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Please write clearly ir	n block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	

## A-level PHYSICS

Paper 3 Section B Engineering physics

#### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet
- a protractor.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

#### Information

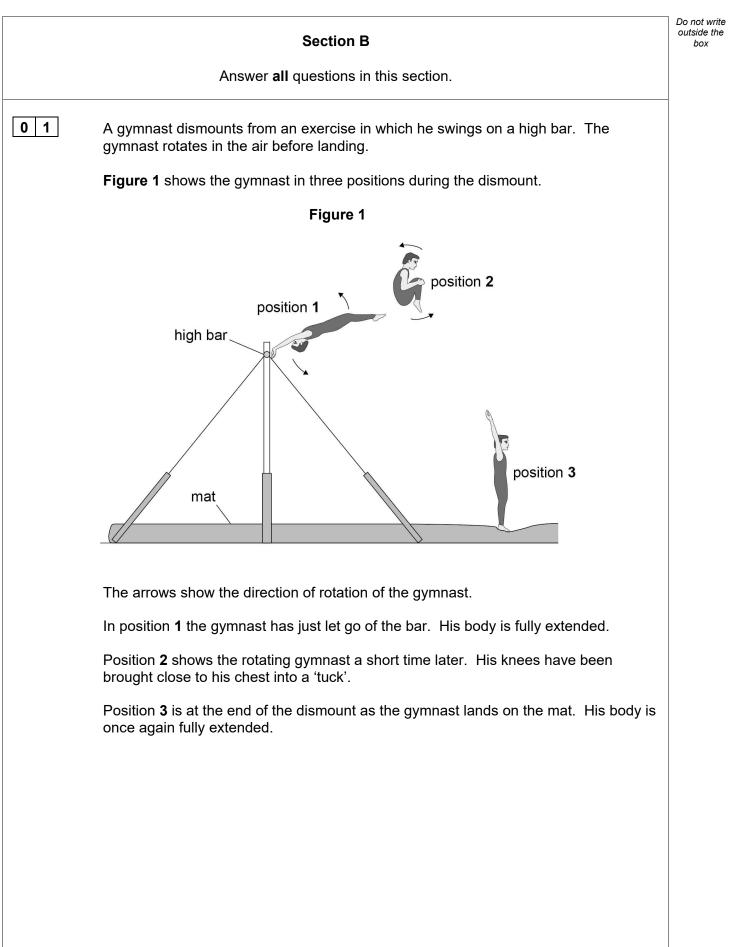
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 35.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.



Time allowed: The total time for both sections of this paper is 2 hours. You are advised to spend approximately 50 minutes on this section.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
TOTAL		







01.1	knees are moved	moment of inertia about the ax d towards his chest. the effect this has on his angu		outsic	not write tside the box
	Table 1 gives so	me data about the gymnast in <b>Table 1</b>	position <b>1</b> and in position <b>2</b> .		
	Position	Moment of inertia / kg m <sup>2</sup>	Angular speed / rad s <sup>-1</sup>		
	1	13.5	ω		
	2	4.1	14.2		
0 1.2	Calculate the an	gular speed $\omega$ of the gymnast	in position <b>1</b> .	[1 mark]	
	Q	$\omega$ = suestion 1 continues on the	next page	_ rad s <sup>−1</sup>	

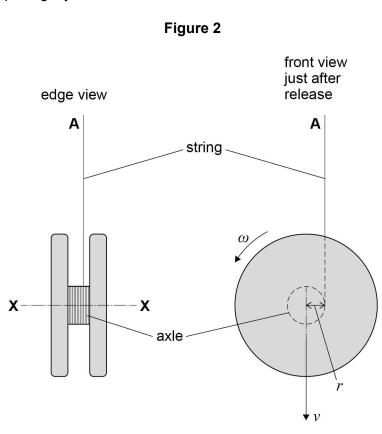


0 1 . 3	The gymnast stays in the tuck for $1.2 \text{ s.}$	Do not write outside the box
	Determine the number of <b>complete</b> rotations performed by the gymnast when in the	
	tuck during the dismount. [2 marks]	
	number of complete rotations =	
0 1.4	The gymnast repeats the exercise. The height of the bar remains unchanged.	
	State and explain <b>two</b> actions the gymnast can take to complete more rotations during the dismount.	
	[4 marks]	
	1	
	2	
		10



### 0 2

**Figure 2** shows a yo-yo made of two discs separated by a cylindrical axle. Thin string is wrapped tightly around the axle.



Initially both the free end **A** of the string and the yo-yo are held stationary.

With **A** remaining stationary, the yo-yo is now released so that it falls vertically. As the yo-yo falls, the string unwinds from the axle so that the yo-yo spins about its centre of mass.

The linear velocity v of the centre of mass of the falling yo-yo is related to the angular velocity  $\omega$  by  $v = r\omega$  where r is the radius of the axle.

Question 2 continues on the next page



Turn over ►

Do not write outside the

box

**02. 1** The yo-yo accelerates uniformly as it falls from rest. The string remains taut and has negligible thickness.

mass of yo-yo =  $9.2 \times 10^{-2}$  kg radius of axle =  $5.0 \times 10^{-3}$  m moment of inertia of yo-yo about axis **X-X** =  $8.6 \times 10^{-5}$  kg m<sup>2</sup>

When the yo-yo has fallen a distance of 0.50 m, its linear velocity is *V*.

Calculate V by considering the energy transfers that occur during the fall.

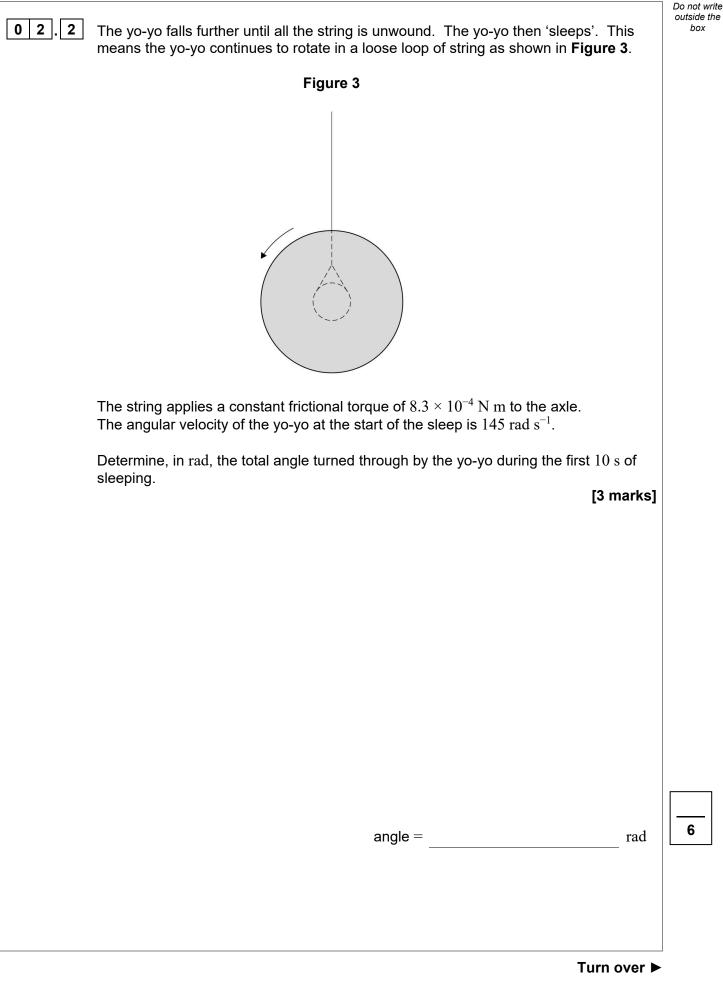
[3 marks]

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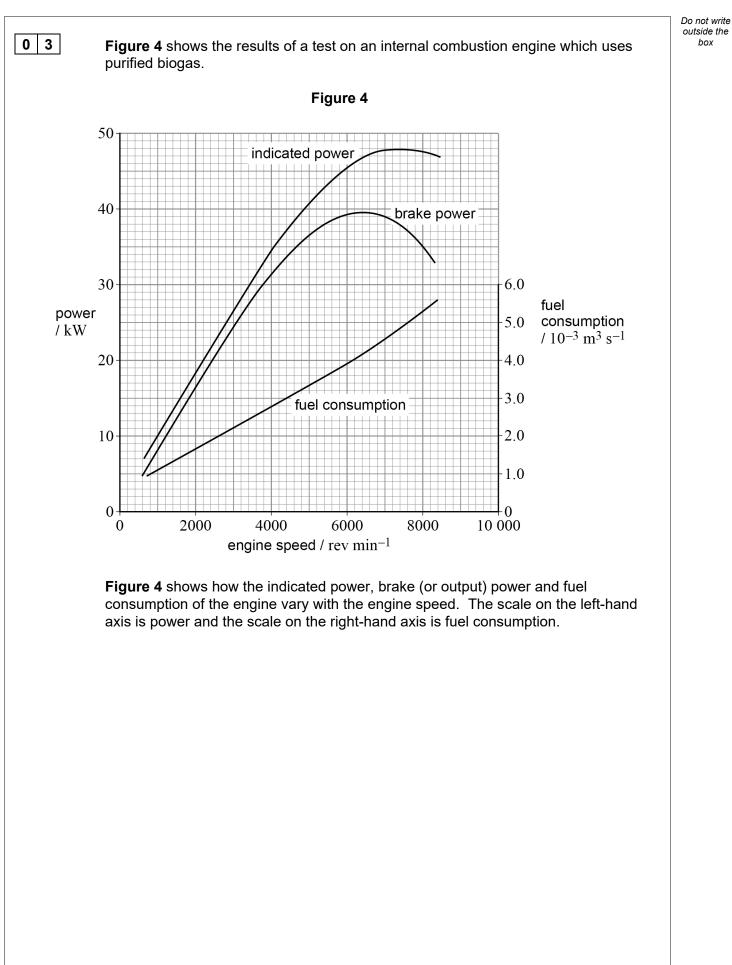
box

V = m s<sup>-1</sup>

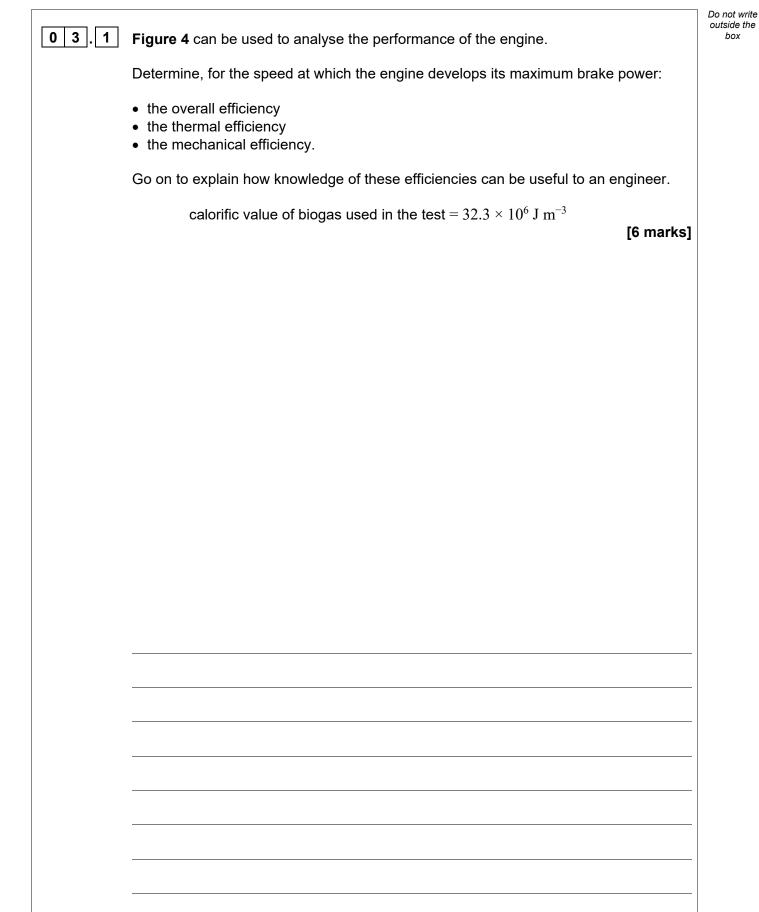












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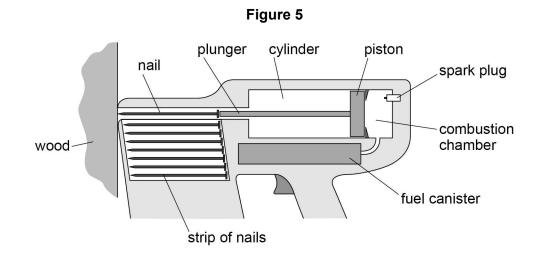
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Figure 5 shows a tool for driving nails into wood. Only part of the tool is shown.



Fuel is mixed with air in the combustion chamber and is ignited by a spark. The gas expands rapidly and drives the piston along the cylinder. The plunger attached to the piston drives the nail into the wood.

**Table 2** shows the average force needed to drive nails of various lengths completely into a particular type of wood.

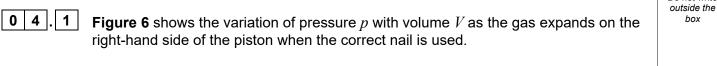
Nail	Length / mm	Average force / N
A	32	250
В	38	320
с	45	370
D	50	420
E	63	560

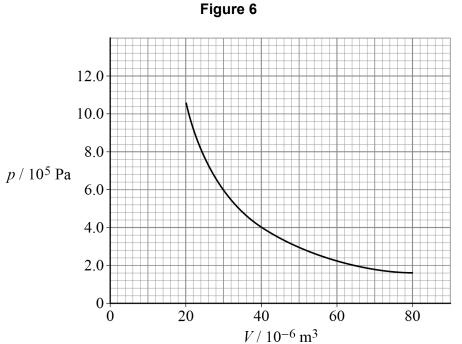
Table 2



0 4

Do not write outside the box





The combustion chamber has a volume of  $20\times 10^{-6}~m^3$  and the piston moves through a volume of  $60\times 10^{-6}~m^3.$ 

The work done by the expanding gas is just enough to drive the correct nail completely into the wood.

Deduce which nail in **Table 2** is the correct one to use in the tool.

[5 marks]

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#### Question 4 continues on the next page



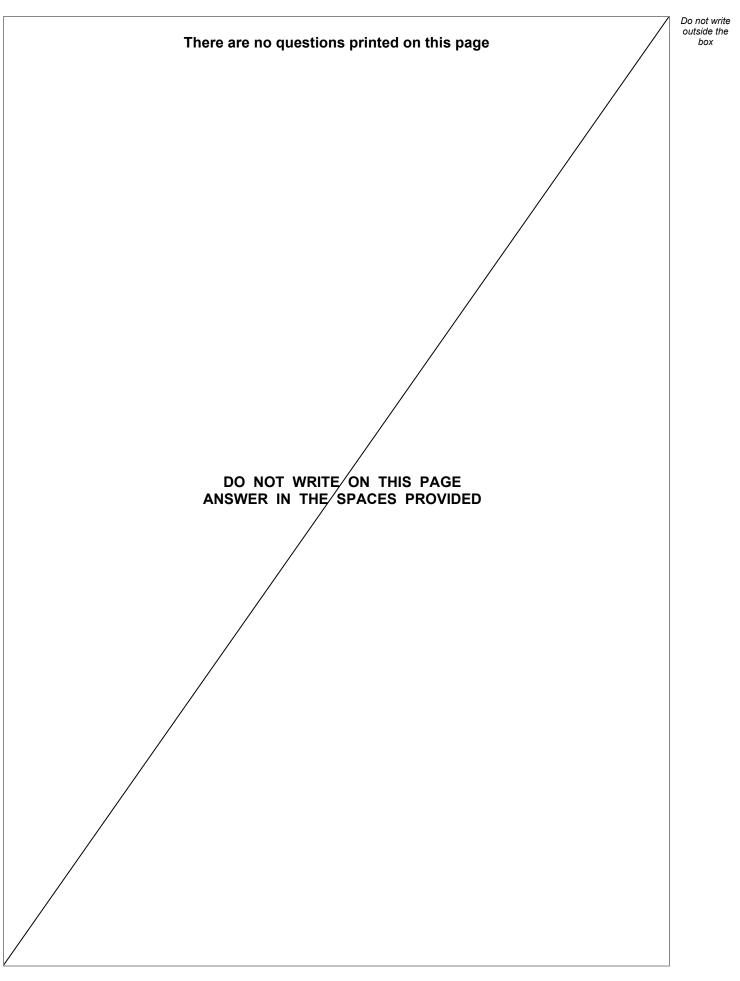
Turn over ►

04.2	After a nail has been used, another nail takes its place automatically. The tool can drive up to $180$ nails per minute.	outside the box
	Discuss why the expansion <b>cannot</b> be isothermal. [3 marks]	
		8



Do not write

0 5.1	Which is a correct statement about an ideal heat engine?	Do not write outside the box
	Tick (✓) one box. [1 mark]	
	The efficiency is increased when the kelvin temperatures of the hot source and the cold sink are increased by equal amounts.	
	The maximum efficiency depends on the $p-V$ cycle.	
	The efficiency is 50% when the kelvin temperature of the hot source is twice the kelvin temperature of the cold sink.	
0 5.2	An ideal heat engine has an efficiency of $0.33$ The same engine works in reverse as an ideal refrigerator between the same hot and cold spaces.	
	Determine the coefficient of performance <i>COP</i> <sub>ref</sub> of the refrigerator. [2 marks]	
		3
	<i>COP</i> <sub>ref</sub> =	
	END OF QUESTIONS	





Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.

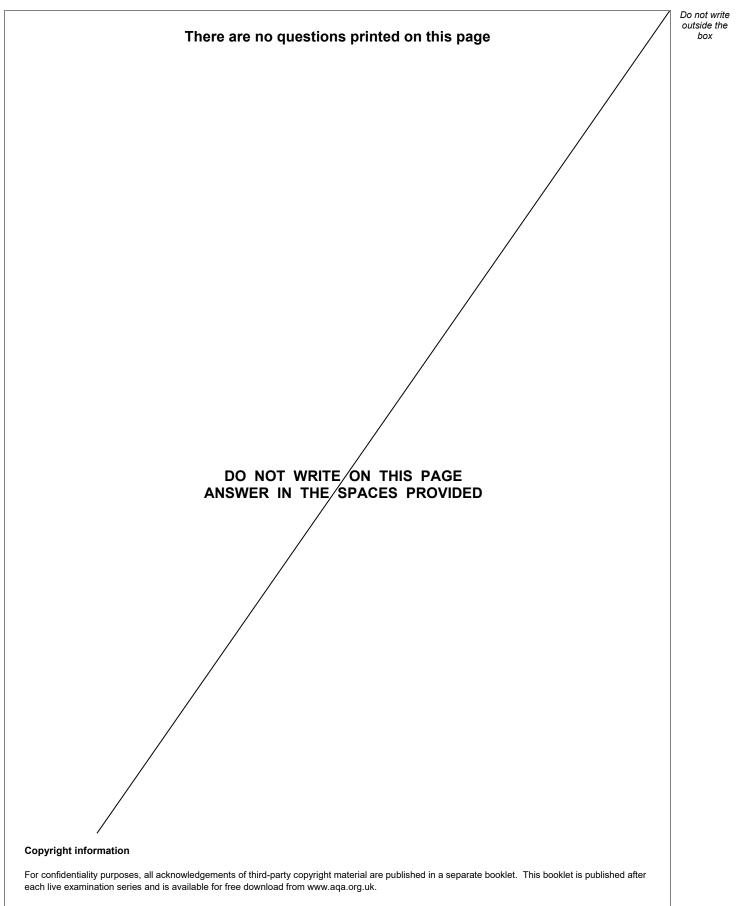


Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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