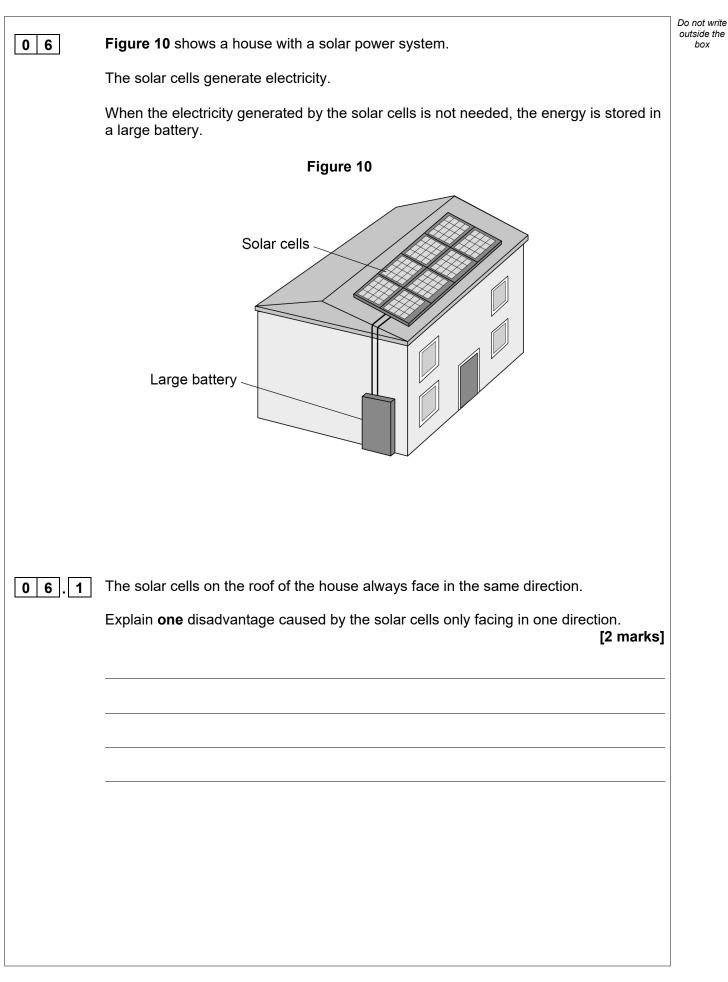


		Do not w
	Beta radiation can be used to monitor the thickness of paper during production.	outside t box
	Figure 9 shows how the radiation is used.	
	Figure 9	
Be	ta radiation source	
	gap between the rollers.	
0 5.5	Complete the sentences.	
	Choose answers from the box.	
	Each answer can be used once, more than once or not at all.	
	decrease stay the same increase	
	The thickness of the paper between the beta source and the detector increases. [2 marks]	
	The reading on the detector will	
	This is because the amount of radiation absorbed by the paper	
	will	



0 5 6	All radioactive elements have a half-life.		Do not write outside the box
	What is meant by 'half-life'?		
	[1 r Tick (✓) one box.	nark]	
	The time it takes for all the nuclei in a radioactive sample to split in half.		
	The time it takes for the count rate of a radioactive sample to halve.		
	The time it takes for the radiation to travel half of its range in air.		
0 5.7		nark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	So the activity of the source is approximately constant.		
	So the amount of radiation decreases quickly.		
	So the radiation has a long range in air.		8
	Turn over for the next question		
	Turn	over ►	•





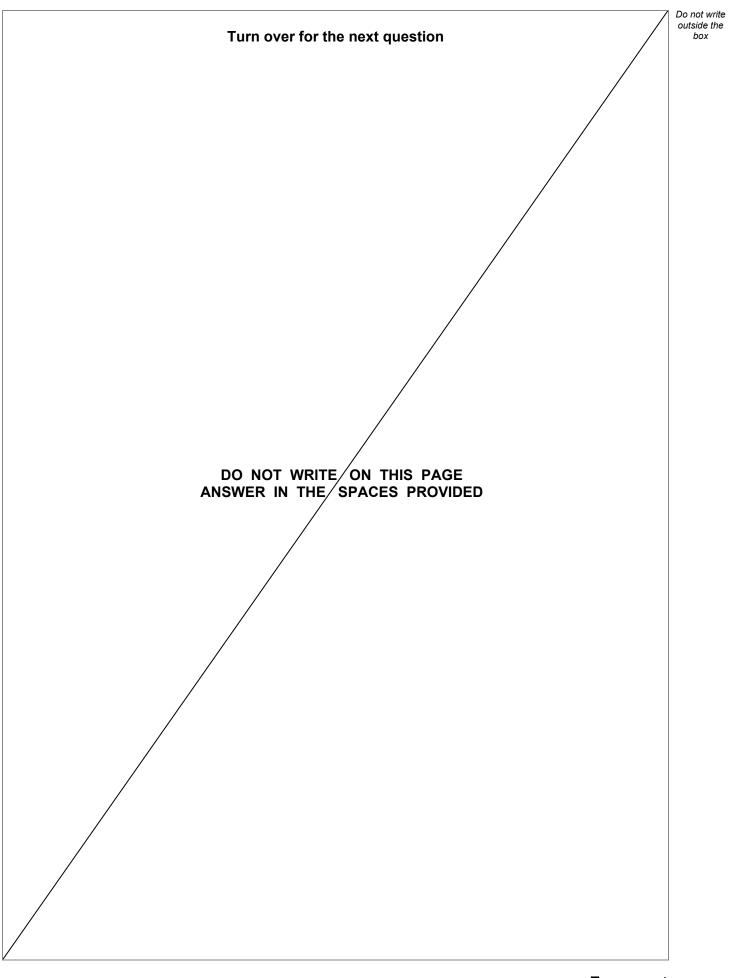


• 6]. [2] The mean durrent from the solar cells to the battery is 3.5 A. A Calculate the charge flow from the solar cells to the battery in 3600 seconds. Use the equation: Calculate the equation: charge flow = current × time [2 marks] Charge flow = C • 6]. [3] Write down the equation which links efficiency, total power input and useful power output. [1 mark] • 6]. [4] At one time in the day, the total power input to the solar cells was 7500 W. The efficiency of the solar cells was 0.16 Calculate the useful power output of the solar cells. [3 marks] Useful power output = W Question 6 continues on the next page				Do not wri outside th
Use the equation: 	0 6 . 2	The mean current from the solar cells to the battery is 3.5 A.		box
charge flow = current × time [2 marks] Charge flow = C Imarks [1 marks] Calculate the useful power output of the solar cells. [3 marks] Charge flow =		Calculate the charge flow from the solar cells to the battery in 3600 seconds	; .	
[2 marks] [2 marks] [1 mark] [1 mark] [1 mark] [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [1 mark]				
0 6 .3 Write down the equation which links efficiency, total power input and useful power output. [1 mark] 0 6 .4 At one time in the day, the total power input to the solar cells was 7500 W. The efficiency of the solar cells was 0.16 Calculate the useful power output of the solar cells. [3 marks] Useful power output =W			[2 marks]	
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• • •	0 6 . 3			
The efficiency of the solar cells was 0.16 Calculate the useful power output of the solar cells. [3 marks] Useful power output =W			[1 mark]	
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Calculate the useful power output of the solar cells. [3 marks] [06.4	At one time in the day, the total power input to the solar cells was 7500 W.		
[3 marks]		The efficiency of the solar cells was 0.16		
[3 marks]		Calculate the useful nower output of the solar cells		
			[3 marks]	
		Useful power output =	w	
Question 6 continues on the next page		· · · · ·		
Question 6 continues on the next page				
		Question 6 continues on the next page		

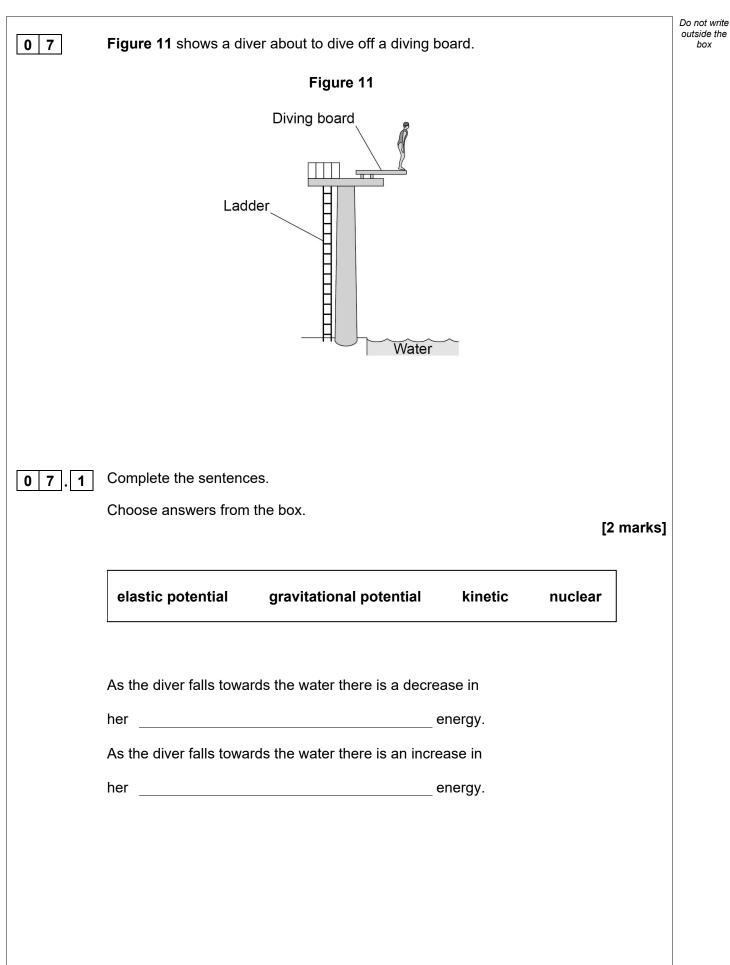


06.5	The wasted energy that is not usefully transferred by the solar cells is dissipate	ed.	Do not write outside the box
	What happens to energy that has been dissipated?		
	Tick (✓) one box.	1 mark]	
	The energy becomes less useful.		
	The energy is destroyed.		
	The energy is used to generate electricity.		
06.6	Why is it unlikely that all the UK's electricity needs could be met by solar power systems?		
	Tick (✓) one box.	1 mark]	
	A very large area would need to be covered with solar cells.		
	Solar power is a non-renewable energy resource.		
	The efficiency of solar cells is too high.		10





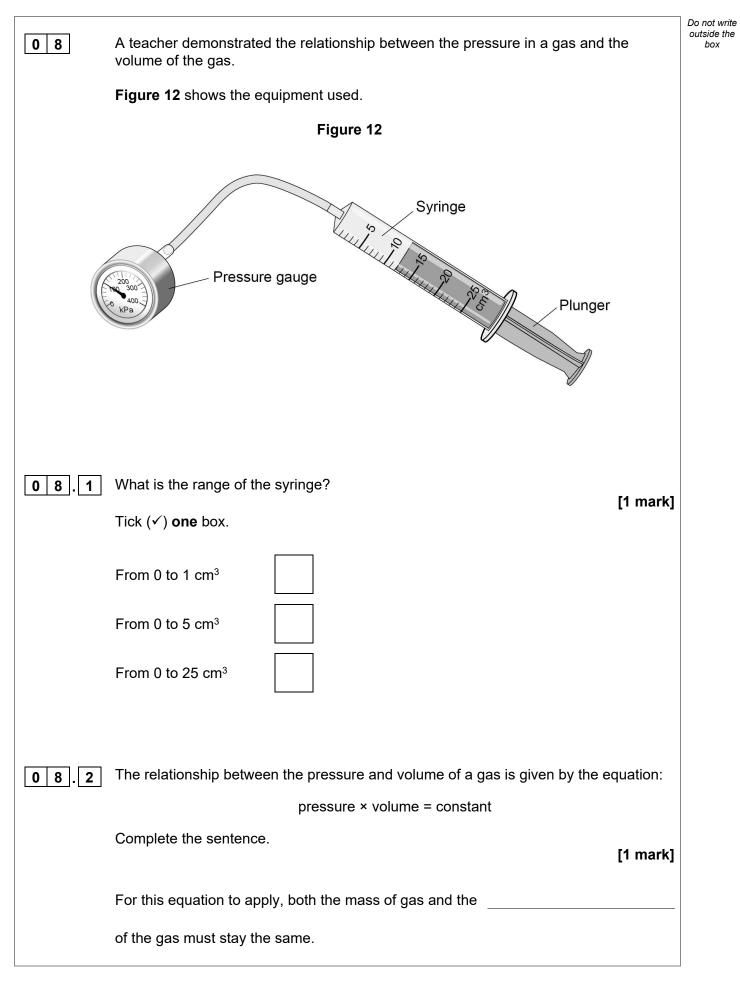






0 7.2	Write down the equation which links kinetic energy (E_k), mass (m) and speed (v). [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
07.3	At the instant the diver hits the water, the kinetic energy of the diver is 5040 J. The speed of the diver is 12 m/s. Calculate the mass of the diver. [3 marks]	
	Mass = kg	
07.4	Most of the kinetic energy of the diver is transferred to the water. How does this affect the thermal energy of the water? Tick (✓) one box. The thermal energy decreases.	
	The thermal energy stays the same.	7
	Turn over for the next question	





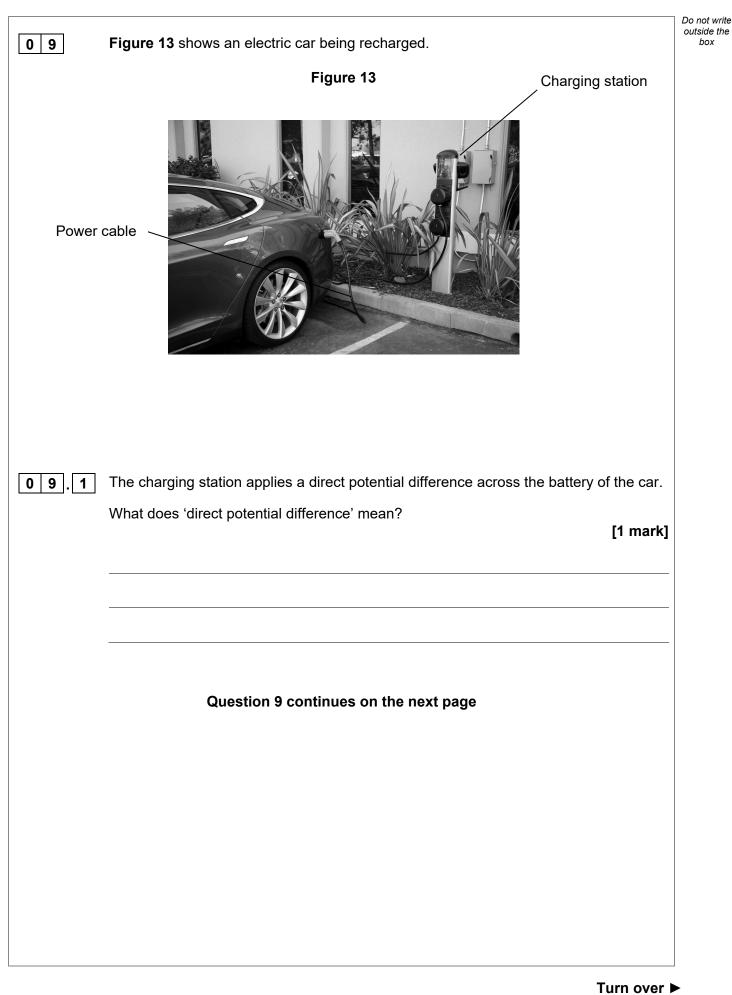


			Do not w
0 8.3	The initial volume of the gas in the syringe was 12 cm ³ .		outside t box
	The initial pressure of the gas in the syringe was 101 000 Pa.		
	Calculate the constant in the equation below.		
	pressure × volume = constant	[2 marks]	
	Constant =	Pa cm³	
0 8.4	The teacher pulled the plunger slowly outwards and the gas expanded. The new volume of the gas was 24 cm ³ .		
	Calculate the new pressure in the gas.		
	The constant has the same value as in Question 08.3	[3 marks]	
	New pressure =	Pa	
	Question 8 continues on the next page		



08.5	Which change occurs when the plunger is pulled slowly outward	s? [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	The gas particles stop moving.		
	There are more frequent collisions between the gas particles.		
	There is more space between the gas particles.		8

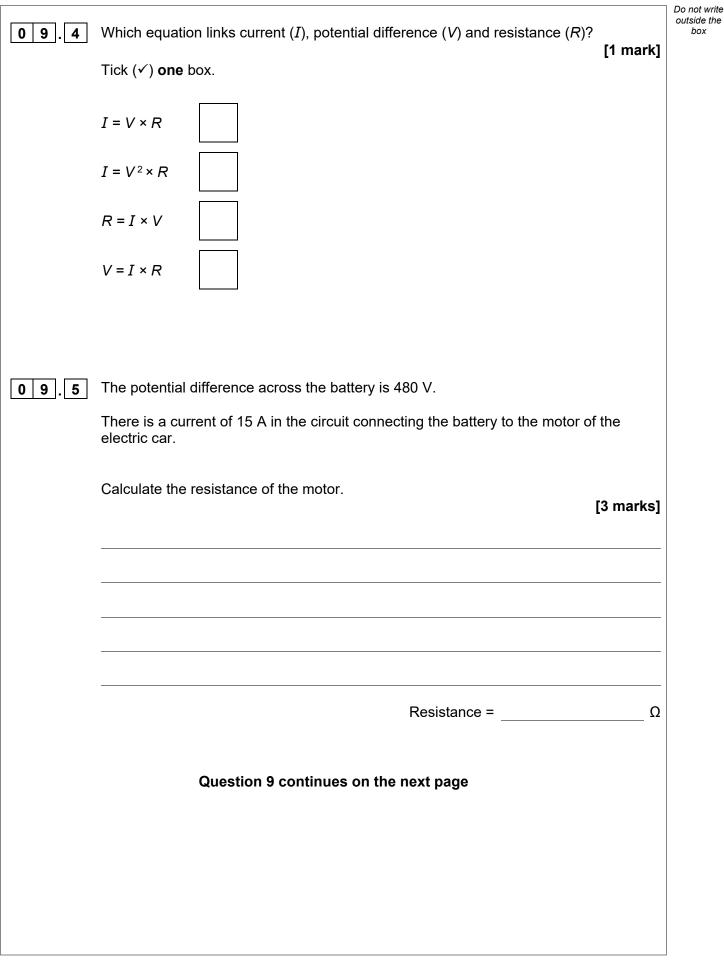






09.2	Which equation links energy transferred (<i>E</i>), power (<i>P</i>) and time (<i>t</i>)? [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	energy transferred = $\frac{power}{time}$	
	energy transferred = $\frac{\text{time}}{\text{power}}$	
	energy transferred = power × time	
	energy transferred = power ² × time	
09.3	The battery in the electric car can store 162 000 000 J of energy.	
	The charging station has a power output of 7200 W.	
	Calculate the time taken to fully recharge the battery from zero. [3 marks]	
	Time taken =s	





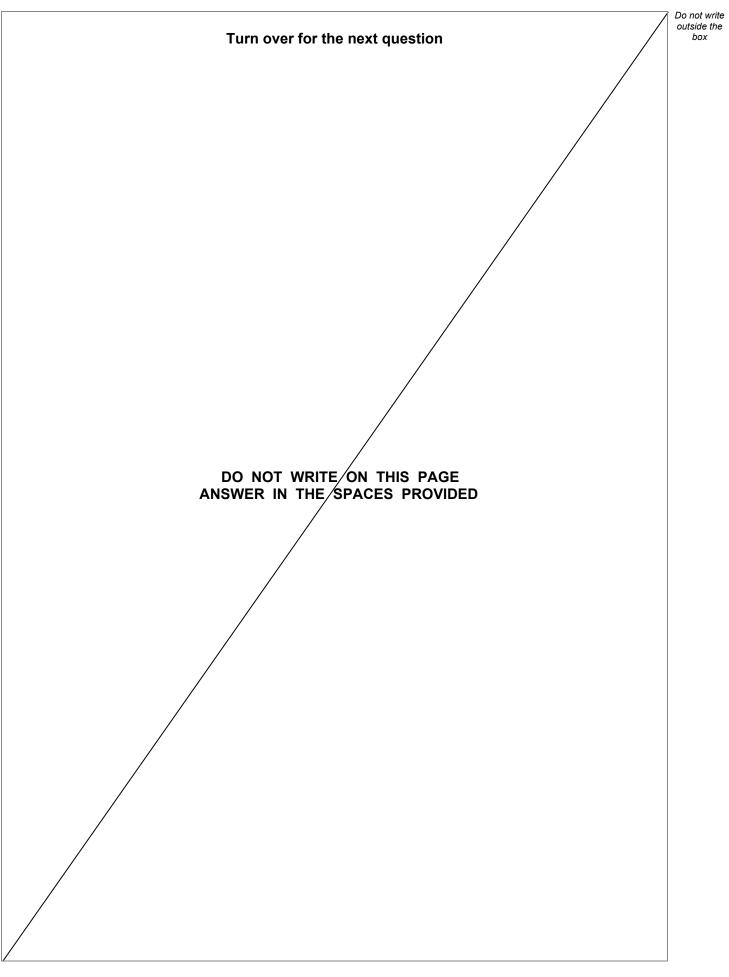


09.6	Different charging systems use different electrical currents.
	Charging system A has a current of 13 A.
	Charging system B has a current of 26 A.
	 The potential difference of both charging systems is 230 V.
	How does the time taken to recharge a battery using charging system A compare with the time taken using charging system B ? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.
	Time taken using system A is half the time of system B
	Time taken using system A is the same as system B
	Time taken using system A is double the time of system B



10

Do not write outside the box





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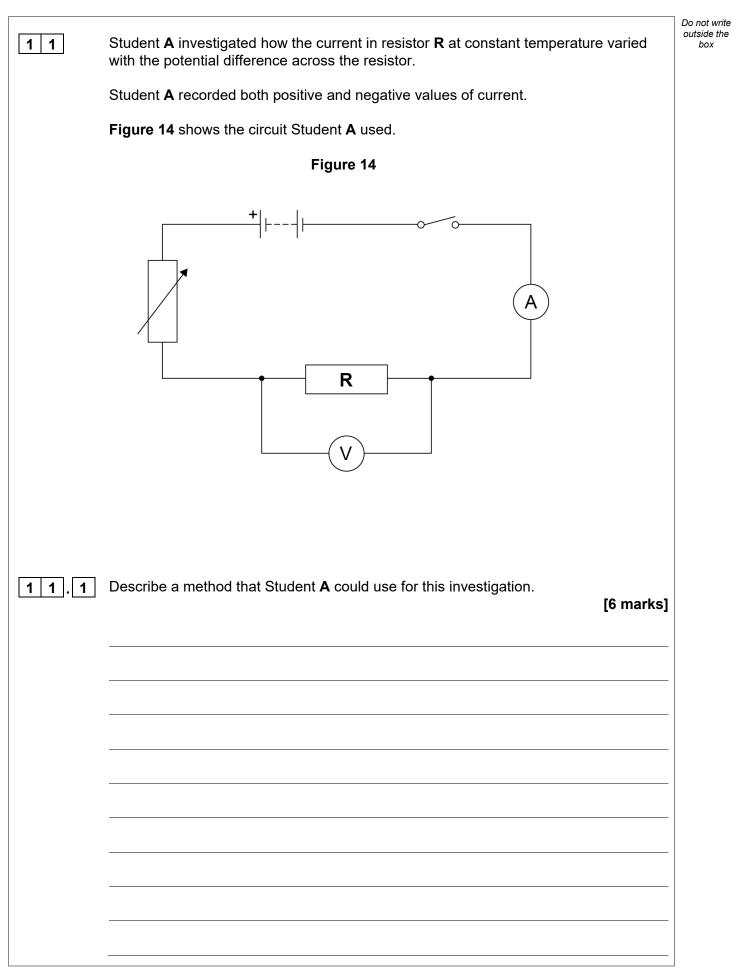
10	Energy from the Sun is released by nuclear fusion.	Do not write outside the box
10.1	Complete the sentences. [2 marks]	
	Nuclear fusion is the joining together of	
	During nuclear fusion the total mass of the particles	
1 0 . 2	Nuclear fusion of deuterium is difficult to achieve on Earth because of the high temperature needed.	
	Electricity is used to increase the temperature of 4.0 g of deuterium by 50 000 000 °C.	
	specific heat capacity of deuterium = 5200 J/kg °C	
	Calculate the energy needed to increase the temperature of the deuterium by 50 000 000 $^\circ$ C.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet. [3 marks]	
	Energy = J	



The models were tested before starting to build the first commercial nuclear fusion power station. Suggest two reasons why models were tested. [2 marks] 1
[2 marks]
1
2
1 0 . 4 Generating electricity using nuclear fusion will have fewer environmental effects than generating electricity using fossil fuels.
Explain one environmental effect of generating electricity using fossil fuels. [2 marks]
9
Turn over for the next question



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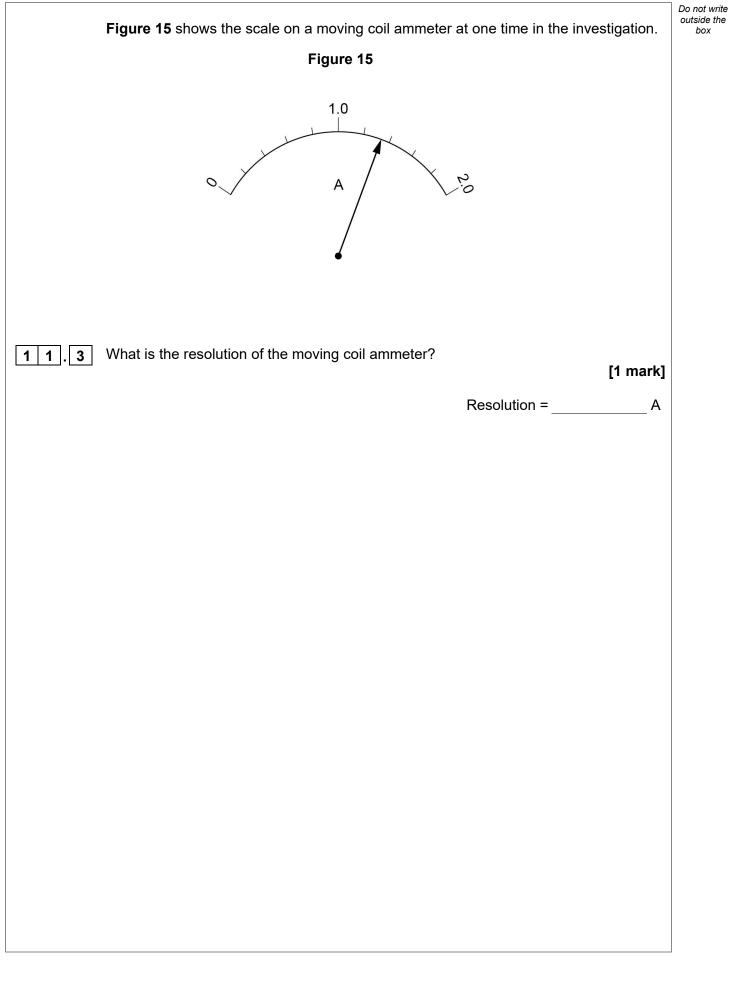




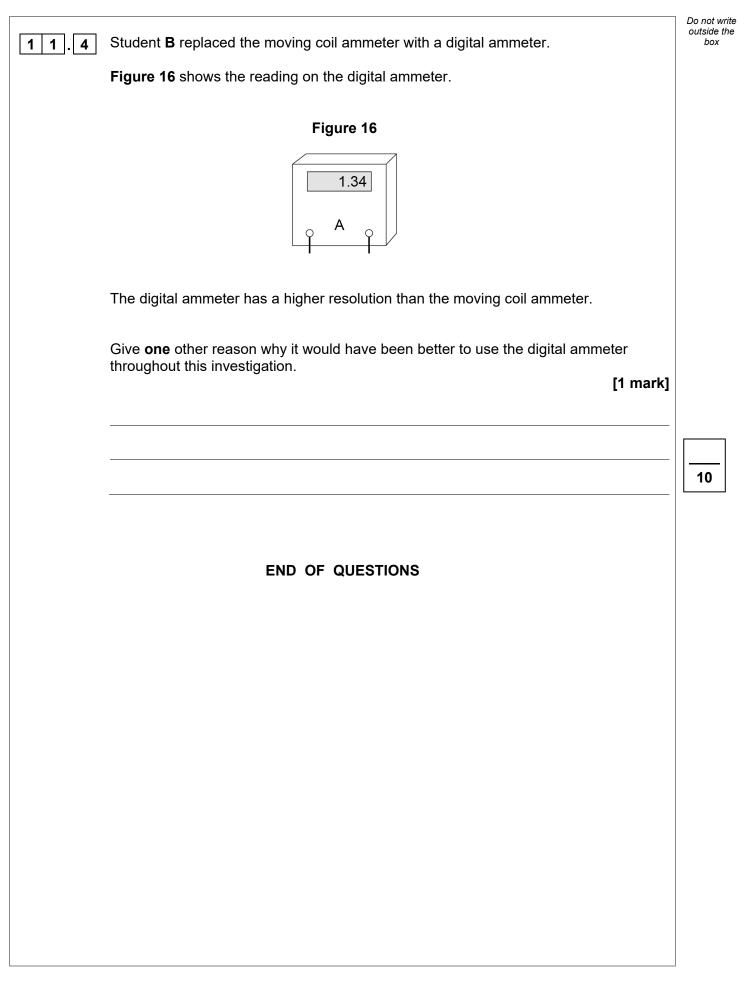
1 1 . 2	Student B repeated the investigation.	
	During Student B 's investigation the temperature of resistor R increased.	
	Fundain have the increased to me and the side of the s	
	Explain how the increased temperature of resistor R would have affected Student B 's results.	
		[2 marks]
	Question 11 continues on the next page	



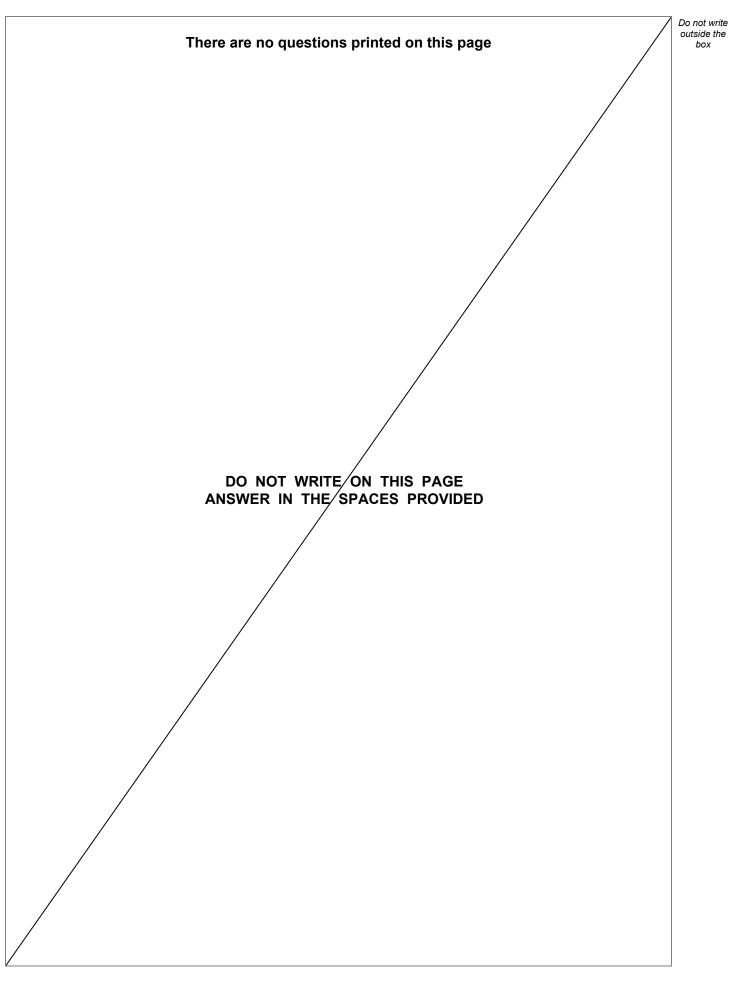
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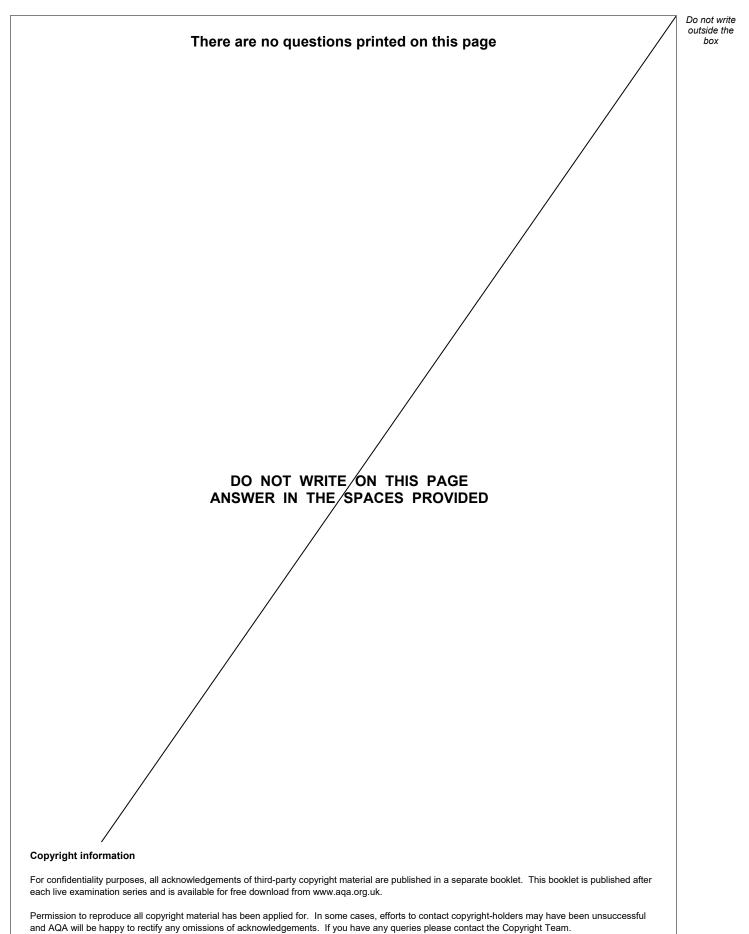


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