Please write clearly in	ו block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	
	I declare this is my own work.

# A-level BIOLOGY

Paper 1

#### Time allowed: 2 hours

#### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a scientific calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Show all your working.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

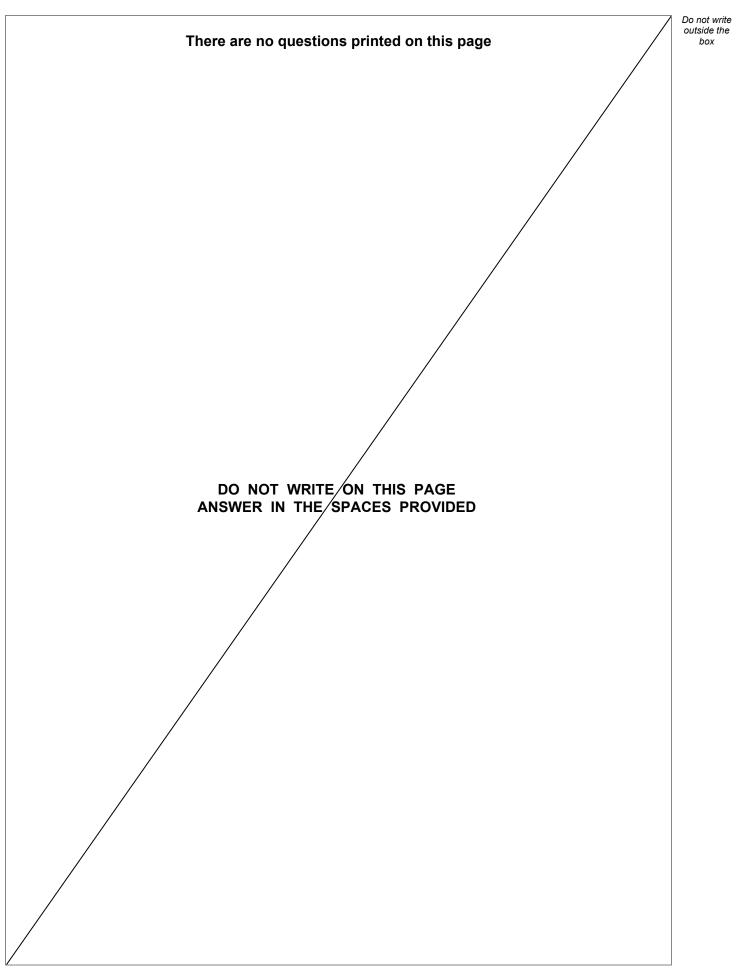
#### Information

- The marks for the questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 91.

For Exam	iner's Use
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
TOTAL	









	Answer <b>all</b> questions in the spaces provided.	
01.1	Describe the structure and function of the nucleus.	[4 marks]
	Question 1 continues on the next page	



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) 1.2	Name the main polymer that forms th	e following cell walls.	[1 mark]
	Plant cell wall		
	Fungal cell wall		
	Scientists investigated the effect of th diversity of plant species.	ne number of fungal species in so	il on the
	Table 1 shows their raw data for soil	containing 14 fungal species.	
	Tabl	e 1	
	Plant species	Total shoot biomass / g m <sup>-2</sup>	]
	Poa compressa	2	
	Achillea millefolium	4	
	Aster cordifolius	5	
	Aster novae-angliae	7	-
	Chrysanthemum leucanthemum	15	-
	Daucus carota	36	-
		<u> </u>	
1.3	<i>Fragaria virginiana</i> Suggest <b>one</b> reason the scientists us of each plant species when collecting		er of individuals
1.3		ed biomass instead of the numbe	er of individuals [1 mark]
1.3	Suggest <b>one</b> reason the scientists us	ed biomass instead of the numbe	
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**0 1**. **4** The scientists used this equation to calculate the plant species index of diversity.

$$d = 1 - \sum \left(\frac{n}{N}\right)^2$$

where n = shoot biomass of each plant species and N = total shoot biomass of all plant species

Use this equation to calculate the index of diversity for the data in **Table 1**.

[2 marks]

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Index of diversity

Question 1 continues on the next page



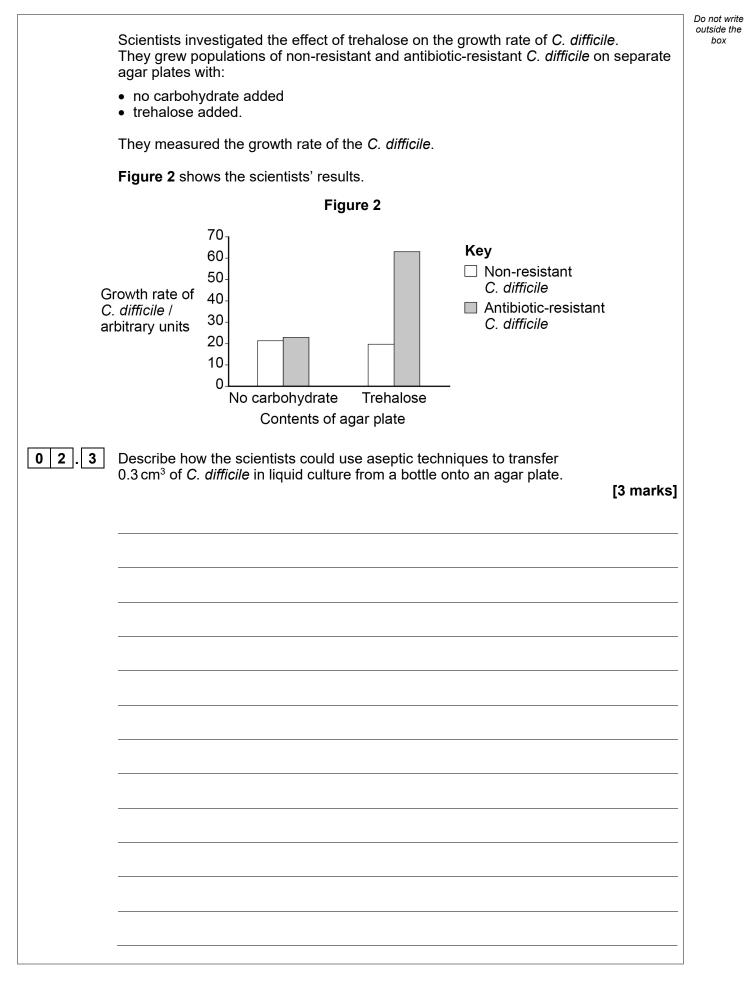
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		Do not write outside the box
	<b>Figure 1</b> shows the plant species index of diversity the scientists calculated when the soil contained 0, 1, 2, 4 and 8 fungal species.	
	Figure 1	
	Figure 1 not reproduced here due to third-party copyright restrictions	
0 1.5	Sometimes farmers stop growing crops on an area of land to allow the natural	
	ecosystem to recover. The plant species index of diversity of these areas previously used to grow crops is different from nearby land that has never been used to grow crops.	
	Suggest and explain how the plant species index of diversity would be different in these areas previously used to grow crops.	
	Use <b>Figure 1</b> and your knowledge of the effect of farming on biodiversity in your answer.	
	[2 marks]	
		10
<u> </u>		]



Name another disaccharide formed from two glucose molecules. [1 mark]	
-	
Scientists suggested that factors, other than antibiotic use, led to the increase in antibiotic-resistant <i>C. difficile</i> infections. One suggested factor is people eating more trehalose in their diet.	
[3 marks]	
Explain how the use of antibiotics has led to antibiotic-resistant strains of bacteria becoming a common cause of infection acquired when in hospital.	
Antibiotic-resistant strains of <i>C. difficile</i> have become a common cause of infection acquired when in hospital.	
Clostridium difficile is a bacterial species that causes disease in humans.	Do not w outside a box
	Antibiotic-resistant strains of <i>C. difficile</i> have become a common cause of infection acquired when in hospital. Explain how the use of antibiotics has led to antibiotic-resistant strains of bacteria becoming a common cause of infection acquired when in hospital. [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [3 marks] [4 marks] [5 marks] [

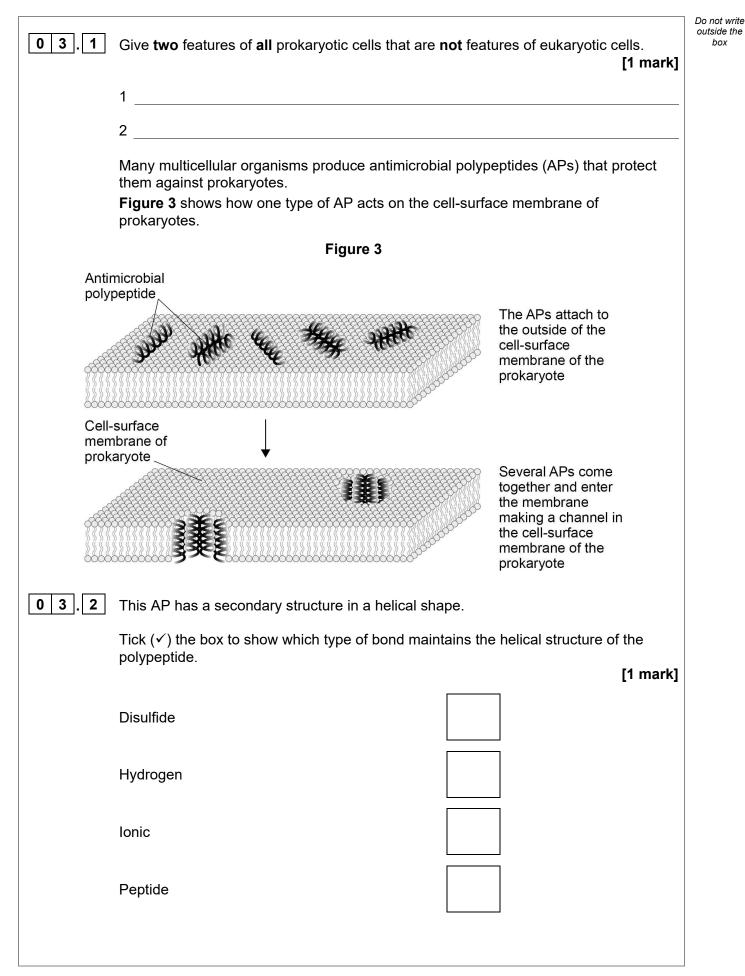




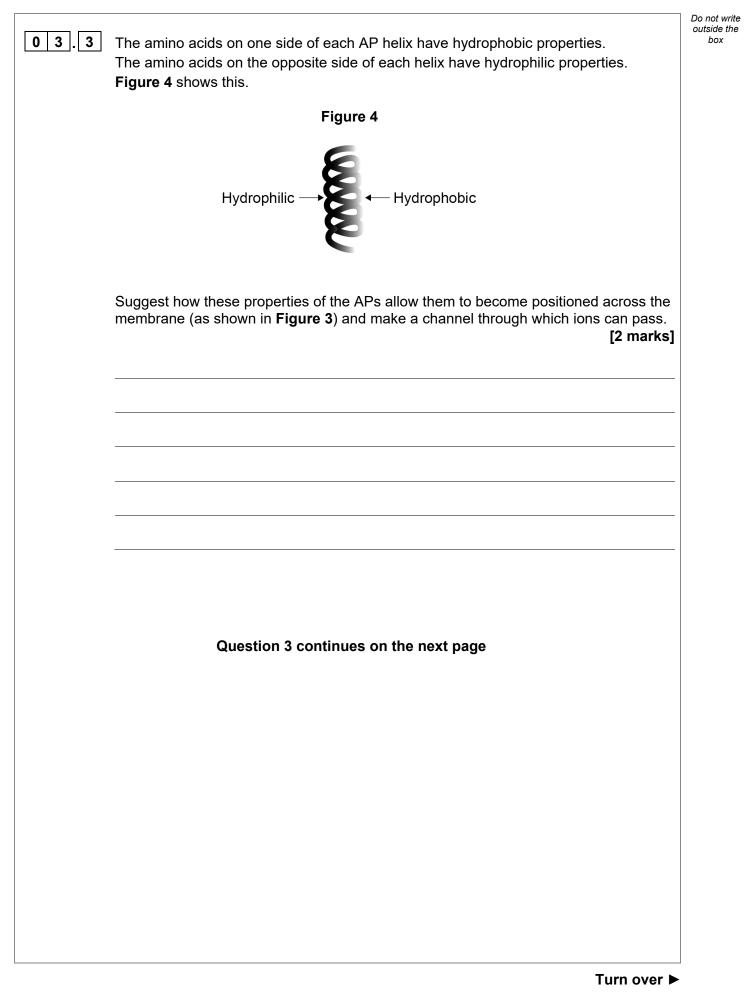


02.4	Use <b>Figure 2</b> to evaluate whether more trehalose in the diet could be a factor in the increased number of antibiotic-resistant <i>C. difficile</i> infections.	Do not write outside the box
	[3 marks]	
		10
	Turn over for the next question	



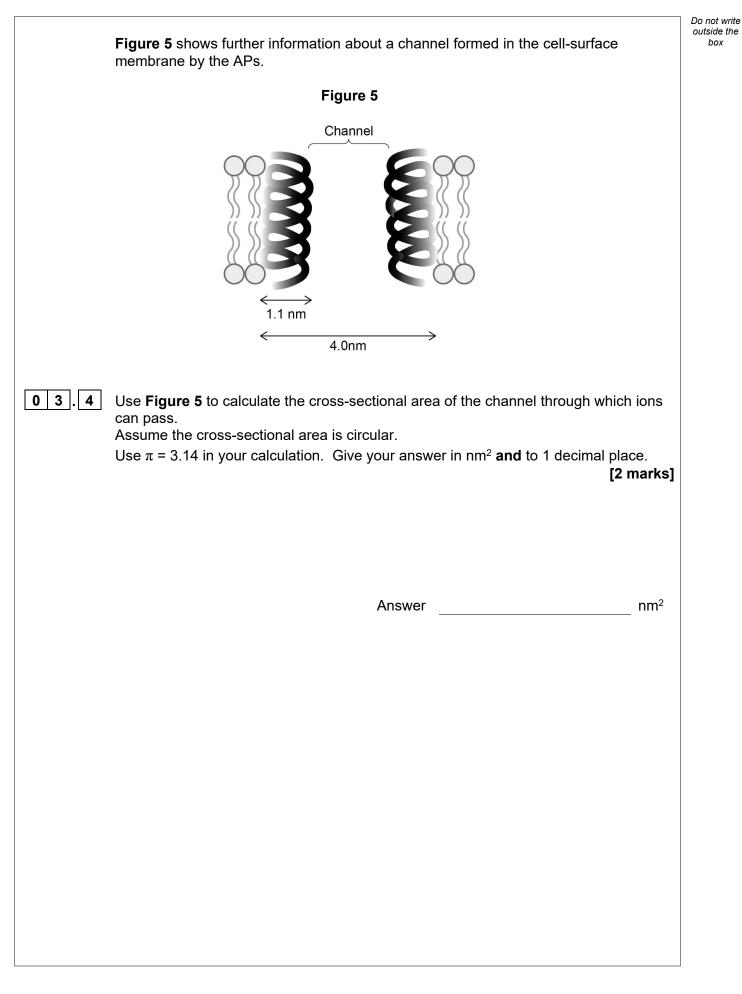




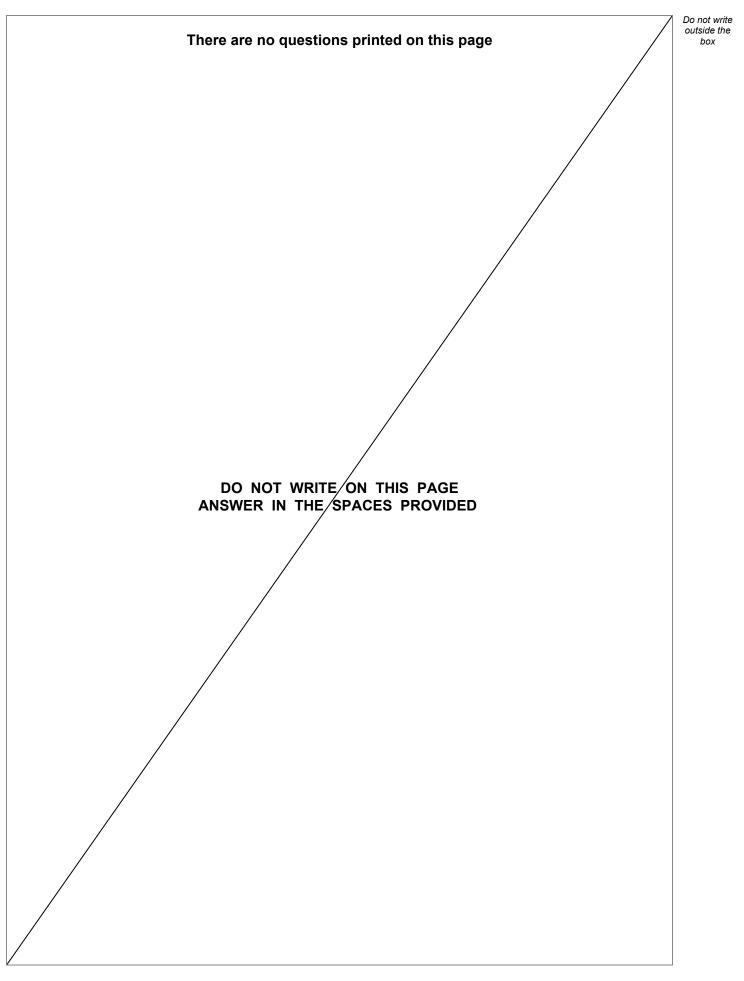




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03.5	The APs damage prokaryotic cells but do not damage the eukaryotic cells in the organisms that produce them. Prokaryotic cell membranes do not contain cholesterol. Assess why the APs do not damage the eukaryotic cells of the organisms that produce them. [2 marks]	Do not write outside the box
03.6	Scientists observed these APs on prokaryotes using a transmission electron microscope. They stained the APs using a monoclonal antibody with gold attached to it. Suggest how these techniques allowed observation of APs on prokaryotes.	
	[3 marks]	



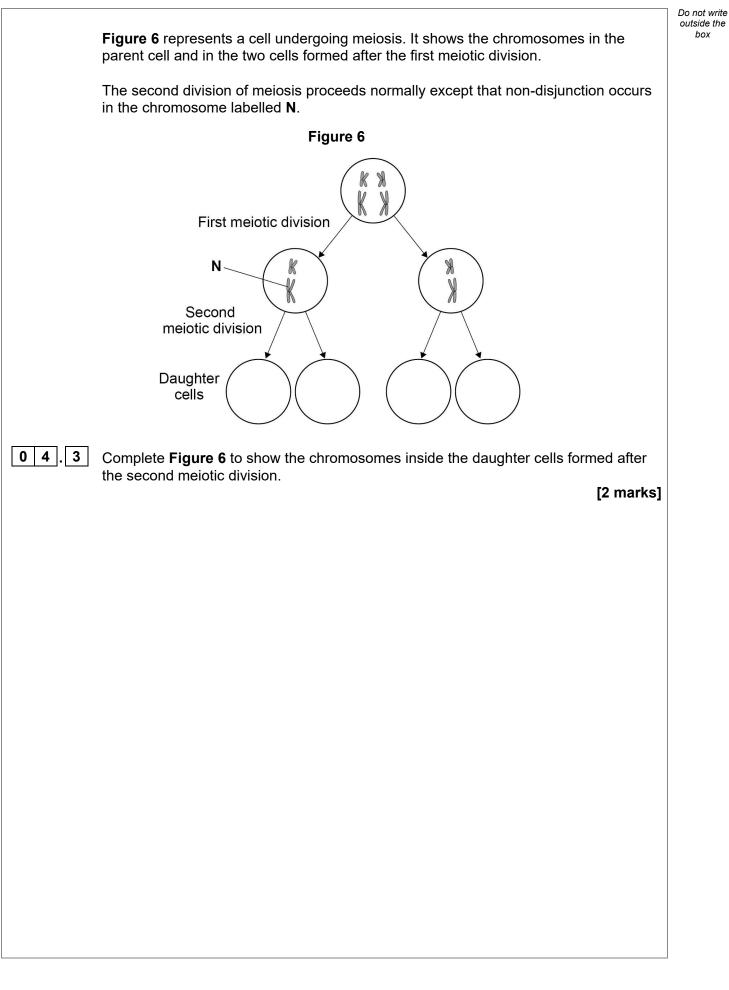


					[3 marks]
_					
	Complete <b>Table</b>	<b>2</b> by putting a	tick (✓) where t	he feature is part of a	a cell cycle
]	Complete <b>Table</b> involving mitosis			he feature is part of a / fission.	
					a cell cycle [2 marks]
	nvolving mitosis		involving binary Table 2	y fission.	
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	Doctors studied babies born with a mutation caused by chromosome non-disjunction during gamete formation in their mother.	outside the box
	They determined each mother's age at the time of childbirth and whether the non-disjunction happened in the first meiotic division (MM1 error) or in the second meiotic division (MM2 error).	
	Figure 7 shows the doctors' results.	
	Figure 7	
ł	Figure 7 not reproduced here due to third-party copyright restrictions	
04.4	A student concluded that there were more mothers of age >37 with MM2 errors than with MM1 errors.	
	Using <b>Figure 7</b> and suitable calculations show why this conclusion is <b>not</b> valid. [2 marks]	
		9



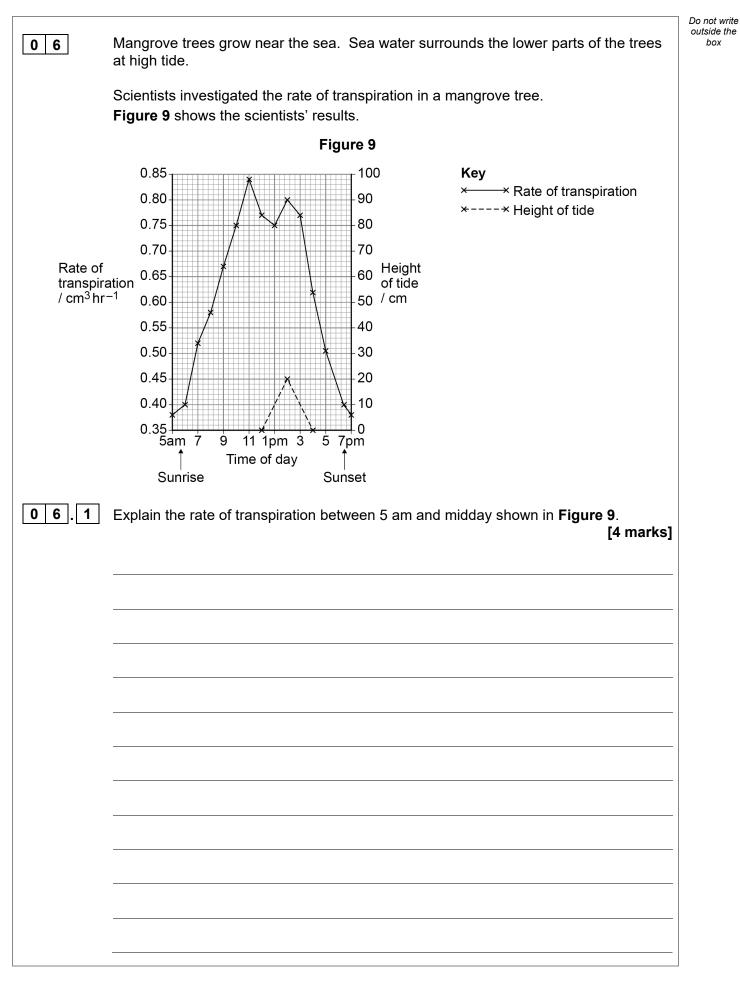
0 5	Two enzymes, <b>P</b> and <b>Q</b> , are proteins with quaternary structure which catalyse the	Do not write outside the box
	same reaction, but they have different amino acid sequences.	
0 5.1	Define the <b>quaternary structure</b> of a protein. [1 mark]	
0 5 2	Explain how two enzymes with different amino acid sequences can catalyse the same reaction. [2 marks]	
	·	
	······································	
	Scientists investigated the effect of pH 8.4 and pH 7.5 on the activity of enzymes <b>P</b> and <b>Q</b> .	
	Figure 8 shows their results.	
	Figure 8	
-	1.2 1.0 pH 8.4 ntration 0.8 Concentration 0.8	
of subs		
	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ 10 \\ 15 \\ 20 \end{array}$	
	Time / minutes Time / minutes	
	Control Enzyme P	
	—— Enzyme <b>Q</b>	



0 5.3	Describe what the scientists should place in the control tubes in this investig	ation. <b>[3 marks]</b>
0 5.4	Give <b>three</b> conclusions you can make from <b>Figure 8</b> .	[3 marks]
	1	
	2	
	2	
	2 	



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06.2	Use <b>Figure 9</b> to calculate the percentage increase in the rate of transpiration from	Do not write outside the box
0 0.2	1 pm to 2 pm.	
	[2 marks]	
	Percentage increase in rate of transpiration %	
06.3	The higher rate of transpiration at high tide shows that the mangrove tree is absorbing water from the sea water surrounding its roots.	
	Describe an experiment that you could do to investigate whether the mangrove root cells have a lower water potential than sea water.	
	You are given: • a piece of fresh mangrove root	
	<ul><li>sea water</li><li>access to laboratory equipment.</li></ul>	
	[4 marks]	
		10



### **07.1** Complete **Table 3** to give **three** differences between DNA molecules and tRNA molecules.

#### [3 marks]

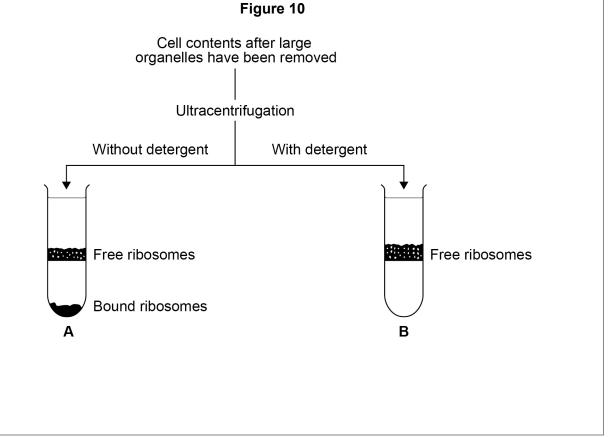
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DNA molecules	tRNA molecules

Scientists investigated ribosomal RNA in liver cells.

**Figure 10** shows the method they used to isolate the ribosomes from the liver cells. The detergent dissolves lipids.





0 7.2	The scientists broke open the cells to produce a suspension of cell contents.	Do not write outside the box
	Describe how the scientists would remove large organelles from this suspension of cell contents.	
	[2 marks]	
0 7.3	Explain the position of the bands of ribosomes in tubes <b>A</b> and <b>B</b> in <b>Figure 10</b> . [3 marks]	
	Α	
	В	
		8
	Turn over for the next question	



Figure 11 shows images of gills from two fish as seen through an optical microscope.
Image <b>C</b> shows gills from a fish with healthy gills.
Image <b>D</b> shows gills from a fish with damaged gills.
Figure 11
Figure 11 not reproduced here due to third-party copyright restrictions
To observe the fish gills with the optical microscope, the scientists used <b>two</b> different stains. The first stain binds to DNA; the second stain binds to the red blood cells.
Explain why a second stain would be needed to stain the red blood cells.
Suggest which molecule the stain could bind to in the red blood cells. [2 marks
Explanation
Molecule



## **0** 8. **2** Using **Figure 11**, the scientists calculated the surface area to volume ratios for each gill filament in these two fish. Some of their results are shown in **Table 4**.

Complete **Table 4**. State your calculated volume and surface area:volume ratio to 2 significant figures.

#### [2 marks]

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box

#### Table 4

Fish gill	Surface area / µm²	Volume / µm³	Surface area:volume ratio
Healthy	7.4 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	2.3 × 10 <sup>4</sup>	
Damaged	1.1 × 10 <sup>4</sup>		0.13:1

#### 0 8.3

The damage to the gills causes uncontrolled cell division in the cells around the capillaries in the gill filaments.

Other than surface area:volume ratio, describe **one** way this uncontrolled cell division changes the gills, as shown in **Figure 11**.

Explain how this difference would affect gas exchange.

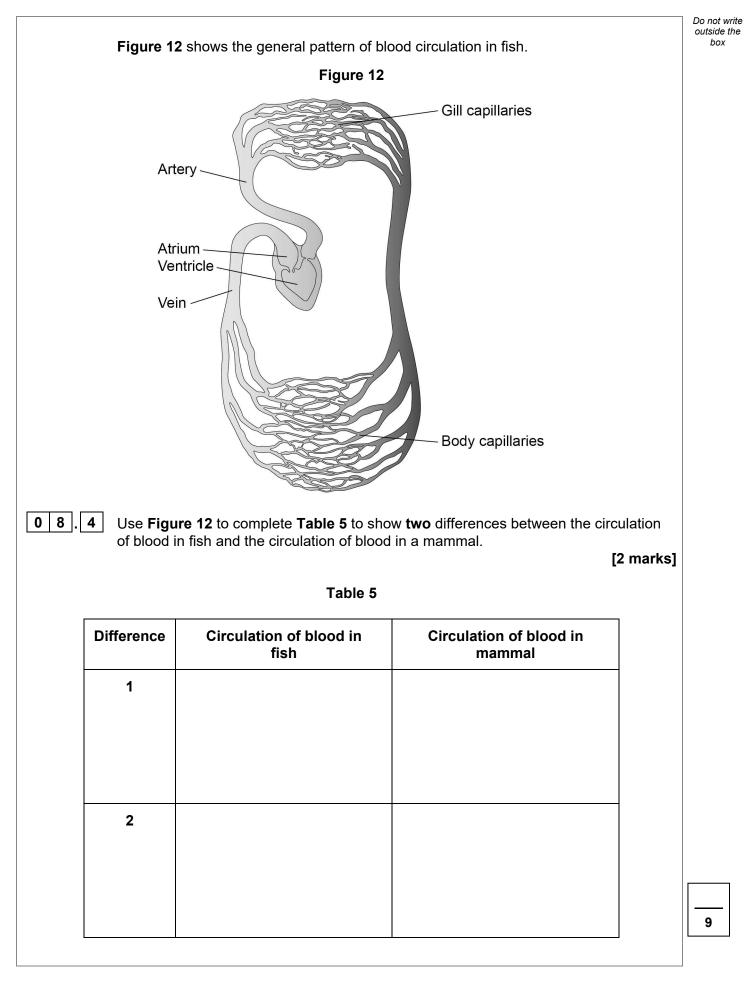
#### [3 marks]

Difference

Explanation

Question 8 continues on the next page





09.1	Describe the transport of carbohydrate in plants.	Do not write outside the box
	[5 marks]	
	Question 9 continues on the next page	

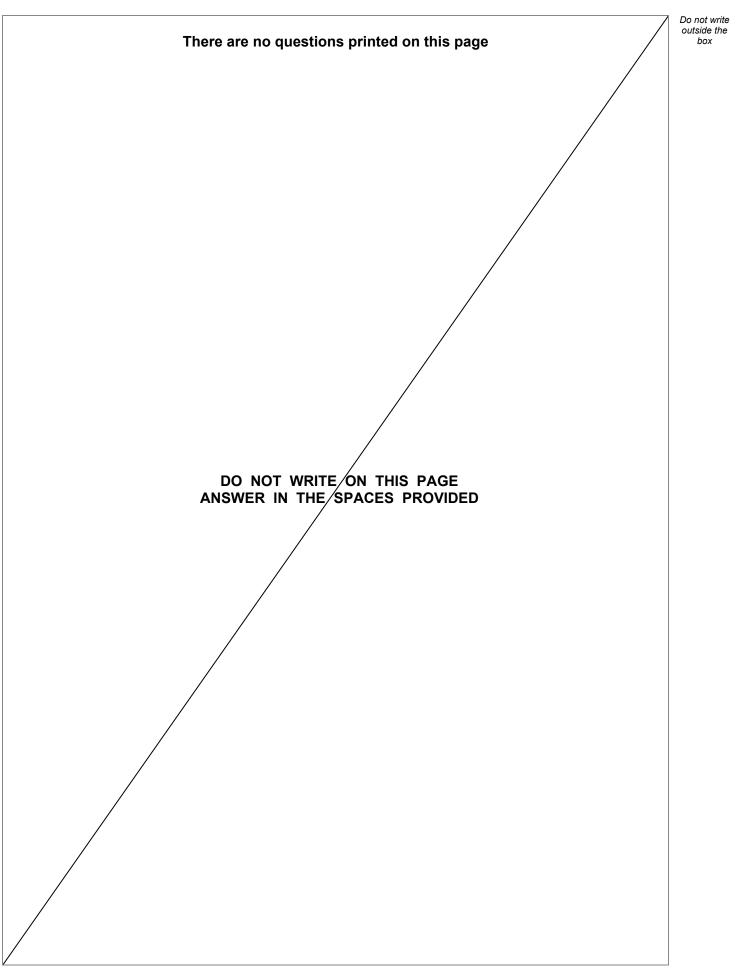


09.2	Compare and contrast the structure of starch and the structure of cellulose.	Do not v outside box



09.3	Describe the complete digestion of starch by a mammal. [4 marks]	Do not write outside the box
		15
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
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